The Sydney Morning Herald.

No 14,557. SYDNEY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1884. 14 PAGES. PRICE 2d.

Births.

HARRIS.—October 29, at her residence, Woolwich, Hunter's Hill, the wife of W. A. Harris, of a son.

PROSSER.—November 19, at Chorlecote, Darling Point, the wife of Evan Prosser, of a daughter, stillborn.

ROCHE.—November 9, instant, at her residence, Commercial Bank, Fernmount, the wife of George A. S. Roche, of a son.

Marriages.

BLEACH—MEAD.—October 25, at St. Stephen's, Richmond, by the Rev. C. T. Perks, William Henry, second son of George Bleach, Richmond, Victoria, to Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Robert William Mead, of Orange, New South Wales.

FORWOOD—GEORGE.—November 21, 1883, at Christ Church, by the Rev. C. F. Garnsey, William Alfred, eldest son of J. T. Forwood, Redfern, to Rosina Emma, eldest surviving daughter of J. George, of Goulburn.

GREGSON—ROBSON.—November 4, at St. Luke's Church, Burwood, by the Rev. Canon Moston, Francis John Gregson, of East Maitland, to Marion Easter, eldest daughter of the late Alexander A. Robson, of Five Dock.

HUNTER—ARMSTRONG.—October 29, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. William M'Kenzie, William Jeffrey, youngest son of the late William Jeffrey Hunter, Esq., of Pyrmont, to Kate, eldest daughter of Alex. Armstrong, builder, Hartley Vale. Home papers please copy.

WHITE—HAYES.—October 22, at St. Thomas's Church, St. Leonards, by the Rev. S. H. Childe, B.A., Samuel Blair White, to Lena Hayes.

Deaths.

ADAMS.—November 10, 1884, at St. Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst, J. Adams, aged 25 years, a native of New Zealand. Dunedin papers please copy.

BILES.—November 19, at his parents' residence, Katoomba, the beloved and infant son of G. and E. Biles, from teething, aged 15 months.

BRENT.—November 19, at her residence, Agnes-terrace, 35, Edward-street, Redfern, Ellen, the beloved wife of Robert Brent, for many years a resident of Balmain, aged 70 years.

M'GREGOR.—November 16, at Albury, after a long and painful illness, Alexander Campbell M'Gregor, native of Deanston, by Stirling, Perthshire, Scotland, aged 51 years.

MORRIS.—November 13, at her residence, No. 1, Rose-terrace, High-street, Waverley, Alice Maria, wife of James W. Morris, aged 31. Also, on the 20th, at the residence of his grandparents, 610, George-street, Alfred, infant son of the above, aged 14 days. "One by one we cross the river."

MORTON.—November 20, at her residence, Bucknell-street, Newtown, Annie Morton, aged 23 years.

ORTON.—Tuesday, November 18, at the Wesleyan Parsonage, Camden, New South Wales, of congestion of the lungs, Jabez Robert Orton, of Auburn-road, Hawthorn, Melbourne, in the 43rd year of his age, youngest son of the late Rev. Joseph Orton, formerly of Sydney and Melbourne. Very greatly beloved by all who knew him.

RODD.—November 19, at her residence, 111, Lankelly-terrace, Macleay-street, Kate, relict of the late John Savery Rodd, of Fleurs.

ROWLEY.—November 20, at her residence, 337, King-street, Newtown, Theodosia, the dearly beloved wife of Frederick Wyatt Rowley, aged 56 years.

SPALDING.—November 19, at her residence, Canterbury, Jane Spalding, native of Edinburgh, Scotland, in her 73rd year.

THOMPSON.—November 20, at Trahlee, Bell View Hill, Malcolm Basil, son of Joseph and Selina Thompson, aged 1 year and 4 months.

Shipping.

ORIENT LINE.

NEW SOUTH WALES AND SOUTH AUSTRALIAN CONTRACT MAIL SERVICE.

The following Royal Mail Steamships, belonging to the ORIENT CO. and the PACIFIC CO., will leave SYDNEY at 1 p.m. on the undermentioned dates, for LONDON, via Melbourne, Adelaide, Diego Garcia (at steamer's option), the Suez Canal:—

Ship.	Tns.	Date.	Ship.	Tns.	Date.
ORIENT	5386	Nov. 22	SORATA	4014	Jan. 3
LUSITANIA	3825	Dec. 6	AUSTRAL	5588	Jan. 17
JOHN ELDER	4152	Dec. 20	CUZCO	3876	Jan. 31

and fortnightly thereafter.

SALOON PASSENGERS allowed to break their journey.

PASSENGERS FROM LONDON.—Special facilities afforded for bringing out friends and relatives by prepayment of the passage-money here.

ENTIRE CABINS reserved on most liberal terms.

PASSAGE MONEY, £15 to £70.

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS TO LONDON.
First-class, £105, available for 12 months.
Second class, £65.

Orient Parcels Express:—2s 6d per foot, or 6d per lb.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

During the present cholera epidemic in Southern Italy the Steamers will NOT CALL at NAPLES.

EMBARKATION OF PASSENGERS' LUGGAGE per R.M.S. ORIENT.—Steam tender will leave No. 3 Jetty to convey passengers' luggage on board at 4 p.m. TO-DAY. Free passes can be obtained at this office.

R.M.S. LUSITANIA.—CONSIGNEES are requested to Pass ENTRIES at once for Circular Quay. The ship will not be responsible for any damage to or loss of cargo after it is landed on the wharf. All goods impeding the discharge will be landed and stored at the consignees' risk and expense. Bills of Lading must be produced, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before delivery of the goods.

MANAGERS:—F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON, and CO., Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.
Full particulars on application to
G. SKELTON YUILL,
General Manager in Australia.
267, George-street.

DIRECT SERVICE TO ENGLAND.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The Company's Steamships (under contract with the Victorian Government for the Conveyance of H.M. Mails) will be despatched as under, from the Company's Wharf, at the Circular Quay, DIRECT TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON via Colombo, calling at Melbourne, Glenelg, and King George's Sound.

Steamer.	Tns.	Commander.	Leave Sydney, Noon.	Leave Melbourne 1 p.m.	Leave Glenelg.
Mirzapore	3887	R. Harvey	Nov. 28	Dec. 4	Dec. 6
Ganges	4196	W. B. Andrews	Dec. 12	Dec. 18	Dec. 20
Valetta	4911	J. Orman	Dec. 26	Jan. 1	Jan. 3
Clyde	4124	E. M. Edmund	Jan. 9	Jan. 15	Jan. 17

and thenceforth every alternate week.

Rates of Passage Money to Plymouth or London:—£70 first and £40 second class.

Brindisi, Venice, Trieste, or Marseilles, £65 first and £35 second class. No Egyptian transit or Canal dues

SPECIAL RETURN TICKETS TO EUROPE.
Available 9 months—First-class, £105; second-class, £55.
Available 12 months—First-class, £115; second-class, £65.

RESERVED ACCOMMODATION can be obtained on most moderate terms.

Passengers, cargo, and parcels are booked through to India, China, and Japan, to which places return passage tickets are granted at very favourable rates, giving passengers the option of breaking their journey en route.

For all information apply at the Company's Offices, 247, George-street.
J. WEIR, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TO PASSENGERS DESIROUS OF AVOIDING THE HEAT AND DISCOMFORT OF THE RED SEA.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA, under contract with New South Wales and New Zealand Governments.

The magnificent steamships of this line leave Sydney for San Francisco, calling at Auckland and Honolulu, every fourth THURSDAY, at 3 p.m., as under:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of Departure.
CITY OF SYDNEY	3400	December 4, 1884.
AUSTRALIA	3200	January 1, 1885.
ZEALANDIA	3200	January 29, 1885.

Passengers are booked to any point on the principal Railroad Routes in the United States and Canada, or through to Liverpool, London, or Paris, &c.; with special advantages, and have choice at San Francisco of the unrivalled Atlantic steamships of Cunard, Inman, White Star, and other lines; and ALL first-class passengers are allowed 250lb. baggage FREE OF CHARGE.

Tickets are good until used, and allow passengers to stop off as long as they choose, to visit all places of interest in America and Canada. Stop-over privilege is also allowed on steamers' tickets for Auckland and Honolulu.

THROUGH FARE TO LONDON.
FIRST CLASS ... ... £66 and upwards.

Time cards, railway maps, and guide books, showing all routes to any point in the United States, may be had on application.

Passengers proceeding eastward can connect with the steamers of the Pacific Mail S. S. Company leaving ports in China and Japan for San Francisco.

Drafts, payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.

For rates of passage and freight and all other information apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.,
General Agents, 1, Bent-street, Sydney.

PACIFIC MAIL COMPANY'S S S. CITY OF SYDNEY, from SAN FRANCISCO.

CONSIGNEES by this vessel are requested to Pass ENTRIES and take delivery of their goods at the A. S. N. Company's Wharf, failing which the goods will be landed and stored at consignees' risk and expense. Bills of lading must be presented and delivery orders obtained at the office of the undersigned, before the goods will be delivered.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
1, Bent-street, Sydney.

STEAM to ANTWERP and LONDON.

FOR MARCH WOOL SALES.

VIA MELBOURNE.

The new, high-class, and powerful Steamship PORT PHILIP, 2650 tons gross; G. Dalling, commander, shortly expected to arrive, will meet with quick despatch, and SAIL EARLY IN DECEMBER.

CARGO now being received for the above steamer.
For particulars of FREIGHT and PASSAGE, apply to
A. M'ARTHUR and CO., Agents,
58, King-street.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, and ADELAIDE,
To MARSEILLES (via Suez Canal).

Steamers under postal contract with the Government of France.

The service will be carried on by powerful steamers of 4000 tons and 3000 effective h.p., built expressly for the Australian and New Caledonian line, which will be despatched as follows:—

Steamer.	Commander.	Leave Sydney at NOON.	Leave Melbourne at 1 p.m.
SYDNEY	Pellegrin	Dec. 2, 1884	Dec. 6, 1884.
SALAZIE	Vaquier	Dec. 30, 1884	Jan. 3, 1885.
YARRA	Rolland	Jan. 27	Jan. 31

and thenceforth every 28 days.

Rates of passage money to Marseilles from £25 to £65, including table wine or beer, and the Suez Canal dues on passengers.

RETURN TICKETS issued at the following rates:—

	1st class.	2nd class.	3rd class.
Available 9 months	£105	£84	£40
Available 12 months	115	92	42

N.B.—Passengers' luggage conveyed free of cost from Marseilles to London. For freight, passage, and further particulars, apply at the Company's Office, 15, Macquarie-place.
H. DE POSSEL, Acting Principal Agent.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with NATAL, ALGOA BAY, and CAPE TOWN via MAURITIUS.

This Company is now prepared to give full information to intending passengers for the above ports.

Transhipping at Mauritius to the CASTLE LINE of Steamers.
H. DE POSSEL, Acting Principal Agent,
15, Macquarie-place.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

QUICK TRANSIT TO LONDON.

This Company having entered into special arrangements with the Railway Companies of France, is now prepared to issue THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON, OVERLAND VIA MARSEILLES, AT REDUCED RATES.
H. DE POSSEL, Acting Principal Agent,
15, Macquarie-place.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.

STEAM TO
TOWNSVILLE
COOKTOWN
THURSDAY ISLAND
PORT DARWIN
HONGKONG.

The splendid new Steamship AIRLIE, 2300 tons, Winthorp Ellis, commander, will be despatched from ADELAIDE on 14th NOVEMBER, and from the Company's Wharf, Miller's Point, on TUESDAY, 25th NOVEMBER, at noon.

Intending passengers are invited to inspect the superior saloon accommodation, fitted up with all the latest improvements.

For freight, passage, and all particulars, apply to
GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO.,
93, Pitt-street.

QUEENSLAND ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

MONTHLY SERVICE under Postal Contract with the Queensland Government.

The steamship MERKARA, 2571 tons, will be despatched from MORETON BAY for LONDON, calling at the Northern Queensland Ports, Batavia, and Aden, on TUESDAY, 2nd December, 1884.

Subsequent steamers of this line WILL LEAVE MORETON BAY as follows:—
30th December, 1884.
27th January, 1885.
24th February, 1885.

These steamers are of the highest class, and have splendid passenger accommodation, whilst the table and attendance are of the very best description.

REDUCTION IN FARE.
SALOON FARE FROM BRISBANE TO LONDON, £50.
NO CANAL DUES.

For particulars apply to
GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents,
93, Pitt-street, Sydney.

THE ABERDEEN LINE.

STEAM TO LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL.

FOR JANUARY SALES.

The full-powered steamship ABERDEEN, 2371 tons register (net), J. A. Barclay, commander, will be despatched in November.

This vessel, noted for her rapid passages, will only take a limited quantity of wool at this port, of which the greater part is already engaged.

For terms of freight apply to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

Wool received at the Stores of Messrs. Dalgety and Co., Limited.

PASSAGE TO LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

S.S. ABERDEEN.

This magnificent steamer's saloon accommodation being nearly fully engaged, early application is requested from intending passengers for the remaining berths disengaged.

Fares and all particulars from
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.,
Agents.

STEAM TO LONDON AND ANTWERP, Calling also at Melbourne.

The splendid steamship AMALFI will be despatched early in December.

Application for freight to be made to
DALGETY and COMPANY, Limited,
5, Bent-street.

Wool received at DALGETY'S STORES, Windmill-street.

FOR LONDON AND ANTWERP.

The new powerful Steamer HASSIA, 1882 tons register, O. Plasse, commander.

Leaving Sydney early in November to catch January sales.

WOOL received at Flood and Co.'s Stores.

Ship closing, outstanding bills of lading requested as soon as convenient.

Limited space only disengaged.

Apply before shipping.
BERNARD BROS. and CO.,
42, Pitt-street, Agents.

STEAM TO ANTWERP DIRECT, via the Suez Canal, calling at Melbourne.

The new steamer LAJU, 1910 tons register, 100 A1, C. MANN, Commander, will leave Sydney on SATURDAY, the 29th November.

The steamer has been DOCKED, CLEANED, AND PAINTED, to ensure making a rapid voyage.

For terms of freight, &c., apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

Wool received at the Central Wharf Stores.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, Limited.

REGULAR COMMUNICATION TO ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS FROM SYDNEY.

TARAWERA, 2003 tons, THURSDAY, November 27, for Auckland, Gisborne, Napier, Wellington, Lyttelton, Port Chalmers, Bluff, and Melbourne. Passengers and cargo for Russell are transhipped at Auckland.

WAKATIPU, 1797 tons, TUESDAY, December 2, for Wellington, Lyttelton, and Port Chalmers, transhipping to outports.

FROM MELBOURNE:

TE ANAU, 1652 tons, TUESDAY, November 25, via Hobart, Bluff, Port Chalmers, and all Northern ports.

Tourists' Handbooks and Pocket Guides, for information and guidance of passengers, may be had on application at Company's Offices, New Zealand Wharf, Margaret and Sussex streets.
FREDK. W. JACKSON, Manager.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, Limited.

EXCURSION SEASON, 1884-85.

During the months of DECEMBER, JANUARY, and FEBRUARY tickets will be issued at REDUCED RATES to and from all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Round Tickets, via Auckland to Melbourne, or vice versa ... £17 0 0
Ditto Wellington, ditto ditto ... 15 0 0

Passengers can stop at ports en route, but must finally re-embark before 31st March, 1885.

WEST COAST SOUNDS EXCURSION.

The s.s. Tarawera, 2003 tons, will make two Excursions to the West Coast Sounds of the Middle Island; the first leaving Port Chalmers on SATURDAY, 17th JANUARY, 1885, and the second on MONDAY, 26th JANUARY. Each trip will occupy eight days from Port Chalmers, during which the most beautiful of the Sounds will be visited, and special facilities will be given for fishing, shooting, sketching, and exploring these wonderful Fiords, where Nature is seen in her grandest aspects. The social enjoyment of passengers is made a special feature of these excursions, the whole trip taking the form of an extended picnic. In order to prevent over-crowding, only a limited number of passengers will be taken.

Fare from Port Chalmers, £12.
FREDK. W. JACKSON, Manager.
Offices—Margaret and Sussex streets.

TASMANIAN S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS

will leave the COMPANY'S JETTY, at GRAFTON WHARF,
For LAUNCESTON, via Eden:
S. CORINNA, FRIDAY, 28th November, at 10 a.m.
For HOBART, direct:
S. FLORA, on or about FRIDAY, 28th November, at noon.
No cargo received within one hour of sailing.
T. and W. WILLIS, Agents,
15, Pitt-street.

QUEENSLAND STEAM SHIPPING COMPANY, Limited.

The Steamers of the Company will be despatched from the wharf, foot of Margaret-street, as under:—

BRISBANE.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
*MARYBOROUGH.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
*BUNDABERG.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
†ROCKHAMPTON.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
†MACKAY.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
BOWEN.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
TOWNSVILLE.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
‡DUNGENESS.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
‡CARDWELL.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
‡MOURILYAN HARBOUR.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
‡JOHNSTONE RIVER.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
CAIRNS.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
PORT DOUGLAS.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
COOKTOWN.—Warrego, 25th November; Archer, 2nd December.
THURSDAY ISLAND, NORMANTON, BURKETOWN.—Warrego, 25th November, transhipping into Gunga at Cooktown.

* Cargo for Maryborough and Bundaberg transhipped at Brisbane. No passengers taken.
† Passengers for Rockhampton and Mackay transhipped at Keppel Bay and Flat Top Island.
‡ Passengers and cargo for Dungeness, Cardwell, Mourilyan Harbour, and Johnstone River transhipped at Townsville.

The Q. S. S. Company now occupy the whole of their wharf, and are thus enabled to grant special facilities for receiving and storing cargo.

For all particulars of freight and passage apply to
BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited,
10, Macquarie-place.

QUEENSLAND STEAM SHIPPING COMPANY, Limited.

Steam to BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, BUNDABERG, ROCKHAMPTON, MACKAY, BOWEN, TOWNSVILLE, DUNGENESS, CARDWELL, MOURILYAN HARBOUR, JOHNSTONE RIVER, CAIRNS, PORT DOUGLAS, and COOKTOWN, taking passengers and cargo for THURSDAY ISLAND, NORMANTON, and BURKETOWN, for transhipment into Gunga at Cooktown.

The fine new steamer WARREGO, R. M. Phillips, commander, will sail for above ports on TUESDAY, November 25, at 5 p.m.

Passengers are specially invited to inspect the fittings and accommodation of this fine new steamer, which, having quite recently undergone an overhaul, is expected to make a very quick passage.

Cargo will be received at the wharf till 4 p.m.

For all particulars of freight and passage apply to the agents, BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, 10, Macquarie-place.

QUEENSLAND STEAM SHIPPING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE.

On and after this date, fares by the splendid vessels of the Queensland Steam Shipping Company, Limited, will be further reduced, and passengers will be booked at the following low rates:—

	Saloon.	Saloon Return.	Second Class.
To Brisbane	£2 0 0	£3 15 0	£1 0 0
Rockhampton	4 0 0	7 10 0	2 0 0
Port Mackay	5 0 0	8 10 0	2 10 0
Bowen	5 0 0	8 10 0	2 10 0
Townsville	5 10 0	9 0 0	2 12 6
Cairns	6 0 0	10 0 0	3 0 0
Port Douglas	6 0 0	10 0 0	3 0 0
Cooktown	7 0 0	12 0 0	3 5 0

The second-class accommodation in these magnificent steamers is equal to that offered to saloon passengers by many lines, and the table kept is unsurpassed by any hotel in the colonies. Large roomy cabins fitted and upholstered in the most luxurious manner.

The boats of this Company give passengers the advantage of a 30 hours' sojourn in Brisbane, and yet arrive at their destinations in less time than the boats of any other intercolonial company.

Intending passengers are invited to inspect and judge for themselves. Berths booked, and cargo received, at the company's wharf, foot of Margaret-street, up to 4 p.m. on date of vessel's departure; or at the offices of the undersigned, 10, Macquarie-place.
BURNS, PHILP, and Co., Limited, Agents.
Sydney September 30, 1884.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

intend despatching their steamers for the following ports, viz.:—

MELBOURNE	Quiraing	Saturday, at 1 p.m.
Do.	Cahors	Tuesday, 5 p.m.
ADELAIDE (direct)	Steamer	Early.
NOUMEA	Clintra	Early.
SUVA (Fiji)	Clintra	Early.
LEVUKA (Fiji)	Clintra	Early.
BRISBANE	Governor Blackall	This day, at noon.
Do.	Katoomba	Saturday, at noon
Do.	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Do.	Currajong	Wednesday, at noon
MARYBOROUGH	Governor Blackall	This day, at noon
BUNDABERG	Governor Blackall	This day, at noon
Do.	Currajong	Wednesday, at noon
GLADSTONE	Steamer	Early.
ROCKHAMPTON	Governor Blackall	This day, at noon
Do.	Katoomba	Saturday, at noon.
Do.	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Do.	Currajong	Wednesday, at noon
BROADSOUND	Steamer	Early
PORT MACKAY	Katoomba	Saturday, at noon
Do.	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
BOWEN	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
TOWNSVILLE	Katoomba	Saturday, at noon
Do.	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
DUNGENESS	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
CARDWELL	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
MOURILYAN	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
JOHNSTONE RIV'R	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
CAIRNS	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
CAIRNS WHARF	Katoomba	Saturday, at noon
PORT DOUGLAS	Katoomba	Saturday, at noon
Do.	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
COOKTOWN	Ly-ee-Moon	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
THURSDAY ISL'D, NORMANTON, BURKETOWN	City of Melbourne	Saturday, 29th inst.

GENERAL SAILING TABLE.

From Melbourne to Sydney, Brisbane, Rockhampton, Mackay Bowen, Townsville, Cairns, Port Douglas, and Cooktown—Every Wednesday and Saturday.
From Sydney to Melbourne—Every Tuesday and Saturday.
From Sydney to Brisbane, Rockhampton, Mackay, Bowen, Townsville, Cairns, Port Douglas, and Cooktown—Every Tuesday and Saturday.
From Sydney to Brisbane—Every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday.
From Sydney to Maryborough—Every Tuesday and Friday.
From Sydney to Bundaberg—Every Wednesday.
From Sydney to Rockhampton—Every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday.
From Brisbane to Gladstone and Broadsound—Once a month.
From Sydney, via Brisbane, to Mackay—Every Tuesday and Saturday.
From Sydney to Noumea and Fiji—Fortnightly.
From Sydney to Normanton and Burketown, via Thursday Island—On alternate Saturdays.
From Sydney to Adelaide—About weekly.

N.B.—Cargo is daily received for above ports, and parcels at Branch Office, corner of King and York streets, up to one hour before sailing time.

Traffic Manager attends daily at Branch Office from noon till 2 p.m.

Steerage passengers are provided with bedding, and victualled.

A 10-ton weighbridge is now erected on this wharf, and may be used on payment of the usual charge.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

EXCURSION RATES by steamers sailing every TUESDAY and SATURDAY.

KATOOMBA, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, at noon.
LY-EE-MOON, TUESDAY, 4 p.m., will carry Passengers at the following LOW RATES:—

	First Class.	Return.	Second Class.
Brisbane	£2 0 0	£3 15 0	£1 0 0
Rockhampton	4 0 0	7 10 0	2 0 0
Port Mackay	5 0 0	8 10 0	2 10 0
Bowen	5 0 0	8 10 0	2 10 0
Townsville	5 10 0	9 0 0	2 12 6
Cairns	6 0 0	10 0 0	3 0 0
Port Douglas	6 0 0	10 0 0	3 0 0
Cooktown	7 0 0	12 0 0	3 5 0

And by branch steamer from Townsville to Cardwell, Mourilyan Harbour, and Johnstone River twice a week.

Return Tickets by this opportunity will be available for return by any of the Company's steamers, thus giving ticket-holders superior facilities for expeditious travelling owing to the numeral strength of the Company's fleet.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

TO NEW GUINEA, PORT MORESBY.

The A. S. N. COMPANY are prepared to extend their line from Thursday Island to the above harbour, should inducement offer. Those interested will please communicate with the manager,
FREDK. H. TROUTON.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

—The undersigned will despatch their steamers from their wharf as under (when practicable):—

WENDOUREE	W. H. Emmerson	SATURDAY, November 22, at noon.
NEMESIS	W. F. Deary	SATURDAY, November 29, at noon.

Freight at lowest rates.
Cargo received daily.

FARES:
Saloon—Thirty-five Shillings.
Steerage—Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence.
HUDDART, PARKER, and CO., foot of Margaret-street.

FOR MELBOURNE.

The fine steamer CARISBROOKE, 1347 tons, will leave the Queensland S. S. Co.'s Wharf, foot of Margaret-street, on TUESDAY, 25th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, taking cargo and passengers as above.

Has good accommodation for saloon passengers, her cabins being on deck and large and airy.

For rates of freight, passage, and all particulars apply to
BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, Agents,
10, Macquarie-place.

WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS' (Ltd.) LINE of FAST INTERCOLONIAL STEAMSHIPS.

The undersigned will despatch their STEAMERS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF and the NEW WHARF, foot of KING-STREET:—

FOR MELBOURNE.		
BUNINYONG	F. H. Stanford	THIS DAY, 1 p.m.
RODONDO	W. Hammer	TO-MORROW, 11 a.m.
CHEVIOT	G. Worledge	TUESDAY, Nov. 25, 1 p.m.
GABO	W. Donaldson	FRIDAY, Nov. 28, 1 p.m.
FOR BRISBANE.		
LEURA	J. Pain	TO-MORROW, 1 p.m.
KEILAWARRA	E. J. Boult	TUESDAY, Nov. 25, 4 p.m.
BARRABOOL	H. B. Bristow	SATURDAY, Nov. 29, 1 p.m.
RODONDO	W. Hammer	TUESDAY, Dec. 2, 4 p.m.
FOR MARYBOROUGH.		
LEURA	J. Pain	TO-MORROW, 1 p.m.
KEILAWARRA	E. J. Boult	TUESDAY, Nov. 25, 4 p.m.
BARRABOOL	H. B. Bristow	SATURDAY, Nov. 29, 1 p.m.
RODONDO	W. Hammer	TUESDAY, Dec. 2, 4 p.m.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON.		
LEURA	J. Pain	TO-MORROW, 1 p.m.
KEILAWARRA	E. J. Boult	TUESDAY, Nov. 25, 4 p.m.
BARRABOOL	H. B. Bristow	SATURDAY, Nov. 29, 1 p.m.
RODONDO	W. Hammer	TUESDAY, Dec. 2, 4 p.m.
FOR MACKAY and TOWNSVILLE WHARFS.		
LEURA	J. Pain	TO-MORROW, 1 p.m.

Transhipping at Brisbane for MACKAY and TOWNSVILLE, per S.S. BALMAIN. CARGO will be LANDED on the WHARFS (tide permitting), thus AVOIDING RISK and DAMAGE by LIGHTERING.

Cargo received for above ports every day. Fore-cabin and passengers supplied with bedding and victualled free.
WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited,
42, King-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

The splendid new S.S. BUNINYONG, 2000 tons, F. H. Stanford, commander, will leave the NEW WHARF, FOOT of KING-STREET, THIS DAY, 1 p.m.

Attention is invited to the SUPERIOR passenger accommodation of the BUNINYONG, which is the largest steamship at present owned in Australia. The State Rooms are EXCEPTIONALLY large, and contain ONLY TWO Berths each. The Saloon goes RIGHT ACROSS the BUNINYONG, which is fitted up with ALL THE LUXURIES of the ocean-going MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

The Buninyong will take perishable cargo only.

The powerful and favourite S.S. RODONDO, Commander J. D. JOY, will be despatched from the NEW WHARF, FOOT of KING-STREET, TO-MORROW, 11 a.m.

For freight and passage apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited,
42, King-street.

STEAM TO BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, ROCKHAMPTON, MACKAY, and TOWNSVILLE.

The fast and splendid S.S. LEURA will be despatched from the NEW WHARF, foot of King-street, TO-MORROW, 1 p.m., for the above ports, transhipping at Brisbane.

THE PASSAGE FARES TO QUEENSLAND PORTS ARE FURTHER REDUCED to EXCURSION RATES, and passengers for the undermentioned places can now be booked at the following low fares:—

	Saloon.	Return.	2nd Class.
Brisbane	£2 0 0	£3 15 0	£1 0 0
Rockhampton	4 0 0	7 10 0	2 0 0
Port Mackay	4 0 0	7 0 0	2 0 0
Townsville	4 10 0	8 0 0	2 5 0

TO SHIPPERS.—Attention is drawn to this favourable opportunity for shipping, as MACKAY and TOWNSVILLE CARGO, although transhipped at Brisbane, will be LANDED on the MACKAY and TOWNSVILLE WHARVES (tides permitting), thus AVOIDING RISK and DAMAGE by LIGHTERING.

FOR PASSENGERS the excellent accommodation provided in the LEURA is well and favourably known.

For freight and passage apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited,
42, King-street.

NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.

HUNTER RIVER NEW S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS, From Wharf, foot of Market-street, Sydney.

THIS NIGHT, Friday, at 11, the LADY BOWEN.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, Saturday, at 11, the MAITLAND.

Clarence Town Goods received EVERY DAY. Freight payable in Sydney.

Goods will not be received after 4 p.m.

Deck Cabins, reserved, and ordinary berths can be secured by letter, telegram, or personal application at the Company's Offices, Sydney and Newcastle.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—147, Sussex-street.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, and RAYMOND TERRACE.

From Lime-street Wharf:
THIS NIGHT, Friday, at 11, the KEMBLA.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, Saturday, at 11, the COONANBARA.

Clarence Town cargo received daily. Freights payable Sydney. No cargo received after 4 p.m.

Passengers can procure tickets and secure Deck Cabin and ordinary Berths, at the Company's Office, Lime-street, also at Branch Office, York-street, next Opera House, from 9 a.m. till 10.30 p.m. daily. Parcels will be received and small packages of luggage can be left at the Branch Office up to 5 p.m.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS to

WOLLONGONG—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 11 p.m.; Wednesday and Friday, at 10 a.m.; Saturday, at noon. (Passengers only.)
KIAMA.—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 11 p.m.
SHOALHAVEN.—Tuesday and Friday, at 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—Friday, at 10 a.m. Cargo, 8 a.m.
CLYDE RIVER.—Friday, at 10 a.m. Cargo, 8 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY.—Friday, at 10 a.m. Cargo, 8 a.m.
MORUYA (cargo only).—Friday, at 6 p.m.
MERIMBULA.—Wednesday, at 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m. Saturday, at noon; cargo 11 a.m.
TATHRA (for BEGA).—Wednesday, at 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m. Saturday, at noon; cargo, 11 a.m.
EDEN.—Wednesday, at 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m. Saturday, at noon, cargo 11 a.m.
BERMAGUI.—Wednesday, at 10 a.m. (Passengers only.)

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

In addition to the ordinary time-table, a steamer will leave for WOLLONGONG and KIAMA every THURSDAY NIGHT, at 11.

Shippers are respectfully requested to avail themselves by this steamer.

KEMPSEY, MACLEAY RIVER.

CORAKI, TO-MORROW NIGHT, at 9.

The steamers of this Company sail for Kempsey every two or three days.

FARES and FREIGHTS at lowest rates.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
C. and R. R. S. N. Company,
Clarence Wharf, Sydney.

GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER.

S.S. CITY OF GRAFTON
DIRECT,
TUESDAY NIGHT, at 9.

Superior accommodation for passengers.

Return Tickets available by any of the Company's steamers at any port.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
C. and R. R. S. N. Company, Clarence Wharf.

RICHMOND RIVER.

REGULAR WEEKLY SERVICE.

The favourite S.S. TOMKI, TUESDAY EVENING, at 6.

Passengers and Shippers of Cargo may rely on the TOMKI being despatched as above.

NOTE.

The S.S. TOMKI, having received her usual half-yearly overhaul, will leave for Richmond River as above.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.
C. and R. R. S. N. Company.

GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER DIRECT.

The favourite steamship HELEN NICOLL, will leave Market Wharf, Market-street, TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) NIGHT, at 9, leaving Grafton for Sydney WEDNESDAY MORNING.

S.S. AUSTRALIAN
TUESDAY NIGHT, at 9.

To Passengers.—The accommodation of these steamers is excellent, and amidships. Being victualled by the owners, passengers will find every comfort.

Return tickets available by either steamer.
Horse boxes provided if required.
NIPPER and SEE,
129, Sussex-street.

MANNING RIVER.

S.S. ROSEDALE will leave Market Wharf, Market-street, MONDAY NEXT.
NIPPER and SEE,
129, Sussex-street.

PORT MACQUARIE.

S.S. MURRAY, EARLY.
NIPPER and SEE,
129, Sussex-street.

MACLEAY RIVER.

S.S. BORTONIUS will leave Victoria Wharf on FRIDAY NIGHT, at 6 o'clock. Cargo now being received.
TATE BROS., 114, Sussex-street.

S. S. N. CO.'S S.S. DAIRYMAID, for SHELLHARBOUR and GERRINGONG direct, TO-NIGHT, at 6, from Caledonian Wharf. No cargo received.

JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

RICHMOND RIVER.

The favourite S.S. LISMORE, having crossed out yesterday, will leave POSITIVELY TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, at 2 p.m. from Russell's Wharf, 9, Sussex-street.

Cargo now received.

Splendid saloon amidships.
B. B. NICOLL,
9, Sussex-street.

SHOALHAVEN and BROUGHTON CREEK.

The fast Passenger Steamship MEEINDERRY will leave THIS DAY, FRIDAY, at 10 p.m., from Russell's Wharf, foot Margaret-street.

No cargo received after 5 p.m.
B. B. NICOLL,
9, Sussex-street.

GOSFORD, BRISBANE WATER.

The new, fast, and commodious Steamer ALBATROSS plies daily (Sunday excepted) from King-street, 7.30. No. 4 Jetty, 8 a.m. Leaving Gosford 1 p.m., arriving in Sydney 4.30. Fares, 5s.

GOSFORD, BRISBANE WATER.

The favourite S.S. PROMISE leaves the Patent Slip Wharf at 8 every morning, excepting Sundays and Mondays; leaving Gosford at 1 p.m. same day. All freights payable in Sydney.

FOR PEAT'S FERRY.—The fast and commodious steamship MARRAMARRA leaves Patent Slip Wharf at 9 a.m. Cargo received all day. Freights payable in Sydney.
MELVEY and FORD.

GOSFORD, Peat's Ferry, Mullet Creek.—Steamer leaves King-street Wharf, 7.30 a.m., No. 4 Jetty 8 a.m., daily.

HAWKESBURY RIVER.

The SCENERY of this Beautiful River is now at its BEST.

An EXCURSION STARTS every FRIDAY, at 2.15 p.m., and proceeds via Manly, Newport, and Windsor, reaching Sydney again at 9 p.m. Saturday.

To secure the comfort of the passengers, an agent accompanies our party. Passengers book at MADDOCK'S, 381, George-street; or at the TOURIST BUREAU, 51, Market-street.

MANLY BEACH

the most beautiful Watering Place near Sydney.

Saloon Steamers BRIGHTON, FAIRLIGHT, and EMU (weather permitting, and as far as practicable) leave Sydney 7.15, 8*, 9, 10.15+, 11.30, 12.30, 2.15+, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 11.15; leave Manly 7.15, 8.10, 8.45, 10, 12, 2, 3, 4.30, 5.15+, 6, 7, 10.
* Mondays only. + Trips calling at Woolloomooloo.

Special time-table for Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

Return Fares, 1s 6d; children, 1s. Dogs, 6d; return, 9d.

Freight must be delivered at the wharf 15 minutes before the departure of the steamer, and not later than 3.15 p.m.

No freight received on Saturdays after 10 a.m.

Loose hay and straw cannot be shipped.

PARRAMATTA AND RIVER STEAMERS AND TRAMWAY.

Times having asterisk (*) affixed go to and from 4 Jetty, Cir. Quay; the others from King-street.

For PARRAMATTA, &c.: 6.30, 9, 10 and 10*, 11; 1, 2*, 3, 5.5.
RYDE: 6.30, 9, 10 and 10*, 11; 1, 2*, 3, 4.15, 5.5, 7 p.m.
GLADESVILLE: 6.30, 9, 10 and 10*, 11 a.m.; 12.30, 1, 2*, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15, 7, 11.15
CORREY'S GARDENS, CABARITA: 6.30, 10 and 10*, 12.30, 2*, 4.15, 5.5.
FIVE DOCK, ASHFIELD: 6.30, 10, 12.30, 4.15, 6.15, 11.15
HUNTER'S HILL and COCKATOO: 6.30, 7.15, 9, 10 and 10*, 11 a.m.; 12.30, 1, 2*, 3, 3.45, 4.15, 5.5, 6.15, 7, 7.30, 9.30, 11.15 p.m.
DRUMMOYNE PARK: All trips if signalled.

Returning
From PARRAMATTA PARK: 7, 9, 11, 12*, 1, 3, 4, 5.
RYDE: 7.40, 8.45*, 9.40, 11.40 a.m.; 12.40*, 1.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40.
FIVE DOCK: 7.45, 8.30, 11 a.m.; 2.45, 5.5, 7.15+.
BURWOOD: 7.50, 8.35, 11.5 a.m.; 2.50, 5.10, 7.15+.
CORREY'S GARDENS: By signal, 7.50, 8.35, 11.5, 2.50, 5.10, 7.15+.
GLADESVILLE: 8, 8.45, 9.5*, 10, 11.15, 12 a.m. 1*, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5.15, 6, 7.25+.
VILLA MARIA: 6.50, 8, 8.55, 10, 12; 2, 6, 7, 8.40, 10.10.
HUNTER'S HILL: 7.5, 8.15, 9, 9.20*, 10.15, 11.30, 12.15, 1.15*, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 5.35, 6.15, 7.5, 7.35+, 8.45, 10.15.
DRUMMOYNE PARK: All trips if signalled.
COCKATOO: Ten minutes after leaving Hunter's Hill.

Fares at lowest reduced rates.

*. On Saturdays only, excursion fares by all steamers—single fares for double journey, available till midnight. + These trips are on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays only.

Lowest fare Hunter's Hill, 6d; Parramatta, 1s. Tramway 3d. Steamers for Correy's Gardens and elsewhere specially engaged at King-street Wharf and at No. 4 Jetty. Lowest rates.

N.B.—When the Cabarita Wharf is completed all steamers will call there for Correy's Gardens.

CALEDONIA, schooner, will sail from Guy's Wharf, Pyrmont, for PORT STEPHEN and MYALL RIVER, on FRIDAY, and will receive cargo up to 5 o'clock. Freight payable in Sydney. Captain, agent.

NAMBUCCRA RIVER.—LADY OF LORNE has room for 3 or 4 tons back freight. Will sail first fair wind, from Fagan's Wharf. All freights payable here.
C. B. BOND, Agent, 94, Sussex-street.

FOR TOWNSVILLE.—Brig Julia M. Avery sails MONDAY next. Intending shippers of explosives apply to
ALPIN, BROWN, and CO., Limited,
8, Loftus-street.

THE ABERDEEN LINE.

Loading at the Circular Quay, for London March Wool Sales, the favourite clipper ship CHRISTIANA THOMPSON, 1079 tons register, Robert Murray, commander.

This well-known vessel having large engagements will receive quick despatch.

For terms of freight apply to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

WOOL received at Talbot and Co.'s Wool Stores.

TO LONDON DIRECT.

FOR THE MARCH WOOL SALES.

The magnificent clipper ship ORONTES, A1 at Lloyd's, 1318 tons register, David Bain, commander, to sail for the above port early in November.

This vessel has been docked and cleaned, is rapidly loading and will have quick despatch. Early application is necessary for wool space to
DALGETY and COMPANY, Limited, Agents,
5, Bent-street.

Cargo received at Dalgety's Stores, Windmill-street.

FOR LONDON.

FOR THE MARCH WOOL SALES.

The magnificent A1 clipper ship CIMBA, 1117 tons register, John Fimister, commander, having the bulk of her cargo on board and stowed, and also large engagements, will be despatched in ample time for the above sales.

For rates of freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.,
Agents.

WOOL RECEIVED at FLOOD and CO.'S.

FOR LONDON.

FOR MARCH WOOL SALES.

The Magnificent New Iron Clipper Ship, DUNFILLAN, 1163 tons. Built 1878, 100 A1 at Lloyd's, D. Ritchie, commander.

For terms, &c., apply to
PEELE, BORRADAILE, and CO., Agents,
Bank-chambers.
P. O. Box 800.

Wool received at Talbot and Co.'s.
To be followed by the Cedric the Saxon.

FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.

NOW FAST LOADING.

The A1 iron clipper ship DHARWAR, having very large general engagements, will have early despatch for MARCH SALES.

For freight or passage, apply to Captain Hutchins, on board, at Circular Quay; or to
MASON BROTHERS, Limited, Agents.

Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

To be followed by the well-known ship CAIRNBULG.

FOR LONDON.

FOR JANUARY WOOL SALES.

Via Suez Canal.

The A1 powerful Steamship PATHAN, 2800 tons, JAMES ROWLEY, Commander, having large engagements, will be despatched IN NOVEMBER.

For Freight, &c., apply to
ALFRED LAMB and CO.,
Agents.

Wool received at Central Wharf stores.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

The Magnificent Iron Clipper Ship SCOTTISH WIZARD, * 100 A1 at Lloyd's, 1140 tons register, JOHN COLVILLE, Commander, having a large portion of her space already engaged, will receive early despatch.

For all particulars apply to
BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited,
Agents,
10, Macquarie-place.

Cargo received at Flood's Wool Stores, Circular Quay.

(For continuation of Shipping Advertisements, and Personal Notices, and [illegible] Lost and Found, see [illegible])

FARMER AND COMPANY, VICTORIA HOUSE, SYDNEY.

LADIES' COSTUMES.

The unprecedented demand for ready-made dresses of all qualities proves undoubtedly that ladies are realising that where a fit can be secured a positive saving is effected. There is cause for surprise, as one inspects the IMMENSE CONSIGNMENT JUST NOW OPENED, how such charming dresses can ever be produced at the price asked for them. We now invite special and early attention to the largest shipment we have ever had the honour to submit.

IMPORTANT ITEMS.
Sateen Costumes, with spots, 21s
Coloured Check Prints, 27s 6d
Coloured Check Prints, trimmed lace, 29s 6d
Red Cambric, with white flower, 30s
Broken Check Cambric, 37s 6d
Small Checks, all colours, 42s
Plain Zephyrs, light and dark colours, 47s 6d
Checks, trimmed embroidery, 52s 6d, 57s 6d, 73s 6d
Sateens, Zephyrs, Cambrics, well finished, trimmed lace and embroidery in all the latest fashions, 78s 6d, 84s, 105s
White Striped and Plain Muslins, beautiful goods, 45s, 63s
White Mull Muslin, trimmed lace and embroidery, 4½, 5, and 6 guineas
Striped Bombay Cloth, 50s
Checked Cloth, trimmed Satin, 55s, 63s
Bombay Cloth, trimmed Broché, 84s
Plain Cashmere, all new colours, 63s
Cashmere and Broché, 75s 6d
Light Summer Materials, trimmed satin and cords, 84s
All the newest shades in Cashmere and Fancy Materials, 5 to 8 guineas
A very choice parcel of White and Blue Serges, suitable for Yachting 5½ guineas
We have a cheap line in silk costumes for young ladies of about 15, to which we would call special attention, price 3½ to 5 guineas
Ladies' Check Washing Silks, Bodices either made or unmade, 5 to 8½ guineas
Coloured Satin Dresses, with material for bodice, 7 and 7½ guineas
Spotted Foulard in all shades, 6 to 7½ guineas
Broché Silks, Bodices either made or unmade, 8 to 9½ guineas
Handsome Silk, Satin, and Surah, in every description, 12 to 20 guineas.

BLACK COSTUMES.
Black Nun's Veiling, plainly made, 50s
Black Nun's Veiling, trimmed Lace, 57s 6d
Black Nun's Veiling, trimmed Broché, 70s
Black Cashmere with Polonaise, 4½ guineas
Black Veiling and Broché with Polonaise, 98s 6d to 5½ guineas
Black Cashmere and Broché with Polonaise, 6 to 9 guineas
A large assortment of Black Broché Grenadines, handsomely trimmed, 3½ to 10 guineas
An immense parcel, splendid value, in Black Silk, Surah, Broché, and Satin, all styles, 5½ to 18 guineas.

SPECIAL.—A few Coloured Polonaises in Veiling, wonderful value, 55s
Pink and Blue Broché Grenadines, 78s 6d.
FARMER and COMPANY.

SPECIAL IMPORTATION OF SILKS.

We invite attention to the most magnificent display of rich silks it has ever been our pleasure to submit.

Our desire to place before silk buyers novelties of the most recherché character, has been more than seconded by our Home representatives, the result being the consignments now to hand, which add to our established reputation as foremost importers of the best specimens of art in silk-manufacture.

We are, during this and the coming week, exhibiting in our showroom and Pitt-street windows, these choice selections, and now solicit Sydney and Melbourne criticism.

In quoting the following we merely record colourings now worn in the most important gala gatherings. We cannot, of course, adequately describe the novelties referred to.

VELOURS TAFFETA.
Floral Damas Grounds, with embroidered velvet sprays, in—
Watercress green, shot red, embroidered cream and red sprays
China blue, shot new gold, in cream and gold sprays
Ochre, shot cinnamon, embroidered cream and cinnamon sprays
Cherry, shot carmine, embroidered pink and cherry sprays
Brown, shot gold, embroidered biscuit and gold sprays.

This particular line is worthy of special attention. The colours are charming, whilst for richness and style they are unsurpassed. Price, £10 the robe length.
FARMER and COMPANY.

SUMMER MANTLES AND JACKETS.

Our stock in this Department of Silk, Lace, and Broché Velvet Fichus and Mantillas is superb. The selections have engaged the special attention of our London buyers, and the PRICES are as remarkable as the goods.

We quote a few pronounced wonders in this room:—
Ottoman Cord Fichus, with fringe, 12s 6d
Ottoman Cord Fichus, with lace sleeves, 15s 6d, 21s
A Pretty Mantilla of Broché, trimmed lace, 21s
New Gauze Material, in Velvet Terry, and Grenadine, 25s to 50s
Lace Fichus, special, 21s and upwards
Lace Mantles, special, 30s to 5 guineas
Real Spanish Lace Mantles, large sizes, and special selections, 4½ and 5 guineas
Silk Mantles, plain, or handsomely trimmed, in every shape and style.

The above lines should certainly be inspected.

CHINA SILK DUST MANTLES in immense variety, dolman shapes, trimmed, coloured ribbons, and pleatings

DUST MANTLES.—In these goods we are making prominent display. We anticipate a much larger demand than usual for these specially useful garments. For a Summer Ulster we have produced the Blouse, in a dark useful shade, in Beige, 18s 6d, 21s, 25s. These will be found useful both for dust or shower.

Dust Mantles.—The Waldeck, a pretty, stylish, tight-fitting garment, with a pleated cape and skirt, 18s 6d. The same shape in a fancy check, 25s. Novelties in Stripe Beige, in the Dolman shape, 32s 6d. The same shape in plain Beige, pleated skirt, extra size and quality, 25s.

A SPECIAL PARCEL of Dust and Shower Proof Mantles, in Dark Brown, Dark Blue, and Dark Green, and other useful colours, at 12s 6d ONLY.
FARMER and COMPANY.

SUMMER MILLINERY.

MILLINERY.—We are now prepared to offer in this department the choicest parcel of millinery ever submitted, we believe, to the Sydney public. We invite special attention, feeling assured our lady patrons have but to inspect the charming novelties from the FRENCH and ENGLISH MARKETS to become the wearers of these positive gems of art and cultivated taste.

FRENCH and ENGLISH MILLINERY, from 30s to 50s
LADIES' and CHILDREN'S HATS, in endless variety
LADIES' STRAW BONNETS
LADIES' LEGHORN BONNETS
CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS
In White, Fawn, Brown, Navy Blue, Black, Speckled, to suit children of all ages
CHILDREN'S LEGHORN HATS, a magnificent assortment. Our patrons who have been waiting a short time for their arrival will please note.
FAMILY and COMPLIMENTARY MOURNING in choice variety.
FARMER and COMPANY.

LADIES' SPUN SILK HOSE, Ingrain Colours, 3s 6d pair.

DRESS FABRICS.

The undermentioned lines are certainly worthy of note. We content ourselves with thus calling attention to them:—
Printed Delaines, in light colours
Printed Veilings, in light colours
Cream Embroidered Tennis Robes, 35s
Printed Indian Muslins, in great variety, 12½d yard
Voilé Dress, with silk trimming, 25s 6d
Chene Challies, with trimmings to match
Chenille Spot Veilings
Washing Checks, in pretty mixed colours
French Beiges, 12½d yard
Pekin Stripes, wide and narrow
Silk and Wool Brocades, and plain to match
French Carmelites, at all prices
Embroidered Robes, 27s 6d
Summer Homespuns
French Veilings.—A splendid assortment of this light and durable fabric, suited for summer, 17½d yard
A Beautiful Variety of Shades in Creams, Pinks, Pale Blues, Greys, Coral, &c., &c.
Fine French Cashmeres, in summer weight, 2s 6d
Checked and Striped Beiges, 1s 4½d yard
French Nun's Veilings, 1s 3d yard
The New Boston Uni, 1s 9d yard.
FARMER and COMPANY.

NOVELTY.

THE NEW TURKISH CRAPE, for Tennis Dresses, 18½d per yard.

ANOTHER NOVELTY.—The NEW MECCA CRAPE, for Tennis Dresses, in plain cream and figured, from 18½d per yard.

These goods should be seen. They are curiously beautiful, and specially adapted for lawn tennis and other outdoor amusements.
FARMER and COMPANY.

UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Our display for To-day comprises the following Leading Lines, to which we invite special attention. Buyers will do well to inspect early:—
Ladies' hand-made Drawers
Ladies' hand-made Nightgowns
Ladies' machine-made Drawers
Ladies' machine-made Chemises
Ladies' machine-made Nightgowns
Ladies' plain tuck white skirts, 3s 9d to 7s 6d
Ladies' Embroidered white Skirts, 7s 6d to 25s
Ladies' Embroidered white Skirts, with steels round bottom, 10s 6d
Ladies' white Muslin Wrappers, trimmed embroidery and ribbons, 14s 6d to 30s
Ladies' Flannel Wrappers
Ladies' Cashmere Wrappers, 55s to 70s
Ladies' Cashmere and Satin Breakfast and Tea Gowns, handsomely embroidered, 90s to 7 guineas
Ladies' Morning Gowns, in print and sateen, 10s 6d to 18s 6d
Ladies' Skirts, in print, 2s 6d
Ladies' Skirts, in plain sateen, 5s 11d
Ladies' Skirts, in fancy sateen, 5s 11d
Ladies' Skirts, in zephyr, dark ground with spots
Ladies' Skirts, in summer beige, 5s 11d to 9s 6d
Ladies' Skirts, in summer cashmere, 5s 11d to 9s 6d
Ladies' Crinolettes in every shape and style.

SPECIAL.

CHILDREN'S COSTUMES.—We have opened a splendid parcel of these costumes, beautiful goods, the pick of the market; prices extremely low, ranging from 3s 6d. We have them in print, nuns' veiling, beige, and nuns' cloth. Sizes to fit little girls from 2 to 10 years of age.

GIRLS' SUN HATS.—An immense variety to pick from. Plain and Fancy Sateens, Fancy Nuns' Veiling; Satin, in cream, pink, blue, and cardinal. Extremely choice selections.

LADIES' CORSETS, in all sizes, in following approved makes:—Empress, French, Thomson's Glove-fitting, Acme, Steel Back, and Figure Regulator.

INFANTS' BASKETS on Stands, handsomely trimmed.
Infants' Cashmere Squares, from 9s 6d.
FARMER and COMPANY.

MOSQUITO NETS.

Our immense stock of these goods for this season is of unequalled value. A full assortment in the following widths and prices:—

Inches wide.	72	90	108	120	140
Fine thread	6½d	9½d	1s	1s 4d	2s
Superfine thread	9½d	1s	1s 4d	1s 9d	2s 6d
Extra heavy double thread	1s 1d	1s 4d	1s 9d	2s 0d	

We have also a large assortment of Mosquito Net Curtains made up and ready for use for Half-tester or Four-post Single or Double Bedsteads. We invite particular attention to above, the goods being of first-class quality, and at manufacturer's prices.
FARMER and COMPANY.

LADIES' SPUN SILK HOSE, Ingrain Colours,

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Amusements.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Lessee ... ... Mr. John Bennett
Lessee and Manager ... ... Mr. Wybert Reeve.
LAST NIGHT. ARRAH NA POGUE. LAST NIGHT.
LAST NIGHT. GRATTAN RIGGS LAST NIGHT.
as SHAUN THE POST, SHAUN THE POST.
Dion Boucicault's Powerful Drama.
ARRAH NA POGUE. ARRAH NA POGUE.
Arrangements having been made with Mr. Charles M'Mahon for the engagement of
GRATTAN RIGGS,
Ireland's Great Comedian and Versatile Actor.
LAST NIGHT, WEARING OF THE GREEN.
LAST NIGHT. GRATTAN RIGGS. LAST NIGHT.
SHAUN THE POST. ARRAH NA POGUE.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, the beautiful Legendary Drama,
THE FAIRY CIRCLE.
Conn O'Carolin ... ... GRATTAN RIGGS
and the ever popular HANDY ANDY.
Handy Andy ... ... GRATTAN RIGGS
New and Magnificent Scenery by Kinchela and Williams.
Box Plan at Nicholson's, 325, George-street.
Tickets at Theatre, and Loder's Hotel, opposite Theatre.
Business Manager, G. A. COLEMAN.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Proprietor ... ... Mr. J. C. Rainer.
Manager and Lecturer ... ... Philip Stuart.
TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, November 21,
RAINER'S
PANORAMA of the
AMERICAN WAR.
AMERICAN WAR.
TO-NIGHT another Suite of
DRAWING-ROOM FURNITURE, valued at £35, will be
GIVEN AWAY
in addition to a large number of other
VALUABLE PRESENTS.
Recipient of Furniture Thursday Night:
Miss Dower, Wynyard-street.
MONDAY, November 24,
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
RUSSO-TURKISH WAR.
FIRST PIANO NIGHT.
Admission—4s., 2s., and 1s.
Doors open at 7.30 p.m. Overture at 8.
The Orchestra Piano kindly lent by Messrs. PALING and CO., George-street.

OLD MASONIC HALL.
TUESDAY EVENING, November 25, 1884.
Herr and Mme. VOGRICH'S
Fifth Grand
SOIREE,
assisted by the
BEST AVAILABLE
LEADING TALENT.
Box Plan and Tickets at W. H. Paling and Co.'s, Limited, 256, George-street.

ST. STEPHEN'S DRUM AND FIFE BAND.
A Grand
VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT
to celebrate their First Anniversary will be held
THIS EVENING, November 21, 1884.
To commence at 8 o'clock.
Tickets, 1s.
J. BLACK, C. FISCHER, Joint. Secs.

CHIZLETT MEMORIAL CONCERT, TUESDAY, 25th instant. Tickets, 3s., 2s., 1s., at all musicsellers'.

THE COMPAGNONI CATERING COMPANY,
160, 162, and 164, PITT-STREET.
FIRST SELECT
ORCHESTRAL MATINEE.
THIS DAY (FRIDAY),
from 3.30 until 5 p.m.
Programme:

Overture—"Leichte Cavaliere"	...	...	Suppe
Valse—"Songs of the Wood"	...	...	Farbach
Selection—"Faust"	...	...	Gounod
"British Patrol"	...	...	Asche
Clarionet Solo—"Ugo Conte di Parigi"	...	...	Donizetti
Galop—"Compagnoni"	...	...	Kuster
"National Anthem."			

NOTE.—NO FEES OF ANY KIND FOR ADMITTANCE, but ladies and gentlemen can have their tea or afternoon cup of tea while enjoying the music.
Musical Director—Herr Gustav Kuster.
E. D. TOLLEMACHE,
General Manager.

ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
ALL-ENGLAND v. NEW SOUTH WALES.
ALL-ENGLAND v. NEW SOUTH WALES.

THIS DAY, Nov. 21	SATURDAY, Nov. 22.	MONDAY, Nov. 24.	TUESDAY, Nov. 25.

Gates open at 10.30 a.m.
PLAY TO COMMENCE AT NOON.
Luncheon at 1.30 p.m.
PLAY RESUMED AT 2.15 p.m.
Pass Checks will be issued between 1 and 2 only.
TRAMS WILL RUN DIRECT TO THE GROUND, at frequent intervals. Fare 2d.
THE CITY BAND WILL BE IN ATTENDANCE EACH DAY.
Admission—To Ground, 1s.
Grand Stand and Lawn, 2s 6d extra.
PHILIP SHERIDAN,
Managing Trustee.
99, Elizabeth-street.

THE Authorised SCORING CARD in connection with the Cricket Match England v. New South Wales, will be issued at 10.30 THIS MORNING, by DeCourcy and Blakeney, 163 York-street.

ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.
Mr. C. F. STRATTON
Begs to inform his old friends that he has purchased the right to No. 3 bar, and trusts to still merit the large share of patronage so liberally bestowed on him the past six years. None but the best brands of wines and spirits. Tooth's beer especially brewed for the match.
Sandwiches free at luncheon hour.
C. F. STRATTON.

FIRST-CLASS LUNCH will be at the Grand Stand Luncheon Rooms of the Association Cricket Ground, by JOHN H. FERGUSON.
Price, 2s 6d.

GRAND INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH.
ALL ENGLAND ELEVEN V. EIGHTEEN OF CUMBERLAND.
ON PARRAMATTA ALFRED CRICKET GROUND.
FRIDAY and SATURDAY, 28th and 29th NOVEMBER, 1884.
Admission, ONE SHILLING.
P. F. MAYBURY, Hon. Sec.

CORIO v. Darlington.—W. P. Burton, Melly, Cowper, Crealey, Sweetnam, Woollacott, Tindall, Dummet, Whiting, Hoare, Hamid, Sullivan.

ORIENTAL v. MANLY.—The following catch 1.30 boat, Circular Quay, Saturday next: Luland, Donnan, Ironsides (2), Scott, Meagher, McCrae, Kidman, Fraser, Newmarch, Belcher.

BALMAIN WARATAH C.C. and ground disengaged Saturday. W. Richards, Mort and Co., Circular Quay.

SECOND ELEVENS, SURRY UNITED v. ST. PETERS, on Surry Wickets.—Arnold, Brewster, Tipper, Philips, Newland, Gray, Thomson, Lenton, M'Masters, Mihell, Stanley, Hume.

COMMERCIAL C. C.—Wicket (matting) disengaged Saturday, the 22nd. Apply Kirby, 405, George-street.

DANCING.—Mr. C. HALL, Teacher of New Waltz, Cotillon, Quadrille, Polo, &c., Hornpipes, H. Fling, &c. Apply Academy, 403, Sussex-street South.

ALBERT HALL, Petersham.—DANCING in the above hall every Saturday Evening. M. Lee, M.C.

GRAND Plain and Fancy Dress BALL, Albert Hall, Petersham, December 5. See future advertisements.

BILLIARDS.—A MATCH of 1000 up will be played at the Supreme Court Hotel, King-street, on SATURDAY, November 22, between H. EVANS, Champion of Australia, and E. JAMES, the latter with 250 start.
Play to commence at 7.30 p.m.
Admission, 5s each.

BOTANY.
Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion and Pleasure Grounds, Botany,
SATURDAY, November 22.
DANCING and SKATING in the SPACIOUS PAVILION.
The Sir Joseph Banks String Band, under the direction of Mr. Charles Austin, will play the latest and most popular dance music.
STRICT ORDER and DECORUM MUST BE OBSERVED.
Mr. GEORGE HUNT, M.C. Trams and 'Buses to the Gates.
Admission, one shilling. FRANK SMITH.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.
Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the
ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW.
£5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.
Apply early for passes.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

TATTERSALL'S HALL, Hunter-street, to LET, day or night, for Assemblies, Balls, Banquets, Concerts, &c.; stage fittings, piano, and 400 seats. Apply caretaker, or Mr. Braun, manager, on premises.

HAYMARKET ACADEMY is now vacant: will seat 600; position the best in Sydney. Written applications should be addressed T. A. Brien, manager, Haymarket.

A REAL WORK OF ART.
The
SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED SUPPLEMENT
to
THE SYDNEY MAIL,
Designed and Worked in Colours,
for
THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

ONLY £3 Deposit and 24 monthly payments will secure Allotments Rugby Estate.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

RUGBY ESTATE, between Auburn and Rookwood for a good investment. Watkin and Watkin.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO-MORROW.—Don't fail to attend the GREAT LAND SALE at ARNCLIFFE RAILWAY STATION. The sites must become very valuable, and the terms are liberal. FREE SPECIAL TRAIN. Tickets ready.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SECURE a SITE at ARNCLIFFE STATION To-morrow. Free Train Tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW.
WATKIN and WATKIN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of
MILLS and PILE, 190, Pitt-street.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Lessees ... ... E. Majeroni and W. J. Wilson.
EDOUARD REMENYI,
THE KING OF VIOLINISTS,
Under Engagement to Messrs. RIGNOLD and ALLISON.
FRIDAY (TO-NIGHT), NOVEMBER 21,
at 8 o'clock precisely,
ELEVENTH REMENYI CONCERT.
LAST NIGHT of the LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT brilliant LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT series of LAST NIGHT
REMENYI GRAND CONCERTS.
EDOUARD REMENYI will play—
Hungarian Dance ... ... Remenyi
Head March in Saul ... ... Handel
Longing ... ... Remenyi
Improvisation on the "Carnival of Venice" ... ... Remenyi
A New and Varied Programme will be presented by the REMENYI CONCERT COMPANY.
The Magnificent Beechstein Concert Grand is kindly lent by Nicholson and Co., George-street, where DRESS CIRCLE SEATS and Reserved Stalls can be secured.
Stalls and Parquette Tickets at Roberts', tobacconist, adjoining the Theatre. Admission:—Dress Circle, 3s; Stalls, 3s; Parquette, 2s. Doors open at 7.30. Carriages at 10.
O. NORILL, Business Manager.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
Lessees and Managers ... ... E. Majeroni and W. J. Wilson.
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22.
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22.
THE CURTAIN WILL RISE at a QUARTER to 8 p.m.
THE CURTAIN WILL RISE at a QUARTER to 8 p.m.
FIRST APPEARANCE
of
MAJERONI and WILSON'S
NEW COMIC OPERA COMPANY,
and Production for the FIRST TIME ON ANY STAGE of LUSCOMBE SEARELLE'S Comic Opera, entitled

BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL
BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL
BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL
BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL
BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL
BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL
BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL
BOBADIL	BOBADIL	BOBADIL

A GRAND CAST OF CHARACTERS,
and a Chorus of FORTY PICKED and TRAINED VOICES.
NEW SCENERY by Mr. ALFRED CLINT.
NEW and GORGEOUS COSTUMES.
Grand ORCHESTRA under the Baton of Mr. LUSCOMBE SEARELLE.
Boxes, £3 3s and £2 2s; Dress Circle, 4s; Stalls, 3s; Parquette, 2s. Box plan now open at A. and C. Huenerbein's, 318, George-street.

WILLIAM-ST. Wesleyan Sunday School.—Annual Excursion, next Saturday, Clifton Garden, Chowder Bay.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS, MOORE PARK.
VERY ATTRACTIVE SHOW
on
SATURDAY AFTERNOON NEXT,
of the
SPLENDID ANIMALS, BIRDS, and VENOMOUS REPTILES.
ANOTHER
GREAT ATTRACTION JUST ADDED.
EDWARD WRENCH, Esq., has very kindly placed at the disposal of the Trustees, for EXHIBITION at the ZOO GARDENS, on SATURDAY NEXT, provided the weather is fine,
HIS FAMOUS COLLECTION of MARMOSET MONKEYS.
THE TINY MARMOSETS
ONLY WEIGH A FEW OUNCES APIECE.
, CURIOSITIES.
, CURIOSITIES.
FULL BAND will play in close proximity to the newly-erected Chinese pavilion.
OPEN DAILY, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

THEATRICALS.—Pantoutine Company required for Parramatta. Apply to Manager, Victoria Theatre.

A REAL WORK OF ART.
The
SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED SUPPLEMENT
to
THE SYDNEY MAIL,
Designed and Worked in Colours,
for
THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

FRESHWATER.—All lots one chain frontage, long depths. Get litho. MILLS and PILE.

Musical Instruments

LIPP'S CELEBRATED PIANOFORTES.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB
desire to call attention to their
LARGE STOCK
of
R. LIPP and SON'S celebrated PIANOPORTES
direct from the makers, comprising
TALL GRANDS, LITTLE UPRIGHT GRANDS, SALOON GRANDS, VERY HANDSOME,
and of the
HIGHEST CLASS FINISH,
in
WALNUT and BLACK and GOLD.
WE HAVE NOW THE LARGEST STOCK
IN AUSTRALIA
of
LIPP'S PIANOS
to
SELECT FROM.
WE INVITE INSPECTION.
FOR PRIVATE SALE
at
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Pianoforte Importers,
O'CONNELL and SPRING STREETS.

PIANOFORTES by STEINWAY and CO., of NEW YORK.—BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Spring and O'Connell streets, invite the public to inspect these world-renowned PIANOS; prices very low.

WALNUT PIANOFORTE, new, well finished; price only £30. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, O'Connell-street.

ELEGANT WALNUT PIANOFORTE (quite new), overstrung, on strong iron frame, full rich tone. Price only £40.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB.

HAPSBURG PIANOS.—Sole importers, Beale and Company, 612, George-street.

GERMAN PIANO, rich powerful tone, check action; only £17; rare bargain. 402, Elizabeth-street.

GOOD toned PIANOS at the Yorkshire Furniture Mart, 143, George-street West.

PIANOS. PIANOS.
A first-class Cottage PIANO, overstrung on massive iron frame, patent check repeating action, full trichord, 7 octaves, brilliant toned. Price, only £18, anywhere else 38 guineas. The greatest bargains in Sydney. N.B.—Remember, we have no big shop rent to pay, premises being our own property.
RUSSELL BROTHERS, 29, Botany-street, Oxford-street.

PIANOS.—RUSSELL BROTHERS, for PIANOS,
The cheapest house in Sydney for German Iron-framed Pianos, by the following celebrated makers:—Lipp and Sohn, Beohstein, Roenisch, Kriebel, Rosener, Schmidt and Sohn, Rubenstein, Hilles, Grand, Wehage, &c., from £25, packed and delivered free of charge.
RUSSELL BROTHERS, 29, Botany-street, Oxford-street.

A PIANO for SALE, very cheap. Apply 345, Bourke-street, Darlinghurst.

TWO Cottage PIANOS, walnut and rosewood, 7 oct., check action, little used—bargain. 361, Pitt-street South.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of
MILLS and PILE, 190, Pitt-street.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW.
WATKIN and WATKIN.

THEATRE ROYAL.
Under the direction of
Messrs. WILLIAMSON, GARNER, and MUSGROVE.
Lessee—Mr. Saml. Lazar. Treasurer—Geo. L. Goodman.

LAST NIGHT		LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	of the	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	WORKMAN	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	WORKMAN	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	WORKMAN	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	WORKMAN	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	WORKMAN	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	ALFRED DAMPIER,	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	J. K. GREVILLE,	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	and the	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT	Royal Dramatic Combination.	LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT.		LAST NIGHT.

TO-MORROW EVENING,
H. J. Byron's beautiful drama
LANCASHIRE LASS.
New Liverpool Scenery by
GEO. GORDON.
SATURDAY EVENING,
LANCASHIRE LASS,
LANCASHIRE LASS,
LANCASHIRE LASS,
LANCASHIRE LASS.
SATURDAY EVENING,
Dress Circle, 5s; Stalls, 3s; Family Circle, 2s.
PIT, ONE SHILLING.
Tickets for all parts of the house at Eastway's Hotel. Box plan open at Theatre daily, from 11 till 4. No Free List.

THEATRE ROYAL.
Wanted, 50 handsome Young LADIES for Grand Christmas Pantomime. Apply at Stage Door, 11 till 2.

HORSE-TAMING.
PROFESSOR SAMPLE will TEACH HIS CLASS
at
8 o'clock
THIS EVENING,
in his Tent,
170, CASTLEREAGH-STREET,
opposite Brown's Horse Bazaar.
PERSONS JOINING the CLASS become life members, and are admitted to all Classes and Exhibitions Free.
Terms, 2 guineas.
The horse to be handled is one belonging to Mr. Hunter—a kicker and a bolter.

Government Notices.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch.
Sydney, May, 1884.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.
TENDERS will be received at this Office up to 11 a.m. on the dates mentioned hereunder, for the Public Work specified in the following schedule:—

Nature of Works or Supplies.	Date for Receipt of Tenders.
Constructing Piers for Viaduct over Long Cove Creek, Petersham	Tuesday, 25th November.
Wrought and Cast Iron Work for 8 Plate Girder Bridges	
Leasing, Working, and Maintaining the Government Appliances for Shipping Coal and other Cargo at Newcastle	
Supply of Locomotive Engine Coal, for use on G. S. and W. lines and on G. N. line from Newcastle to Singleton during the year 1885	
Supply of Fodder for G. Northern Line	
Construction and Equipment of a Cable Tramway from Milson's Point to the Reserve at North Shore	Tuesday, 2nd December.
Supply of a 10-h.-p. Vertical Engine and Boiler, with feed pipes and all fittings complete	
Construction of the Works comprised in Section 3 Murrumburrah-Blayney Railway	Tuesday, 23rd December.
Manufacture and Supply of 150,000 tons of Steel Rails	10th February, 1885.

NOTE.—For further particulars see Government Gazette, a file of which is kept at every Post-office.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 20th November, 1884.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.
ALL ENGLAND CRICKET MATCH AT SYDNEY, 21st, 22nd, 24th, and 25th NOVEMBER, 1884.
EXCURSION TICKETS will be issued to Sydney at all stations within 150 miles (excepting suburban) by all trains arriving at Sydney on the 21st instant, and up to 1 p.m. on the 25th instant, available for return until the 26th instant. At Suburban Stations similar tickets will be issued on the days of the match, available for return on the day of issue.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Instruction, Sydney,
19th November, 1884.

FRESH TENDERS FOR WOODEN BUILDING.
Fresh TENDERS are invited for the Erection of an additional Wooden Building at the Tempe Public School.
Plans and specifications may be seen, and forms of tender obtained at the office of the Department of Public Instruction, Sydney.
Tenders, endorsed "Fresh Tender for Wooden Building, Tempe Public School," must be lodged with the Under Secretary, Department of Public Instruction, at or before 10 o'clock a.m. on MONDAY, the 8th December, 1884.
The Minister does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
W. J. TRICKETT.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
24th November, 1884.

DUTY ON PULP FRUIT.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned article is liable to a Duty of ONE PENNY per pound, under the provisions of Section 133 of the Customs Regulation Act (42 Victoria, No. 19), as possessing properties in the whole or in part which can be used or are intended to be applied for a purpose similar to articles on which duty is payable under the Tariff Act, 34 Victoria, No. 21.
The said article approximating in its qualities or uses to Preserves and Jams, upon each of which a Duty of ONE PENNY per pound is leviable, his Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, directs that PULP FRUIT shall be subject to a similar rate of duty,—to be charged and collected on and from this date.
GEORGE R. DIBBS.

General Post Office, Sydney,
6th November, 1884.

ATTENTION is directed to notices in the Government Gazette inviting TENDERS for the following services:—
1. Conveyance of Mails between the General Post Office, Sydney, and the post-offices, Newtown, Macdonaldtown, St. Peters, Tempe, and Arncliffe.
2. Erection of an additional Telegraph Wire from Casino to Lismore, and a line complete thence to Coraki.
Tenders, which will be received up to the 26th instant, must be addressed to the Secretary to the Post Office, Sydney.
JAMES NORTON.

Lectures.

FREETHOUGHT PLATFORM.
THEATRE ROYAL.
SUNDAY EVENING, November 23,
LAST LECTURE
by
Mr. GERALD MASSEY.
Subject:
"ROBERT BURNS,
Poet and Heretic."
Music by Mr. Chas. Austin's Band.
Sittings:—Dress Circle, 2s; Stalls and Family Circle, 1s; Pit, 6d.
Doors open at 6.45; commence at 7.15.

N.B.—Mr. CHARLES BRIGHT will resume Lecturing SUNDAY EVENING, November 30.

WEST'S ACADEMY, 251-3, Castlereagh-street.—Next SUNDAY EVENING, 23rd instant, at 7.15, Lecture by Mrs. SARAH PARKER, lately from America via England and India—"The Restorative Power to Make Gold and Perpetuate Youth." Questions invited. Musical selections as usual. Doors open at 7.

FREETHOUGHT Platform, Gaiety Theatre, Sunday Social and Lecture; Küster's Orchestra. See Sat. Herald.

FICTION on "Massey and his Pretensions," Christian Chapel, Elizabeth-street South, FRIDAY NIGHT.

BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION.
The following FREE LECTURE will be delivered in the Technical College Hall, Pitt-street:—
"Stock Breeding—Evolution," by Dr. R. von Lendenfeld, THIS DAY, Friday, 21st NOVEMBER, at 8 p.m.
EDWD. DOWLING,
Secretary.

Borough Council Notices.

BOROUGH OF REDFERN, GOLDEN GROVE.
To the Owner of a large quantity of BRICKS stacked on the footpath on the west side of Abercrombie-street, Redfern, adjoining Mr. Clarke's house. Notice is hereby given that unless the same be removed within 48 hours from this date, the same will be removed by the Municipal Council at the risk and expense of the owner.
WILLIAM NEALE PARKER, Council Clerk.
Town Hall, Redfern, November 21, 1884.

BOROUGH OF ALEXANDRIA.
NOTICE is hereby given that drafts of intended Bylaws, altering the office hours and dealing with the loitering nuisance, will be open to inspection at the chambers here up to WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant.
By order.
KELSON VAUGHAN, Council Clerk.
Town Hall, Alexandria,
November 19, 1884.

MUNICIPALITY OF MANLY.
NOTICE is hereby given that plan showing the proposed permanent level of Cliff-street from Darley-road to Redcliff-street is now in my custody, and may be inspected for 14 days from date hereof.
Any objections thereto must be lodged with the undersigned prior to the 5th proximo.
JAS. JONES, Council Clerk.
Municipal Council-chambers, Manly,
20th November, 1884.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of
MILLS and PILE, 190, Pitt-street.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW.
WATKIN and WATKIN.

Public Notices.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Estate and Goods of JOHN GILDEA, late of the Little Bay Hospital, near Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Carpenter, deceased, intestate.
PURSUANT to the Trust Property Act of 1862, notice is hereby given that all persons having any Claims against the Estate of the above-named deceased, are hereby required to send in particulars of the same to me, on or before the first day of January next, as I will then proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims I shall then have notice of.
Dated this 13th day of November, 1884.
JAMES ARTHUR DOWLING,
Administrator in person,
31, Hunter-street,
Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Will of GEORGE SMEDLEY, late of Bay-street, Botany, near Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Labourer, deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given that after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to this Honorable Court, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that Probate of the last Will and Testament of the abovenamed George Smedley, deceased, who died on the sixth day of November instant, may be granted to JANE DUNCAN (wife of James Duncan), of Port Stephens, in the colony aforesaid, the sole executrix in the said will named.
Dated this 20th day of November, A.D. 1884.
ARTHUR JOSEPH BRADY,
Proctor for the said Applicant,
87, Elizabeth street, Sydney.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JAMES PANG,
of Gunnedah, Storekeeper.
CREDITORS are informed that a FIRST DIVIDEND of Five Shillings in the pound is now payable, upon production of proofs, at the counting-house of
PRINCE, OGG, and CO.

AUSTRALIAN GASLIGHT COMPANY.
LICENSED GASFITTERS.
The undermentioned are the only Gasfitters licensed by the Australian Gaslight Company:—

Anderson, William	Manley, Thos.	
Arnold, Richard	Marshall, James	
Abel, David	Migra, John	
Apted, Chas. B.	Miller, Jos.	
Allen, John	Milne, James	
Brown, Alex.	M'Carthy, Wm.	
Bailey, Joseph M.	Minto and Parker	
Barr, Alex.	M'Culla, Matthew	
Bain, John	M'Leod, Alex.	
Breedon, Charles	M'Nellan, Wm.	
Breakwell, Henry	Meeks, Cain	
Brown, James	Mills, Wm.	
Burrows, John T.	M'Menamey, Jas.	
Bullock, Wm. Hy.	Nicholls, Edwin	
Bullock, Wm.	Neate, R. T.	
Boberg, Edward	Oatley, Wm.	
Boulton, Thos.	Parnell, Edward	
Bown, Charles	Pearson, Jas. A.	
Brown, James	Pike, Geo. A.	
Clarke, Frederick	Parsons, W. R.	
Clampett, James	Punch, Joseph	
Cole, William	Raleigh, Michael	
Corbett, James	Robinson, F. R.	
Coulter, David	Rumsey, J. H.	
Cooper, Wm.	Runcie, James	
Cross, Edwin	Robison, Wm.	
Craig, James	Robson, David	
Cruden, Wm. Hy.	Smith, Edwin	
Cunningham, John	Searle, Wm.	
Clement and Boyle	Simpson, Hy.	
Crawley, David	Shaw, Alex.	
Davis, George	Skinner, Joseph	
Day, James	Sterland, John W.	
Durning, John	Sutton, Samuel	
Devenport, Fredk.	Swan, Lawrence	
Earle, John	Scott, Thomas	
Edmonds, Wm.	Smith, Sydney	
Easton, Edward	Smith, Augustus	
Faulkner, Wm.	Skinner, Jacob	
Fox, Alfred	Turner, Chas. Wm.	
Field, David	Tate, Wm. Hy.	
Furness, Wm.	Taylor, John	
Furness, Samuel	Tatham, J. and E.	
Gibson, John	Thompson, Robert	
Gilchrist, James	Toms, Eleazor	
Glover, Robert	Thomson, Wm.	
Gread, John A.	Tomkins, Val. Jos.	
Gosbell, Jas. Wm.	Turner, James	
Hale, Wm. Hy.	Tuck, Thos.	
Hannan and Lockyer	Turnbull, John	
Hearne, E. W.	Underwood, S. B.	
Hawkings, Thos.	Vinton, Thomas	
Hawksford, John	Williams, Henry	
Hardyman, Thos.	Ward, James	
Holloway, Jos.	Webb, Ebenezer	
Harris, John	Wight, Robert	
Hawke, Thos. M.	Watson, John	
Jarvis, James	Watson, Emanuel	
Kermond, James	Warner, Alb. H.	
Keating, Maurice J.	Walker, Geo.	
Killingley, John	Welrick, Wm. Hy.	
Lashmar, Robt.	Westbrook, Alf. Hy.	
Lowe, David	Whitelaw, Robert	
Langley, F. R.	Woodford, Charles	
Lee, Robert	Woolley, John	
Lovegrove, Richd.	Woolven, George	
Lawrence, James	Wood, A. A.	
Minns, Ed. J.		

W. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Company's Offices, 165, Kent-street, Sydney,
20th November, 1884.

Town Clerk's Office, Sydney,
20th November, 1884.

TEMPORARY CLOSING OF BARRACK-LANE.
The Through Traffic in BARRACK-LANE, off York-street, will be STOPPED on and after MONDAY, the 24th of November, until further notice.
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT,
Town Clerk.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
Dealers in Fruit and Others are CAUTIONED against Purchasing the Fruit at Domain, Pennant Hills, as I have leased the property for a term. Any person removing the fruit from the trees without my permission will be prosecuted.
J. W. BASHFORD,
223, Macquarie-street South.

NOTICE.—Unless G. H. BOTTERILL finishes his contract for Cottage Speed-street, Liverpool, within three days from this date, it will be done by proprietor, at his risk.
W. NELSON.

NOTICE.—If Mr. F. LUKMAN does not call for his things within seven days, they will be sold to defray expenses. November 17. 55, Stanley-street, Woollcomooloo.

HENRY JOSEPH, lately representing us on the Northern-road as Commercial Traveller, is no longer in our employment, of which our friends and customers will kindly take notice.
MYERS and SOLOMON,
536 and 538, George-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.—Mr. H. E. Vaughan is authorised to collect all rents of my property. Richard Green, 764, George-st.

FLICKMAN.—Call for Luggage, or will be sold after 7 days. 53, Stanley-street.

WANTED to be known that a mistake was made in reference to Partnership. Address being White and Co., 638, George-street.

PURCHASE your FURNITURE at the Royal Furnishing Arcade, 126, George-street. Write for book.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE STEARINE CANDLE MANUFACTURING CO., "APOLLO," IN SCHIEDAM, HOLLAND,
hereby give notice to the trade that, owing to the spurious imitations of their brand, the candles for the Australian and New Zealand market will in future simply bear on their usual labels the name of SCHIEDAM.
They obtained—The MEDAL of MERIT, at VIENNA, 1873
The GOLD MEDAL at PARIS, 1878
The GOLD MEDAL at AMSTERDAM, 1883.
Sole Export Agents—ELLIS KISLINGBURY and CO., LONDON.
Orders executed through London Merchants.

SCHWEPPE'S MINERAL WATERS,
as supplied
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY,
can be obtained of the principal hotelkeepers, wine merchants, and chemists throughout the colonies.
SODAWATER, LEMONADE, GINGER ALE, POTASS, LITHIA (for gout), SELTZER, TONIC, MAGNESIA Waters.
51, Bernard-street, London. 59, Margaret-street, Sydney.

AUCTIONEERS' NOTICE.
To the Inhabitants of HUNTER'S HILL,
and the
LANE COVE RIVER.
R. J. HUGHES and CO. will sell at Madame Joubert's cottage, near Fig Tree Wharf, Lane Cove River, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Superior furniture and effects.
See auction advertisement.

A REAL WORK OF ART.
The
SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED SUPPLEMENT
to
THE SYDNEY MAIL,
Designed and Worked in Colours,
for
THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

HUDSON BROTHERS,
Limited.
STEAM JOINERY WORKS and SAWMILLS, REDFERN.
Two Million Feet of Foreign and Colonial TIMBER, all at greatly reduced prices.
Galvanised Iron, Cement, and Builders' Ironmongery.
Send for Price Lists.
Head Office: Regent-street, Redfern.
Branches at Clyde and Bathurst.

CANDLESTICKS and CANDLE-RINGS, novelties now opened. BRAY BROS., 402 and 404, George-street.

WHERE will you buy Land equal to the FRESHWATER ESTATE on such easy terms?

GOOD-MADE ROADS from the steamers' wharf to FRESHWATER.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO-MORROW.—Don't fail to attend the GREAT LAND SALE at ARNCLIFFE RAILWAY STATION. The sites must become very valuable, and the terms are liberal. FREE SPECIAL TRAIN. Tickets ready.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SECURE a SITE at ARNCLIFFE STATION To-morrow. Free Train Tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.
Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the
ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW.
£5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.
Apply early for passes.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW.
WATKIN and WATKIN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of
MILLS and PILE, 190, Pitt-street.

ROLLER FLOUR.
ROACH BROTHERS,
BURRA BURRA ROLLER MILLS,
SOUTH AUSTRALIA.
Stones Superseded by Rollers.
Mill entirely reconstructed on the
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN GRADUAL REDUCTION
or HIGH GRINDING principle.
Grooved STEEL, smooth CHILLED IRON and PORCELAIN ROLLER MILLS,
in all NINE distinct treatments on Rollers,
combining all the latest EUROPEAN and AMERICAN improvements in
DRESSING MACHINERY,
quite UNIQUE and unequalled throughout the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.
To be Ready for SEASON 1885.
Output, ONE HUNDRED and SIXTY TONS of Flour per week.
AGENTS WANTED.
ROACH BROS. are prepared to arrange for SOLE AGENCIES in SYDNEY and other large towns with any one distributor who can guarantee a sufficient amount of trade.

POST ADDRESS,	TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS,
Aberdeen, S.A.	Burra, S. A.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
A. SHADLER'S
MACHINE-MADE BREAD,
PURE BREAD,
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
I have much pleasure in informing the general public that the bread now manufactured by me is made ENTIRELY BY MACHINERY, thus abolishing the unwholesome methods hitherto unavoidable with the old process; and in order to bring this bread within the reach of all, I HAVE REDUCED the price to
THREEPENCE PER LOAF.
The superiority of the Machine Bread even eclipses the well-known quality of my goods as supplied by me for the past 30 years.
MY C

OUR SUGAR LANDS.

VII.—THE RICHMOND SCRUB.

(BY OUR SPECIAL COMMISSIONER.)

Ascending from the valley of the Richmond to the table land, the traveller has from height to height a view of charming bits of landscape. On one side the ridge slopes away to a valley, where herds of cattle are gathered on well-grassed fields. The broad extent of cleared land is brightened by the vivid green of the rank grass that marks a swamp in the centre of this valley or plain. On the opposite side the ridge looks over a sea of dark-hued hills that rise one beyond the other like broken waves. Away down in the valleys between the hills can be seen green spots of settlement, from which here and there a spiral of smoke rises above the timber-covered ranges. Looking backward one beholds the valley, with the river flowing through it, the surface of the water bright as burnished metal, and the banks fringed with fields of green and yellow cane. The white walls of Lismore break the dull hue of the distant ranges, and the iron roofs shimmer in the glaring sun. The distance is blurred into indistinct outlines, the hills appearing to float in a sea of tremulous crystal.

Before the traveller lay the scrub, with its glaring contrast of brilliant green set against the fiery red of the dusty track cut through its heart. The horses toiled laboriously along this red road, whose red dust powered the branches and the leaves of the scrub. Between the dry, thirsty-looking trees that margined the road were glimpses of dark cool places, where damp moss and the brown soft mould of decaying wood were found. As we travelled onward were seen great blocks hewn out of the scrub, where cane fields here and there, and meadows with horses and cattle, made a pleasant change of view. The stunted cane drooped its sun-dried leaves in the fields, where were a few men dotted here and there hoeing weeds from between the rows. The earth was parched and hot. There was painted in every living thing that sprung from it a cry for rain:—

"Up from the groves and forest glades,
Where quivering leaves drooped pale and dying;
Up from the valley, hill, and plain,
Arose one piteous prayer for rain."

At the time of my visit there were gloomy forebodings that if the dry weather did not soon break another planting season such as last would be, and rueful thoughts of disaster filled many minds. But a few days afterwards heavy thunderclouds drifted up, and fully two inches of rain fell in the night. Later on there was another fall of rain, and as I travelled further south the whole country had begun to breathe fresh life and brighter colour into its fields and forests.

About midway between Lismore and Ballina, and in the heart of the big scrub, lies Alstonville. From the high ground can be caught a glimpse of the sea, with a breadth of white sand dividing the dark-hued trees from the bright blue of the ocean. As we have driven along the road many canefields and a few mills have been passed; others lie away from the main road upon the branches that intersect the scrub. They are all, comparatively speaking, small mills; but all, or nearly all, have vacuum pans and other modern sugar-making appliances.

Chief among the mills in the scrub is that of the Richmond River Sugar Company. In order to secure the advantage of placing the machinery in such a position that it could be carried by gravitation, stage after stage, from the rollers to the centrifugals, heavy excavations were made in a hillside, or rather slope, and the mill then built in. The result is that the process of sugar-making is carried down step by step from the placing of the cane upon the carrier to the bagging of the sugar from the centrifugals. One of the displeasures of a visit to a sugar mill is that one generally leaves it with a pint or two of molasses daubing one's clothing. Indeed, it is a lucky escape if a stream of the stuff does not trickle gently down between the neck and collar: but in this mill an almost dainty cleanliness is observed. The planks and woodwork are scrubbed as clean as the shelves and stools of a well-kept kitchen, and, with ingenuously contrived and labour-saving means of carrying the juice through the various necessary processes, the mill is, for its size, one of the best appointed and best kept I have seen.

The Alstonville Sugar Company is at present working with a rather "ramshackle" plant, but new machinery, to cost a very considerable sum of money, has been ordered, and will be erected in time for next crushing. Not far distant from this mill are several smaller ones, such as Barlow's, Moriah's, and Bryant's. In fact there are something like 11 small mills within a radius of three miles from Alstonville. Between Alstonville and Ballina lie more small mills. At Ballina there are Martin's and other mills, whilst on the North Creek Messrs. Skinners and Ainsworth, and Messrs. Sharp and Mackinnon are the proprietors of the only two mills at present working there, the others having stopped operations, the proprietors finding it more profitable to sell their cane to the larger mills. Messrs. Sharp and Mackinnon have a very useful mill, which is worth visiting if only to see the many ingenious contrivances and ideas which the proprietors have combined with the ordinary mill machinery. Their application of molasses is very comprehensive. They mix it with mortar which it makes hard as cement; they mix it with sawdust to make packing; they put it in whitewash for a glaze; they feed pigs on it; and I really forget how many other uses they put it to.

From Ballina to Wardell the river banks are dotted with canefields, with here and there a mill, and so also from Wardell to Broadwater. Here again the neglected appearance of the homes of the canegrowers impresses one unfavourably. At Broadwater the Colonial Sugar Company have a large mill, supplied with cane from all parts of the river, along which the company's steam tenders may be seen all day towing huge red punts laden with produce from the fields. The company allow growers—who are bound under agreement to supply them with cane—prices per ton varying according to the quality and condition of the crop. The maximum price for twice-thrashed cane is 13s. 6d. per ton. The company cart and punt the cane, in some cases, however, allowance being made to the farmer for traction to the punt. Should the farmer cut his own cane he is allowed the same price as that given to the cutters employed under contract by the company. For cutting, various prices are paid according to the condition of the crop, 2s. 6d. per ton being the minimum. Whilst the company do not absolutely insist upon certain varieties of cane being grown, yet recommendation to that effect is made to the farmer. This mill is one of the finest of the company's properties. It has two sets of double crushing machinery, one being supplied with a system of hydraulic pressure applied to the rollers, so that an equal crushing power is obtained, no matter what class of cane may pass through the rollers. At the commencement of the season both sets were at work, and for a time double shifts were kept on, but lately one set only has been worked, and that only one shift a day. It is anticipated that owing to the very short crop this year, consequent upon the drought last season, crushing operations will soon be brought to a termination. Every modern labour-saving and economic appliance has been associated with the work of this mill, which, in common with many other mills of the company, is a splendid example of the perfection to which sugar-making machinery has been carried. The molasses is stored in large reservoirs or tanks, and then shipped by the company's boats to their distillery at Harwood, on the Clarence. One of the features of the work in connection with the company's mills is the thoroughly systematic way in which all their operations are carried out. In connection with each, for example, is a laboratory, where a skilled chemist tests and analyses the juice in its various stages.

From Broadwater to Woodburn there is a large quantity of cane grown upon the river banks, and several mills are passed on the way thither. Woodburn would, according to the scheme at one time very favourably entertained, and still advocated by not a few people, have been the point on the Richmond to which the Iluka railway from the Clarence Heads would have run. The present means of communication between the Richmond and Clarence from Woodburn is a coach-line to Chatsworth Island. The country passed through by this line is most uninteresting, and fit only for grazing purposes, and should not, I think, be very remunerative for that.

To Cure Skin Diseases.—Sulpholine Lotion will completely remove all eruptions, pimples, redness, blotches, scurf, eczema, psoriasis, &c., in a few days. Sulpholine attacks old skin disorders, and totally destroys them. It is a peculiar, agreeable, harmless fluid, producing a clear skin. Sulpholine Lotion is sold [by] chemists. 2s. 9d.—[Advt.]

LAW REPORT.

SUPREME COURT.—Thursday, November 20.

In Banco.—(Before their Honors the Chief Justice, *Mr. Justice* Windeyer, *and Mr. Justice* Innes.)

TAYLOR V. BARTON.

The arguments upon plaintiff's demurrer to defendant's second and third pleas in the above action were heard. The plaintiff, Adolphus George Taylor, appeared in person in support of the demurrer, and Mr. Salomons, Q.C., and Mr. C. B. Stephen, instructed by Mr. John Williams, Crown Solicitor, in support of the defendant's pleas. The plaintiff's declaration is as follows:—Adolphus George Taylor in person sues Edmund Barton, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, for that at Sydney, in the colony aforesaid, on the 22nd day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1884, the said Edmund Barton assaulted the said Adolphus George Taylor, he, the said Adolphus George Taylor being at the time a member of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales and one of the three members returned by the electoral district of Mudgee in the colony aforesaid, under and by virtue of the Act 44 Victoria, No. 13, and being then in the Legislative Assembly Chamber and about to consult, treat, deliberate, and give his vote in a meeting of the members then and there assembled to consult, treat, deliberate, and vote; and then pushed, shoved, and expelled, or caused to be pushed, shoved, and expelled the said Adolphus George Taylor out of the said Legislative Assembly Chamber, and hindered and prevented him, the said Adolphus George Taylor, from remaining in and attending and being present at the said meeting. And afterwards, to wit, on the 23rd day of April, in the year of our Lord 1884 prevented the said Adolphus George Taylor from entering and remaining in the said Chamber as as aforesaid, whereby the said Adolphus George Taylor was totally hindered, prevented, and excluded from remaining in and attending, and being present at the said meeting of the Legislative Assembly, and at a subsequent meeting of the Legislative Assembly, to wit on the 23rd day of April in the year of our Lord 1884, both held in the Legislative Assembly Chamber aforesaid, to the damage, detriment, and loss of the said Adolphus George Taylor. 2. The said Adolphus George Taylor also sues the said Edmund Barton for that the said Edmund Barton on the days and dates aforesaid, and at the place aforesaid, assaulted the said Adolphus George Taylor, and kept him for a long time from entering the said Legislative Assembly, whereby he has suffered pain of mind and in his good name and reputation, and has been otherwise greatly injured; and the said Adolphus George Taylor claims £1000 damages.

The defendant filed the following pleas in answer:—1. The defendant, by John Williams, his attorney, says that he is not guilty. 2. And for a second plea the defendant as to so much of the declaration as complains of a trespass alleged to have been committed upon the 23rd day of April in the year of our Lord 1884, says that before the alleged trespass the said Legislative Assembly had been sitting in a Committee of the Whole House for and in the despatch of the business of Parliament, that is to say, for the purpose of considering the supply to be granted to her Majesty, and the plaintiff, as such member of the said Legislative Assembly, was then and there present, and the said Committee of the Whole House, having considered certain conduct of the plaintiff then committed before the said committee, passed a certain resolution relating to the plaintiff, and to the said conduct, which said resolution was in the words following, that is to say:—"That Mr. Adolphus George Taylor, having been named by the Chairman as having persistently and wilfully obstructed the business of the committee, be suspended from the service of the House." And the defendant says that the said conduct of the plaintiff and the said resolution were immediately reported to and brought under the notice of the said Assembly by the chairman of the said committee, and thereupon the said Assembly in Parliament assembled passed a resolution relating to the plaintiff and to the premises of the words following, that is to say,—"That Mr. A. G. Taylor be suspended from the service of the House." And afterwards during the same session of Parliament, and while the said suspension still remained in force, the plaintiff entered the said Legislative Assembly Chamber while the said Assembly was sitting for the despatch of the business of Parliament at the said meeting in the first count mentioned, and claimed the right to sit and serve as such member, and thereupon the defendant, as such Speaker as aforesaid, requested the plaintiff to withdraw from the said Chamber, which the plaintiff then refused to do, whereupon the defendant, acting under the authority of the said resolutions, and in order to enforce the same, directed the Sergeant-at-Arms of the said Assembly to remove the plaintiff from the said Chamber, and the said Sergeant-at-Arms then gently laid his hand upon the plaintiff, and removed him from the said Chamber, using no more force than was necessary in that behalf, which is the alleged trespass. 3. And for a third plea the defendant as to so much of the declaration as complains of a trespass alleged to have been committed upon the 23rd day of April, in the year of our Lord 1884, says that before and at the time of the alleged trespass, one of the Standing Orders of the said Legislative Assembly, being the first of the said orders regulating the practice and conduct of business of the said Assembly was in the word following, that is to say:—"In all cases not specially provided for hereinafter, or by sessional or other orders resort shall be had to the rules, forms, usages of the Imperial Parliament which shall be followed so far as the same can be applied to the proceedings of this House." And after the passing of the said order, and while the same was in force, and before the alleged trespass, a certain rule of the Imperial Parliament within the meaning of the said order was passed and came into force as a rule of the said Imperial Parliament, and continued to be in force at the time of the alleged trespass, which rule is in the words following, that is to say:—"That whenever any member shall have been named by the Speaker or by the Chairman of a Committee of the Whole House, immediately after the commission of the offence of disregarding the authority of the Chair or of abusing the rules of the House by persistently and wilfully obstructing the business of the House or otherwise, then if the offence has been committed by such member in the House the Speaker shall forthwith put the question on a motion being made, no amendment, adjournment or debate being allowed—'That such member be suspended from the service of the House;' and if the offence has been committed in a Committee of the Whole House, the Chairman shall, on a motion being made, put the same question in a similar way, and, if the motion is carried, shall forthwith suspend the proceedings of the committee and report the circumstance to the House, and the Speaker shall thereupon put the same question, without amendment, adjournment, or debate, as if the offence had been committed in the House itself. If any member be suspended under this order, his suspension on the first occasion shall continue for one week, on the second occasion for a fortnight, and on the third or any subsequent occasion for a month; provided always that suspension from the service of the House shall not exempt the member so suspended from serving on any committee for the consideration of a private bill to which he may have been appointed before his suspension; provided also that not more that one member shall be named at the same time, unless several members present together have jointly disregarded the authority of the Chair; provided always that nothing in this resolution shall be taken to deprive the House of the power of proceeding against any member according to ancient usages." And the defendant says that after the passing and coming into force of the said rule of the said Imperial Parliament, the plaintiff being present at a sitting of a Committee of the Whole of the said Assembly, then engaged in the business of Parliament, that is to say, for the purpose of considering the supply to be granted to her Majesty, and being such member of the said Assembly as aforesaid committed the offence of abusing the rules of the said Assembly by persistently and wilfully obstructing the business of the said Assembly, and of the said committee, and immediately after the commission of the said offence the plaintiff was named by the Chairman of the said committee, within the meaning of the said rule, and forthwith a motion was duly made, and was put by the said Chairman, and carried by the said committee, which motion so carried related to the plaintiff and to the said offence, and was in the words following, that is to say:—"That Mr. Adolphus George Taylor, having been named by the Chairman as having persistently and wilfully obstructed the business of the committee, be suspended from the service of the House." And upon the carrying of the said motion, the said Chairman forthwith suspended the proceedings of the said committee, and reported the said offence and the carrying of the said motion to the said Assembly in Parliament assembled, and thereupon the defendant, as such Speaker as aforesaid, in accordance with the said rule, put the following question to the said Assembly:—"That Mr. A. G. Taylor be suspended from the service of this House," and the said question was carried in the affirmative, and passed, and the defendant says that the case so arising upon the said offence of the plaintiff hereinbefore mentioned, was a case not specially provided for in or by any of the other standing orders, or sessional, or other orders of the said Assembly within the meaning of the said first standing order, and the defendant further says, that within a period of one week after the passing of the said last-mentioned resolution, and during the same session of Parliament, and while the said suspension still remained in force, the plaintiff entered the said Legislative Assembly Chamber while the said Assembly was sitting for the dispatch of the business of Parliament at the said meeting in the first count mentioned, and claimed the right to sit and serve as such member, and thereupon the defendant, as such Speaker as aforesaid, requested the plaintiff to withdraw from the said Chamber, which the plaintiff then refused to do, whereupon the defendant, acting under the authority of the said resolutions, and in order to enforce the same, directed the Sergeant-at-Arms of the said Assembly to remove the plaintiff from the said Chamber, and the said Sergeant-at-Arms then gently laid his hand upon the plaintiff and removed him from the said Chamber, using no more force than was necessary in that behalf, which is the alleged trespass.

The plaintiff joined issue upon the defendant's first plea, but as to the second contends that it is bad in substance for the following among other grounds:—1. That the Legislative Assembly acted unlawfully in passing the said resolution in the defendant's second plea mentioned, and that the defendant was not justified in carrying out the said resolution. 2. That the adoption of the said resolution in the said second plea mentioned by the said Legislative Assembly is no justification for the defendant for the assault set out in the plaintiff's declaration. And the plaintiff also says that as to the third plea herein pleaded the said plea is bad in substance, on the following amongst other grounds:—1. That standing order No. 1 of the Legislative Assembly in the defendant's third plea mentioned has not such a prospective operation as to adopt the Imperial standing orders in the defendant's third plea mentioned, and that if the said standing order has such prospective operation it is *ultra vires* with the Constitution Act. 2. That the said Imperial standing orders in the defendant's said third plea mentioned and referred to are not adopted by the said standing order No. 1, and are not in force in this colony.

It was agreed that one argument should be taken on the demurrers upon the three cases, which were exactly alike.

Mr. Taylor submitted that the demurrers lodged by him against defendant's pleas were sustainable in law. He was elected a member for the constituency of Mudgee under the Electoral Act, and being returned he held that it was impossible for the Legislative Assembly to break the continuity of that representation by anything less than an Act of Parliament as high as that which gave it to him. Before his term had expired, and while Parliament was in session, he took his place in the Assembly, and was ordered to withdraw, and upon refusing he was removed by an officer of Parliament, and he took action for trespass. Defendant pleaded not guilty, and there was a dual plea lodged of justification, and that he was justified simply because he was only obeying a resolution of Parliament; and secondly, that the course which was adopted followed implicitly a series of resolutions passed by Parliament, and which were said to be applicable to this case. He demurred to these pleas, and submitted that they could not come within the grasp of the law or the cognisance of the Court. Before touching upon these pleas he would refer to the maxim, "*Quando lex aliquid concedit concedere viditur et illud sine quo res ipsa esse non potest,*" which the other side would no doubt cite to the Court. He took that to mean as applicable to this case, that although anything essential for carrying on self-government might have been inherently conferred by the Constitution Act, yet where representative rights were tied down by certain conditions applicable to the standing orders, and applicable to self-government, then the Government were bound to follow those conditions essential in making these standing orders. The other side relied upon the colonial standing order No. 1, as follows:—"In cases not specially provided hereinafter, or by sessional or other orders, resort shall be had to the rules, forms, and usages of the Imperial Parliament, which shall be followed so far as the same can be applied to the proceedings of this House." Now, before proceeding upon his contention that the standing order was *ultra vires*, he would direct the attention of the Court to two reservations in that standing order. One was that it did not apply to any case for which provision is "hereinafter made;" and secondly, that the Imperial orders were only to be applied so far as applicable. With reference to the first, if they perused the standing orders of the Assembly they would find that the 95th and 96th fully provided for any such obstruction as was here charged. Well, waiving the question for the present whether the Assembly had any power to punish for contempt, he put forward the proposition that special provision must be made for any misconduct or any breach of the duty to Parliament on the part of a member; and with regard to the applicability of the Imperial rules, he submitted that they would find it very difficult to hold them applicable to the standing orders of the colonial Legislature, because there was a standing order with regard to procedure by ancient usages. Could our Legislature proceed according to ancient usages? He mentioned this only as a bye point, because the whole matter rested upon the prospective reading of the standing order No. 1, and his contention was, that it either adopted only the Imperial rules and standing orders then in existence, or if it be interpreted as adopting others passed subsequently, then it was *ultra vires*, being an amendment of the Constitution Act, which could only be made by statute. This standing order No. 1 was passed in 1872 and assented to by the Governor, but not specifically assented to since. But at all events the standing order No. 1 was a thing which was adopted prior to the passing of the standing order of the Imperial Parliament, and could not therefore be clothed with the powers of the Imperial standing order. The third plea was that in point of fact the course taken implicitly followed the procedure adopted in the Imperial Parliament; in other words, that the Assembly passed a standing order adopted by Imperial practice, and that the Imperial standing order was not complied with in the present instance. The Imperial standing order cited in the defendant's third plea spoke of the House having power to proceed against any member according to ancient usages. He asked their Honors, bearing in mind the effect of the standing order as applicable to the provisions of the Assembly, to consider how far the colonial Legislature could be credited with ancient usages. The defendant, in his third plea, relied upon a series of Imperial standing orders, which, they said, were adopted some years ago by standing order No. 1 of our Legislature. He contended, however, that it was not a prospective adoption, and that if it adopted anything it adopted the forms, rules, and usages of the Imperial Parliament at the time only when standing order No. 1 was assented to. That standing order No. 1 was passed some 12 years ago, and his contention was that it could not have a prospective effect, and if it did not it was such an alteration of our Constitution Act as required a statute.

Mr. Justice Innes: There is no adoption of this new rule of the Imperial Parliament.

Mr. Taylor: Undoubtedly not. Standing order No. 1 was adopted in 1872, and had never been adopted since, and whatever force it had given to it only arose out of its continuous validity, and he would be able to show that the standing order only applied to the Parliament by which it was made. The whole matter must, of course, lie upon the power with regard to standing orders. If there were no limit in the Constitution Act as to the conditions upon which the standing orders could be made, then Parliament could make them by virtue of the Latin maxim he had quoted. But there was a certain mode by which standing orders could be made, and unless they were made according to that mode, and subject to certain conditions and contingencies they could not be held to be valid. He would quote the following extract from the 35th section of the Constitution Act:—"The said Legislative Assembly in the first session, and from time to time afterwards as there may be occasion, shall prepare and adopt such standing rules and orders as shall appear to our said Assembly best adapted for the orderly conduct of such Assembly . . . . all of which rules and orders shall by such Assembly be laid before the Governor, and being by him approved shall be binding and of force." That being specifically set forth, he contended that it would be utterly illegal and impossible for our Legislature to go outside these sessional orders. If they made standing orders for the purpose of self-government, they must make them according to these conditions. There were certain conditions essential to the validity of these standing orders, and one condition was that they must be locally manufactured, and the Assembly must take the initiative in their manufacture. They were further to be adopted, not in advance, but from time to time as there might be occasion, and they must be prepared by the Legislative Assembly or some authorised section of it, and each standing rule and order must receive the specific assent of the Governor, in its order, and not some years before. The Court would see that these were absolute conditions, essential to the manufacture of these standing orders. If they examined the 35th section of the Constitution Act, they would see the necessity of local standing orders to guide the Legislative Assembly. The 35th section said that the Legislative Assembly shall "prepare and adopt such standing orders." Did that mean that they were to hurl back the necessity, and say to the Imperial Parliament, "We do not desire to prepare our rules, but anything you adopt we shall adopt; we shirk our duty and ask the Imperial Parliament to do it for us?" because that was the reading of standing order No. 1 if it was prospective in its operation. Clearly the condition upon which standing orders were to be made according to the Constitution Act was that they were to be of local manufacture, and part of that provision of local self-government which the Constitution Act conferred; and undoubtedly the Legislative Assembly must take the initiative in their preparation. No doubt if rules were in existence and in force in England, and the Assembly deemed it advisable to make them applicable to this colony, they might adopt those rules; but it could not be held to be preparation and adoption if the Assembly said, "We shall adopt any rule adopted by the Imperial Parliament for the next 50 years," as this standing order No. 1 did. If, then, the words of the section were that standing orders should be adopted from time to time as there might be occasion, that meant that where contingencies arose in which Parliament and the representative of the Queen agreed, a standing order was to be made; but did that mean that a standing order was to be adopted in advance? Did it mean that the standing orders of the Imperial Parliament might be adopted for an indefinite period, or in an off-hand manner, by the Legislative Assembly? Undoubtedly it did not. It meant that the Legislative Assembly was to adopt them just as required. But what he held to be the strongest point was this, that though there was an unqualified right which might be relied upon by the Assembly to make standing orders, the Imperial Parliament restricted that right by rendering it necessary that her Majesty's representative should concur in the validity of these standing orders, and unless they had that concurrence those standing orders were null and void. If they turned to the interpretation clause of the Constitution, Act, they would find that the term Governor meant "the person for the time being lawfully administering the government of New South Wales;" in other words, the standing orders had to receive the concurrence of the Governor of the day. The Governor it was who assented to their manufacture, and their Honors must clearly see that it never could be contended that standing orders made by another body 20 or 30 years hence would apply, for it would take away the power which the Imperial Legislature desired to retain in their own hands, through the representative of her Majesty. How could it be possible for a Governor to say, "I not only adopt these standing orders now, but long after my term of office has expired?" How could the Legislature take away that right of restriction from the Imperial Parliament through her Majesty's representative? If the Constitution Act were read with the significance which should be attached to it, it was plain that if a standing order was to come into operation during the governorship of Lord Loftus he must have power to veto that standing order. The Assembly must take the initiative in adopting standing orders, they must be of local manufacture, and must be adopted from time to time, and not in advance, and the Governor was specifically to assent to them after they were manufactured. Yet it would be contended on the other side that they need not be of local manufacture, that the Assembly need not take the initiative, but that they could take the standing orders of another body. And so far from the Governor of the day assenting to or putting his veto on them, they declared that one Governor should for 50 or 100 years hence monopolise all these powers of assent. He thought the Court must see that the Governor of the colony under the Constitution Act could give no prospective assent to rules and orders not then in existence, and not framed by the Legislature, and still less had he the power to give his assent to rules and standing orders to be hereafter made by another body when there would be another representative of her Majesty in the colony, who ought, under the 35th section of the constitution to have the right of vetoing those rules and standing orders. The Court must see that a standing order under one Governor adopted only such Imperial standing orders, rules, and usages as then existed, and if it went further and had a prospective assent it destroyed the whole essence of the validity of the standing orders as provided by the 35th section of the Constitution Act, and would be an amendment of that section. Then they had also to consider whether the rules of the Imperial Parliament were rules that might be applied to the proceedings of that House. Rules were adopted by the House of Commons to repress the rancorous obstruction of the representatives of a rebellious nation; but here they were only dealing with the isolated impediment of an individual. Where, then, was the applicability? Where was the connection between national obstruction and individual impediment? Such rules never were meant to apply to our Legislature, and plainly, they did not apply. Further argument on that point would simply be breaking a butterfly upon a wheel. It was perfectly clear that the validity of the power of making standing orders had been violated if those standing orders were to have a prospective effect. He should not detain the Court further on that point. With regard to the second plea, the Legislative Assembly suspended him from the service of the House, and it was not for him to inquire whether the suspension was just or unjust, or whether they had that power or not. They said that the Assembly did this, and that no Court could question whether they had that power or not. He said at once that no bald resolution of the Assembly could abrogate the rights and privileges conferred by the Constitution Act and the Electoral Act upon members of the House. Under those Acts he had every right to representation. He was elected a representative for three years, and as the Electoral Act gave him a continuity of service for three years, no bald resolution of one branch of Parliament could abrogate that continuity. This proceeding of the Assembly was carried silently and stealthily, without formulating a charge against the offender, and without putting him upon his trial, and without conceding to him what was essentially a British privilege, of being heard in his own defence. Could any legislative body have that power, and if so, what became of the rights and privileges which were given to them by Magna Charta? Was this a trial, or a blasphemous travestie upon a trial? If the standing order was only necessary for the purpose of preserving the dignity and utility of the House, what was the object in keeping him out of Parliament, at a time when the impediment had absolutely ceased? There was a measure of punishment prescribed, but where was the trial when there was no opportunity for the accused to offer anything in self-defence? That privilege surely existed under Magna Charta, and if it did not it existed in the spirit of fair play which ought to abide in the hearts of Englishmen. However, waiving that, which might be considered a sentimental plea, the question was, could an action at law lie against an officer of Parliament in the execution of a wrongful order under an undebated resolution of one branch of Parliament? He would refer the Court to the decision in the case of Stockdale v. Hansard, laid down by eminent Judges. In that case Mr. Justice Patterson said:—"If it be once conceded that either House of Parliament can make an illegal order, it must necessarily follow that the party wronged may have redress against those who carry such illegal orders into effect; and how can he have such redress but by action at law? If the orders themselves be illegal, and not merely erroneous, upon no principle known to the laws of this country can those who carry them into effect justify under them." The act of the House of Commons was merely an error of judgment, but the wrongful act of the colonial Parliament was clearly and decidedly illegal. They made an illegal order, they made a break in the continuity of his representation, which was conferred upon him by the Imperial Parliament, which they as a branch of the Imperial Parliament had no right to make, and which they could not justify. In the case of the Apollo Stearine Company their Honors said:—"Now this Legislature possesses only delegated powers; it is not like the Imperial Parliament, which acknowledges no superior authority. There is no Legislature within the wide bounds of the British Empire which is not in subordination to and under the control of that Imperial Parliament, and which does not derive its jurisdiction from that source. . . . It did not authorise it to delegate its power to any other body." If this Court could consider whether an Act of Parliament was within the powers of legislation conferred upon the House, it could of necessity, by parity of reasoning, consider whether a punishment prescribed within their limited jurisdiction was within their powers. Their Honors would have observed that very many cases had occurred in which appeals were made to the Judicial Tribunal of the House of Lords, and if those cases were cited they would be found to be in his favour, and that the highest court of justice in the realm could take cognizance of and pass in review the resolutions of the legislative body. He anticipated that the other side would quote extensively from the case of Bradlaugh v. Gossett, and he would use every argument in breaking down the applicability of that case to the present proceedings. No court in the world could go into examination of the proceedings or conduct of the House of Commons, or of the decisions of that House, which were not open to canvass or criticism, or the intervention of the circumscription of any court of law. But would their Honors hold that that applied to our local Legislature?

The Chief Justice: The House of Commons could not hang anybody. Their powers are limited. If they attempt to do anything illegal the courts would be down upon them.

Mr. Salomons: They can suspend a member, your Honor.

Mr. Taylor contended it was a question whether or not the House of Commons was omnipotent. He apprehended their Honors would pay particular attention to the case of Ashby v. White, that the House of Commons, although an almost omnipotent tribunal, could not themselves assume any law which would set them above the law; but that had been amended by the decision in Bradlaugh v. Gossett, which gave them a clear right concerning matters of internal government with regard to the conduct of their own members. But their Honors must see a wide difference between the powers of the House of Commons and those of the Legislature of New South Wales. Their Honors would not think of deciding that this case was analogous to the case of the House of Commons. Generally speaking, the powers and privileges of the House of Commons differed as much from the powers and privileges of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, as differed the powers of the creature from those of the Creator. The House of Commons was, to all intents and purposes, a supreme tribunal, but the Legislative Assembly of this colony was a subordinate one. The House of Commons was the great political emporium of the British dominions, but the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales was only a branch warehouse, limited in its powers by the written deed of appointment received at its establishment. The House of Commons was practically unlimited in its powers. Coke had defined it to be the great inquest of the nation, and Sir Edward Creasy as the great organ of the Constitution of the British Empire, and praised the passage by Burke in which he spoke of the British Parliament in its Imperial capacity as from the throne of heaven superintending the inferior tribunals, and guiding and controlling without annihilating any of them. But the Parliament of New South Wales was absolutely a Parliament with delegated powers—powers strictly confined within the statute. But what had been the case with regard to the House of Commons—simply that from the time when it broke the egg it was full-fledged with all the powers and privileges which such a body could, with ambition after omnipotence, either arrogate or assume, whereas the power of our Legislature was bound within the four corners of the Constitution Act. The House of Commons was part of the great Witenagemote, which was but one tribunal, but when they branched off they still retained full power. It was a supreme tribunal, whilst our Legislature was a subordinate one. He quoted the decision of the Court in the Apollo Stearine case, as follows:—"Now, this Legislature possesses only delegate powers; it is not like the Imperial Parliament, which acknowledges no superior authority. There is no Legislature within the wide bounds of the British Empire which is not in subordination to and under the control of that Imperial Parliament, and which does not derive its jurisdiction from that source. It did not authorise it to delegate its powers to any other body." The House of Commons was a supreme tribunal, and the colonial Legislatures subordinate to it. The second point he would refer their Honors to was this—that the Imperial Parliament could not commit an act of illegality; the colonial Parliament could. Whatever the House of Commons did, though it were wrong—so utterly and ruthlessly wrong that the people might rise in judgment against it—yet it would not be illegal, because the House of Commons all along were fully fledged with such omnipotent powers that no Court could deal with them. They might commit errors of judgment, but not illegalities. It held that it could not do an illegal act, but our Parliament could. Whatever the House of Commons did might be wrong, might be erroneous, might be bad in judgment, but not illegal, whereas our actions might be clearly illegal. The House of Commons from the first assumed omnipotent powers, and the tendency lately in the law courts had been to allow them; but the Parliament of this colony could not claim more than was given it within the iron clamp of their Constitution Act. The Imperial Legislature had no metres or bounds to restrain it, but the colonial Parliament was circumvented within the four corners of that Act. It had only delegated powers. No contractor was, according to the Constitution Act, permitted to sit in the Legislative Assembly, and yet they might pass a resolution saying such a seat would be legal in such a case as that, in a violation of the Act under which they had been established; would not that Court have power to review the circumstance? There was a very vital distinction between the House of Commons and this body. In theory the House of Commons moved upon the pivot of national justice, but in practice it rested upon the pedestal of legal infallibility, but our Parliament did not: it had bounds and restraints which the House of Commons had not. The House of Commons arose in the beginning in infinite space with all omnipotent powers. The Legislative Assembly of New South Wales had only power in conjunction with the Legislative Council and the Governor to make laws for the peace, welfare, and good government of the colony, and was subject to many important restrictions and limitations. Whatever power had been conferred was upon the whole three, and they had only limited power. The action of the Assembly, against which he appealed, was that of causing a break in the continuity of representation which was given in the Electoral Act to the representatives of the people. The third point was one to which he would especially direct attention. By the case of Bradlaugh v. Gossett it was shown that in such an instance there could be no appeal from the Court of Queen's Bench to the House of Lords, as, were it so, in such a case the House of Lords would have to sit in judgment upon the House of Commons. This could be easily shown. It reduced itself to a *reductio ad absurdum.* The House of Commons and the House of Lords were equal in their powers, though certainly one was not supposed to interfere in taxation, and the other not in the disposal of titles for life. The theory was, that the Houses of Lords and Commons were equal in their powers. Now, any law Court that reviewed must be greater than that which was reviewed. According to Mr. Bradlaugh the Court of Queen's Bench was greater than the House of Lords. But from the Court of Queen's Bench there was appeal to the House of Lords, therefore the House of Lords must be greater than the Queen's Bench, and how much more must it be greater than the House of Commons; but the two Houses were equally co-ordinate claimants for the same privileges. Thus the matter reduced itself to an absurdity. But in this case it was not so, and if he suffered a wrong he had a medium by appeal to the Supreme Court. His fourth point was that the Imperial Legislature was a consolidation of supreme legislative and judicial powers. The House of Commons was both a Parliament and a Court, but in this colony the legislative power was the united House of Parliament; the judicial power was the Supreme Court, both deriving their charters of authority from distinct Imperial statutes. When the Imperial powers delegated certain functions to this colony they gave legislative garments to one and judicial garments to another body. Their Honors held the judicial, and the Parliament had only legislative powers. The charter of justice under which the Court was granted was anterior to the Constitution Act, but there was a provision in the Constitution Act reserving to the Court the judicial powers which had been granted. Both had been constituted by an Imperial Act, that under which the Court was granted having the priority. The whole meaning of this was that the Imperial Parliament, having both powers, gave one to the Legislative, and the other to their Honors. That being so, their Honors were not under the control of the Legislature. It was one of the conditions of the Act under which it was constituted that the Judges should be paid their salaries and and held free from any intervention of the colonial Legislature. The Judges watched over the management of the Parliament, and saw that it did not exceed the powers conferred upon it. Their Honors were the Judges of the rights of the people in the face of Parliament, and of the rights of Parliament in the face of the people. That Court was the New South Wales representative of the judicial power of the Imperial Legislature, and the Parliament of the colony only the representative of its legislative powers. Their Honors would observe, also, that the powers and privileges of the House of Commons was not a part of the common law of the realm, and therefore the immunity the House of Commons claimed could not be ascribed to this Legislature unless those powers and privileges had been conveyed to them by statute. They had in the Canadian, Victorian, and Queensland Parliaments those privileges to some extent. The powers, privileges, rights, responsibilities, and immunities of the House of Commons had been carried over in the plenary Legislature of the colony of Victoria. Another point to which he directed their Honors' attention was this, that he had as plaintiff in this case a free right of representation, that it was conferred upon him by an Imperial Act, and it required an Act of as high a character to take that right away. The power under which that right had been interfered with was a bald resolution passed in one House of Parliament; and if under it they took away his rights, which he contended were conferred upon him by an Imperial Act, it was a violation of the principle which required that where a right had been conferred upon a man it could only be taken away by an Act of as high a character. His contention with regard to the case of Ashby v. White was that as their supremacy had not been established, the vigorous and lucid exposition of law given by Lord Chief Justice Holt was applicable to this case, because the supremacy of House of Commons, being then unsettled, the circumstances were analogous to those of colonial Legislatures, which could not claim to have supreme powers. With regard to Beaumont v. Barrett, that case could not apply to a colony such as this established, as it had been, and not by conquest. The Jews of Jerusalem could not plead *civis Romanus sum* on the plea that Palestine was under the subjection of Imperial Rome. It was not a case similar in principle to this. In the case of Dill v. Murphy (Victoria), the Constitution Act gave the Parliament of that colony power to declare their privileges similar to those of the House of Commons up to the time of the passing of that Act. But in that case it was held that the powers conferred were only those which the British Parliament held up to the time of the passing of the Constitution Act. If the Victorian Parliament had adopted the Imperial standing orders passed since the Constitution Act, that adoption would have been illegal. It was only justified on the ground that this privilege existed prior to the passing of the Constitution Act. In the case of Fenton v. Hampton (Tasmania), the Chief Justice of Van Diemen's Land ruled (and his ruling was upheld) "that the Legislative Council of that colony is a statutory body, having no judicial functions, and possessing only those powers which are conferred by the Act which gave it birth. . . . It is not a Court, and it has no ancient usage." And, again, its validity must depend upon the application of the legal maxim, *Quando lex aliquid concedit concedere videtur et illud sine quo res ipsa esse non potest.* It became, therefore, all important to consider the true import of this maxim, and the extent to which it had been applied. After the fullest research he had been able to bestow, he took the matter to stand thus:—Whenever anything was authorised, and especially if, as a matter of duty, required to be done by law, and it was found impossible to do the thing unless something else not authorised in express terms be also done, then that something else would be supplied by necessary intendment. But if, when the maxim came to be applied adversely to the liberties or interests of others, it were found that no such impossibility existed, that the power might be legally exercised without the doing that something else or going a step further; that it was only in some particular instances, as opposed to its general operation, that the law failed in its intention; then, in any such case, the soundest rules of construction pointed to the exclusion of the maxim, and regarded the absence of the power which it would supply by implication as a *casus omissus.* The Lord Chief Baron Pollock said, *inter alia*:—"*The lex et consuetudo Parliamenti* applies exclusively to the Lords and Commons of this country, and does not apply to the Supreme Legislature of a colony by the introduction of the common law there." In other words, according to the dictum of the Privy Council, their Honors would have to ask—"Is that power carried over by statute?" If not, did their Honors hold it to be absolutely essential to the very functions of Parliament that it should have the power to suspend its members for a week, or month, or not? In the case of Keilly v. Carson (Newfoundland), the Court said:—"There is a wide margin between removing an obstruction or impediment, and punishing it as an offence. . . . The power of punishing anyone for past misconduct as a contempt of its authority, and adjudicating upon the fact of such contempt, and the measure of punishment as a judicial body, irresponsible to the party accused, whatever the real facts may be, is of a very different character, and by no means essentially necessary for the exercise of its functions by a local Legislature, whether representative or not. All these functions may be well performed without this extraordinary power, and with the aid of the ordinary tribunals to investigate and punish contemptuous insults and interruptions. . . . The Assembly is no court of record, nor has it any judicial functions whatever. . . . They are a local Legislature, with every power reasonably necessary for the proper exercise of their functions and duties, but they have not what they have erroneously supposed themselves to possess—the same exclusive privileges which the ancient law of England has annexed to the House of Parliament." The case of Doyle v. Falconer (Dominica) went to show that a local Legislature had the power to remove, whilst an impediment existed, the cause of that impediment, but that to go further by way of punishment was an illegal excess of power. The case here unquestionably was whether a Parliament, with a local Legislature, had the right to punish. It was held not. The argument in that case was that, the probability of the impediment having been dissipated, they could not exercise that power. He would direct their Honors' attention to this fact, that the whole meaning of the Doyle v. Falconer case was that supposing a member of the Assembly were to become mad, or be terribly intoxicated, all Parliament could do if such a person were an obstruction to the work would be to remove him till the cause of the obstruction ceased, but that they could not measure his punishment; they could not say, "You are talking too long, and are likely to talk longer, and therefore we will keep you out for seven days, or a month." But they could say, "As you have become so talkative, we must apply a legislative lockjaw;" but there was no power to remove him and suspend him from his functions for a week or fortnight. If Parliament thought a member were unduly obstructing their functions, they would have power to remove him for the time being, but no longer. But he was suing for a time subsequently. It was after a resolution had been passed by a single Chamber, by which was taken from him the power given to him under the Constitution Act. Whilst under the power existing, as in the case of Doyle v. Falconer, a member might be kept out. There was a decided difference between that and breaking the continuity of his representation. It was the assumption of a power which could only be given by statute, and was not necessary or essential to the representative rights which the Imperial Parliament had conferred upon this Legislature. He asked their Honors whether they could hold that the Assembly had a right to exclude its members for days after the impediment to its legitimate proceedings had ceased. Was such a power a necessary incident to its legislative functions? Was it necessary to secure the free exercise of its legitimate functions that the Assembly should have power to suspend its members for a week or a month at a time, and that, too, silently, stealthily, without the trial of the offender, and without affording the victim the essentially British privilege of being heard in his own defence? To claim this power was to claim the judicial power to punish, and no colonial Legislature had these judicial powers. The judicial functions of the House of Commons had been transferred to their Honors under an Imperial Act, and at the same time its legislative functions were transferred to the Parliament of this country. He considered that he had shown their Honors that the defendant's act had been illegal inasmuch as this series of Imperial standing orders did not apply, because a bald resolution of one branch of the Legislature had no right to abrogate a statutory right. The other question was as to the power of this Court to examine the proceedings of the Assembly, and he contended that it might do so, because the Assembly of this colony had no judicial functions, but that their Honors had been invested with those powers under a provision of the Charter of Justice just as much as the Assembly had been invested with legislative power. He again directed their Honors' attention to the very sound law laid down by Chief Justice Patterson in Stockdale v. Hansard. In the case of Bradlaugh v. Gosset it was held that where there was a wrong there was a legal remedy. There was a legal wrong here, and where was he to go for a remedy if he did not go to this honorable Court? The British Parliament was the creator where this Parliament was only the creature; it was the bondmaster where this was only the slave; it was the parent where this was only the child. He came to the Court having a right to appeal to the judicial committee of the House of Parliament, and the track to that appeal lay only through the Court. He asked their Honors, if they had regard to standing order No. 1, to remember that it was not a standing order at all. It was a deference merely to admitted potentiality—an excuse to forgotten powers. Parliament had no right to abrogate his statutory powers, and he asked their Honors to exercise the law on his behalf. If he had suffered a wrong, to what tribunal could he apply for redress if not to that Court which marked the medium between the local Parliament and its creator—the Imperial Legislature. He asked their Honors to permit the gentle and generous hand of the law to pulverise the iron hand of a flagitious party despotism. From the torrid zone of party persecution he appealed to the temperate zone of judicial justice. By a common-sense construction of the law, by an intuitive interpretation of the law, he denounced the trespass as a fraud upon his political functions, a rape upon his representative rights, and a vindictive violation of the wisest of transmitted rights and privileges. Finally, he asked their Honors to save the supremacy and maintain the majesty of the law by disarming this potentiality of persecution by the vigour of national law and the vigour of national justice.

At the conclusion of the hon. gentleman's speech some of the auditors made demonstrations of approval, which, however, they were quickly called upon to suppress.

Mr. Salomons said that, on behalf of the defendant, he submitted that judgment would have to be given that both these pleas were good. As to ninety-nine parts of what the hon. plaintiff had alleged he was not concerned, for they were utterly irrelevant to what the Court had to decide; nor would it be right for him to follow the hon. plaintiff into all the side topics he had referred to, or to go back to the time of King Ethelbert, or to travel into the Holy Land. He thought he would be able to satisfy their Honors that upon clear first principles both of defendant's pleas were perfectly good. They could not, however, be treated together; he must take them separately, and for convenience sake he would call them first and second pleas, though they were numbered in a different way. One referred to the assault on the 23rd day of April, and the declaration which was of a peculiar and unusual form, went on to say that defendant "then pushed, shoved, and expelled, or caused to be pushed, shoved, and expelled the said Adolphus George Taylor out of the said Legislative Assembly Chamber, and hindered and prevented him, the said Adolphus George Taylor, from remaining in and attending and being present at the said meeting. And afterwards, to wit, on the twenty-third day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, prevented the said Adolphus George Taylor from entering and remaining in the said Chamber as aforesaid, whereby the said Adolphus George Taylor was totally hindered, prevented, and excluded from remaining in and attending and being present at the said meeting of the Legislative Assembly, and at a subsequent meeting of the Legislative Assembly, to wit, on the twenty-third day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, both held in the Legislative Assembly Chamber aforesaid to the damage, detriment, and loss of the said Adolphus George Taylor." The plea, which was advisedly framed, commencing by limiting the plea to that particular assault on the 23rd day of April, and it was necessary to point out that there was no replication of excess or a new assignment. There was merely a demurrer to this plea. The pleas could not be taken together, and judgment must be given upon them separately. The plea as to the 23rd of April stated that before the alleged trespass the Assembly had been in Committee of the Whole House for and in the despatch of the business of Parliament, and then coming to the gist of the matter, it was stated that Mr. Taylor, having been named, the Sergeant-at-Arms gently laid his hand on plaintiff and caused him to be removed. The simple question the Court had to decide had already been decided by tribunals by which the Court was bound. It was simply whether an Act which was calculated to prevent a debate—an Act which was inconsistently exercised—could be persisted in with impunity, or whether the House had inherent power to prevent obstruction by removing a member guilty of obstruction. With regard to the appeal to the Court which the hon. plaintiff had made as to whether a member could be prevented from exercising his rights as a member of the Assembly, that gentleman forgot that he could by obstruction prevent all the other members of the Assembly exercising their legislative powers, and therefore his argument in that respect had no force. What he submitted was that under the common law maxim which the hon. plaintiff himself had quoted, there must be a power to remove obstructions to the proper actions of legislative bodies, and in support of this view he intended to cite certain judicial authorities. The power was necessary for self-preservation, and, therefore, if a member of the House were guilty of disorderly conduct while it was sitting he might be removed, or excluded, or expelled. There was a difference between the right to remove a member, that self-security might be ensured, and the right to inflict punishment; and he admitted that the Assembly would not, in the absence of legislative authority, be warranted in inflicting punishment, which was to say that the House could not make a standing order which would justify the Speaker or the House, in its collective capacity, sending a member to prison, or dealing with contempt outside the walls of Parliament. It was warranted in all that was necessary for legislative functions. If the Court were to hold that a member could conduct himself as the hon. plaintiff had conducted himself, it would, in fact—instead of deciding in favour of a constitutional principle—in the words of Lord Ellenborough, leave the Legislature to be an object of contempt and derision. With regard to the right of the House to take every step necessary to prevent obstruction, it was inherent in every legislative body; and as a matter of law which plaintiff seemed to ignore, this demurrer admitted that this act of removal was no more than was justified by the occasion. He was not there to contend that anything partaking of the character of a murderous assault was to be committed upon any member. What he did contend was that the act which plaintiff called an assault was necessary by reason of his obstructing the legislative action of the Assembly. The cases that the hon. plaintiff referred to were all cases where it had been attempted to successfully contend that colonial Legislatures had the right to commit to prison for contempt; but although the Privy Council held there was no such right, every one of its decisions showed that the power he was contending for was inherent in every House of Assembly, whether it was in a conquered colony, or a Crown colony, or any colony having legislative institutions. He dared to say their Honors would forgive him if, in this connection, he referred to the case of Kielsy v. Carson, reported in IV. Moore's Privy Privy Council Cases, page 85. He quoted this case first because it was the first in date, and in connection with it there was stated in the name of the Privy Council as follows:—"Their Lordships are of opinion that the House of Assembly did not possess the power of arrest with a view to adjudication on a complaint of contempt committed out of its doors, and consequently that the judgment of the Court below must be reversed." And, further, "In order to determine that question we must first consider whether the Crown did in this case invest the local Legislature with such a privilege. If it did a further question would arise whether it had a power to do so by law. If that power was incident as an essential attribute to a Legislative Assembly of a dependency of the British Crown, the concession on both sides that the Crown had a right to establish such an Assembly puts an end to the case. But if it is not a legal incident then it was not conferred on the colonial Assembly unless the Crown had authority to give such a power, and actually did give it." At page 88 his Lordship went on to say:—"The whole question, then, is reduced to this—whether by law the power of committing for a contempt not in the presence of the Assembly is incident to every local Legislature. The statute law on this subject being silent, the common law is to govern it; and what is the common law depends upon principle and precedent. Their Lordships see no reason to think that in the principle of the common law any other powers are given them than such as are necessary to the existence of such a body, and the proper exercise of the functions which it is intended to execute. These powers are granted by the very act of its establishment, an act which on both sides it was admitted it was competent for the Crown to perform. This is the principle which governs all legal incidents. *Quando lex aliquid concedit concedere videtur et illud sine quo res ipsa esse non potest.* In conformity to this principle we feel no doubt that such an Assembly has the right of protecting itself from all impediments to the due course of its proceedings. To the full extent of every measure which it may be really necessary to adopt to secure the free exercise of their legislative functions they are justified in acting by the principle of the common law. But the power of punishing anyone for past misconduct as a contempt of its authority, and adjudicating upon the fact of such contempt and the measure of punishment as a judicial body irresponsible to the party accused whatever the real facts may be, is of a very different character, and by no means essentially necessary for the exercise of its functions by a local Legislature, whether representative or not. All these functions may be well performed without this extraordinary power, and with the aid of the ordinary tribunals to investigate and punish contemptuous insults and interruptions." It had been decided that this power of removal, suspension, and if necessary, expulsion, was a power that was necessary for the existence of a legislative body, and the proper exercise of the functions it was intended to execute. His Lordship said that this power was granted by the very

act of establishing an Assembly—an Act which, on both sides it was admitted, it was competent for the Crown to perform. It was admitted that the act done here was an act only necessary to prevent obstruction by ordering the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove the plaintiff the hon. member for Mudgee, from the House. "Their Lordships, therefore, are of opinion that the principle of the common law that things necessary pass as incident, does not give the power contended for by the respondents as an incident to, and included in, the grant of a subordinate Legislature." It was when an assault amounted to a crime that it could be dealt with by a judicial tribunal, but the power to expel is one possessed by bodies of less importance than a Legislative Assembly, even by the most ordinary meetings convened for lawful purposes. In such a case plaintiff could not succeed, and, therefore, in the case of the Legislative Assembly he could not succeed. Sir James Colvill said, speaking for the Privy Council in this case—and here was the point absolutely dealt with in this plea—there was the very point judicially decided by the tribunal by which the Supreme Court of this colony was bound:—"It is necessary to distinguish between a power to punish for a contempt, which is a judicial power, and a power to remove any obstruction offered to the deliberations or proper action of a legislative body during its sitting, which last power is necessary for self-preservation. If a member of a colonial House of Assembly is guilty of disorderly conduct in the House whilst sitting, he may be removed or excluded for a time or even expelled, but there is a great difference between such powers and the judicial power of inflicting a penal sentence for the offence. The right to remove for self-security is one thing, the right to inflict punishment is another." The law would sanction the removal of a person by force from a place of meeting. That was in the same page—340. The Legislative Assembly had the power to use that degree of force which might be necessary to remove a person offending, and to keep him excluded. Then he would refer to the case of Bradlaugh—a case which created great interest in England, and in which judgment was reserved and given after much deliberation, not because their Honors had doubt about the points raised, but in consequence of the real or adventitious importance given to the case by the press and the public out of doors. In connection with that case it was stated at page 275 of the present reports as follows:—"What is said or done within the walls of Parliament cannot be inquired into in a Court of law. On this point all the Judges in the two great cases which exhaust the learning on the subject—Burdett v. Abbott (1) and Stockdale v. Hansard (2)—are agreed, and are emphatic. The jurisdiction of the Houses over their own members, their right to impose discipline within their walls, is absolute and exclusive. To use the words of Lord Ellenborough,—'They would sink into utter contempt and inefficiency without it.' (3.)" It was palpable that any member might prevent any measure being considered, and lower the Assembly beneath the dignity of a wandering circus. He was speaking of the judgment of the Lord Chief Justice:—"I need not discuss at any length the fact that the defendant in this case is the Sergeant-at-Arms. The Houses of Parliament cannot act by themselves in a body; they must act by officers, and the Sergeant-at-Arms is the legal and recognised officer of the House of Commons to execute its orders." Mr. Justice Stephen delivered a judgment, which was reported at page 277, and with regard to this being a measure of internal discipline, his Lordship said:—"Taken by itself the order of the 9th of July states nothing except that the House had by resolution excluded a member who in the judgment of the House had disturbed its proceedings, till he undertook not further to disturb it. It is obvious that we could not interfere with what might be a mere measure of internal discipline." The Court held that Bradlaugh had been prevented following out what the statute declared he should do, and yet the Judges held that the Courts had no power to consider whether the House was right or wrong in its action. He was not contending here that the House of Assembly had the same powers as the House of Commons, but it had power to preserve discipline within its walls, and on the clearest grounds it was necessary that the Assembly should possess such a power. Upon first principles plaintiff was out of Court, and he asked the Court therefore to give judgment in favour of defendant.

Sir JAMES MARTIN: How is it there is no answer to the assaults of April 22, and—

Mr. Salomons said they were denied, and that defendant had entered a plea of not guilty. With regard to the second plea demurred to, though the third on the record, he submitted this referred to a matter decided by an authority which bound the Court, although he had no doubt as to how the Court would decide if there was no authority. The plea included all that was in the other plea. He was instructed by the Crown Solicitor to ask the Court to decide the point raised by the hon. plaintiff, which point also the hon. plaintiff wished the Court to decide. The plaintiff's contention was this,—that under section 35 of the Constitution Act power was given to the Assembly, in common with the Council, to make standing orders, and that such rules and orders were to be laid before the Governor, and being approved of by his Excellency should be binding. The plaintiff said the Assembly were adapting standing orders of the Imperial Parliament, and that these orders had not been approved of by the Governor, or laid on the table of the House, that they should be specified, and that one Governor might approve of them while another would not. Plaintiff admitted that the first of the standing orders as regarded its language could only be read as applicable to matters as they arose. If it were not *ultra vires* it necessarily applied to the standing orders, rules, or regulations in force at the time a question arose, but the plaintiff said, and said with all the force of which the position was capable—which was nothing—that it was *ultra vires*, because the Constitution Act said that standing orders must be submitted to the Governor, and approved of by him before they could have effect. If it were *ultra vires*, he would admit that the plea was bad. It was stated that "in all cases not specially provided for hereinafter, or by sessional or other orders, resort shall be had to the rules, forms, and usages of the Imperial Parliament, which shall be followed so far as the same can be applied to the proceedings of this House." This showed that resort should be had to the rules, forms, and usages of the Imperial Parliament. If they referred to the rules then in force, it would be found that sessional orders had reference only to the sessions in which they were assented to. If it were provided for by the sessional order, then this rule would not apply; but the matter here referred to had not been provided for under the sessional or any other orders, and these standing orders were in force Parliament after Parliament.

The CHIEF JUSTICE: What is the meaning of "hereinafter"?

Mr. Salomons said he thought "hereafter" was meant, but he did not attach any weight to the word.

Sir GEORGE INNES: It is convenient to your argument to strike it out.

The CHIEF JUSTICE: The point is whether it is not confined to existing rules of Parliament.

Mr. Salomons said that he admitted that although everything was done, if it were not in accordance with the 35th section of the Constitution Act it was *ultra vires*. The plaintiff's argument was limited to what he was now saying about the order being *ultra vires*.

Sir GEORGE INNES: I do not so understand it.

Mr. Salomons said that the language of this rule referred to orders of the Imperial institution from time to time, and sessional orders necessarily meant orders passed from session to session.

Sir GEORGE INNES: "A resort" applies to the determination of a particular case as it may arise from day to day, from session to session, from Parliament to Parliament. "Resort" shall be had to the rules which guide the Imperial Parliament.

Mr. Salomons submitted to the Court that the word "resort" meant, read in connection with what went before, to refer to all cases which could not be provided for. The words must be read in an ambulatory sense, applying to cases which might arise at any time, and might not otherwise be provided for. In such cases resort might be had to the rules and usages of the Imperial Parliament. There might arise a case with which the existing rules, forms, and usages might not deal at all. A sensible reading of it was that it dealt with cases the nature, circumstances, and surroundings of which were not then known or provision made for in any sessional or standing order, and that in such a case resort should be had to the rules, forms, and usages of the Imperial Parliament. Should a case arise not dealt with by any sessional or other order, then they would have to look to the practice of the Imperial Parliament of the time—that was to say, the current forms and usages of the Imperial Parliament. When usages were referred to it meant the usages at the time the thing took place. What he contended was that if at the time the offence was committed there was an order or usage of the Imperial Parliament dealing with that offence, then the colonial Parliament was entitled to that usage, and apply it to the offence. He referred to rules of Court of a nature similar to the first order, in which rules it had always been accepted by the profession that they referred to the rules in force at the time the question should arise. Their Honors would find that the Constitution Act with regard to Victoria required that the rules and orders should be defined, and a case, Dill v. Murphy, had been taken to the Privy Council on the ground that to adopt the whole of the orders of the English Parliament merely by referring to them was not to define them. Their Honors' would find that the question referred to was dealt with on page 503, "Moore's Privy Council Cases" (N. S., vol. 1). Mr. Justice Williams, in pronouncing his judgment in the case Dill v. Murphy, said that the question arose: "First, does the second section of the 20th Victoria, No. 1, properly define the privileges of the House under the authority given by the 35th section of the Constitution Act? Second, if it does, is the privilege claimed one within the meaning of the section? First, I venture to surmise that had any or all of the privileges enjoyed by the House of Commons as a deliberative Assembly being claimed by the Colonial Legislature, and severally enumerated in an Act of Council, no argument could have been raised as to its validity, provided the privileges were not in excess of those of the House of Commons at the date of the passing of the Constitution Act. But it is said, conceding the 35th section did give to the to the Assembly full power to specify what its privileges should be, that the power given has not been exercised; the privileges claimed by the 20th Vic., No. 1, have not been defined therein, as they ought to have been, *seriatim*. That, given as they are *in globo*, or by way of reference, this consequence follows:—In order to ascertain whether from time to time the privilege claimed be in excess or not of the privileges of the House of Commons, it would become necessary to have recourse to the journals of the Imperial Parliament, which could alone demonstrate what those privileges were; and as a consequence, the necessity arose of making copies of the journals of the English Parliament (under the 2nd section of the 20th Vic., No. 1) *prima facie* evidence of the question in this colony. The general reference in the first section of the 20th Vic., No. 1, to the privileges of the House of Commons is certainly unsatisfactory. Had the desired privileges been severally specified therein, such detail would have rendered all recourse to the journals of the House of Commons needless; because, if the privileges claimed proved to be in excess of those of the Commons House of Parliament, it is to be supposed the Act would not have received the Royal assent, and, at all events, the privileges enumerated would have been distinct, and the validity of each easily tested. But still the question remains as to whether the 20th Vic., No. 1, is sufficient to carry out the views of the Legislature. And, giving no opinion as to the mode of proof, should an issue be raised as to whether the privilege claimed be in excess of those enjoyed by the House of Commons, I am inclined to the *opinion* that the power given by the 35th section has been, I will not say satisfactorily, but effectually exercised."

The CHIEF JUSTICE: They seem to have overlooked the fact that one of the privileges of the House of Commons is to interpret its own rules.

Mr. Salomons said that the argument was put in quite as able a way as it had been by Mr. Taylor, that before *rights* could be exercised it was necessary that they should be defined by some colonial Acts, the colonial Legislatures had not yet defined those powers. Mr. Lush, in arguing the appeal in the case Dill v. Murphy, said:—"The word 'define' is too incomprehensive to impart the privileges claimed; they should have been enumerated." Lord Cranworth in pronouncing judgment said:—"The question solely turns upon the true construction and interpretation of the word 'define,' used in the 35th section of the Colonial Act. There can be little doubt on this ground. The attempt of the appellant to interpret and give it the meaning of 'enumerate' is absurd, and plainly untenable. The word 'define,' in the opinion of their lordships, is equivalent to the word "declare." It has been also urged that when the colonial Legislature was required *to define its privileges*, it was bound to specify, one by one, the privileges it decided upon claiming; but it would be impossible, and could not be intended, that it was to go by an exhaustive process through the whole series of Parliamentary immunities and privileges. The colonial Parliament have clearly defined the privileges claimed, and could not have done so in any way more convenient. But it has been said that it was not to the benefit of the colonists if they were thereby forced to *refer* to the law of a foreign country in order to ascertain the law under which they were placed. This use of the term 'foreign' as applied to England was, to say the least, a very extraordinary one. It is, no doubt, true that the *lex et consuetudo Parliamenti* did not apply as part of the common law in the colony of Victoria, but certainly in no sense could the law regarding the British Parliament be called 'foreign law' in the colony, or England be said to stand to it in the relation of a foreign country. Upon the whole, their lordships are of opinion that the word 'define' in the Imperial Act of Parliament is equivalent to the word 'declare,' and that the power given by that Act has been properly exercised by the Parliament of Victoria." Mr. Justice Williams pointed out that such a course as that contended for by the Legislature had been long adopted in regard to the courts of law, and was conferred by the 9th George IV., c. 83, section 3, where it was provided that the courts of New South Wales and the judges thereof should have and exercise such and the like jurisdiction and authority as the judges of the courts at home. That was not the only case, for he might quote that of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Victoria v. Glass (*Law Reports, Privy Council Appeals*, vol. 3, p. 571.) The 35th section of the Constitution Act of Victoria stated: "It shall be lawful for the Legislature of Victoria, by any Act or Acts, to define the privileges, immunities, and powers to be held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Council and Assembly, and by the members thereof respectively, provided that no such privileges, immunities, or powers shall exceed those now held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament or the members thereof." Acting in the execution of the powers conferred by the English statute, the Legislature of Victoria passed the Act 20 Vic., No. 1, the first section of which enacted "The Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of Victoria respectively and the committees and members thereof respectively shall hold, enjoy, and exercise such and the like privileges, immunities, and powers as, and the privileges and immunities and powers of the said Council and Assembly respectively are hereby defined to be the same as, at the time of the passing of the said recited Act were held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland and by the committees and members thereof, so far the same are not inconsistent with the said recited Act, whether such privileges, immunities, and powers were so held, possessed, and enjoyed by custom, statute, or otherwise. Their lordships said in the case of Dill v. Murphy, "It has been already determined that the exercise in the colony of such a power as is given by the Imperial statute has been a good exercise of that power, and has sufficiently carried over to the Council and Legislative Assembly of the colony the powers which are compendiously described in the section as the like previleges, immunities, and the powers as were held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, and by the committees and members thereof." The orders of the Courts in Victoria were reversed, the Privy Council consisting of Lord Cairns, Sir William Erle, Sir James William Colville, Sir Robert Phillimore (Judge of the Admiralty Court), and Sir Joseph Napier, Bart. In pages 566 and 567 the section was set out *verbatim*, and stated in effect that Victoria had adopted *in globo* the privileges, &c., of the English House of Commons. Their Honors would find that the judgment of the Full Court of Victoria was reversed by the Privy Council unanimously. In regard to the judgment of the Court, he submitted that it ought to go for the defendant, the Speaker. In regard to the first plea, he contended that there must be a power to remove any obstruction offered to the deliberations or proper action of a legislative body during its sittings, that power being necessarily for self-preservation; therefore if a member of the House of Assembly were guilty of disorderly conduct in the House while sitting, he might be removed or excluded for a time, or even expelled. If their Honors were to hold that they must go before a jury, say, for argument's sake, in the suppositious case of a member being drunk and obstructing the deliberations of Parliament, the jury might hold that it was not obstruction. The right of Parliament to impose discipline within its walls was absolute and exclusive, and the House would sink into contempt and inefficiency without it. As to the third plea, that the plea sets up standing order No. 1, it is admitted that No. 1 was duly made under section 35, and was at the time in force. It is admitted that the words of the standing order are prospective in their language, but the cases of Dill v. Murphy and of Glass show that, because the standing order operated only by reference to the rules and standing orders of the Imperial Parliament, instead of by specific colonial standing orders, does not, as argued by the plaintiff, make Standing Order No. 1 *ultra vires*, and further, that if the second plea was good it necessarily followed that the third plea was good, as the third plea included in its allegations all the facts set up in the second plea. He thought their Honors would, after hearing the plaintiff's reply, give a verdict for the defendant. Mr. Taylor had referred to the House of Commons having broken the egg full-fledged. He was not quite able to follow him in his simile; but whether the House of Commons or the Assembly had broken the egg or not, he would find, whatever the judgment of the Court might be—if it should be, as he (Mr. Salomons) predicted it would be, for the defendant—he would have to bow his head to the yoke.

Mr. A. G. Taylor, in reply, directed their Honors' attention to the main argument in the interpretation of the case Dill v. Murphy, which was that it was necessary that an intelligent assent should be given in adopting the privileges of the House of Commons. That case did not apply here. The Victorian Parliament had given an intelligent assent to the adoption of these privileges; there was a statutory power in the Victorian Act which was not in that of New South Wales. The present action was not brought for the glorification of the plaintiff, but because when the House had disposed of the impediment, the necessity for keeping him out had gone by. If a man were disorderly at a public meeting, the chairman had the power to remove him; but the cases were not analogous. It was the measuring out of punishment. Parliament had a right to remove a member, but he contended it had no right to keep a man out. With regard to Standing Order No. 1, the House adopts standing rules, and if any thing in it was prospective the rule became *ultra vires*. He contended that it would be quite improper for any Legislature to expel without debate. There was no inherent right which could take away the right of Magna Charta. The power of expulsion should be conferred after trial, and there was no case in a British community in which man could be expelled without debate. He contended that the Court would see that if they relied upon that specific course they could not succeed, because the Assembly had no inherent powers to close a man's mouth in self-defence, and that they had only inherent powers which were essential and incidental to the carrying on of the Legislature. Whatever other powers appertained to the House of Commons must be specifically carried over by the Assembly by statute, and where they were only partially carried over they were subject to certain conditions, and those conditions must be relied upon. With the confidence which sprang from the consciousness of right, he left the matter in their Honors' hands.

The Court reserved judgment.

The cases of Taylor v. Cameron, and Taylor v. Harnett, were then formally called on, and it was stated that the arguments and judgment in the first case would be taken as applicable to them.

COMMERCIAL BANK V. GIBSON.

Mr. Salomons and Mr. C. B. Stephen appeared on behalf of the bank in support of the demurrer to defendant's pleas. Defendant set up two equitable pleas, and the bank demurred to them on the ground that they did not disclose any answer to the action. Mr. Pring appeared in support of the pleas.

The COURT held that both pleas were bad, and gave judgment for plaintiff.

BARRY V. THE LONDON, LIVERPOOL, AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Mr. Salomons, Q.C., and Mr. C. B. Stephen appeared in support of defendant's pleas, and Mr. M. H. Stephen, Q.C., in support of the demurrer. The action was one to recover on a policy of insurance, and for the policy itself not being delivered. The defendant pleaded, among other things, that plaintiff did not comply with the terms of the policy, as he did not deliver particulars of loss within 15 days. Plaintiff demurred to this, and insisted that he was entitled to at least nominal damages.

The COURT held that the pleas were an answer to the action, and plaintiff was not entitled to damages. The judgment, therefore, was in favour of the defendant company.

In Equity.—(*Before his Honor the* PRIMARY JUDGE *and a jury of four.*)

DIGGINS V. CLARKE.

Mr. C. E. Pilcher and Dr. R. M. Sly, instructed by Mr Davidson, of Goulburn, for the plaintiff; Mr. M. H. Stephen, Q.C., and Mr. Lingen, instructed by Mr. Marshall, for the defendant.

When the hearing of the case upon the issues of fact in this suit was resumed, the police reported that they had been unable to find the man Benjamin Earl, who had been subpœnaed by plaintiff, but not called.

Counsel then addressed the jury, and at half-past 3 his Honor opened his charge to the jury. After stating the nature of the proceedings, and their relation to the suit, his Honor said the issues involved were very grave, and if the finding of the jury were for the defendant it would brand the plaintiff as a cheat, a forger, and a perjurer; and, on the other hand, a decision unfavourable to the defendant would pronounce him a cheat and a perjurer. His Honor will resume his summing up at 9.30 to-morrow.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—THURSDAY.

(*Before his Honor the* CHIEF COMMISSIONER.)

MOTION FOR RELEASE.

In the matter of W. A. Nicholas. On the application of Mr. V. Smith the estate was released from sequestration.

MOTIONS FOR ATTACHMENT.

In the matter of J. Fulton, for not filing schedule. The schedule being now filed, the order was discharged, and the question of costs was reserved.

In the matter of G. F. H. Blackett, for not filing schedule. Mr. C. J. Manning appeared for the official assignee. Order made, and the warrant to lie in the office of the Registrar till 4th December.

MOTION FOR ABSOLUTE IMPRISONMENT.

In the matter of Fredrick J. Hallewell. Application was made by Mr. Levy for an order for absolute imprisonment of the insolvent for non-compliance with an order under 100th section. The matter was adjourned to 27th instant.

Extensions of time for filing accounts were granted in the following matters:—D. B. Selman, L. H. Hait, G. F. H. Blackett, H. Greenland, A. Blackett, J. Bennett, and J. O'Brien.

ACCOUNTS AND PLANS.

Accounts and plans were confirmed, on the application of Mr. L. T. Lloyd, official assignee, in the following matters:—Bell and Dyas, J. Haylan, W. Crookshank, S. Ellis, J. J. Paskins, J. Tye, and J. A. Royle. The matter of J. K. Doyle was adjourned to the 11th December.

APPLICATION TO VARY A PROOF.

In the matter of Smith, Phillips, and Co., on the motion of Mr. E. M. Stephen, official assignee, the proof of C. Moore was varied from £806 6s. 8d. to £406 6s. 8d.

SURRENDERS.

Charles Whitall, of Ashfield, mason. Liabilities, £39 13s. 6d. Assets, £5 3s. 6d. Mr. L. T. Lloyd, official assignee.

George Edward A. Kenny, of North Willoughby, dealer. Liabilities, £150. Assets, £4. Mr. F. Macnab, official assignee.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.—THURSDAY.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* FORBES *and a jury of four.*)

DUCY V. STEVENS.

This was an action for trespass, damages being laid at £200. Mr. Field, instructed by Messrs. Norton and Smith, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Heydon, instructed by Dr. G. J. Sly, for the defendant. On the 9th July the now defendant recovered judgment in the Small Debts Court of the Water Police district against the now plaintiff for £4 9s. 6d. The money was paid into court on the same day. The now defendant on several occasions asked at the court if the money had been paid, and being informed it was not, he issued execution. The mistake was discovered after the bailiffs had taken possession, and the Small Debts Court withdrew the officers. This action was now brought for the recovery of damages. Mr. Field said it was admitted by the other side that the defendant set the law in motion, and contended that in law the plaintiff was absolutely entitled to a verdict, and the damages might be assessed afterwards. In cases of that kind the question of intention was immaterial. He contended that all who aided, commanded, procured, assisted, or assented were principals in trespass, and cited a number of cases in support of his contention. His Honor said no doubt the jury would consider it a remarkable thing that the Court should be occupied for so long a time with addresses from counsel, and that so many cases should have been cited in an action relating to such a small sum of money; but it should be remembered that very often out of small matters of that kind a great deal of law arose. If the learned counsel considered the cases which had been cited they would find that this was the ruling principle through the whole of them: That if the facts are within the knowledge of the person who is acting—that is, the person who sets the law in motion—if the true state of the facts is within his knowledge, and from any indiscretion or error in judgment on his part he, with the knowledge of those facts before him, sets the law in motion, there is no doubt in the world he is liable for that act. But when he is misinformed of the true state of the facts—misinformed by the officers who are constituted and appointed by the law to inform him of those facts—he did not think those learned gentlemen would find in the books any case where a person had been held legally responsible, because believing in the facts as they were represented to him by the officers properly appointed to inform him of those facts, he did a thing which, if the facts were correct, he would be perfectly justified in doing, but had the facts been put properly before him he would not have done. They must remember that the Supreme Court, the District Courts, Courts of Petty Sessions, and all, the courts in this country were appointed by the law of the land. The suitors in those courts had nothing to do with the appointment of Judges, of magistrates, or officers of the courts—namely, the clerks in the offices, bailiffs, bailiffs' assistants, and so forth. Those institutions were public institutions, established for the public good and for the public benefit. If a man went into those institutions for the purpose of obtaining his rights—his legal rights—if he did everything honestly and fairly, did those things which he was entitled to do and nothing more, he (his Honor) did not think there was anything to show that a man could be held liable under such circumstances. Suppose, for instance, the case of a man who had been assaulted by another man. Suppose that the man who has been assaulted cannot read, and that he goes to a magistrate duly appointed in accordance with the law of the land, and lays his case legally before him, telling him that this person A has committed a grievous wrong, had violently assaulted him, had done something for which a warrant might be issued. Suppose the magistrate went into his room, and forgetting the name of A, wrote the name of B. and put it before the man who could not read, saying "You will be good enough to sign your mark." Was he (his Honor) to be told that that man was to be held responsible because he set the law in motion, and upon his information a warrant was granted, but the facts in the information he was never aware of? So in the case before the Court, the defendant put his name to that præcipe for execution, when, in point of fact, the facts were different from those which ought to have been represented to him. It appeared that the whole claim had been paid by Ducy immediately after judgment was recovered. The object in requiring such documents to be signed by the judgment creditor was to avoid the execution of a judgment in any case where the defendant might, without the knowledge of the Court, have gone to the plaintiff and satisfied his claim. It seemed that the book into which entries of payments were ordinarily made was impounded, pending an inquiry, being taken away from the proper officer and put in an office and locked up, so that no one could make any entries. Well, it would have been better, no doubt, if, during the time the book was not accessible to the officer, another book had been opened and entries made in it. Those entries might subsequently have been copied into the proper book as soon as it was available for that purpose. The defendant in the present action called at the office three times, and his son called twice, and they were informed that the money had not been paid. Whilst the book was impounded, memoranda were made of payments and placed on a file, with the understanding that they were to be entered into the book when it was returned to the officer. A clerk, not knowing that these memoranda had not been entered in the book, looked at it and replied that the money had not been paid. It was evident that so far as the present defendant was concerned he gave ample time for payment to be made, and that he did not show any vindictive feeling. There was no doubt that the plaintiff had suffered a wrong, but the question for the jury to consider was whether he had suffered that wrong in consequence of the act of the defendant. If the jury were satisfied that the wrong complained of by the plaintiff was caused wholly by the mistake of the officer of the Water Police Court, and that it had been caused by no fault of the defendant, then the plaintiff could not recover in this action. He could not think from the evidence that the jury could say that any blame whatever could attach to the defendant. If they took that view they were bound to give a verdict for the defendant. Mr. Field asked the Judge to direct the jury in accordance with his (Mr. Field's) contentions. His Honor declined to do that, but said he would direct the jury that the defendant would be liable if he acted with a knowledge of the facts before him, but not if he acted upon a mis-statement of the fact made by the officer duly constituted. The jury having deliberated for six minutes, gave a verdict for the defendant.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.—THURSDAY.

(*Before his Honor Mr. Justice* FAUCETT.)

The Attorney-General (Hon. W. B. Dalley, Q.C.), with Mr. W. J. Foster and Mr. Macnaughton, appeared to prosecute for the Crown.

INDECENT ASSAULT.

In the case of *John Dixson*, charged with indecent assault, the jury, which had been locked up all night, were discharged, as they could not agree, and the prisoner was allowed out on bail to come forward for trial when again called upon.

FORGERY.

Raphael Costa was arraigned for forging and uttering a promissory note, purporting to be signed by Hardy Brothers, jewellers, of Hunter-street, for £3500. Mr. J. Want, with Mr. Smyth, defended the prisoner, who pleaded not guilty. The prisoner, who, the Italian Consul, Dr. Marano, informed the Court, was well connected in Italy, and had relations carrying on a large jewellery trade in Genoa, was connected with the display of some of the Italian goods at the International Exhibitions held in the colonies recently, and about the beginning of May last he called upon Dr. Marano as Consul for Italy, and asked certain assistance. He borrowed several sums of money from the Consul, which were punctually repaid, and on May 10 he asked Isaac Himmeloch, a money-lender in Castlereagh-street, to discount a bill for £20, saying that he could get Dr. Marano's signature to the document. Himmeloch agreed to accept Dr. Marano's endorsement, and sent his clerk, one Ives, with the prisoner to obtain it. Ives remained outside the consulate while the prisoner went in, and in a few minutes the latter returned with the bill purporting to be endorsed by Dr. Marano. Himmeloch accepted the endorsement as genuine and discounted the bill, which was duly paid by the prisoner, who again sought the money-lender's assistance on May 13, asking for an advance of £60 upon several documents which the prisoner represented as bills of lading for jewellery coming out to him from Italy. Himmeloch gave the advance, and was repaid in due course. On May 22, he discounted another bill for £150, which the prisoner again represented as bearing Dr. Marano's endorsement, and which was also taken up by the prisoner when matured. A number of other transactions, each larger than the preceding one, took place between Himmeloch and the prisoner upon bills of lading and promissory notes purporting to be signed by Hardy Brothers, jewellers, of Hunter-street, with whom the prisoner made out he was having large transactions in jewellery, and at various times showed Himmeloch jewellery in his possession, and two cheques signed by Hardie Bros. for £900 and £1200 respectively. The possession of these cheques especially led Himmeloch to believe the prisoner's transactions with Hardy Bros. were genuine, the prisoner having told Himmeloch that Hardy Bros. did not usually give bills, but as they were doing a large business they could not always pay in cash, and gave him the bills on the understanding that they were not discounted anywhere. The prisoner, however, as he said, wanted the money to make remittances to Italy for goods, and so asked Himmeloch to discount the bills on the quiet. Finally, on August 5, the prisoner brought a promissory note to Himmeloch for £3500, purporting to be signed by Hardy Bros., and asked to have it discounted. At this time he owed £1800 on three bills of lading for £1000 each, previously discounted by Himmeloch, who, suspecting nothing, agreed to the prisoner's last request, and retaining the £1800 and £100 for interest, paid over the remaining £1600 to him. Altogether the transactions between the prisoner and Himmeloch amounted to £11,400, on which the total interest charged for the three months over which the discounts were spread was £321 10s. Three days after discounting the last bill Himmeloch took the precaution of taking it to the bank to try the signature of Hardy Brothers, which was at once pronounced a forgery by the officials there. The prisoner was then arrested the same day. It was subsequently discovered that the three bills of lading for £3000 each were forgeries, as well as all the bills the prisoner had given to Himmeloch as coming from Hardy Brothers. A clerk from the P. and O. Company's office showed that the bills of lading were forgeries, being lettered "insured by the company" in blue ink, whereas the company always used red, in addition to which the bills referred to the steamer Bangalore, which had not come here for twelve months. Detective Willmott, who arrested the prisoner, deposed that amongst the effects found in the prisoner's room at Petty's Hotel were a brush and stencil plate corresponding to the blue lettering referred to, and a number of bills of lading in various stages of preparation. Arthur Hardy, at present managing the firm of Hardy Bros., and Alfred Windeyer, a ledger-keeper in the Australian Joint Stock Bank, pronounced the signature on the £3500 bill a forgery, and the former explained the prisoner's possession of his firm's cheques for £900 and £1200 by the fact that the prisoner, who had bought some £300 worth of goods from them, had come to them with notes for those amounts in his hand, and asked them to give him their cheques in exchange, as he wished to remit the money in a simple form. Beyond this Hardy Brothers never had any transactions with the prisoner. For the defence, Mr. Want urged that there was no proof of the prisoner's forging the bill, and that the nature of the financial operations disclosed in the case did not make it impossible for the prisoner to have been made the victim of others in uttering it. The fact of his having devoted £1350 out of the proceeds of the bill to paying off the balance of the purchase money on a house he had bought from Himmeloch's clerk, Ives, told altogether in his favour, and showed at least that he had no intention of leaving Sydney, whereas if he had been engaged in a criminal transaction the probability was that, having obtained a large sum of money, he would have absconded. The jury, after a short retirement, found the prisoner guilty, and he was remanded for sentence.

WOUNDING.

George Williamson, who was acquitted the previous day of shooting at one Maud Fox with intent to commit murder, was arraigned on the minor charge of wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm. He pleaded not guilty, and being undefended, took exception himself to being tried again for an offence of which he had been already acquitted. His Honor made a note of the prisoner's objection, and promised to reserve it for the consideration of the Crown. The evidence given in the other case was repeated, and the jury retired at about 6 o'clock till half-past nine, at which hour his Honor attended the court to ascertain if they had found a verdict. Being still unable to agree, they were locked up for the night.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21.

In Equity.—Before his Honor the Primary Judge.—In Chambers: Shelley and another v. Moore, to speak to minutes; Bain v. Ashburn and another, to amend statement of defence; Lillis and others v. Davis, for order to proceed before the Primary Judge; Commissioner for Railways and Sharpe's claim, to invest money in court.

In Court.—Motions and petitions generally: Attorney-General v. Sneddon, injunction motion, &c.; Lakeman v. Marr, to dissolve injunction; Harris v. Ogg and others, injunction motion; Cox v. Brown, injunction motion; re Francis Oakes' will, &c., petition; Mason and another v. Watson and another, new trial motion; Minister for Public Works and Chape's claim, petition to pay out; Commissioner for Railways and Anne E. Watkin's claim, petition to pay out; same v. M'Phillamy and others, petition to pay out; Minister of Public Instruction and Margaret Foy's claim, petition to pay out; Minister for Public Works and claim of Frederick Nainby and others, petition to pay out; Underwood Estate accounts, &c., motions; re trusts of the will of Jas. Glass, petition to appoint trustees; Commissioner for Railways and claim of Wm. Moss, petition to pay out; Cook v. Murphy, motion to amend statement of claim; Calder v. Calder, petition to pay out.

Master's Office.—At 11 a.m.: Commissioner for Railways and claim of Jas. Collins, to settle minutes; Wentworth v. Humphrey, to settle minutes; re Donald Charles M'Donald, of Gunnedah, an infant, &c., to tax costs.

Prothonotary's Office.—May v. Nicol, 11; re Reynolds, 11; Wylie v. Johnston, half-past 2.

Term List.—Crown cases: The Queen v. Grady, the Queen v. Thorland. Motions generally.—Motions, &c.: Cook v. Commissioner for Railways, motion nisi for new trial; Hanson v. N. S. S. Company, District Court appeal; Prior v. Conroy, appeal; ex parte Ah Jong and others, prohibition; Hamilton v. The Singer Manufacturing Company, District Court appeal; ex parte Casey in re Ryan's costs, to rescind order; ex parte Royle, quo warranto; Creer v. Galton, District Court appeal; in re Gilbert N. Walton, prohibition.

Chamber List.—At 9.30: Schoensberg v. Gumprich, Himmelboch v. Costa, Welton v. Hunter River S. N. Company, in re Thomas Crick, Mercer v. Knight, in re Patrick Ford, Colton v. Carl, official liquidators of Oriental Bank Corporation v. Bank of New South Wales.

INSOLVENCY BUSINESS.

Friday, November 21.—D. Robinson (younger), third; J. Jones, T. Spence, S. G. V. Sweeney, J. Golledge, P. Cohen, second; E. Ambrose and J. Kinloch, special; T. N. Parsons, first; J. Britton (deceased), A. M. Hulbert, J. Heane, special.

DISTRICT COURT.—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21.

Jury Cause.—Skinner v. Pigott, part heard.

INQUESTS.

THE SUSPICIOUS DEATH OF A WOMAN AT THE GLEBE.

An adjourned inquiry into the circumstances connected with the death of the woman Ellen Bell, who died at the Glebe on Monday, the 10th instant, under suspicious circumstances, was held yesterday, at the South Sydney Morgue, before the City Coroner, Mr. H. Shiell. Mr. W. Roberts, sen., appeared on behalf of the Crown. Senior-sergeant Keating, who has charge of the case, was present. Mr. A. Ashton Shorter represented Bell (the husband); and Mr. Thomas appeared for the chemist, Sheridan. It will be remembered that on a previous occasion medical evidence was taken and several witnesses were examined. The following evidence was given:—

Senior-sergeant Keating, No. 2 station, deposed: About 1 p.m. on the 12th instant I arrested the man William Bell, now before the Court, and charged him with causing the death of his wife, Ellen Bell; in reply, he said to me, "All right;" previous to arresting him I asked him what he consulted Mr. Sheridan, of Park-street, for; he replied that he did so for a certain complaint which his wife was suffering from; I said, "Did Sheridan know she was your wife?" he said "Yes;" Bell also told me that he was an advocate of Malthusian principles; he likewise informed me that his wife was a thorough believer in the principles of Malthus; I said to Bell, "And carrying the theory into practice is the cause of this?" he replied, "That is a matter of opinion;" I said to him, "You know some instruments have been used;" he made answer, "Yes," and after some hesitation added, "so the doctors say;" I said, "And you used them, or you know who did use them?" he said, "I decline to answer;" Bell told me that he had not called in a doctor on the occasion referred to, but that he had assisted nature; he said he had used chemicals, and stated that his religion was humanity; I said to him, "What! committing murder;" Bell said, "Ah! you don't understand it;" I asked him if he had studied Bradlaugh's works, and he replied, "Yes, I believe in them." The witness then produced a bottle containing a chemical powder which he had found at Bell's house, and proved to arresting Sheridan on the morning of the 13th instant; the latter made no reply when charged with causing the death of Ellen Bell, although on the day previous to his arrest he admitted having used a speculum, and also stated that he had been treating the woman; Sheridan also told Keating that he did not hold a diploma for midwifery, and that "he knew he had done wrong." A case containing midwifery instruments which had been found at Sheridan's house was also produced for the inspection of the Coroner. By Mr. Thomas: The conversation I had with Bell and Sheridan took place before I arrested the men; I did not warn them before they made the statements. By Mr. Shorter: When Bell made his statement to me he appeared to be in a very peculiar state of mind.

Charles Watt, Government analyst, stated that he had made an analysis of the contents of the bottles of medicine which were found at Bell's house, and as far as could be ascertained (he only having made a slight examination of the contents, owing to the limited time allowed) the bottle contained essence of ginger and sweet spirits of nitre; he intended to make a further analysis.

Dr. A. Shewen deposed: On Sunday, 19th instant, I went to 40, Campbell-street, Glebe, when I saw a woman in bed; she was extremely ill, and on inquiry I was told that she had been attended by a Mr. Sheridan, of Park-street; I advised the person in the house to fetch Mr. Sheridan, and having prescribed what was immediately necessary for the patient left the place.

Mary Bateman, of 20, Norton-street, Glebe, deposed: I am a married woman, and know William Bell by sight; on the 11th instant I was in Mr. Bell's house; I went there to assist in washing Mrs. Bell, who was dead; Bell entered the house by the back way while I was there, and he said, "I want those bottles; quick, they are coming—I know where they are;" after saying this he rushed upstairs and came down again with the bottles in his pocket; he then went into the front room, took the sheet off his wife's face, kissed her, and said, "My poor girl, I'll not see you any more;" Bell then went outside, and I did not see any more of him until 11 o'clock that night.

Annie Ross, of 38, Campbell-street, Glebe, deposed: I am a married woman, and know the man Bell now before the Court; Mrs. Bell knocked at my door on Friday, 7th instant, and asked me to go into her house, as she felt very ill; she declined to have a doctor or a nurse then, stating that her husband would fetch Dr. Shewen when he came home; she then said, "I wish my husband was here; he knows so well what to do in these cases;" she also told me that she had had several miscarriages before; Bell spoke to me in the evening of the same day; Bell told me that the doctor had said that his wife would be all right in the morning; he said Dr. Shewen had told him so; on Saturday morning I saw Bell again, and he said his wife was not so well as she had been; the same evening he told me Mrs. Bell was getting much worse, and he would have to go out to Ashfield to fetch Dr. Sheridan; on Sunday afternoon he (Bell) came to my door and asked me if I could procure any brandy for him, as his wife was dangerously ill, and he was afraid inflammation was setting in; I advised him to go for Dr. Ashwell or some other doctor, as I could not procure any brandy unless he got a line from a doctor; he fetched Dr. Ashwell, but the latter would have nothing to do with the case; Bell also told me that Dr. Sheridan was "a very clever man, and that on previous occasions his medicine had acted like a charm on her;" Bell said, "Sheridan acts as midwife in these cases;" he also said, "Although Sheridan does not hold a diploma, he is a very clever man;" Bell said, "If I had taken it from her, as I did on three or four previous occasions, all danger would be over and past;" he also said something else in reference to the illness of the woman; I saw Sheridan leaving Mr. Bell's house on the evening of the 10th instant; I heard Sheridan say, "I have done all I could;" Bell replied, "I don't blame you; I can't blame you; you have done the best you could for her; I have to blame circumstances."

Senior-constable James Gibbons, stationed at the Glebe, deposed to finding the bottles at the residence of William Bell, and handing them over to the Government analyst.

Thomas Meredith Sheridan, of Park-street, after being duly cautioned by the Coroner, deposed: I am a licentiate of medicine, surgeon-dentist of France, and a member of the Pharmaceutical Society of New South Wales; I knew Mrs. Bell, and I sent her medicine by her husband on the 23rd of October last; Bell told me that his wife had taken cold, and that this had brought on a certain complaint; Bell came to me on the 7th of the present month, and in consequence of what passed between us then I visited her on the next day, the 8th; she was very ill, and I sent for Bell, and told him that I feared a miscarriage; I prescribed a mixture of quinine for her, and saw her again early on the morning of the 9th instant; Mrs. Lasbury was in the room at the time; Mrs. Bell complained very much of pain in the lower part of the body, and I examined her, and devised means for her treatment; I returned to the house on Monday morning, and as she was in a very weak state I made an examination of the woman with a speculum. Sheridan then detailed the results of the aforesaid examination, and stated that after doing what he could for the woman he left the place and saw Dr. Hankins.

This was the whole of the evidence adduced, and the Coroner having summed up and directed the jurors as to the verdict which might be returned, the room was cleared, and the jury consulted as to their verdict.

After deliberating for about half-an-hour the jury returned a verdict of "guilty of wilful murder" against Thomas Meredith Sheridan and William Bell.

Sheridan did not manifest any concern at the result of the proceedings, but Bell appeared to feel his position keenly.

The Coroner then formally committed the men to take their trial. Bell and Harry Deeper (who appeared in the Botany case) have been removed to Darlinghurst gaol. Sheridan is retained, and will be brought up at the inquiry into the North Shore mystery this morning.

A magisterial inquiry was held on Tuesday last, before Mr. W. H. Pinhey, J.P., concerning the cause of death of a child named Richard Vicers Spooner, whose parents reside at 61, Lower Fort-street. The evidence was to the effect that on the 14th instant the child was on the balcony at the rear of the house, in charge of his sister, a girl of 14 years of age. He was playing on a cane sofa near the railing, and when the attention of his sister was distracted for a few moments he climbed on to the railing, overbalanced, and fell on to the flags underneath, a distance of 27 feet. When picked up the child was insensible and remained in that state until the 18th instant, when he died. Drs. Eichler and Hunter, who attended the deceased, stated that death was caused by a fracture of the skull, and a verdict in accordance with the evidence was recorded. On Thursday Mr. Pinhey, J.P., held another magisterial inquiry, touching the death of a boy named Robert Henry Briggs, 8 years of age, whose body was found floating in the water on the east side of Circular Quay about 3 p.m. on Wednesday. The boy resided at 128, Phillip-street, and was in the habit of going down to the Circular Quay fishing. On Sunday evening last he was last seen alive. There was no evidence to show how he got into the water, and a verdict was recorded that death was caused by asphyxia by drowning. The body was found by the engineer of the ferry steamer Transit.

POLICE.

A number of persons were summoned at the CENTRAL POLICE COURT yesterday, before Mr. Clarke, for selling light-weight bread, and several fines were inflicted. The cases were brought up by Mr. J. W. Evans, inspector of Weights and Measures. An aggregate of 9885 dogs have been registered at the Central Police Office, as against 7600 for last year. The registration continues at the office, and the police are actively engaged in the city and suburbs in finding out those who have neglected to register their dogs. The course adopted is that the police call on the owner and inquire whether the dog is registered; if the reply is in the negative a summons follows, but if the registration ticket is produced the matter ends there.

At the WATER POLICE COURT yesterday, the business in the Charge Court was disposed of by Mr. Johnson, D.S.M. Mr. Addison, S.M., dealt with the cases in the Summons Court. A number of persons were fined for drunkenness. *Johanna Ford* (34), charged with having used obscene language in William-street, was fined £5, in default three months' imprisonment. A large number of persons were fined for keeping unregistered dogs. *John Searl*, charged with furious driving, was fined 40s., in default 14 days' imprisonment. A meeting of the Licensing Court was held at noon, the Bench being occupied by Mr. Addison, S.M., Mr. Yates, D.S.M., and the Hon. John Macintosh. In addition to the granting of two or three transfers, booth licenses were granted to J. C. Dunlop, J. H. Ferguson, C. F. Stratton, F. W. Foster, and W. Walker. Music permits were granted to W. F. Allen, J. H. Ferguson, Samuel Wilkes, W. F. Duld, E. W. Ashley, W. F. Edmonds, and W. Walpole.

TRADES AND LABOUR COUNCIL.

The usual fornightly meeting of the Trades and Labour Council of New South Wales was held at the Royal Hyde Park Hotel last night. The chair was occupied by the president, Mr. Josiah Wright, and the following societies were represented:—Eskbank Ironworkers, Steward and Cooks' Union, Progressive Carpenters, Sydney Wharf Labourers, Hunter River Miners, Seamen's Union, Sydney United Labourers, Coopers, Amalgamated Journeymen Tailors, Quarrymen, United Operative Painters, Typographical Association, Shipmasters' and Officers' Association, Amalgamated Tinsmiths and Sheetiron Workers, Ironmoulders, Coachmakers, Saddle, Harness, and Collar Makers, and United Plasterers. The minutes of the previous meeting were read, and confirmed. Some correspondence of an unimportant character was read. Mr. W. C. Saltmarsh was admitted to the council as a representative of the Sydney Wharf Labourers Union. Mr. West, on behalf of the Parliamentary committee, reported that he had been informed that the sum of about £50,000 had been placed on the additional Estimates for the purpose of immigration independent of the sum already authorised for that purpose. It was resolved that the matter should be referred to the committee, and if it was considered advisable to call a public meeting in respect to it the committee should have the power to do so. Mr. Brennan called the attention of the Parliamentary committee to a recent decision of the Supreme Court in connection with the case of a seaman, in which a verdict previously obtained by the seaman was set aside on the ground that seamen did not come within the meaning of the Employers Liability Act. He moved,—"That the Parliamentary committee be instructed from this council to take the necessary steps to have the seamen of the colony placed under the Employers Liability Act." Captain Everill seconded the motion, which was carried. A letter was received from Mr. J. C. Williams, Hongkong, dated October 14th, stating that he had sent two letters, one addressed to the principal Custom-house officer in Sydney and the other to Port Darwin, complaining of the number of coolies on board the steamship Whampoa. The letter informed the council that the Chinese Restriction Act was being continually violated, through large numbers of Chinese coolies being placed on a ship's articles, and at the same time paying their passages, and thus escaping the poll-tax. On arriving at Sydney these coolies left the ship, and were merely put down as deserters. It was resolved that a deputation from the council should wait upon the Collector of Customs in reference to the matter. The council then adjourned.

EVERY Englishwoman will remember how useful Hudson's Extract of Soap was in the old country for washing, cleaning, and scouring everything. You can obtain a ¼-lb. packet from every storekeeper in the colony. Ask for it, and see that the Trade Mark "Arm and Dolly" is on every packet.—[ADVT.]

DEPUTATION.

THE TEMPORARY DRAFTSMEN.

Yesterday morning a deputation representing the temporary draftsmen employed under the Lands Department, waited on the Minister for Lands to lay before him their grievances, and the disabilities under which they laboured in view of the decentralisation of the Lands Department which would take place under the new Land Act, and also the insecurity of their position. The following gentlemen comprised the deputation:—Messrs. Alfred East, E. M. de La Moslet, E. A. Barrington, W. A. Nelson, and S. R. Rochford.

Mr. EAST pointed out that the temporary draftsmen would be glad, before proceeding up country, if they could receive some assurance of permanent employment apart from the concession made to those going to more expensive places in the colony. If their services should be dispensed with in Sydney, they would be in a place where they could obtain employment; but their position would be quite reversed if such a thing occurred when they were up country, and their remuneration was not so large that they could save much out of it, so that it would be very awkward for them to be out of employment in the country. The impression was that in a couple of years' time not half the present staff would be employed, and that that number would be sufficient to do the work. The position of the temporary draftsmen was that they were temporarily employed permanently; he meant that some of the temporary draftsmen had been in the office for nine or ten years. To all intents and purposes they were permanently employed, while there was no permanence about their employment, because they could be dismissed at any moment. A Civil Service Act had come into force, but it made no provision for the draftsmen, and if more gentlemen were taken on, and the Minister saw his way clear to make increases to the permanent staff, then those gentlemen would at once come under the operation of the Civil Service Act, and would at once begin to pay their contributions in order to reap the prospective benefit. The deputation had come to ask the Minister if he could extend to them any hope of permanency in their employment, besides the concession made to those who would be living in expensive places. Mr. East then handed the following memorial to the Minister:—

"To the Honorable the Minister for Lands, the memorial of the undersigned draftsmen temporarily employed in the Survey Department of New South Wales humbly showeth: That your memorialists view with feelings of alarm and mistrust their contemplated removal to the various outlying land districts, whilst their tenure of employment remains of so precarious a nature, that is to say, from day to day only, and in the face of an increased cost of living, a diminution of personal comfort, and no certainty as to better remuneration. Many of your memorialists, by thrift and economy, have made themselves possessors of homes of their own in Sydney and its suburbs; others have invested their savings in lands and tenements, with a view to having something to fall back upon in the days to come. All these they must leave to the care of strangers and risk the consequent loss. Others have wives and families, some parents entirely depending on their labour for maintenance and support. Others again, particularly those on the lower classes, have hitherto lived in their parental homes in the ease and comfort their moderate salaries will not suffice to secure for them in the outlying districts. All are called upon to break up their homes, old ties and associations, and form new and transitory ones in localities in which they have no certainty of remaining. Your memorialists undoubtedly, though tacitly, were engaged for service in Sydney, and their rates of pay were fixed accordingly. They would respectfully point out to you, not only should this be taken into consideration, but also the insecurity that attends their continuance of employment, when asking them to take service in widely removed and distant localities. Your memorialists, therefore, respectfully lay before you their view of the peculiar disabilities under which they labour, in the hope that you will see your way clear to ameliorate their present unsatisfactory position, and start them on their new careers with minds contented and undisturbed by the uncertainty of their future prospects."

Mr. FARNELL, in replying, said he thought the deputation had put the case very fairly before him, and he could only sympathise with them in the position they were in. Who were responsible for leading them into the position he could not say, but it was true that they had a large staff of temporary draftsmen. If he was accurately informed, the temporary draftsmen were more efficient than a large number of the permanent staff. While he thought they had contemplated what would actually take place under the reform of the law, he believed that before two years passed this department would be worked at half the present expense. He knew that there were 334 draftsmen in this department, and the Surveyor-General had 800 under him. There were more draftsmen in this department than in all the colonies put together. Well, they knew how much work a draftsman could do and how many surveyors' work he could deal with; but instead of having what he called a fair proportion of draftsmen to surveyors, he found they had three draftsmen to do the work of one surveyor. That seemed to be an anomalous thing, but he could see how it came about. It was a misnomer to call them temporary draftsmen, because some of them had been employed 10 years or more; but they were paid by the day, and could be dismissed at any time. He reminded them that he was only the political head of the department, but in reorganising it he wanted the best men possible for draftsmen, district surveyors, and local boards, to make the Act a success. He thought that in a month or two he would be able to ascertain what the arrears of work in the department were; and the Estimates laid before Parliament provided for a large amount of arrears, and they would therefore be employed for some time. When the places in the interior were filled up, if he found any member of the permanent staff inefficient, he should be sent away and a better man be put in his place. That was his intention. He would not have any drone or inefficient man. He had for years sympathised very much with the temporary draftsmen, because he found that the department was manufacturing gentlemen every year as draftsmen. When he was a young man his parents had to pay a premium for him, and there were thousands besides himself in the same position. That was the custom of the country then, but now young men came from the schools. He did not blame the young men for it, but the fact was the supply was greater than the demand. They came into the department as cadets; the country paid them a salary, and taught them a profession as well. They entered the service also with the understanding that their salaries should be regularly increased. He had had to sanction this thing year after year under a bargain, and it seemed to him they had to have employment found them whether they were wanted or not. When they became competent they received full pay, as much as those who had had to pay for their own education; and that, he maintained, was unfair, and must be put a stop to, or else the department would be overwhelmed. The number of draftsmen had already grown to 334, and that was a monstrous thing. The least number at an examination was about 10, and sometimes it was much greater. But the principle was an unsound one that the, must employ these men whether the country needed them or not. Some of them got larger salaries than the temporary draftsmen who, he supposed, taught them their profession. He should be glad to do justice to the temporary men. They had an unprecedented number of draftsmen, and the whole fabric must break down under this new Land Act. The thing would go on till it broke down of its own weight. He knew that people could be too long in one position, and there were some men in the department who had outlived their usefulness, and the temporary men had had to do their work. Since he had been Minister he had contended for more kindness to the temporary men, and when he could he had put them exactly on the same footing as the permanent men, as in the matter of gaining leave of absence without stopping their pay. He should be only too glad to submit their memorial to his colleagues, and to do what he could to assist them. He did not intend to employ a single man more than necessary to work the Act. He did not know what the arrears of the department were, but would soon know, and he would not let a single man stand in the way. He was thankful to those who had assisted him; there were some who had not done so, and his advice to the young men was to take advantage of their position, and they would be dealt with fairly. As he had told them, he was merely the political head of the department, and must be guided by the advice of others, but if that did not coincide with his own views he should take his own course of action. He really sympathised with those gentlemen who had been led into their present position. The country was accumulating draftsmen every year, bringing in young men who were pushing out the older men, and these new men became permanent, whether they were required or not; though, as he stated before, some of the temporary men were more efficient than members of the permanent staff. He had his own opinion of the qualifications of these draftsmen. Many would be required throughout the country, and he did not care whether a man was on the permanent staff or not, he would have the best men. He promised to give their memorial the most favourable consideration he could.

PROSELYTISM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Respecting the charge of proselytism in the Moorcliff Hospital, made by the Archbishop of Sydney, I beg, in justice to the matron and nurse, to state that no patient has ever been asked to attend my readings. Such readings have always been carried on in an open ward, where patients are at liberty to come and go, and have full option to attend or not as they choose. I am, &c.,

MARGARET O'MALLEY CLARKE.

November 20.

A LIBERAL OFFER.
To Humourous Writers of the Australasian Colonies.
The Charles A. Vogeler Company, Baltimore, Maryland, U. S. A., sole proprietors of St. Jacobs Oil, hereby offer a cash prize of £30 for the best original humourous sketch on any subject peculiar to Australia or Australian life. The sketch, which is to appear in the St. Jacobs Oil Family Calendar and Book of Health and Humour for the Million for 1886, must not exceed 760 words, nor be less than 650 words in length, must be pure in tone, free from anything that would give offence to any class, sect, or denomination, and not contain any advertising feature. It must be thoroughly funny through, and its humour must fall within the easy comprehension of the masses.
Contributors may give their suggestions as to suitable illustration for the sketch. The MS. must be plainly written and forwarded, with writer's name and full address, to The Charles A. Vogeler Company, Baltimore, Maryland, U. S. A., before February 1st, 1885. Rejected MSS will be returned. Should none of the articles prove acceptable, we reserve the right to reject all.
The desired article should be similar to the copyrighted humourous articles appearing in the St. Jacobs Oil Family Calendar and Book of Health and Humour, annually distributed gratuitously throughout Australia and other countries, copies of which may also be had by enclosing a postage stamp to Mr. H. S. Chipman, Sydney, N. S. W.—[ADVT.]

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PARLIAMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

QUESTIONS.

Mr. WRIGHT said, in answer to Mr. Hugh Taylor, that the construction of railway from near Granville to the Rose Hill racecourse was under consideration.

Mr. DIBBS said, in answer to Mr. Lackey, that it was not considered desirable at present to erect the district of Granville into a municipality.

Mr. DIBBS, in answer to Mr. Griffiths, said that no reply had been given to the request of the temporary draftsmen in the Survey Department to be included within the provisions of the Civil Service Act of 1884 beyond that which on the 8th of October was furnished to the hon. gentleman who asked the question, in which he was informed that the claims of all officers employed as temporary draftsmen would be fairly considered when the Civil Service Act was brought into operation.

Mr. WRIGHT said, in reply to Mr. Bardekin, that a pipe for storm water, and not sewerage, was proposed to discharge in Double Bay by the Woollahra Municipal Council.

RAILWAY EXTENSION INTO GUNDAGAI.

Mr. WRIGHT laid on the table a plan of the proposed further extension of the railway into Gundagai.

PETITIONS.

A number of petitions were presented in favour of the extension of the principle of local option.

The petitions were received.

SYDNEY CORPORATION ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. R. B. SMITH, on behalf of Mr. O'Connor, moved for leave to bring in a bill to further amend the Sydney Corporation Act of 1879.

Leave was granted.

DIVORCE AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. BUCHANAN moved for leave to bring in a bill to amend the law relating to divorce.

Leave was granted, and the bill was subsequently brought in and read the first time.

THE RECENT LOAN.

Mr. BURNS moved,—"That there be laid upon the table of this House a return showing all costs and charges connected with the floating of the recent loan of £5,500,000."

The motion was agreed to.

SUPPLY.

On the motion of Mr. DIBBS, the House resolved itself into a Committee of Supply.

The following item was submitted, supplement to schedule B. Pensions, £1189.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said he had gone through every line of the Estimates, and found that on the whole they were satisfactory. He was sure, however, that where there were questions of great controversy—and he thought it was clear that new elements had been introduced into the Estimates—hon. members would be careful in dealing with them. With regard to the estimate for the Department of Lands, he was of the opinion that the House ought to grant the hon. the Minister for Lands whatever means he asked in connection with the carrying out of his Act. He (Sir John Robertson) had done his utmost to prevent the Land Bill passing, but now he should support the Minister for Lands in his endeavour to enforce the Act. In regard to the forecast of the hon. member, he pointed out that a short time ago the Treasurer came down and told them the country could not go on without a million of money; and all manner of punishments, in the shape of taxes, were proposed to make up the amount. The Opposition refused to give it, and, minority as they were, they battled with the proposal until the amount was reduced to £200,000. They were now told that they had £230,000 more than they wanted. They had had enough to carry on with, and to spare, without that £200,000. This was the marvellous forecast: the Government asked for a million, and received £200,000, and then found they had £230,000 more than they required. He would prefer to watch the progress of events, and bide his time, to relying upon such a forecast as that of the hon. member. As to the borrowing, he did not object to that. On the contrary, he thought it would have been a great advantage if they had borrowed 10 millions instead of five. There could not have been any danger; this country would always pay its debts. It would have been a good thing to get the money while they were doing it; but the fact would become known that we had parted with a great source of revenue in the lands of the colony, which were now in the hands of a few squatters. He insisted that the terms of the loan were not nearly so good as those the last Government had obtained. The Treasurer had stated that this borrowing was at a lower rate than was ever before given. He took exception to the mode of making such a statement through the mouth of the Governor on the prorogation, when no one could answer it. It was a cowardly, mean, and indefensible fraud; and the Government endeavoured to justify their statements by a minute from the accountant, Mr. Thomson, who was a capable and conscientious officer, but who would have to deal with the matter in accordance with the schedules laid before him. He read the memorandum prepared by Mr. Thomson (inspector of accounts in the Treasury) with respect to the 3½ per cent. loan, and contended that the memorandum in no way justified what Mr. Dibbs said on Wednesday evening in introducing it, and that it was unfair to drag that gentleman's name forward in the manner in which it was dragged forward by the Treasurer on Wednesday night. Mr. Dibbs had mentioned a number of items which he thought made up the idea that the borrowing was a good thing. It was quite clear that if they borrowed that five and a-half millions at £104 at 4 per cent. they would receive upwards of £10 6s. 6d. more for every hundred pounds than they would for the loan as it had been floated. Allowing 1 per cent. for bank charges, they would drop on the five and a-half million loan £11 for every hundred pounds. For 40 years they would go on paying the interest for £500,000 more than they had received. [Mr. DIBBS: Are you prepared to guarantee 104?] Now, what would be the value of his guarantee or that of the hon. gentleman? Even making it £102, the difference between that sum and £93 was £9 instead of £11, and that would reduce the amount for which the colony paid interest for 40 years for money it did not get. He was not finding fault with the Government for lowering it to 3½ per cent., for it might turn out well or not; but he said that the statement put into the mouth of His Excellency the Governor was not a true one, though, of course, his Excellency had to read the speech put into his mouth by his advisers. He very much regretted having to speak for the late Government when the gentleman who was Treasurer in it was not present to answer what had been said by those who assailed it; but people who lived in glass houses should not throw stones at others who gave them no provocation.

Mr. BURNS said that much of this discussion might have been saved if the Government in the speech made by the Governor at the close of last session had not made this statement about the floating of the loan. He thought that the hon. the Colonial Treasurer would hardly contend that the statement was a correct one, and he thought the hon. member did not know at the present time the cost of floating this loan in London, the extra cost of employing in connection with it the Bank of England instead of the Bank of New South Wales. We no doubt derived much benefit from the change; but he gathered that the increased cost was at least £20,000. However, they had not the whole of the figures before them, and he did not think much good could come of any discussion of this loan business; but there were several matters in connection with these Estimates which had engaged his attention. It was pleasant to know that the increase of revenue from those articles which proved the condition of the people had been satisfactory. The increase on tea, sugar, and tobacco was an evidence of the prosperity of the colony, and the Government assumed that this prosperity would increase in corresponding ratio as time progressed. The hon. the Colonial Treasurer did not inform the House that in balancing accounts for 1884 he had had to fall back upon the surplus revenue for £446,581 12s. 1d., which money should only have been expended upon works of an unusual character. Unless this course had been resorted to there would have been a deficiency of £230,000 in the revenue. It seemed singular that while this Government came into office with a cry of the people's lands passing away, it assumed an enormous increase in the revenue for the year by the sale of Crown lands. The amount for leasing was very small compared with the amount we were led to expect by the Treasurer. He thought the large decline anticipated in the expenditure of the Department of Lands would hardly be realised. The Government intended that the Estimates should be dealt with as speedily as possible. He intended, however, before the session closed to invite the attention of the Colonial Treasurer to matters in connection with the Convention. He was under the impression that the expenses in connection with the New Guinea question had not been placed on the Estimates, but he now found that provision had been made for this. If the House had gone into committee with regard to the Convention resolutions, he was sure the New Guinea question would have been unanimously agreed to, and he was equally sure that the Federal Council Bill would not have been agreed to. The Government were bound to introduce the resolutions, and he thought had the House gone into committee on the matter even the Colonial Treasurer himself would not have been sorry had he found the Government in a very small minority. He had no doubt that the Estimates would be dealt with in a satisfactory manner.

Mr. W. CLARKE said it was quite evident to the committee that the Government should be congratulated upon the successful financial statement they had made. There had been nothing said by members of the Opposition which could be taken exception to. The question of the 3½ per cent. loan had been referred to at considerable length by members of the Opposition, and it had been stated that the lands had been recklessly dealt with. It seemed to him, however, that the policy of the last Land Bill was not in favour of alienating the land from the Crown, but it would preserve the lands in the hands of the people, and therefore the investing public would have more confidence in the colony, seeing that the fee simple of the land of the colony was retained. There would be in consequence a larger asset available. It seemed to him that the whole discussion which had taken place rested upon the question as to whether the loan recently floated by the Government at 3½ per cent. was as successfully floated as a loan by the previous Government at £103 9s. As far as outside opinion was concerned, it was thought that for every £100 debenture issued the colony would receive £92, the difference between that amount and the amount at which the loan was announced to have been floated, namely £93 13s. 6d., being made up of an item for interest of 16s. 5d. per cent., 5s. for brokerage, and 10s for Bank of England commission. Then, supposing a 4 per cent. loan was issued, and a premium of £4 per cent. obtained they would lose £12 0s. 5d. for every £100 debenture issued. The result of this calculation was that we should lose £661,145 16s. 8d. on the operation of this loan, but as against that a saving of ½ per cent. for 40 years would give a return of one million sterling, so that there would be a difference in favour of the colony of £438,855 3s. 4d. They would have to allow for interest on the £600,000, but they had to take account of the return of the money they would receive from the saving of ½ per cent. per annum on the loan, and credit against any such expenditure. The 3½ per cent. allowed for the money they received would pretty well absorb the saving of £438,000, but it certainly would not exceed that. It had been said that the loan was floated at a specially favourable time for the colony; that was not the fact. Had this loan been floated 10 or 15 days earlier, it would have been 1 per cent. better. The condition of the market had changed, and several journals in London had adversely criticised this loan, and asked the investing public to tender low. Whether this loan was floated more or less advantageously than any other or not, it remained a fact that it would be an improvement in this, that it had reduced the rate from 4 per cent. to 3½. Had they placed the loan at 4 per cent., there was no guarantee that British investors would have given them 4 per cent. There was no evidence that they would have got more than 2 per cent. for it. The general opinion was that the floating of the loan had been a success; and as the British public came to know more of these colonies, they would have greater confidence in our stock as against railway investments. This colony ought to be proud of having been the first to reduce the rate of interest on colonial loans. It had always been said outside that in financial matters the colony was always well advised.

Mr. GOULD expressed his surprise at the Treasurer's statement, that the terms of the loan would result in a gain of £400,000 to the colony. It could not have been taken into account that there was a large sum of money which they would not receive, so that the 5½ million loan would really not represent anything like the amount of money they had gone on the market for. The net amount to be received from the 5½ million loan at £93 13s. 6d. would be £5,152,125; but had it been floated for £103 16s., at 4 per cent., it would have netted £5,764,000, or £611,875 more than what they would actually receive. To pursue the calculation further, and ascertain how much we would have to issue to realise a net loan of £5,764,000, at £93 13s. 6d., it would appear that we would have to issue debentures to the amount of £6,178,000, which would have to be repaid, with £8,649,214 as 40 years' interest, or in all £14,827,224. With the 4 per cent. loan at £3 16s. premium, we would repay £5,500,000, with interest at 4 per cent. = £8,800,000; in all £14,300,000, an amount £527,000 less than on a 3½ per cent. loan of £6,178,000. It would be seen that it would actually be a loss to the colony instead of a gain. There might have been no actual surety as to the premium, as the last speaker had suggested, but if they got £93 13s. 6d. for a 3½ per cent. loan, and it was equivalent to £103 16s. at 4 per cent., they might calculate that they would have got a larger amount if it had been a 4 per cent. loan. Dealing with the matter of revenue and income, it would be found on reference to the various statements that had been made in the House from time to time, that two or three years ago there was a very large credit balance, but it had now dwindled down from something like four millions to £250,000, and had it not been for some increases on the Estimates for 1884, instead of having a credit balance they would have found themselves on the debit side of the ledger. The surplus of £4,000,000 had about £2,000,000 charged against it; and the surplus at the end of 1883 was stated to be £1,800,000, liabilities being set against it which reduced the actual cash balance to that amount. If they went on reducing their surplus at that rate they would soon get on to the wrong side. [Attention called to the state of the House: Quorum formed.] In regard to the land revenue there was an estimate based on receipts from a source which would not be in operation after 1885. It was estimated that £350,000 would be received as the probable amount of deposits on conditional purchases during 1885, in the face of their having reduced the deposit to 2s. an acre. This would lead to the belief that the Minister for Lands intended to sell 3½ million acres during the next 12 months by conditional sale alone. It was proposed that each conditional purchaser should be allowed to take up, in the Central division, three times the area of his purchase on a conditional lease, and if this right was fully exercised, instead of 3½ million acres, it would be three times that area. The hon. member (Mr. W. Clarke) had said that it was part of the policy of the bill not to go into the alienation of land; whether that was so or not, it appeared that the Minister considered there would probably be as large a sale as ever, by conditional purchase at 2s. an acre, and that only for two-thirds of the colony, the Central and Eastern divisions—the Western being entirely shut out. Then again he thought hon. members might fairly complain of the amount estimated to be derived from the pastoral leases during 1885. When the Minister for Lands moved the second reading of the Land Act, he said they would, if they adhered to the rents fixed in the bill, have a million and a half in rents from pastoral runs alone—[Mr. FARNELL: Hear, hear, by-and-bye]—but that if they reduced the proposed rent by one-half, then there would be something like three-quarters of a million. Well, they had not reduced it by one-half, and yet the estimate they now had before them, and it was the only estimate they would receive, was £450,000, as against £290,000 for 1884, and showing an estimated gain of £160,000 on that branch of revenue. It had been hoped that when fixity of tenure should have been provided for, the rent would be most materially increased, and they might reasonably have expected to receive a revenue of £800,000 or a million. [Mr. FARNELL: So you will, if you leave it to me.] If the Minister for Lands remained in office during the next twelve months he only expected to receive £450,000. Then they were led to believe that the amount of money expended on the Lands Department would be considerably decreased; but instead of that being the case they found that it would be considerably more than for the year 1884. For this year the estimate was £457,000, whereas £499,000 would be required for the year 1885, being something like £42,000 more than required for this year. [Mr. FARNELL: Wait until I get my estimates and explain; I will knock the whole thing into a cocked hat.] The conditional sales branch were omitted this time. They required for the "Department of Lands" nearly £62,000 instead of about £53,000, the amount appropriated for 1884 for the "Conditional Land Sales Branch" and the "Department of Lands," so that they found there was an increase of £9000 in that respect. Every item under the head of "Secretary of Lands," with the exception of the "Triangulation of the Colony," showed a marked increase, and that was in the face of passing a measure which they were told was going to reduce the expenditure.

Mr. FARNELL: In 12 months it will be one-half.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: Which half?

Mr. FARNELL: I will tell you that by-and-bye, when the proper time comes.

Mr. GOULD, resuming, said: In the face of the fact that it was contemplated to increase the charges so much in the Land Department, they had a very fair cause to complain about the new Land Act in that way. He also noticed that while there was that large increase as to the alienation of lands, they were not going to keep the lands in their own hands, as had been stated by some hon. members. He thought it would be found that the revenue would not show such a marked increase as had been represented.

Mr. GARVAN rose, and was about to address the committee, but it was arranged that the usual adjournment for refreshment should then take place.

The bell was rung at 8 o'clock for members to reassemble. A brief period having elapsed, attention was called to the state of the committee.

The Sergeant-at-Arms having again rung the bell, and a quorum having been formed,

Mr. GARVAN said the statement that had been submitted to them was in many respects a very satisfactory one, and showed that the revenue was apparently large enough to meet all the obligations of government, though the resources from which that revenue was derived were such as to carry with it obligations distinct from defraying the ordinary government of the colony. It had been the almost invariable custom of adverse critics of Government proposals in dealing with the revenue from the sales of land to take up the virtuous position that the revenue derived particularly from the sales of land should never be used to conduct the government of the country. Last year the present Government recognised the soundness of that principle and proposed to raise by taxation one million surplus revenue to place the Government of the country on a sound basis. In the estimates of ways and means it was shown that the revenue derived from the sales of lands during 1884 amounted to £991,249, and that the revenue expected from the sales of lands during 1885 was £1,544,000. That would necessitate a very large alienation of the public estate, bringing with it a weighty obligation on the part of the Government. It was apparent that they were to resort to the old expedient of using the proceeds of land sales for the conduct of the ordinary government of the colony. Now, in doing that in itself there was nothing dangerous or unsound. The thing might be perfectly sound and constitutional, but it should not be taken as a principle of Government. They found that all Governments were glad to recognise it in theory, but did not carry it out in practice. In view of the contemplated large increase in the sale of lands he was very much surprised that they recently had been asked to borrow money for the purchase of additional dredge and punts for Sydney at a cost of £17,500.

Mr. DIBBS rose to order, on the ground that the hon. member was out of order in discussing the Loan Bill of last session.

Mr. CAMERON ruled that the hon. gentleman was not out of order.

Mr. GARVAN said he thought that in any case it would have been a pity to curb fair and legitimate discussion. With the prospect of such a large revenue to be derived from the sale of Crown lands, it was as undesirable as it was unsound that they should be asked to borrow money for additional dredge and punts, for works at Lake Macquarie, and for other works provided for in the Loan Bill. If they resorted to the expedient of borrowing, then they laid down the foundation of future evil, and of great and unwise debt for this country. He was rather surprised to find in the prorogation speech a statement to the effect that, by submitting the last loan at 3½ per cent., there had been a gain of £400,000. The statement was so absurdly incorrect that it should never have found its way into the Governor's speech. It was impossible that this sum could be saved to the country. [Mr. DIBBS: What I said was that there would be a gain of £400,000 in 40 years.] He thought it a wise thing to have done to have submitted the loan at 3½ per cent., but he did not believe that there was any saving in the reduction, for a 4 per cent. loan might reasonably have been expected to have been floated at 104, which was £10 6s. 6d. per cent. better than the present loan. He was strongly of opinion that the Government were not realising the obligations upon them in alienating such a large portion of our public estate. In the absence of great navigable rivers, attention should be turned to the management of our railways with the view of enabling the inland portions of the colony to compete successfully with other places from which goods were brought by water carriage. He contended again that the submission of the railway accounts to the House had not been an accurate reflex of the true state of these accounts, and that no consideration had been taken of the wear and tear of our railways, or of the depreciation of our rolling stock. If a rail lasted ten years, for example, a tenth of its value should have been written off annually. Some of the more recently constructed railways did not pay interest upon their cost, and this state of things should not exist. The earnings of the tramways, too, had been misrepresented. In 1879 the line from Hunter-street to Redfern was constructed, and in the first glowing report it was stated that the profit was 33 per cent. of the capital invested. That line was looked upon as a test one, and the Minister in his report spoke of it as a perfectly constructed one. In 1880 the return given showed a profit of 11·34 upon the capital invested. Then the line from Liverpool-street to Randwick was stated as returning 18·4 upon the capital invested. Owing to these reports members of Parliament were led to consent to the further extension of this tramway system; but in 1881 while the traffic was increasing, it was stated that the Redfern line was paying only 1·34 interest. There must have been some items that the Minister had previously failed to take recognition of; some incapacity and inability of the person submitting the account to make the figures represent the true state of things. As a matter of fact, during the first two years there was no profit at all owing to the necessity for replacing rails, yet the glowing reports of the Commissioner induced Parliament to consent to the spread of tramways far and wide. In 1882, when the line from Redfern to Bridge-street was extended 400 yards further, the report showed it to be paying 15·91 per cent.; but this was only made up by improperly debiting to capital account the cost of relaying the line with steel rails, which should have been debited to the depreciation account, and provided for out of the earnings of the line. The rails were expected to last for seven years, and what had been done was to debit only one-seventh of their cost to the working expenses of 1882, the remaining six-sevenths being deducted from the capital account, and therefore added to the earnings of that year, with the result of producing a misleading percentage, as the capital would have to be made good again. On the Liverpool and Randwick line during the first year of its construction (1880) the interest was reported as 18·4 per cent., and though the traffic grew greater each year, the interest fell to 1·9 per cent. in 1882; and later on, when the line was extended to Coogee, and the earnings were greatest, there was an actual loss of 1·2 per cent. Nearly all the lines presented the same anomaly owing to a proper amount for depreciation not being written off from the outset, and if the reports had been an accurate reflex of the true state of the accounts many of the lines would not have been constructed. The Minister should investigate the matter and do his duty, for an officer who submitted figures so inaccurate as those referred to should be sent about his business. He knew he was dealing with an officer against whom it was unpopular to say a word, because members of the Ministry and of the House were very intimate with the gentleman. Such an intimacy, however, would never shake him from doing his duty in the matter. (Hear, hear.) Many hon. members found it to be exceedingly convenient to be intimate with this officer. [Mr. DIBBS: You are making a charge against the honour of the House.] He made the statement, and believed it. ("Why?") Before long he might make more statements of an extreme character which the Commissioner and some of his friends might not like to hear; and he repeated that in the duty devolving upon him to make accurate statements of account that officer had certainly failed most egregiously. He then referred to the matter of the contracts for the line from Sydney to Illawarra. The works had been stopped to test a question as to the route, and a great loss was thereby sustained by the country under circumstances of a most extraordinary character, which required explanation. The head of the Government, with a full knowledge of that portion of the country included in the first contract for 23 miles, believed that a better route could be found beyond the first 13 miles; and the contractor was requested by the Minister for Works to withhold from the work for a few days to test the suggestion. By some extraordinary arrangement the contractor was given permission not to go on with the work, and had consequently discontinued it. The first contract was for 23 miles, and the amount was £258,000. The work was stopped at 13 miles, and a second contract was entered into for 11 miles—the remaining 10 miles and one added—for a sum of £440,000, so that the country was put to an enormously greater expense. It was most extraordinary that this contractor should have been allowed to give up his contract after signing it, and thus cause a loss of about £250,000 to the country, merely because the work was suspended for a few days. It required explanation, and he trusted the Minister would inquire into it. In connection with both the railways and the trams, he said that there existed a state of things that would for ever taint the report of the Commissioner with bias. (Cries of "Oh.") The Commissioner had a power as head of the traffic department that was most dangerous and unsound, a power which he had exercised in a dangerous way by adding to the capital account the cost of maintenance. To purify these accounts, and free the report from the suspicion which would ever attach to it, the traffic department should keep hands off the construction report, and should have no power to deal with a single shilling of the capital account; but the Commissioner should not have the extraordinary powers placed in his hands. As certain as it was unsound, it would bring odium on the Minister in charge, and he recommended the matter seriously to the attention of the Minister at the head of the department.

Mr. ABIGAIL said that some explanation should be given by the Government regarding the contracts for the Illawarra line. He knew as a certainty that when the Government had consented to the arrangement enabling the contractor to give up the second portion of his contract, the contractor invited a large number of his friends to a champagne supper, and expressed his delight at finding the Government so soft as to enable him to get out of a contract and relieve him of a very great loss. The hon. member had shown that a loss of £250,000 had occurred on the second portion of this contract, and the Government had not tendered any explanation of the matter. He did not agree with the hon. member's condemnation of the Commissioner, and trusted that the hon. member's remarks were not called forth by the Commissioner's refutation of his former charges. He challenged the hon. member's suggestion that members of the House received improper advantages from the Commissioner, as an implication on both the members of the House and the head of the department. The hon. member had said that he would at some future time make statements of a more damaging character. The hon. member said either too much or too little. If members of the House had prostituted their positions they should know who those members were; and as to the Commissioner, it was unfair to a public servant, unable to attend there to defend himself, to make such a statement without giving particular information on which the Minister could proceed to make an investigation into the matter. He was satisfied that the allegations would be fairly and clearly refuted, as had been the assertions of the hon. member with regard to the railway accounts. As the implication referred to him as well as to others, he certainly repudiated the assertion that he had had any particular advantages from the Commissioner. He did hope that the Government would offer some explanation in regard to that matter relating to the construction of the Illawarra railway, involving a change of route which should go near or through the property of the Colonial Secretary, and cause a loss to the country of £250,000.

Mr. GARVAN said he again denied that he used the term that with members of this Parliament there were any improper dealings. (Cries of "Oh," and of "What did you say?") What he said was on record, and if hon. members would be so obtuse as not to have understood what he stated he would say the Commissioner was an officer having larger patronage than all the officers put together. He had more patronage than any Minister, and he said it was a matter of undoubted convenience to many members of Parliament—[an Hon. Member: Why?]—to be on good terms with the Commissioner, especially to members who had pressing and urgent friends seeking appointments under that officer. Those who might regard that in any dishonourable light might put the statement in their pipe and smoke it.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON ventured to say that if the hon. member had so grave a charge as he had made of corruption and of wrong-doing on the part of this Government, and involving the expenditure of a quarter of million of money, he entirely misconceived his position as a representative of the people if he contented himself with bringing that forward on the discussion of those Estimates. The hon. member should bring it forward on a motion for a vote of censure, which would enable the Government to meet it fairly and the House to deal with it in a proper manner. That was the way matters of that kind used to be fought in that Chamber. (Cheers.) He submitted that the present was not the time to deal with a charge of that sort.

Mr. DIBBS said he did not think that the hon. gentleman had done right in bringing the subject relating to the tramways before the House, because he held that the hon. gentleman had not satisfied the House in regard to the accusations of chicanery and fraud which he some time ago brought with respect to the keeping of the railway accounts. Mr. Garvan had now jumped from the railway accounts to the tramway accounts, and it was a sort of financial surprise to him. He thought that at the present moment they should discuss generally the financial policy of the Government. If he were allowed a day to consider the subject he would be prepared to meet the hon. gentleman and discuss it, but he was not to be caught on the hop, and therefore he declined at the present moment to argue the question of tramway management. He (Mr. Dibbs) was quite prepared to say this, that the tramways as worked as a whole were not paying sufficient interest on the money spent in construction; but he was not prepared to say there had been gross mismanagement. If the hon. gentleman would re-open that subject when they came to the railway estimates, he would meet him and capsize his assertions. Speaking of the financial aspect of the tramways, there was no doubt they were not paying sufficient interest on their cost, and one reason was the fares were too low. In the preparation of Estimates for the year, he had taken into consideration the desirability on some sections of the lines to increase the rates. That would enable the Government to give greater accommodation than existed at present. With regard to what had been said respecting the Illawarra line, he must say he knew nothing at all about it. It would be impossible for him to attend to his own department and at the same time to be perfectly familiar with all matters relating to the Railway Department. As soon as he received a copy of *Hansard* containing a report of the statement made with respect to the Illawarra line by Mr. Garvan, he would cause an inquiry to be made, and would then satisfy the House as to the reason why certain changes were made in connection with the construction of the line.

Mr. S. SMITH, speaking in regard to the management of the tramways, said that in many instances new ideas had been tried at considerable expense to the country, at times by officers who, he contended, had not the necessary qualifications to justify them in attempting to make reforms. When the alteration was made in the Illawarra line he condemned the contract. The contractor only jumped at the chance of throwing up his contract. Now a new contract had been entered into at considerable additional expense, and the hon. the Colonial Treasurer owed the House some explanation with regard to the matter. In regard to tramways, the Treasurer had told them that he intended to raise the fares; but he had said nothing of the unnecessary expense incurred in purchasing useless rolling stock. Some alteration should be made in the mode of working the tramways, and he should take another opportunity of referring to this matter.

Mr. BURDEKIN said that he was anxious to see this session soon closed, but that he thought no time was wasted which was spent in preventing useless expenditure. The Government had promised many things, among them that they would raise a certain sum from the squatters under the new Land Act, but they had agreed now to take a much smaller amount. (Attention was called to the state of the House, and a quorum was formed.) The Government had made the most extravagant proposals of expenditure which must result in future in heavy taxation. Even with Mr. Stuart at the head of affairs, the Government had not exercised sufficient caution, but with him absent the outlook in the way of expenditure was certainly alarming. If the present state of things continued taxation either direct or through the Customs would be necessary. He did not think the country would agree to additional Customs duties, and the reception given to the late property tax proposals of the Government should warn them, it they wished to keep their positions, not to proceed too fast in adding to the expenditure of the country.

The resolution was agreed to.

The following estimates were also agreed to:—Executive and Legislative: His Excellency the Governor, £2060; Executive Council, £1028; Legislative Council, £6055; Legislative Assembly, £9055; Legislative Council and Assembly, £2620; Parliamentary Library, £1695.

Colonial Secretary:—Colonial Secretary, £7153; Public Parks, £782; Protectorate of Aborigines, £6450.

Parliamentary Reporting Staff, £4160.

Mr. DIBBS, in reply to Mr. Garrard, explained that the apparent increase of £713 really meant a saving, as the reporting staff now did all the Government shorthand writing, the office of Government shorthand writer being now abolished.

The item was passed.

Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces, £90,182.

On the item of £1350 for an armoury,

Mr. DIBBS said, in reply to Mr. Garrard, that the armoury, which was required for the 5000 stand of arms ordered by the Government, would probably be erected at the Barracks.

Mr. YOUNG asked why a large increase appeared in the number of volunteer officers.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said that he could answer that question. Owing to the position of the colony it would always be the policy of the Government to keep up a larger staff of officers than other countries, because gentlemen trained for the position of officers could not always be got in emergency, whereas rank and file could.

The estimate was agreed to.

The following estimates were agreed to:—Volunteer Naval Artillery, £500; Naval Brigade, £5815.

Training ship, Wolverene, £4200.

Mr. ABIGAIL suggested that the Wolverene could be utilised with great advantage, in combination with the Vernon, as the probationary branch of a reformatory for boys not belonging to the criminal class.

Mr. DIBBS said that a scheme was at present under consideration, embodying the suggestion of the hon. member.

The estimate was then agreed to; also the following estimates:—Police, £274,940; Government analyst, £950; Lunacy, £80,697; Master-in-Lunacy, £1200; Medical Board, £100; medical adviser, vaccination, medical officers, &c., £9505; Convalescent and Fever Hospital, Little Bay, £4000; Department of Audit, £9645; Registrar-General, £21,745.

Agent-General, £5877.

Mr. GARRARD said that the large staff of this department might be reduced. Some of the officials might earn their money, but others in the higher positions did not. If the staff was regulated to provide for the administration of an immigration vote of £150,000, it would be much too large now that the vote was reduced by £50,000; and as the immigration vote—the next estimate—might be still further reduced, perhaps to £25,000, he suggested that it should be postponed till the immigration estimate was dealt with. He moved the reduction of the estimate by £877.

Mr. DIBBS said that they required this department more urgently at the present time than at any other period of their career. Even if the immigration vote was reduced to one-half, they could not dispense with a single officer of the department.

Mr. GARRARD pointed out that there was a special branch for immigration purposes alone, and if the amount to be spent on immigration was reduced, it meant of necessity a reduction of the work to be done by the officials.

Mr. FLETCHER complained that the attractions of the colony were too much heightened to people at home, and that all the immigration authorities cared about there was that the ships should be filled as much and as quickly as possible. He complained also that ten officers were too many for the expenditure of £50,000; and he thought this estimate should be postponed until the vote for immigration had been disposed of.

Mr. ABIGAIL maintained that if they were to pay these large sums for immigration purposes it should be insured that only accurate information concerning the colony should be circulated at home.

Mr. W. CLARKE pointed out that the salary for the Agent-General of Victoria had been increased from £2000 to £2500 per annum, and that there was no immigration vote for that colony. He thought the emoluments of the Agent-General for this colony should also be increased. When he was in London recently he visited the immigration offices there. They were well managed, and he was surprised at the amount of work done in connection with them. They were overrun with persons desiring information concerning the colony, and each of the officials seemed to have his time fully occupied. Their Agent-General should have his salary increased; unless he had private means he could not retain his position. He had to maintain a private establishment and also to display a large amount of hospitality. At the invitation of Sir Saul Samuel he proceeded to Plymouth and saw a shipload of immigrants embark. It would be an excellent thing if the course he saw then taken were always taken. The Agent-General made a personal examination of each immigrant, and seemed to be aware of the amount of money each immigrant possessed. Some of the amounts were large, and large sums were also sent to the colony to the credit of immigrants.

Mr. FLETCHER: And we are taxed to pay their passages.

Mr. W. CLARKE: They formed the class of people it was desirable to have here. It was better that the immigrants should have money than that they should land here as paupers. Those who had not money to their credit the Agent-General told they would have to rough it; to put their shoulders to the wheel and work for a living.

Mr. GARRARD: They can't find the wheel.

Mr. SLATTERY advocated the transfer of clerks from Government offices here to the immigration offices in London, because they would be able to supply inquirers there with ample and accurate information concerning the colony, which the clerks there were not so well able to do.

Mr. BURNS said that he had always been an advocate of labour being well paid. He believed the hard-working and industrial mechanics and artisans did not object to immigration, and he was sure that if they looked back a little they would find out that, before they had immigration, wages were much less than they were now. When they had immigration, matters prospered as well for the labouring classes as for the capitalists. For some time past, too, they had a superior class of immigrants coming here.

Mr. FARNELL: We want good-shaped and well-formed women. (Laughter.)

Mr. BURNS said that there was a very large demand for the labourers who arrived by the last steamer.

Mr. MELVILLE: That was because employers thought they would get them cheaper at the vessel than elsewhere.

Mr. LUSCOMBE: Would there not be an equally large demand for them if they paid their own passages?

Mr. BURNS said that out of the last batch of male immigrants 87 were farm labourers, and there were five employers to each of them. The wages offered to them was £40 a year, with board and lodging, which was far in excess of what they received in the old country. There was no doubt they improved their position by coming here, and who would say that the colony was in any way injured by their arrival in it? Immigration had at no time lowered the rates of wages in this country, as they had fed the market from time to time by the importation of people employed in the various industrial pursuits; these people had not only been well employed, but in time became their own masters and employed others.

Mr. FLETCHER said that in the majority of cases the people brought to this colony had never been five miles out of the town in their lives. He remembered paying a visit to an immigration vessel. In the return the immigrants were all agricultural labourers, but he found 17 or 18 of them coal miners who had come out as agricultural labourers; and more than that, in order to get them ashore to gain a livelihood he had had to pay their passages. If they were to get out immigrants, at all events let them have the proper class. He would vote against this item in favour of the motion of his hon. friend.

The motion for the reduction of the item was put, and lost on the following division:—

AYES, 10.

Targett	Teece	Harris
Fletcher	Burdekin	Melville }
Vaughn	Garrard	Luscombe } Tellers.
Holtermann		

NOES, 27.

O'Mara	Lyne	Garvan
Jones	Hammond	Cramsie
Burns	Slattery	Humphery
Suttor	Quin	Barbour
Abbott	Merriman	M'Court
Farnell	M'Culloch	Murray
Dibbs	Lloyd	Stokes
Griffiths	L. Levin	Spring }
Brunker	R. Barton	W. Clarke } Tellers.

The item was then agreed to.

The next vote proposed was Immigration—£51,461.

Mr. MELVILLE thought that not only was this vote a useless waste of money so far as this country was concerned, but imposed a burden upon the taxpayers they had no right to be called upon to bear. He opposed this item, not from a spirit of truckling, but because he thought it ill-advised. Large assemblages had met from time to time and had expressed their opposition to the money of the country being expended in bringing people into the country who were often absolutely worthless, and in many cases worse than worthless. The colony of Victoria had not spent a shilling on immigration, and yet there was more actual prosperity in the neighbouring colony than in this. (Hear, hear.) He was opposed to that vote because it was expended, not in the interests of the labour of the colony, but in the interests of capitalists, to bring men to the colony to compete with those already here. He moved as an amendment that the estimate be reduced by £49,000.

Mr. YOUNG contended that the introduction of immigrants would affect the labour market, but considered at the same time that agricultural labourers were required. He would vote against assisted immigration to the colony.

Mr. LUSCOMBE said that vote was to him one of the cruellest votes that could be put on the Estimates. There were large numbers of persons in the colony unable to get employment, and one man, who was ready and willing to work, had committed suicide because he could not get employment. (Laughter, and cries of "Oh, oh.") Many of the immigrants who came to this colony came with money in their pockets, proving that they could pay for their passage; then, why should they not let them pay for their passage? If they wanted immigration, why did they not put a protective tariff on imported goods? He would give his vote against even 1s. for immigration.

Mr. GARRARD opposed the vote.

Mr. TARGETT said that mechanics had been introduced into the colony as agricultural labourers. The class of men brought out the colony could do very well without. He complained that men had been tempted out by misrepresentations.

Mr. VAUGHN opposed the vote. They found by assisted immigration that they got the class of men they did not want. He considered that there was no class of labour that they required to introduce at the present juncture.

Mr. ABIGAIL said that daily he received applications for employment from 15 or 20 men, that wages were low, and that the Government had had to distribute money to relieve unemployed persons. He was of opinion that it was a vicious principle of legislation to tax one class of the people to introduce other people to compete with them.

Mr. BURNS said that if the hon. member would send him 1000 men accustomed to farming pursuits, and willing to take employment in the country, he could find them work within a month, but that he could not deal with men who only wanted Government billets.

Mr. ABBOTT said that if 200 or 300 men would start to-morrow and go round the stations, especially in the Darling country, they could easily obtain remunerative employment. Station owners in certain districts were complaining that they found it impossible to get enough labour. There were too many of this class who would not leave the city, and as to the class of men the hon. gentleman for the Upper Hunter had referred to, he would find employment for as many could be sent him.

Mr. ABIGAIL maintained that the Minister of Mines had defeated his own statements by setting up that magnificent standard of Government liberality—30s. a week.

Mr. LUSCOMBE did not wonder at the men crowding back into the city, for from his own experience he knew many who had gone into the country and could not get work, except at starvation wages, in consequence of which they returned to town broken-hearted.

The reduction of the item was negatived on the following division:—Ayes, 8; noes, 22.

AYES.

Luscombe	Fletcher	Holtermann }
Targett	Garrard	Abigail } Tellers.
Melville	Vaughn	

NOES.

Jones	Lloyd	Burdekin
Burns	Cramsie	Clarke, W.
Brunker	Farnell	Levin, L.
Abbott	Dibbs	M'Court
Quinn	Barton, R.	Tarrant }
Slattery	Suttor	O'Mara } Tellers.
Humphrey	Teece	
M'Culloch	Griffiths	

Pairs.—For the reduction: Robertson, Vaughn, Young, Harris, and Chapman. Against: Wright, Lyne, H. Clarke, Merriman, and Lee.

Mr. VAUGHN explained that he had voted inadvertently, having paired with Mr. Lyne.

Mr. FLETCHER moved the reduction of the item, immigration generally, £50,000, by £25,000, contending that £25,000 was quite sufficient.

The committee divided; the question was resolved in the negative by 22 votes to 8; the ayes being Messrs. Targett, Luscombe, Holtermann, Melville, Abigail, Fletcher, Burdekin, and Garrard.

The Estimate for the whole service under the head of Immigration, £51,461, was agreed to. The following estimates were agreed to:—City of Sydney Improvement Board, £360; charitable institutions, £1330; Fisheries Commission, £5244; Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute, £25,162; State Children's Relief Board, £18,535; Fire Brigades, £6929; Botanic Gardens, £5385; Nursery Garden, Campbelltown, £830; Government Domains, £2433; Garden Palace Grounds, £1170.

Mr. DIBBS said the whole question of hospital management was under the consideration of the Government. It was a very difficult thing to handle. It was in a rather complicated state. The hospital question and management was under the consideration of the Government. There was a good deal requiring investigation. He was of opinion that they were building too costly hospitals.

After some discussion with regard to grants for country hospitals, the vote was agreed to.

The next vote was miscellaneous services, £112,853.

The vote was agreed to.

Mr. DIBBS moved that the Chairman leave the chair, report progress, and ask leave to sit again.

The motion was agreed to.

The Chairman left the chair, reported progress, and leave was given to sit again.

Mr. DIBBS, understanding that there was a desire that the House should not meet till 7 o'clock on Friday evening, would consent to an adjournment to that hour, with the object of going on with the business, as were they to adjourn till 4 o'clock there was, he understood, a likelihood of no House being formed. Under these circumstances he consented to an adjournment till 7 o'clock.

At three minutes past 1 o'clock the House adjourned till 7 o'clock on Friday.

NEW NOTICES OF MOTION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21.

Mr. Lyne to move,—That this House will, on Wednesday next, resolve itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the following resolutions:—1. That, in the opinion of this House, the importance of the district surrounding Germanton, having regard to its agricultural, pastoral, and mineral wealth and population, demands the construction of a railway from Culcairn to Germanton. 2. That the above resolution be communicated by address to his Excellency the Governor.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25.

Mr. Suttor to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House copies of all correspondence and other documents having reference to the appointment of a successor to Mr. Wilkins as Under-Secretary to the Department of Public Instruction.

Mr. Vaughn to move,—That the report of the select committee on claim of Charles Stevens, brought up on 29th April, be now adopted.

Mr. Griffiths to move,—That, in the opinion of this House, the surveys of the Grafton-Glen Innes railway should not be proceeded with at present.

Mr. Lyne to move,—1. That a select committee be appointed, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into and report upon the claim of John M'Donald for loss sustained through the voidance of his conditional purchase, lot G, allotment 30, county of Denison, parish of Dry Forest, 640 acres. 2. That such committee consist of Mr. Farnell, Mr. Gill, Mr. Spring, Mr. Hammond, Mr. Day, Mr. Levin, Mr. Barbour, Mr. Stokes, Mr. Targett, and the mover.

A SECOND CABLE TO ENGLAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I am surprised that Sir James Anderson, the chairman of the Telegraph Companies, should have allowed his prejudices to carry him away so far from real facts in respect to length of cable required to establish communication between England and Australia, via the Cape of Good Hope. In your paper of this morning Sir James is reported to have said "that he held out little encouragement to the projectors of a cable by the Cape of Good Hope. The long stretch of stormy ocean intervening—12,000 miles in extent—forbids the hope of finding calm weather sufficient to effect repairs to a submarine cable."

Surely Sir James must be aware of the present cable communication between England and the Cape territory, and he ought to know that the distance from that territory to Western Australia is only 4300 miles, and that about half way is the Island of St. Paul's, where a repairing station could be formed, so that the actual length of the submerged cable would not be more in one part than 2150 miles, much less than many submarine cables now being worked. I am surprised that this important subject has been so lightly regarded by the Government, and also by the mercantile men of New South Wales. The advantage of having a cable passing through British territory only must in time of war be of the greatest value to all the Australian colonies.

I am, &c.,
QUID.

Sydney, November 20.

"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed bugs, beetles, insects skunks, jack-rabbits, gophers. At druggists.—[ADVT.]

PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ELECTION FOR TENTERFIELD.

TENTERFIELD, THURSDAY.

Mr. C. A. Lee was elected to-day unopposed as member for Tenterfield. The proceedings at the hustings were of the most orderly character. Mr. David Cooney proposed, and Mr. M. Egan seconded, Mr. Lee. Mr. Lee spoke at great length, and reviewed the Land Act, pointing out the defective clauses in it, and which he would endeavour to have amended. He contended that the period for fencing conditional purchases was too short, and would deter settlement, and should be extended to the time of declaration for residence and fencing. The same remarks applied to conditional leaseholders. Conditional purchase without residence was surrounded by so many restrictions that it would fail to benefit the class for whom it was intended. Special leases of scrub lands, he considered, was a dangerous clause, and would be used to perpetuate the warfare between squatters and selectors. He also referred to other clauses of the Act. He touched upon the Railway Loan Bill, the question of the break of gauge, and payment of members, to which he was opposed. He dwelt upon the District Councils Bill, and would give his hearty support to pass such a measure. A vote of thanks to the returning-officer terminated the proceedings.

THE CARCOAR ELECTORATE.

MOUNT M'DONALD, THURSDAY.

Mr. Garland addressed the electors here last night, Mr. W. Esdown in the chair. The candidate spoke very fairly for about an hour and a half, and finished up by alluding to Mr. Baker and the Milburn Creek compensation. Mr. J. Williams proposed and Mr. Thomas Carmody seconded,—"That Mr. Garland was a fit and proper person to represent the electorate." Mr. Collie said he was a supporter of Mr. Baker, and after what had been stated he considered he was justified in moving an amendment. He thought each candidate should stand upon his own merits, and he moved as an amendment,—"That Mr. Baker was the most fit and proper person to represent the electorate." Mr. Matheson seconded. On a show of hands being called for, there were 25 for and 19 against the amendment.

CARCOAR, THURSDAY.

Considerable interest is manifested in the forthcoming election throughout this electorate, each candidate having many supporters, and it is generally thought that it will be the closest election ever witnessed in this electorate. Mr. Baker has been speaking in many parts of the electorate, but the time is far too short to allow the candidates to thoroughly canvass this large district. Mr. Fitzpatrick has had good meetings at Trunkey, Tuena, and Barraga. Mr. Garland has had fair meetings at Mandurama, Walli, Canowindra, and Mount M'Donald. Mr. Baker met with the same good reception in many of the places that have been visited by him; each of the candidates having strong committees, who are working hard to secure their return.

LOCKOUT IN THE BOOTMAKING TRADE, MELBOURNE.

(From the Argus, November 19.)

Matters in connection with the threatened lockout in the bootmaking trade have reached a climax. The manufacturers have taken a firm stand, and present a united front; and nothing short of the absolute withdrawal of the operatives from the position they have assumed will prevent a general lockout taking place to-day. The position is briefly as follows:—The manufacturers were for a long time in the habit of giving to workmen outside their factories a large proportion of the putting-up and finishing work they required; in fact some of the employers have not kept any putters-up or finishers on their premises at all. This arrangement was found to suit their purposes far better than the provision of factory room for all hands, while the outside workmen were exactly on the same footing as others with regard to the rate of pay for the work done. Some time ago the Operative Bootmakers' Union, consisting of putters-up and finishers, objected to this system, with a view of introducing the eight-hour principle into the trade and discouraging "sweating." Accordingly, about two months ago, they asked the masters to restrict the hours of labour to eight per diem, and to have all the work done in their respective factories. Some of the employers went the length of partly, if not absolutely, yielding to this demand, upon the understanding that it was to be generally acceded to throughout the trade. This condition was not fulfilled. The disadvantages attending the new arrangement being soon apparent, it was determined at a recent conference of the manufacturers to once and for all assert their right to manage their business in their own way. The notice based upon this determination was posted in all the large factories on Monday last. The Bootmakers' Union held a meeting in the evening, and decided to adhere to their previous resolution regarding the alteration in the method of working, and proceeded to initiate arrangements for a general strike. The men employed at Messrs. J. and R. Mair's factory at Richmond went out on strike on Monday, and yesterday the operatives employed by Messrs. W. Marshall, Corris, Craig, and Co., the Federal Boot Company, and M'Bean and Hickner also left work in consequence of their employers persisting in giving work to men outside the factory. About 200 men have so far given up their employment, and the manufacturers decided at a meeting at the Bourke-street Coffee Palace last night, which was attended by 52 masters, that there shall be a general lockout to-day, as soon as the work now in hand is finished. The lockout will probably affect from 1000 to 1200 putters-up and finishers who belong to the union, the majority of these being married men. About 25 per cent. of the putters-up and finishers do not belong to the union, and these men will not be interfered with, while the general hands—such as clickers, machinists, stuff-cutters, and others working at weekly wages—will not be affected by the dispute, for the present at all events. Of course, if the lockout lasts for any great length of time, their work will accumulate considerably, and some of the factories may have to be closed, but at present the manufacturers do not apprehend very serious results. If the demands of the men were acceded to, the manufacturers would be put to considerable expense in enlarging their factories where practicable and in obtaining new premises in cases where they have no space available for extensions of the present factories. It has also been found that the employers and employees can get along far more harmoniously under present circumstances than when large bodies of men are massed together in factories. Some of the masters absolutely refuse to undertake the employment on their premises of large numbers of putters-up and finishers, setting on one side altogether the question of expense. It is asserted that a great deal too much has been made of the objection to sweating, as very little of it exists, the majority of the factory owners discountenancing it as far as possible.

The executive committee of the Bootmakers' Union met at the Trades Hall last night, and, fully anticipating that the masters would adhere to their determination, completed their preparation for a general strike. The operatives are entering upon the struggle in the fullest confidence, and are as determined as their employers not to give way upon what they regard as a vital principle.

THE NORTH SHORE MYSTERY.

The strange rumours which have been circulating for the past day or two in the city and at the North Shore respecting certain occurrences at the latter place appear to have some foundation in fact. The police have been actively engaged in investigating the affair, and the matter has been reported to the Coroner. It is stated that a woman named Rachel Rippon, a charwoman, aged 31, who lived at Little Fitzroy-lane, St. Leonards, was visited on Sunday last, the 16th instant, and on the two previous days by Dr. Charles Rorke. She died, and Dr. Rorke gave a certificate to the effect that death was caused by "heart disease, dropsy, and other complications," and her funeral took place on the 17th instant. Mrs. Stevens, widow, a grocer of Milson's Point, states that deceased was her sister, and that she was married, but had been living apart from her husband for the space of three years. Deceased lived in a cottage by herself at the back of Mrs. Stevens's premises. On the Thursday before she died Mrs. Stevens visited her and found her very ill in bed. After some time had elapsed the deceased told her what ailed her, but would not state who was the father of the child. A miscarriage occurred a few hours afterwards, Mrs. Stevens and her servant, one Sophia Spyer, being the only persons in attendance on the woman. On Friday morning Mrs. Stevens called in Dr. Rorke to see the patient. The doctor was informed of what had taken place. Mrs. Stevens declares that she knows nothing of Sheridan, or any improper practices. Sophia Spyer (the servant) states that on two successive evenings—to the best of her belief on Wednesday and Thursday—about 10 days before Mrs. Rippon's death, she accompanied the latter to Sheridan's shop. On both occasions Mrs. Rippon entered the place, and left Miss Spyer outside. The woman remained in the shop about an hour on the first occasion and when she came out she did not make any complaint. On the second occasion she was within the shop for an hour-and-a-half. Miss Spyer became impatient at having to wait so long, and she entered the building and found Mrs. Rippon sitting on a chair and Sheridan standing near her. After they got outside the place Mrs. Rippon complained very much and said that she had fainted while in the shop. After this the woman continued unwell up to the time of her death. On Tuesday, the 11th instant, at the earnest request of Mrs. Rippon, Miss Spyer went to Sheridan's, but could not see him. She, however, left a message for him, and on the same evening she saw Sheridan walking up Little Fitzroy-lane, in the direction of Mrs. Rippon's house. She subsequently heard from Mrs. Rippon that Sheridan had been to the house. Miss Spyer corroborates Mrs. Stevens's statements as to the miscarriage. Dr. Rorke states that when he saw Mrs. Rippon "she was in a moribund condition, almost bloodless, and past hope." He was informed that there had been a miscarriage, innocently caused. He gave the certificate for burial under the circumstances. The Coroner gave orders for the exhumation of the body. It was disinterred yesterday afternoon and taken to the South Sydney Morgue, where a post-mortem examination was made. An inquest will be instituted this morning.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 20.

R.M.S. City of Sydney, 3400 tons, Captain H. C. Dearborn, from San Francisco 23rd ultimo, via Honolulu 1st instant, and Auckland 16th instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. E. Hordern, Dr. and Mrs. Rattray, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Rose, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Stephenson and 2 children, Mrs. H. E. Merritt, Mrs. Ida Hayman, Mrs. E. Doyle, Mrs. D. F. Booth and 2 children, Mrs. S. C. Cooke, Mrs. E. C. Cree and 2 children, Mrs. Kidd and daughter, Miss Chaplin, Dr. Chisholm, Messrs. P. J. Haines, J. Forsyth, F. A. Gregory, H. M. Robertson, M. O'Sullivan, J. H. Luce, J. E. de Jersey, James Lawson, Thomas Leaseade, S. G. Humphries, G. Sturney, W. A. Tuttle, R. Forsyth, S. Kemp, J. Chisholm, R. B. Bentley, W. Dom, Thomas Lee, and 39 in the steerage. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., agents.

Helen Nicoll (s.), 384 tons, Captain R. A. Fraser, from Clarence River 19th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Mobbs, Mrs. Grady, Mrs. Lawes, Mrs. M'Elroy, Miss Page, Miss Croll, Miss Lawes, Messrs. Zull, Waddington, Davies, Croll, Lewis, Grabbin, Rev. Tarn Edmondson, B. San Martino, Duns, Cooke, Miller, Scanlan, Menzies, and 28 in the steerage. Nipper and See, agents.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 20.

Glanperis, barque, for Tuticorin, via Newcastle.
Berean, ketch, for River Leven.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 21.

Suez (s.), for London; Governor Blackall (s.), for Brisbane, Maryborough, Bundaberg, and Rockhampton; Buninyong (s.), for Melbourne; Meeinderry (s.), for Shoalhaven; Bortonius (s.), for Macleay River.

CLEARANCES.—NOVEMBER 20.

Suez (s.), 2141 tons, Captain W. M. Dodd, for London. Passengers—Dr. and Mrs. Anderson and 3 children, Mrs. Smith, and Mr. Elliott.

Berean, ketch, 71 tons, Captain W. H. Noake, for river Leven, via Wollongong.

Glanperis, barque, 1074 tons, Captain Seth Hughes, for Tuticorin, via Newcastle.

COASTERS INWARDS.—NOVEMBER 20.

Mary Ann, from Shoalhaven, with 9000 feet timber; Formosa, from Shoalhaven, with 26,000 feet timber; Enterprise, from Bateman's Bay, with 40,000 feet timber; Geelong, from Newcastle, with 300 tons coal; Helena Davis, from Tomakin, with timber; Coonanbara (s.), from Newcastle, with 24 bales wool, 525 bags coke, 50 cases biscuit, 80 cases spirit, 22 cases eggs, 314 hides, 8 tons old copper, 160 pigs, 220 sheep, 8 coops fowls; Boomerang (s.), from the Hunter River, with 250 bales wool, 160 bales hay, 800 ingots tin, 400 bags tin ore, 200 hides, 2 bags onions, 120 head cattle, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—NOVEMBER 20.

Emily Ann, for Port Macquarie; Mary Ann, Formosa, for Shoalhaven; Enterprise, for Bateman's Bay; Helena Davis, for Tomakin.

IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 20.

[A special charge is made for consignees' notices in this column.]

R.M.S. City of Sydney, from San Francisco, via Honolulu and Auckland: 9312 boxes apples, 3414 cases canned goods, 2419 cases codfish, 110 packages machinery, 3350 cases salmon, 7 cases cigars, 1500 cases brown corn, 4049 doors, 1 horse, 1354 cases onions, 115 sacks walnuts, 221 packages merchandise, 108 packages casings, 33 packages drugs, 250 boxes hops, 5 packages platedware, and 48 barrels W. oil.

EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 20.

Suez (s.), for London: 6550 bales wool, 1 bale mohair, 33 bales kangarooskins, 45 bales leather, and 4 casks bonanzas.
Berean, for River Leven: 20 tons coal.
Glanperis, for Tuticorin, via Newcastle: 543 tons coal.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, November 20: Julia M. Avery, schooner, 127 tons, for Townsville: Berean, ketch, 71 tons, Captain W. W. Noake, for River Leven; Suez (s.), 1390 tons, Captain W. M. Dodd, for London.

The R. M. S. Lusitania, from London, via ports, is expected to arrive here at 3 p.m. to-day.

The Pacific Company's R. M. S. City of Sydney, with the English mails via San Francisco, entered the Heads at 9.30 a.m. yesterday. When she got abreast of Watson's Bay she was boarded by Dr. Sibley, the port health officer, who, finding everything satisfactory, granted the vessel pratique, and she steamed up to a berth at the A. S. N. Company's wharf. She brings 42 saloon and 39 steerage passengers; also 1300 tons freight, the principal lines in which are apples, canned goods, codfish, salmon, doors, and onions. The following report of the voyage is furnished by Mr. J. V. Comfort, the purser, from whom prompt receipt was also had of files and despatches for the *Herald*:—Discharged San Francisco pilot on October 25, at 3.35 p.m.; received Honolulu pilot on November 1, at 10.3 a.m.; discharged Honolulu pilot on November 1, at 8.29 p.m.; received Auckland pilot on November 15, at 3.10 p.m.; discharged Auckland pilot on November 16, at 5.54 a.m.; received Sydney pilot on November 20, at 9.5 a.m. Had pleasant weather, light winds, and smooth sea during the entire passage.

The mails by the City of Sydney consisted of 108 bags, exclusive of 31 sealed mails for other colonies, particulars of which are as follow:—Honolulu, 268 letters, 136 newspapers; San Francisco, 4287 letters, 18,614 newspapers; United Kingdom, 7710 letters, 1684 books, 6334 newspapers; from New Zealand, 863 letters, 90 books, 845 newspapers. Total: 13,063 letters, 1724 books, 20,929 newspapers.

The three-masted schooner Rio, which has made two voyages to this port, has been sold by Messrs. D. H. M'Kenzie and Co., of Auckland, to Messrs. Dobell and Co., Napier, for £3000. She is for the future to be engaged in the coal trade between Newcastle and Napier.

The schooner Anne Theresa has been sold by Messrs. E. Davis and I. Israel to Mr. H. J. Beverley, timber merchant, for the sum of £1350.

The schooner Guiding Star has been sold by Mr. H. J. Beverley to Messrs. E. Davis and I. Israel for £640.

At the A. S. N. Company's works, Pyrmont, the steamship Cintra is receiving a considerable amount of attention at the hands of the company's workmen, with the view of her taking up the running in the Fiji trade in place of the Rockton, which on arrival is to be laid up for an overhaul. The vessel has been cleaned and painted throughout, her machinery carefully examined, and whatever repairs were necessary have been effected. The saloon has received special attention. It was always spacious and comfortable, but when the renovating, &c., now going on is completed, it will rank with those of any boat of her class. The Hesketh, which recently arrived from Bundaberg, is alongside the wharf receiving the necessary repairs, &c., to enable her to obtain her bi-annual certificate; and the Ranelagh is on the slip being cleaned and painted inside and out. In the boilermakers' department the employees are busily engaged in making two steel boilers for the Victoria, and there is in connection with this work a feature that is wanting in any establishment of the kind in the colonies. This is the employing of two duplex drilling-machines for making holes in the plates instead of punching them. The process of drilling is slower, and therefore somewhat more expensive than the other; but the loss in this way is more than compensated for by the Board of Trade granting a certificate that boilers fabricated in this way are 15 per cent stronger than those plates which have been punched. The steamer Collaroy, which has been on the slip, has had the bottom cleaned, but no repairs will be effected until after she is sold.

The London Missionary Society's barque John Williams was granted pratique yesterday morning, and came up to an anchorage in Woolloomooloo Bay. She is in ballast. The following passengers have come by her:—Mrs. Turpie, Mrs. Jones, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke and infant daughter, Miss Royle, Miss Creagh, Miss H. Jones and three shipwrecked French seamen, 1 native boy and 1 native girl in the steerage.

The Orient Company's R.M.S. Austral left Plymouth on the 14th instant with 654 passengers and full cargo for Australian ports; the R.M.S. Sorata left Suez on the 14th instant, outward; the R.M.S. Iberia arrived at Suez on the 13th instant, homeward.

During the week a number of vessels bound to Sydney have been reported off the coast, but owing to the head winds their progress has been necessarily slow. With the first change of wind to the southward quite a fleet should put in an appearance. Several have reported at the Otway and the Promontory, and been sighted off the coast by steamers. Yesterday the Taramung, which arrived at Newcastle from Melbourne, passed the ship Abergeldie, in company with another ship and barque, at 5 p.m. on Tuesday, 35 miles south-west, half-west, off Cape Everard, the wind at the time being moderate from the north-east. There are at present 21 vessels due, and the majority of these may be expected to reach the Heads at any moment. The following is a list of vessels now 76 days out and upwards, from London and other ports, bound to Sydney:—Brilliant, ship, 76 days from London; Assaye, barque, 76 days from Glasgow; British Ambassador, ship, 78 days from London; Moriaita, ship, 87 days from Liverpool; Cambrian Duchess, ship, 87 days from Fredrickstadt; Montrose, ship, 88 days from Sharpness; Gamen, barque, 89 days from Boston; Abergeldie, ship, 90 days from London; La Hogue, ship, 91 days from London; Alcinous, ship, 110 days from London; Eme, barque, 110 days from London; Seriol Wyn, barque, 107 days from London; Brage, barque, 109 days from Amsterdam; Harriet Campbell, barque, 105 days from Bordeaux; Mercur, barque, 113 days from St. Nazaire; Nellie M. Slade, barque, 111 days from New York; Deodota, barque, 113 days from Honfleur; Peter Godeffroy, barque, 115 days from Hamburg; Aethelberht, barque, 116 days from New York; Illawarra, ship, 118 days from London; and Western Belle, barque, 139 days from New York.

A considerable amount of animation pervades Mort's Dock and Engineering Company's works at the present time, especially in regard to the shipping. The Q. S. S. Company steamship Archer is in dock receiving her half-yearly overhaul, besides having repairs effected to the steam winches, rudder, &c. Mr. A. Kethel's steamer Brunswick is on the slip, also for an overhaul; and the Illawarra Steam Navigation Company's steamer Kiama, which is likewise on the slip, is practically being made a new ship. Sundry new plates have replaced those which were regarded as unsound; and she is to be supplied with new boilers, and with new flooring plates beneath the boilers; in fact, the whole of the vessel is being thoroughly well repaired, and when the work is completed she will be as good as ever she was. The N S.S. Co.'s steamer City of Brisbane has been alongside the works for some time, during which new engines and boilers have been fitted into her, the hull has been strengthened by new frames, new bilge plates, &c., and the decks have been renewed. The City, it is expected, will be ready in the course of a fortnight to take up her running in the Hunter River trade, in which she has always been a favourite. The Tasmanian Steam Navigation Company have by the expenditure of a large sum of money quite transformed besides enlarging the saloon accommodation of their steamship Flora, which will meet the requirements of the trade between here and Hobart for a long time to come. The vessel, which has in addition to this improvement, been cleaned and painted throughout, will shortly be sent on a trial trip. The C. and R. R. S. N. Company's steamer City of Grafton, and the H. R. N. S. N. Company's steamer Namoi are also at the works receiving the usual half-yearly overhaul. The steam tug that is being built for the Government is now in frame, and the work is proceeding steadily.

A large full-rigged ship passed Gabo Island, bound north, at 5.50 p.m. yesterday.

A large barque passed Kiama, bound north, at 2 p.m. yesterday.

The schooner Elsinore has been purchased by Captain J. Johnson, from Mr. A. J. Lacey, for £375.

The Orient Company's R.M.S. Orient was yesterday moved from the Quay to the buoy in Neutral Bay; the steamer Lapu was berthed at the Central Wharf; the ship Corolla, at Dalton's Wharf, and the schooner John Worster at Smith's Wharf.

The steamship Suez cleared at the Customs yesterday for London direct, with a cargo of wool (6550 bales), &c. She is to leave port early this morning.

The barque Glanperis, with part cargo of coal, for Tuticorin, via Newcastle, was towed to the latter port last night by the steamer Phoebe.

The E. and A. Company's steamships Guthrie and Menmuir left Port Darwin on Sunday last, the former for Sydney, via ports, and the latter for Hongkong.

The ketch Berean sailed for the River Leven last evening.

The steamer Helen Nicoll left Grafton at 5 a.m. on the 19th instant, crossed the bar at 9.30 p.m. same day, and entered the Heads at 5.30 p.m. same day. She experienced light S. and S.E. winds to Seal Rocks, and from there to port light N.E. winds, with smooth sea throughout. Cargo: 450 bags maize, 60 hides, 28 pigs, 7 coops poultry, 23 cases eggs, 420 bunches bananas, 8 hogsheads molasses, 2486 spokes, 80 bags potatoes, 7 calves, 20 cedar logs, 30 pine logs, 329 bags sugar, 300 pieces cedar, 4 casks tallow, and 67 packages sundries.

A large ship entered the Heads at about 12 o'clock last night, and anchored off the Sow and Pigs.

A ship was reported as being 12 miles S.E. of the port at 4.30 p.m. yesterday, but she had not entered up till midnight.

ACCIDENT TO THE UNION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP HERO.

About 10 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. F. W. Jackson, the manager of the Union Steamship Company, received a telegram from the master of the company's steamship Hero, from Nelson's Bay, stating that the main shaft of the vessel had broken, and requesting the assistance of a tug. Mr. Jackson at once telegraphed to Newcastle and the Messrs. Brown thereupon despatched their steamer Goolwa to take the Hero in tow. The Goolwa cleared Nobby's at about noon, and it is probable that she would pick her up at about 2 p.m., as the Hero was under sail, so that they will most likely reach Sydney early this morning. The Hero left Newcastle for Suva on Wednesday, and the mishap to her shaft occurred to the north of Nelson's Bay. Sail was immediately made, and on the vessel getting abreast of that port the telegram received by Mr. Jackson was sent, as already stated.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

BRISBANE.—Arrived: November 20, Currajong (s.) and Keilawarra (s.), from Rockhampton; Carisbrook (s.), from Hongkong, via ports; Warrego (s.) and Fitzroy (s.), from Cooktown; Cabors (s.), Maranoa (s.), and Burwah (s.), from Sydney. The Derwent (s.) and Egmont (s.), from Rockhampton, which left Maryborough for Sydney, arrived at Bundaberg this morning. The You Yangs (s.) arrived at Gladstone last night from Maryborough. The Tinonee (s.), from Brisbane for Mackay, left Rockhampton this morning. The Corea (s.), for Cooktown, and Wentworth (s.), for Sydney, left Townsville this morning. The Glanworth (s.), for Cooktown, left Townsville yesterday afternoon. The Fearless, schooner, left Townsville yesterday afternoon for Sydney.

BALLINA.—Departures: November 20, Coraki (s.) at 9 a.m., Lismore (s.) at 9.50 a.m., for Sydney; May Newton, schooner, for Melbourne.

CLARENCE HEADS.—Arrivals: November 20, Australian (s.) and Tomki (s.). Departure: November 20, Coorong (s.), for Sydney.

NEWCASTLE.—Arrivals: November 20, Karaweera (s.), Kembla (s.), Lady Bowen (s.), Barrabool (s.), Birksgate (s.), Tamar (s.), Dollar Bird, Jessie Renwick, Jessie Kelly, from Sydney; Brisbane, from Lyttelton; Taramung (s.), from Melbourne. Departures: November 20, Notero, for Auckland; Seatolier, for Port Pirie; Buninyong (s.), Kembla (s.), Lady Bowen (s.), Wendouree (s.), Duckenfield (s.), Garron, Marie, Mana, Santa Cruz, and Scotia, for Sydney.

GABO ISLAND.—Passed: November 20, Timor (s.), west, at 1.40 p.m.; Titus (s.), at 1.30 p.m.; R.M.S. Lusitania, at 5.5 p.m.; and Leura (s.), at 5.10 p.m., north.

ADELAIDE.—Arrival: November 20, Adelaide (s.), from Melbourne. Departures: Glenvillie, for Mauritius; Minnie, for Guam.

(FROM BOARD AT TELEGRAPH OFFICE.)

MACLEAY HEADS.—Arrival: November 20, Woodburn (s.) at 8.20 a.m., from Sydney.

PORT MACQUARIE.—Departures: November 20, Fernmount (s.), at 10.35 a.m.; Sea Nymph. Passed: November 20, Comerang (s.), at 11.50 a.m., north; Coorong (s.), at 7.25 a.m., south.

MANNING HEADS.—Departures: November 20, Murray (s.), at 11.20 a.m.; Alice Templeton, Jessie Sinclair, and Maggie Gollan.

SEAL ROCKS.—Passed: November 20, Helen Nicoll (s.), south, at 9.10 a.m.

PORT STEPHENS.—Departures: November 20, Guiding Star and Kingsley.

CAMDEN HAVEN.—Departure: November 20, Jonathan, for Sydney.

BRUNSWICK HEADS.—Arrival: November 20, White Cloud, from Sydney.

CAPE HAWKE.—Departures: November 20, Dewdrop and Alfred Fenning.

SHOALHAVEN.—Departure: November 20, Meeinderry (s.), for Sydney, at 11.50 a.m.

KIAMA.—Arrivals: November 20, Bortonius and Emu, from Sydney. Departure: November 20, Grace Dent, for Sydney. Passed: November 20, a large barque north, at 2 p.m.

GREEN CAPE.—Passed: November 20, Titus (s.), at 3 p.m.; Lusitania (s.), at 6.45 p.m.; Leura (s.), at 7 p.m., north.

GABO ISLAND.—Passed: November 20, a large full-rigged ship, north, at 5.50 p.m.

BATEMAN'S BAY.—Arrival: November 18, Bonnie Dundee, from Sydney.

MORUYA HEADS.—Arrival: November 20, Eliza, from Sydney.

WILSON'S PROMONTORY.—Inwards: November 20, a barque during the night; Konoowarra (s.), at 6 a.m.

HOBART.—Arrivals: November 20, Acacia, barque, from Newcastle; Southern Cross (s.), from Melbourne. Departure: November 20, Fairy Rock, brig, for Adelaide.

PORT DARWIN.—Arrival: November 16, Guthrie (s.), from Foochow. Departures: November 17, Menmuir (s.), at 8 a.m., for Hongkong; Guthrie (s.), for Sydney.

FOREIGN SHIPPING.

(PER MERCHANT SHIPPING AND UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 19.

Arrivals.—From Port Chalmers: Lyttelton, ship, sailed June 5, via Picton August 12. Port Pirie: Glenavon, brig, sailed July 29; Northern Monarch, ship, sailed July 1.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING.

In the Stock and Share market to-day very little business was done. Band and Albion gold were rather dearer. Australasian Steam, Gaslight (new issue), and Nymagee Copper somewhat lower, others being without change. The following sales were reported:—Bank of New Zealand (Sydney register), 22¾; Gas (new shares), 5¾; Great Cobar Copper, 50s., 49s. 6d., 49s. Nymagee Copper, 33s. 6d., 33s.; Band and Albion Gold, 87s.; Wallsend Coal, 37. Closing quotations were:—

BANKS.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Joint Stock	16⅞	17¼	New S. Wales	57⅞	58½
City	15½	16	N. Z., Syd. reg.	22¼	22⅞
Commercial	110	112	Ditto, N. Z. reg.	21¾	22⅞
Federal	40/	40/9	Queensland Ntl.	8¾	9
Mercantile	5⅞	5½	Union	65	66½

STEAM.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Australasian	12½	13¼	Illawarra	7½	—
Balmain Ferry	19/	21/	Newcastle	18/6	19/3
C. and R. R.	—	7¾	N. Shore Ferry	39/	—
Ditto, preferent.	—	14	Port Jackson	56/	58/6
Hunter River	10¼	11¼			

INSURANCE.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
General	94/	97/	New Zealand	74/	78/
Austrln. Mutual	17/	18/6	Pacific	—	42/
City Mutual	1/3	1/6	Sydney Marine	—	38/
Mercan. Mutual	2/4	2/6	United	—	57/

MINES.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Burwood Coal, 20s. paid	14/	20/	Stockton	23/6	24/
Ditto, 5s. pd.	—	6/	Ditto, 12s paid	15/	—
Bulli	10¼	11	Great Cobar	49/	49/6
Vale of Clwydd	22/9	23/6	Nymagee	33/	33/6
Wallerawang	—	17/	New Mnt. Hope	44/	48/
Wallsend	37	37½	Brickwood	2/3	3/
Waratah	10½	11	Wesley	4/	5/3
			Band and Albion	86/	89/

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

N.S.W. Funded	100	—	Debentures due 1901-2	—	—

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Australian Gas	13	13¼	Perkins'	22/9	23/9
Ditto, new 40/ pd.	—	5¼	Saywell's	15/6	15/9
C'tlem'ne Brew'y	21/6	23	Shale and Oil	13/	13/6
City Carrying	—	—	Exchange	—	—
C. B. and In.	66/	69/	Syd. Freehold	30/	31/6
Hudson Bros.'	11/	11/6	Vol. Land Order	—	—
Mont de Piete	10/6	21/	Metrop. B. Socty.	5¾	—

This morning the Queensland National Bank received 7900oz. of gold, valued at £29,900, from the Gympie goldfield.

In the Import markets to-day, the course of business was not enlivened by much of special interest. The demand for flour was for immediate requirements only, and quotations are without change. The deliveries by rail from the country this week amounted to 166 tons. From the southern colonies the shipments have been in excess of market requirements. The tea trade has assumed a quiet tone since yesterday's sale; and for a time the demand is likely to be less active, especially for the lower grades. Holders of good medium grades show no disposition to make concessions with a view to force business. A few trade lines of good tea were quitted to-day; of good boxes the market is rather bare. The sugar market still exhibits a downward tendency; sales of good Indian and Queensland white are making at about £27 to £27 10s. Imported candles are moving at 8½d. to 8¾d.; paraffines continued heavily stocked, 8¼d. being full price. In brewers' goods, Tasmanian hops were offered at 1s. 2d. In liquors we note a demand for bulk beer of the new brew; sales of M'Ewan's for forward shipment being mentioned. Sales of Boar's Head stout were made at 9s. 6d. and 6s. 6d., for quarts and pints respectively. Hennessy's three-star brandy is firmly held for 46s. 6d. Hennessy's bulk, in quarters, is moving at 16s. 6d., and in hogsheads at 16s. There was no marked movement in other lines of spirits. In metals we have to note business in galvanised iron at about late rates; a line of Morewood's changed hands at £21. Sheet lead barely maintains the figures last quoted, business having been done at £14 15s. In drugs we do not hear of anything of special moment. Cement is rather stronger in value; a cablegram received to-day reports shipments as light, which will be satisfactory to holders after the rather large shipments advised in Stables, Straker and Co.'s last circular. It is also said by agents that there has been some curtailment in the shipments of German cement.

At Messrs. Hill, Clark, and Co.'s wool sale to-day there was a very large attendance of buyers. Eager competition took place for all lines offered. Greasy fleece realised up to 10½d.; washed fleece, 15d.; scoured skin, 18d. The following were the most prominent lines sold:—Coronga Downs, 40 bales greasy at 10d., 44 second class at 9d., 15 pieces at 7½d., bellies at 6½d.; BB over NUB, 50 at 9¾d., bellies at 5½d.; AG over NSW, 63 wethers at 10½d., bellies at 6d.; AFG, 56 at 9d., bellies at 5d.; Illunta, 43 at 10d.; Boxtree at 10½d. Scoured: FH at 18d., pieces at 16½d., bellies at 16½d., locks at 11½d.; JJR, at 17d.; AJ at 15½d.; IL at 16¾d. Sheepskins ruled firm, and a catalogue was cleared at from 2½d. for short up to 6¾d. per lb. for full-woolled and free.

We have received through the New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company the following telegram with reference to the November wool sales, dated London, November 18:—"Wool market unchanged. Competition both by home and foreign buyers is active. Up to date 45,000 bales have been sold."

The requisite number of names having been obtained to warrant the formation of the proposed new Mercantile Protection Society, Messrs. W. M'Millan, M. Gotthelf, A. S. D. Harston, and John Liggins were to-day appointed a sub-committee to draw up rules for presentation to a general meeting of members, to be held in a fortnight's time. Mr. F. M. Hall, the secretary of the New South Wales Trade Protection Society, whose material is being taken over, has been appointed secretary to the new society.

The City of Sydney arrived this morning from San Francisco, bringing the English and American mails, and a general cargo. Her San Francisco advices are to the 25th October. The San Louis was loading lumber for Sydney; the North Star was to take lumber for either Sydney or Melbourne; the Lady Dampson sailed on the 6th for Sydney, and the D. C. Murray was loading for Sydney, both with general cargoes, including salmon; the California and Remejio were loading lumber for Melbourne. From the San Francisco *Daily Commercial News* of the 25th October we extract the following:—

"After a period of moderate activity in freights during which rates were well maintained, a gradual weakening of prices commenced, and the market at the close, weighted down by free arrivals, suddenly collapsed. Based upon last rates iron cannot be quoted over £1 17s. 6d. U.K., and the nominal rate for hardwood is £1 10s. for Liverpool direct. Soft wood is seeking business, but just how low such tonnage is willing to go, at present writing is problematical. Wheat has been in moderate demand at fluctuating prices rising from 1·20 dollars per cental, the quotation at date of last review, to 1·28¾ dollars per cental, and gradually retiring to 1·23¾ to 1·25 dollars, its present value. Of late an improvement has been reported in the Eastern hop market which has enabled dealers here to realise on their holdings, and comparatively speaking, free sales have been made at 14 to 17¼ cents per lb., as to quality, although the market is not active, growers having entered the season with hopes of realising extreme prices, and are loth to abandon their pleasing dreams of 30 cents and upwards. The lumber trade is stagnant, and schedule rates are not adhered to by dealers, who are willing to meet purchasers on their own terms. Cargo prices for redwood lumber are as follows:—Rough, 14 dollars; rustic, 26 to 29 dollars; surfaced and rough clear, 1 x 10 and upward, 28 dollars; T. and G., 1 x 4, 28 dollars; ditto, 1 x 6, 26 dollars; ditto and beaded, 28 dollars per 1000 feet. Pickets—rough, 8 dollars; ditto, pointed, 10 dollars; ditto fancy ditto, 18 dollars per 1000. Cargo prices for pine and fir are as follows:—Rough, 15 dollars; dressed T. and G. flooring, 1 x 6, 23 dollars; ditto narrow, 25 dollars; stepping, 27 dollars. Spruce—Rough, 14 dollars; clear, 21 dollars; dressed, 25 dollars. Cedar—Rough, 32·50 dollars per 1000 feet. Pickets, 13 dollars; laths, 1 to 1½ inches, 2·75 dollars; ditto, 1½ inches, 3·25 dollars per 1000. The trade in canned salmon, though by no means in a prosperous condition, has improved since last report, as the heavy supplies then oppressing the market have in a measure been removed. Columbia River fish is quotable at 1 dollar to 1·05 dollars; on river—San Francisco delivery, 1 dollar to 1·10 dollars; fancy brands higher; Alaska, 1·10 dollars to 1·15 dollars. Jobbing rates for salt salmon are—barrels, 4·50 dollars to 7 dollars, as to quality; half-barrels, 3 50 dollars to 4·50 dollars; salmon bellies, 6 dollars to 9 dollars per barrel. The following report of the coal market is furnished by J. W. Harrison, broker:—'Since the sailing of the last Australian steamer the arrivals from Sydney and Newcastle have been: Copley (via Wilmington), 900 tons; Thomas Stephens, 1387 tons; Annie Johnson, 1585 tons; Paumure, 2050 tons; Melanesia (via Wilmington), 650 tons; Blengfell, 1587 tons; Famenoth, 1294 tons; Hornby Castle, 2160 tons; Drumeltan, 2836 tons; Loch Ryan, 1553 tons; Loch Torridon, 2960 tons; Beecroft, 2438; Isle of Bute, 1300 tons. Total: 22,707 tons. The free arrivals of Australian, combined with the copious imports of our coast coals, have tended to soften prices of all grades, especially of cargoes on the spot and nearly due, as wharf and yard room is being taxed to its fullest extent—in some cases to such an extent as to cause some holders to sell at a loss, having more on hand than they could conveniently handle. Small offerings are on the market for loading, and business is at a perfect standstill. Buyers' and sellers' views are too far apart. Buyers are timid, as the quantity listed to arrive from Newcastle and Sydney this year aggregates over 50,000 tons, which, with the stock here, is ample for our requirements. Spot quotations are about 7 dollars for Wallsend and Greta, and 7·12½ dollars to 7·25 dollars for early loading. Bulli and Coal Cliff *en route* and loading, 6·75 dollars per ton. Sydney block tin, 19 cents. Quicksilver.—Quotable at 39 1-5 cents per lb.; 30 dollars per bottle net.'"

The receipts on the Suez Canal in September amounted to 4,610,000f. against 4,794,502f. in the same month last year. The total earnings from shipping from the 1st September were 49,241,111f. in 1884, and 51,823,932f. in 1883. The company announces a further reduction of 50 centimes per ton in the shipping tolls from the 1st January next. This, says the *Economist*, is the first application of the arrangement with the English shipowners, as the tolls had already been reduced to the minimum of 10f. per ton.

The steamer Suez cleared at the Customs to-day for London, with 6550 bales wool, 1 bale mohair, 33 bales kangaroo skins, 45 bales leather, 4 casks bonanzas.

The following is a return of produce received at Darling Harbour Station, per rail, for the week ended November 20:—

Wheat, 12cwt.; flour, 165 tons 16cwt.; maize, 8 tons 14cwt.; meal, 12cwt.; potatoes, 3 tons 18cwt.; bran, 36 tons 9cwt.; pollard, 21 tons 9cwt.; 95 trucks hay, 51 trucks straw, 25 trucks chaff, 14,743 bales wool, 231 bales sheepskins, 392 kegs butter, 287 cases butter, 16 cases cheese, 17 bags bacon, 50 sides bacon, 301 cases eggs.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits, £1440 16s. 6d.; wine (still), £35; wine (sparkling), £154 17s. 6d.; ale, porter, and beer (in wood), £97 18s. 6d.; ale, porter, and beer (in bottles), £172 8s. 6d.; tobacco and snuff, £36 15s.; tobacco (unmanufactured), £105; tobacco (unmanufactured), for manufacturing purposes only, £219 17s.; cigars, £100 12s. 3d.; cigarettes, £18 15s.; tea, £1461 12s. 9d.; coffee, £67 10s. 3d.; chicory, £28; sugar (unrefined), £430 8s. 3d.; opium, £47; rice, £47 13s. 6d.; dried fruits, £348 15s 6d.; nuts, £4 17s. 11d.; malt, £33 0s. 1d.; hops, £24 14s. 6d.; specific duty, £1079 13s. 11d.; harbour and light rates, 13s.; pilotage (Sydney), £23 8s. 4d.; harbour dues, £6; excise on tobacco, £200; fisheries royalty, £5 8s.; total, £6190 16s. 3d.

FAT STOCK MARKET.

At the Homebush fat stock sales to-day 831 head of cattle were yarded, of which 216 were from Queensland. Biddings were fairly animated, and the market was firm. The best lot of bullocks averaged £11 8s. 6d.; medium, £9 4s. 8d.; and inferior, from £6 per head. Cows at proportionate rates. 16,575 sheep were penned. The market was dull, and prices scarcely equal to those ruling on Monday. The best lot of merino wethers sold at 8s. 4d. to 9s. 1d. per head; others, from 6s. per head. Ewes realised 3s. 8d. to 7s. per head. At the City Yards there was a small supply of fat calves offered, which sold at 6s. 6d. to 68s. per head; and also a good supply of fat lambs, which realised 6s. to 8s. 6d. per head. Fat pigs, at 11s. to £5 6s. per head. The following sales were reported:—By Messrs. Pitt, Son, and Badgery.—15 bullocks (J. Newman) at £11 8s. 6d., 70 ditto (J. and W. Christian) at £11 6s. 6d., 216 ditto (W. Pattison) at £8 3s., 10 mixed (J. E. Warby) at £6 14s., 1891 wethers (southern agents) at 7s. 11d. to 8s. 2d., 321 ditto (J. E. Warby) at 7s. 4d. to 7s. 7d., 11 ewes (J. E. Warby) at 6s., 107 lambs (J. E. Warby) at 8s. to 8s. 3d., 200 ewes (T. Beveridge) at 6s. 1d., 20 culls (T. Beveridge) at 5s. 2d. By Messrs. Wilkinson, Graves, and Lavender.—Fat Sheep: 1100 merino ewes for Hon. E. Flood, 1400 merino wethers for John Clark, 1440 merino wethers for executors of late J. Peters, at from 8s. 4d. to 9s. 1d., and 1100 merino wethers for Messrs. J. and J. Rudd, at from 8s. 1d. to 8s. 5d. By Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin, Limited.—49 bullocks (R. Rouse), by rail, £8 8s. 8d.; also, 324 lambs, by rail, 6s. 4d. to 7s. 6d.; 1020 wethers (B. M. Osborne), by rail, 6s. 8d. to 6s. 10d.; 305 ewes (E. Jones), by rail, 7s.; 48 crossbred ewes (E. Jones), by rail, 9s. 6d.; 270 lambs (E. Jones), by rail, 5s. to 5s. 6d.; 150 mixed (E. Jones), by rail, 5s. 2d. to 5s. 9d.; 59 lambs (J. Dalgleish), by rail, 6s. 6d. to 6s. 10d.; 170 ewes (J. Dalgleish), by rail, 7s.; 312 ewes (N. Roach), by rail, 5s. 1d.; 120 lambs (N. Roach), by rail, 4s. 1d. By Messrs. Hill, Clark, and Co.—199 cows for Messrs. S. and W. J. Kennedy, at £6 9s. 6d.; 9 bullocks for W. Smith, at £9 4s. 8d.; 1469 wethers for A. Loughnan, at 7s. 8d. to 8s. 3d.; 1240 ewes for T. M'Keogh, at 7s. to 7s. 1d.; 80 crossbreds for E. B. Woodhouse; 120 lambs (shorn) for R. Webb, at 7s. 4d. By Messrs. Brunker and Wolfe.—For Mr. C. Keys, 25 bullocks, from £5 to £8 10s., average £6 8s.; 35 cows, from £4 17s. to £7 19s., average £6 4s.; for Messrs. Fletcher and Lorrimer, 100 bullocks, from £5 16s. to £8, average £6 14s. 6d. By Messrs. T. Sullivan and Son.—On account of Mr. James Tyson, 1876 shorn wethers at 8s. per head. By Messrs. Griffiths and Weaver.—On account of Mr. P. Durack, 86 bullocks at £7 1s., 17 cows at £5 7s. 7d. By Messrs. Joseph Leeds and Co.—28 shorn wethers (D. Broadhead) at 8s. 9d., 57 at 7s. 3d. to 7s. 4d., ewes at 6s. 5d.; J. Roelder, wethers, in wool, at 11s. 8d., shorn at 8s. 4d. By Messrs. William Inglis and Son.—Fat Cattle: 25 fat cows (Sydney yards), £5 3s. to £8 13s. Milch Cows: 31, from £4 5s. to £11. Dry Cows: 12, from £2 2s. to £3 14s. Calves: 33 (Dangar and M'Donald Brothers), 11s. to 60s.; 20 (Boardman), 9s. to 54s.; 15 (Bolger), 16s. to 28s.; 5 (Pearce), 24s. to 44s.; 15 (Curl), 20s. 6d. to 56s.; 7 (Farrell), 12s. to 68s.; and 39, others, 6s. 6d. to 41s. Pigs: 149 (Clarence Town), 13s. 6d. to 43s.; 90 (Bega), 19s. to £5 6s.; 35 (Moss Vale), 20s. to 72s.; 51 (suburban) lots), 15s. 6d. to 69s.; 16 (Parramatta), 53s. to 104s.; 35 store pigs, 11s. to 23s. By Messrs. Ellis and Co.—Milch cows, 25 from £3 to £11 5s.; fat cows, 15 from £5 to £8 8s.; fat calves, 40 (Watts) from 28s. to 60s., 65 (various) at 15s. to 58s.; fat pigs, 50 (Richards) from 25s. to 68s., 70 (Welsh) from 25s. to 74s., 106 (various) from 25s. to 87s., 57 stores from 16s. to 24s.; fat lambs, 100 (Wheeler) at 7s. to 8s., 200 (Watts) at 7s. to 8s. 6d.; fat sheep, 300 (Watts) from 10s. 11d. to 11s. 3d.

STOCK SALES.

Wilkinson, Graves, and Lavender report having this week sold, through the Homebush yards, 300 merino ewes, for D. Hannah, Esq., Cowabee; 1500 merino wethers, Messrs. D. and D. S. Robertson, Goree; 1210 merino ewes, for Messrs. H. and C. Douglas, North Yanko; 800 mixed sheep, for Wm. Jackson, Esq.; 110 merino ewes, for E. English, Esq.; 400 ewes and wethers, for R. M'Donald, Esq.; 1890 merino wethers, for Messrs. Thos. Brown and Co., Tuppall, at from 9s. 8d. to 9s. 11d.; 770 merino wethers from Hon. F. Ormond, Kirndeen, at from 9s. 5d. to 9s. 10d., these being by far the highest prices obtained on Monday; 1103 merino ewes for Hon. E. Flood, Lake Midgeon; 1415 merino wethers, for Messrs. M'Lean and Clark, Kerarbury; 1443 merino wethers, for executors late John Peter, Dubbo, at from 8s. 4d. to 9s. 1d.; and 1107 merino wethers, for Messrs. J. and J. Rudd, Colombo, at from 8s. 1d. to 8s. 5d., those being the highest prices obtained to-day. Total sales by us through Homebush this week, 12,000. Also, 323 for Wm. Jackson, Esq., and 74 for R. M'Donald, Esq.—[ADVT.]

Pitt, Son, and Badgery report having sold at Homebush, this week, 543 cattle and 8270 sheep, as follows:—70 bullocks, for Messrs. J. and W. Christian, at £11 8s. 6d.; 15 ditto for J. Newman, Esq., at £11 8s. 6d.; 70 ditto (Messrs. J. and W. Christian), at £11 6s. 6d.; 46 ditto (G. O'Connor, Esq.), at £9 14s. 2d.; all of which were considerably the highest prices of the week; 216 ditto (W. Patison, Esq.), ex s.s. Barrabool, from Gladstone, at £8 3s.; 53 bullocks (H. Geary, Esq.) at £7 9s. 6d.; 33 cows, ditto, at £6 10s.; 30 bullocks (J. Chambers, Esq.), at £6 17s.; and 10 mixed, for J. E. Warby, Esq., at £6 14s.; 1940 wethers, for Southern agents, at 8s. 2d.; 1564 ditto (C. F. Frauenfelder, Esq.), at £7 10s.; 512 ewes, ditto, at 8s. 4d.; 1891 wethers (Southern agents), at 7s. 11d. to 8s. 2d.; 338 ditto (A. Haylock, Esq.), at 6s. 7d.; 275 ewes, ditto, 5s.; 321 wethers (J. E. Warby, Esq.), at 7s. 4d. to 7s. 7d., 11 ewes at 6s., 107 lambs, ditto, at 8s. to 8s. 3d.; 1095 ewes (Hon. E. Flood), at 4s. 3d. to 4s. 5d.; 200 ewes (J. Beveridge, Esq.), at 6s. 1d., and 20 culls at 5s. 2d. They wish to draw special attention to the sale of the Krawarree Estate, as advertised by them, to take place at the Exchange on Wednesday, December 10, at 2.30 p.m.—Sydney, November 20.—[ADVT.]

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

The wheat market to-day was depressed, the quotations being 3s. 5d. to 3s. 6d., nominally, at Port Adelaide. Flour was also quiet at £7 15s. to £8 for ordinary and £8 10s. to £8 12s. 6d. for leading brands.

THE MAILS.

Mails will be made up at the General Post Office for the under-mentioned places as follows:—

THIS DAY.

MELBOURNE, overland ... 4 & 7 p.m.
ADELAIDE, overland, via Melbourne ... 3.30 p.m.
HOBART AND LAUNCESTON, overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer ... 7 p.m.
ULLADULLA AND CLYDE, by the Bega (s.) ... 9 a.m.
BRISBANE AND NORTHERN PORTS, by the Governor Blackall (s.) ... 11 a.m.

SATURDAY.

MERIMBULA AND EDEN, by the Kameruka (s.) ... 11 a.m.
BRISBANE AND NORTHERN PORTS, by the Katoomba (s.) ... 11 a.m.
Ditto, by the Leura (s.) ... Noon.
RICHMOND RIVER, by the Lismore (s.) ... 1 p.m.
MACLEAY RIVER, by the Queen of the South (s.) ... 8 p.m.
GRAFTON, by the Helen Nicoll (s.) ... 8 p.m.

MONDAY.

WELLINGTON AND SOUTHERN PORTS OF NEW ZEALAND, overland to Melbourne, and thence per Te Anau ... 3.30 p.m.

DESPATCH OF MAILS FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Despatched by	Date.	Letters.	News-papers.	Late Letters.
Overland to Melbourne, and thence per Orient steamer Orient.	Thursday, November 27, 1884.	Registered, 4.30 p.m.; ordinary, 6 p.m.; 6d. the ½oz.	4.30 p.m. 1d. each.	6.30 p.m. Extra fee, 6d.

For rates to places other than the United Kingdom see "Postal Guide."

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Pianos, Pier and Chimney Glasses, Overmantels, &c.
T. PHILLIPS.—On the ground, George-street, at 11, Timber Fittings, Corrugated Iron, &c.
FRASER AND CO.—At the City Mart, at 10.30, Earthenware, China, Glass, Jam Jars, &c.; at Howard Smith's Wharf, at 11, Deals, Sails, Rope, Blocks, &c.
R. J. HUGHES AND CO.—At Figtree Wharf, Lane Cove River, at 11, Furniture and Effects.
HARDIE AND ROBB.—At Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, at 11.30, Furniture, Engravings, Bronze Figures, &c.
G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, &c.
T. COSGROVE AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 12, Horses, &c.
W. INGLIS AND CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, &c.
BROWN BROTHERS AND CO.—At their Bazaar, at 11 and 11.30, Horses, &c.
R. GOLDSBROUGH AND CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 11, Sheepskins; at the Exchange, at 3, Wool.
H. L. DUNN AND SON.—At 344, Cleveland-street, at 10, Furniture, Glassware, Cutlery, Electroplate, &c.; at their Rooms, at 10 and 2, Unredeemed Pledges.
HARRIS AND ACKMAN.—At their Mart, at 11, Limoges, Enamels, Dresdenware, China, Cutlery, Electro Silverware, &c.
A. ALLAN.—At the Liverpool Arms, Pitt and King streets, at 11, Building Materials, Beer-engines, Chandeliers, Piping, &c.
W. CRANE.—On the premises, Stirling Cottage, Burwood, at 11, Furniture and Effects; at 313, George-street, at 3, Office Furniture, &c.
RICHARDSON AND WRENCH.—At their Rooms, at 11.30, Houses and Land.
MORT AND CO.—At their Stores, at 9, Skins, &c.; at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.
G. WELLS.—At the Hunter River Company's Wharf, at 11, Hay, &c.; at the Corporation Yards, at 2.30, Pigs, &c.
RICHARDSON AND NIXON.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at 9, Hay, &c.
W. INGLIS AND SON.—At their Yards, at 12, Calves, &c.; at 2, Dairy Produce.
ELLIS AND CO.—At their Yards, at 1, Calves, &c.; at 1.45, Poultry, &c.; at 4, Tallow, &c.
HILL, CLARK, AND CO.—At their Stores, at 9.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.; at 3, Skins.
S. FROCTER.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at 9, Hay, &c.; at his Mart, at 12.30, Pigs, &c.; at 3, Dairy Produce.
BRUNKER AND WOLFE.—At their Stores, at 9.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.; at N. S. S. Company's Wharf, at 11, Hay, &c.; at the Corporation Yards, at 2.30, Pigs, &c.
HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At their Stores, at 9.30, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.
F. L. BARKER.—At his Stores, at 9.30, Hides, Curriers' Knives, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.
T. GREENHALGH AND CO.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at 9, Hay, &c.; at Royal Oak Yards, at 1.30, Dairy Produce.
J. EVANS AND CO.—At Darling Harbour, at 12, Beef, Mutton, &c.
J. BRIDGE.—At his Stores, at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.; at the Corporation Yards, at 2.30, Pigs, Calves, &c.
BUER AND CO.—At 33, Queen-street, Woollahra, at 11, Horse, Cart, Harness, Lease, Goodwill, &c.
R. R. BLIGH.—At 124, Pitt-street, at 11, Furniture, Groceries, &c.; at 2, Fittings, Counters, Office Furniture, &c.

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FIFTY-TWO PAGES.
PRICE SIXPENCE.

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The Ball on Board the Brust
Sketches at the Dance, Botany.
BY OUR SPECIAL ARTIST.
SEE THIS WEEK'S SYDNEY MAIL.

OUR STUDMASTERS.
MR. FREDERICK CHISHOLM, BULLS' RUN.
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LITERATURE.
REVIEW: The Marcus Clarke Memorial Volume
LITERARY NOTES—Classical and Modern Education—Bush Graves—In New Guinea—Science Notes—Leaves from a Layman's Notebook—Le Duce, Caesar.
SEE THIS WEEK'S SYDNEY MAIL.

AGRICULTURAL AND PASTORAL.
The Metropolitan Agricultural Society—Farms and Farming—Royal Commission on the Conservation of Water—Sheep-breeding in the Corowa District—Bovine Disease on the South Coast, &c., &c., &c.
SEE THIS WEEK'S SYDNEY MAIL.

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The
SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED SUPPLEMENT
to
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Designed and Worked in Colours,
for
THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

Special Advertisements

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GEORGE'S RIVER, ILLAWARRA LINE.
FIVE-ACRE BLOCKS. 99 years' lease.
At the Rooms, MONDAY, 1st DECEMBER.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SYLVANIA AND SUTHERLAND,
George's River, Illawarra Line.
1000 ACRES.
If you don't quite understand how much more easily money can be made out of Leasehold than out of Freehold, get a friend to explain it.
It is sovereigns compared to shillings.
The difference between the rent and interest on the freehold value during the lease will buy the freehold ten times over.
Sale at the Rooms 1st December.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

BONNYRIGG PARK.
TO-MORROW.
3-ACRE BLOCKS
5-ACRE BLOCKS
8-ACRE BLOCKS,
on
EASY TERMS.
WATKIN and WATKIN
sell
BONNYRIGG PARK,
The HOMESTEAD, with 30 acres
The FARM, with 15 acres,
TO-MORROW.
WATKIN and WATKIN, in conjunction with JNO. TAYLOR
SELL
SPECIAL TRAIN at 1.10 p.m., TO-MORROW.
TICKETS on APPLICATION.
SPECIAL OMNIBUSES from CABRAMATTA, the finest teams of the Sydney Omnibus Company having been engaged.
Tickets on application.
WATKIN and WATKIN,
281, Pitt-street.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, AT ELEVEN.
BLAYNEY WEST (The JUNCTION ESTATE).
Auction on the Ground as above.
One-fourth cash, balance pro. notes, 4, 8, 12, 16 months.
Actual buyers allowed return fares 50 miles; over 50 and up to 200 miles, the amount of fare one way.
314 LOTS—Business, Factory, and Villa Sites.
R. H. PALMER, Auctioneer.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
On and after MONDAY, the 24th instant, the business of this Society will be transacted in their NEW OFFICES, at the corner of King and Pitt streets.
WALTER CHURCH,
Manager.
Sydney, 17th November, 1884.

THE EQUITABLE FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF N.Z.
CAPITAL, £1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE, DUNEDIN.
The Business of the New South Wales Branch of the above Company will be transacted at their Temporary Office, No. 11, Bridge-street, where all communications are requested to be addressed to
R. A. WARREN,
Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF AUSTRALASIA
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1835).
Paid up capital ... £1,600,000.
Guarantee and Reserve Funds ... 738,000.
RECEIVING OFFICES of the Newtown Branch have been established at HURSTVILLE and KOGARAH, and will be open for business as under:—
Hurstville, Monday and Friday, from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Kogarah, Tuesday, from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., and on Saturday from 10 a.m. to 12 noon.
E. S. PARKES,
Superintendent.

THE CITY BANK.
NOTICE is hereby given that a BRANCH of this Bank, for the transaction of all ordinary Banking business, will be OPENED in ARMIDALE, under the management of J. A. Antill, Esquire, on TUESDAY, the 28th instant.
WILL. NEILL,
Manager.
Sydney, 24th October, 1884.

MERCANTILE MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., LD., Fire and Guarantee. 131, Pitt-street. Kelso King, sec.

GOODLET AND SMITH, PLATE GLASS, TIMBER, and Galvanised Iron Merchants, 498, George-street.

HARDY BROTHERS, WATCHMAKERS AND Jewellers, 13, Hunter-street. 19, Charterhouse-st., London

BRINSMEAD and CO.'S Pianoforte SHOW-ROOMS, Corner of George and Bond streets.

CRAMPTON AND BRUCE, PIANO, ORGAN, and Music Warehouse, 197, Pitt-street.

L. MOSS AND CO., 5, HUNTER-STREET.—CLEARING-OUT SALE PIANOFORTES, Harmoniums, Organs, Military Instruments, and Music, at Wholesale Prices.

GRATUITOUS.—BEFORE SPENDING TIME and money in experiments on bodily troubles, GET A BOOK (free for the asking) of SIMS and PARKES, Medical Herbalists, 240, George-street North, Sydney.

HAVE YOU ANY BOYS?—H. L. SUMMERFIELD and CO., GREAT JUVENILE OUTFITTERS, 235 and 237, Pitt-street, Sydney. Special Pure Wool Eton Suits, all sizes, £2 2s., perfectly cut and beautifully trimmed. Good Bliss's Tweed School Suits, 000 to 6, 8s 11d and 10s 6d; Boys' and Youths' Trouser Suits, sizes 5 to 2, at 21s, 25s, 30s, 25s, equal to bespoke.

FRY'S COCOA EXTRACT. ALL GROCERS.
Fry's Cocoa Extract. All grocers.
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DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

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The best Remedy
For Acidity of the Stomach.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
For Heartburn and Indigestion. For sour Eructations and Bilious Affections. The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout, and Gravel.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
Safest and Most gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.
Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers.
Messrs. Elliott Brothers, Sydney.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
Bears the autograph signature of LEA and PERRINS on a red label. Sold wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; and Crosse and Blackwell, London.

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.
Of Grocers and Oilmen throughout the world.
To be obtained of Messrs. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., JOHN FRAZER and CO., and DAVID COHEN and CO., Sydney

THERE IS NO REMEDY SO CERTAIN IN ITS effect as JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT. The speedy relief it affords in cases of burns, sunburns, scalds, and wounds has become proverbial.

TO THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.
The Directors of the Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company, Limited, being about to erect their NEW PREMISES, in Pitt-street, opposite the GENERAL POST OFFICE, invite communications from parties requiring offices or storeroom.
Plans are now being prepared by Messrs. Mansfield Brothers, and arrangements can be made to suit tenants' requirements.
Apply
KELSO KING, Secretary,
131, Pitt-street.

GIBBS, BRIGHT, AND CO. HAVE ON SALE.

GOSTLING'S CEMENT	VICTORIAN JAMS
MOREWOOD'S G. C. IRON	ADELAIDE JAMS
JEFFREY'S ALE and STOUT	HILL and SMITH'S G. C. IRON, 24 and 26 Gauge
DRYBROUGH'S ALE	COLONIAL SUGAR
RECKITT'S SQUARE BLUE	TEA, HLF.-CHESTS and BXS.
BROWN'S CORN FLOUR	OILS, BOILED and RAW
VIVIAN'S YELLOW METAL	BANGOR SLATES
BRUNTON'S FUSE	CONDENSED MILK
HUNT'S PORT WINES	BELL'S HAMS and BACON
KENT HOPS	COLZA OIL
TASMANIAN HOPS	WHITE LEAD and PAINT
GAS TUBING	WHITING
LAGER BEER	WOOLPACKS, 11¼lb.
QUICKSILVER	
BAR AND SHEET IRON	

SUGARS.—Indian, in 56lb. Hessians; China, all qualities, in 50lb. mats; Colonial, all grades. GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., 93, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, A FIRST-CLASS DAIRY NEAR Sydney, in full working order; a bargain. Apply OXFORD MORTGAGE BANK, 123, Elizabeth-street, near Market-street.

THOMAS WEBB AND SONS
have a
CHOICE
SELECTION
of
CUT, ENGRAVED, and PLAIN
GLASSWARE
of
EVERY
DESCRIPTION.
They invite inspection.
269, GEORGE-STREET,
next but one to Mercantile Bank.

CURRANTS, NEW FRUIT, EX LUSITANIA and Mirzapore; Adelaide Jams, Craiglee. Flour—Sun brand, Cope Cope, Malcolm's Roller, Kimber's.
CRAMSIE, BOWDEN, and ARTHUR.

INSIST UPON HAVING WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.
See that you obtain Wolfe's Schnapps.

THE ILLUSTRATED SYDNEY NEWS for November. 34 first-class Engravings and a splendid Coloured Supplement—"The Kiss of the Wave." Annual subscription, 13s.

THE SHIPPING.—Arrivals, Departures, Mail Outwards, Commercial, &c., &c., THE ECHO,
AN EVENING JOURNAL,
One Penny.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Letters and communications intended for insertion in the news columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Attention is respectfully directed to the following rules:—
We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications.
Whatever is intended for insertion in this journal must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

BUSINESS.

It is requested that all communications respecting the business of this journal be addressed to JOHN FAIRFAX AND SONS only, so that any unnecessary delay may be avoided.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

We beg to inform our advertising friends that, to secure insertion and proper classification in Saturday's paper, it is necessary that their advertisements should reach this office not later than 9 o'clock on Friday night.

Advertisements for Monday's paper are received at this Office as late as 9 o'clock on Saturday night. With the exception of announcements of an important or urgent nature, advertisements brought to the Printing Department after that hour cannot be guaranteed insertion.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1884.

In the Legislative Assembly yesterday, a few questions were asked by members and answered by Ministers.

Leave was given to Mr. O'CONNOR to bring in a bill to further amend the Sydney Corporation Act of 1879.

Leave was given to Mr. BUCHANAN to bring in a bill to amend the law of divorce. The bill was brought in and read the first time.

Mr. BURNS moved for a return showing all costs and charges connected with the floating of the recent loan of £5,500,000. The motion was agreed to.

The House having resolved itself into Committee of Supply,

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON rose to address the committee. He had no wish to obstruct the Government in their desire to make this a short session. He had looked through these Estimates very carefully, and he was bound to say that they were satisfactory upon the whole. At the same time there were some objectionable items which the Government would do well to withdraw. He noticed that the Lands estimates were £41,257 in excess of those of last year, but the House had deliberately passed the Land Act, and, therefore, they were bound to vote the money necessary to carry it out. Coming now to the Estimates, he asked how they could put any confidence in the forecast of the Colonial Treasurer, when some time ago he came down there and said that increased taxation was necessary in order to carry on the business of the country. The House refused to grant that increased taxation, and yet the revenue was sufficient to carry on the business of the country. The statements put into the mouth of the Governor in the prorogation speech were many of them unjustifiable, and he condemned the speech of the Colonial Treasurer on the previous evening as unfair in the extreme. With regard to the recent loan, he contended that it had cost very much more than the Treasurer had stated.

Mr. BURNS also affirmed that the statement in the prorogation speech with regard to the recent loan, had been shown to be incorrect. He admitted that the loan had been obtained on advantageous terms, though not so much so as the Treasurer had said. He was glad to find that the Ways and Means showed the colony to be in a state of general prosperity. He was pleased to find that provision was made on the Estimates for a contribution from the colony of £5000 for the colony's proportion towards the cost of the New Guinea Protectorate. He now felt some regret that the House had last session declined to consider the Convention resolutions.

Mr. W. CLARKE thought the Government could be congratulated upon the very successful financial statement made on the previous evening. It seemed to him that the only question raised in this debate was whether the recent loan was a financial success. The comments in the press that in the loan each £100 only brought the colony £92, he believed were correct, and if the floating of the loan had taken place some ten days earlier it would have been 1 per cent. better for the colony.

Mr. GOULD criticised the financial statement of the Colonial Secretary at considerable length.

Mr. GARVAN said the financial statement was in some respects satisfactory. He noticed that the Government anticipated to receive a large amount extra next year from the sale of lands, and in view of that fact he was surprised that they should have agreed last session to borrow money for such works as they did. He denied that the sum of £400,000 would be saved to the colony by floating our loan at 3½ per cent. He admitted that it was wise to float the loan at 3½ per cent., but denied that there was any such gain in the matter as had been alleged. He believed that a 4 per cent. loan could have been floated at 104. By his calculations a 4 per cent. loan would have given a profit of over £24,000 over the result of the loan lately floated. He maintained that a large proportion of the proceeds of sales of land should be devoted to the construction of railways, and to the wiping out of our debt for railways. He then went on to comment on the railway accounts, which he contended were not kept in such a way as to show the exact state of affairs, as matters were charged to capital account which ought to be charged to working expenditure. It was the same with the tramways, which never paid anything like the profit which had been stated. The Commissioner for Railways had failed most egregiously in placing a proper statement of accounts before the House. If proper statements had been placed before them, the House would never have voted for many of those tram lines. He wanted to know what loss had been sustained through the stoppage of the works upon the Illawarra line.

Mr. ABIGAIL also thought the Government should give some explanation with regard to the stoppage of the works upon the Illawarra line, which had cost the colony some £38,000.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said if the hon. member for Eden believed in the charges he made against the Government, it was his duty to bring the matter forward on a vote of censure, in an open and manly way.

Mr. DIBBS said the hon. member had made a very gross charge against the Government, but he had not yet satisfied the House that the charges he had made against the Railway Department were correct. This was not the proper time to bring this matter forward, but he was confident that he could answer every statement the hon. member had made. He admitted that the tramways were not paying as much interest as they ought, but the reason was that the fares were too low, and the Government intended to revise the rates, and increase the fares upon certain sections. With regard to the Illawarra line, he would have inquires made, and would inform the House of the reasons why the changes had been made.

After some remarks from Messrs. S. SMITH and BURDEKIN, the resolution upon which the financial debate was founded was put and agreed to.

The Estimates were then taken into consideration. All the items under the head of Executive and Legislative were agreed to without amendment, as were also the estimates under the head of Colonial Secretary as far as the vote of £5877 for Agent-General for the colony, in which Mr. GARRARD moved the reduction of the sum by £877. After a long discussion, in which the immigration question was largely discussed, the reduction was negatived by 27 to 10. The estimate was then agreed to.

The next estimate put was "Immigration, £51,461."

Mr. MELVILLE moved the reduction of the item, "Immigration generally, £50,000," by the sum of £49,000.

After a long discussion, the reduction was negatived by 22 to 8.

Mr. FLETCHER moved the reduction of the item by £25,000, which was negatived.

The remaining estimates of the Colonial Secretary's department were agreed to.

The Chairman left the chair, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

The House adjourned at three minutes past 1 o'clock until 7 o'clock on the following day.

Now that the £5,000,000 loan is again before the public, we may examine the arrangement whereby the agency was put into the hands of the Bank of England, instead of being entrusted to the Bank of New South Wales, as in the case of previous loans. Is it possible to discover whether this change was a wise one, and whether in the future it should be

continued, or should give place to the prior arrangement?

The Bank of England is probably better known than any other mercantile company in the world, and Englishmen have just cause to be proud of it. The amount of its capital and other funds, the colossal character of its business, the skill and knowledge brought to bear on the management of its affairs, and the power it wields in the financial world,—all contribute to give it the important position it holds in the estimation of the public. Therefore, it is no wonder that the arrangement made by Mr. Dibbs that the late loan should be issued by the Bank of England was regarded with satisfaction in many quarters. The ground on which the Treasurer probably acted was that the Bank of England having wider, wealthier, and more influential connections, could secure better results than could be secured by the Bank of New South Wales, or, indeed, by any other bank. It was, doubtless, also thought that as we had to humour the people who were to lend—even their prejudices—we should gain by approaching them through the Bank of England, and this was not an unreasonable presumption. If Mr. Dibbs felt that this argument was conclusive, it, of course, became his duty to put aside colonial preferences and the remembrances of past services, and make the said arrangement.

But does the Bank of England possess the power, by the magic of its name, of increasing the value of first-class and well-known bonds? The Directors would themselves probably disclaim any such power. They certainly would not act for countries of doubtful position or disreputable financial character; but it appears to us that the securities of countries of sound position and honourable character must rise or fall in value according only to their intrinsic merits and the wants of the markets. *The Investors' Monthly Manual* gives a list of between two and three hundred loans issued by Governments which are quoted on the London market, and the dividends of which are payable in London. Of the whole number only 26 are payable at the Bank of England, and of these 17 are British and Indian loans, vast in their total amount undoubtedly, still only representing the official business which it may almost be said the bank was created to transact. Out of the remainder, one is the Turkish loan guaranteed by England and France during the Crimean war, and which consequently might fairly be reckoned with the British. This leaves only eight—six being New Zealand and two Australian; but with the six New Zealand the Crown agents are connected. When, therefore, we deduct (1) the business given by law to the bank, (2) the Turkish loan for the reason given, and (3) the New Zealand loan, because partly under other control, we find that out of the whole, two to three hundred loans, there only remains other two having dividends payable at the Bank of England. The real fact is that, apart from British and Indian Government loans, this class of business is done almost wholly by other banks. Belgium employs Messrs. Baring Brothers, Brazil employs Messrs. Rothschild, Canada employs Messrs. Baring Brothers and also Messrs. Glynn, Italy employs Messrs. Rothschild and Messrs. Hombro, Russia employs Messrs. Rothschild and others. The United States employ American bankers. The firm of Messrs. Baring Brothers are the agents for about thirty loans now current.

During the last quarter of a century banking business has grown so enormously in the United Kingdom that the Bank of England does not now occupy the overwhelming position it once did; indeed, it may be said to be led by, rather than to lead the money market. It has been estimated that the total deposits in the banks of the United Kingdom amount to £540,000,000, but of this prodigious sum the Bank of England holds only about one-seventeenth; it does, however, possess a larger share than this of the banking capital, yet we could name three banks whose united subscribed capital amounts to £34,000,000. With these facts before us, amidst all this plethora of capital, is any extraordinary or self-sacrificing arrangement called for? Does England lend more readily or more cheaply when the request for a loan comes through the Bank of England instead of through some other channel? An answer in the affirmative seems to involve the assertion that the credit of New South Wales will rise or fall, according to the credit of her agents, and does not depend wholly on New South Wales herself. It would also seem that if it is wise for this colony to employ the Bank of England, it must be foolish for Victoria and all the other colonies not to do so likewise.

It is, of course, difficult to prove or disprove by figures whether we have gained or lost by the new arrangement, the reduction in the rate of interest being a disturbing element; but reckoning the loan on a 4 per cent. basis, the Bank of England has barely reached the figures realised by the Bank of New South Wales for a previous loan, and that, too, notwithstanding the singularly favourable state of the market. If the former bank can command a higher figure than the latter bank, then it follows that had the loan been in the hands of the Bank of New South Wales, they would only have reached a figure comparatively inferior to that which they previously reached, showing, consequently, a falling-off in the credit of the colony, which it is hard to believe has taken place. The matter is one of considerable interest, and we should be glad to see a statement from the Treasury as to whether they have reason to believe their expectations have been justified; whether they think they have realised not only the amount of the extra charges, but something beyond this.

It is quite certain that the banking system of Australia has reached a development never hitherto attained, nor even approached, by so limited a population in any other part of the world, and the Government would not be sorry to find that there is no necessity to put our banks to one side, even in favour of so powerful an institution as the Bank of England.

We believe that the bank, having undertaken the inscription, bargained to have also the floating of the loans. The one transaction followed the other. But the point we wish to see elucidated is, whether there is any evidence that the change of agency has had any effect whatever on the public mind. So far as our experiment has gone, is there any proof that we should not have done as well if we had kept to our own bank? If there is none, then it would seem that we have assumed, without reason, a superior potency in the Bank of England, and have unnecessarily disparaged a colonial institution. Mr. Dibbs says that the Bank of England would advance on every loan placed in its hands. So would any other bank. The Oriental Bank advanced us £800,000 during the Overend and Gurney panic. This was, no doubt, Bank of England money; but the Bank would hardly advance more on the debentures alone than on the debentures plus the security of an intermediate bank.

Tasmania and Victoria are to try to arrange a reciprocity tariff, and the attempt, if successful, may be the beginning of larger operations of the same kind. It will at least have the advantage of breaking up the obstinate Protectionism of Victoria, and as that has for a long time past been a great intercolonial difficulty, some good must result. Reciprocity treaties, though they promote trade between neighbours, are not wholly to be admired. They are a combination of free trade and protection—good as far as they embody the former principle, bad as far as they embody the latter. The true policy of free trade is to have it with all the world on the same footing, and to make no favourites. Reciprocity treaties virtually establish small commercial alliances against the world. They are open, therefore, to be both praised and blamed. Like Rob Roy, they are "ower bad for blessing, and ower good for cursing."

Tasmania for a long time past has grumbled at having its agricultural produce excluded from Victoria, and it has been forced to find its market in free-trade New South Wales. It would gladly sell to Victoria its fruit, preserves, grain, vegetables, and timber, and the commerce would be a profitable one to both countries. But Victoria has its own producers in those lines to cocker up, and so it shuts Tasmanian produce out. If it is going to let that produce in, it must abandon, *pro tanto*, its protectionist policy, and it seems not improbable that Victoria's anxiety for Federation will gradually educate the people up to better views of free trade. It is often easier to begin on a small scale than to begin on a large one; and it will be a simpler business to make a reciprocity treaty with Tasmania than to make a common tariff for the whole of Australia. At the same time, to deal with only one colony practically means removing the protection from one set of interests only, and that will be to sacrifice them to the rest, at which there is sure to be grumbling. If Mr. Douglas and Mr. Service can come to an understanding, then the farmers, market-gardeners, and timber merchants of Victoria will be sacrificed as a peace-offering. If for the sake of intercolonial peace the tariff were reduced five or ten per cent. all round, then every protected interest would be treated alike, but there may be some difficulty in persuading one or two to be offered up for the good of the community.

The general question, it appears, was raised in connection with the Convention negotiations, but Mr. Service suggested that further discussion should be postponed till the Tariff Commission had reported; yet as a matter of fact that Commission does not seem to have advanced matters. Its report has not been adopted by the Government, or in any way acted upon, and, therefore, cannot form an official basis for negotiation. Moreover, though the inquiry by the Commission was very elaborate, and did credit to the industry and perseverance of Mr. Mirams, its report was wholly in favour of the protectionist system. It only proposed to ease off those duties that were not acting protectively, and which discouraged the importation of articles that could be as advantageously used in manufactures. A reciprocity treaty, however, would stand upon a totally different footing. It would get rid of protection altogether so far as regards a certain country and the articles it exports. To open the Victorian market to the agricultural produce of Tasmania would be almost as severe on the local producers as to abolish the duties altogether, because Tasmania can supply an indefinite quantity. If the Victorian grower is not to be protected against his Tasmanian rival, he might just as well remain unprotected against his New South Wales rival. To establish a policy of that kind is a totally different thing from what Mr. Mirams had in view.

But though the result of the Tariff Commission furnishes no basis for a forward movement intercolonially, there is a very definite reason why Mr. Service should be anxious to put in force the permission the mother country has granted us to make reciprocity treaties with one another, but which permission has until now remained a dead letter, and that is that it will help forward the Federal movement. When Mr. Dibbs was proposing the Federal resolutions in our Legislative Assembly he said he thought that they would prove to be a mere matter of form until a Federal tariff had been first agreed to; that there could, and would, be no political union till there had first been a fiscal union. Mr. Service may have some sympathy with that view, and may have good reason for thinking that to begin with a fiscal union with Tasmania will be to deal with the easiest part of the problem first, and one which may lead to successive steps till the whole is accomplished. If this is his policy it is a reasonable one, and then a reciprocity treaty with one colony as against the others may gradually expand into intercolonial free trade amongst all, and then the reciprocity element, which is merely a temporary phenomenon, may disappear. If intercolonial free trade were established on its own merits, then indeed a solid basis would be laid for Federation. But to do that, Victoria must abandon its protectionist policy, for the greater part of its exclusive legislation is levelled against its immediate neighbours. Anything that will educate the people in this way must be considered a good, and even if the process of discipline may have attached to it some objectionable features, the good will overbalance the evil. In human affairs we can have nothing perfect, and must be reasonably content if we can have a preponderance of good, and therefore if Mr. Service and Mr. Douglas propose jointly to teach the people of Victoria a thing or two about free trade across Bass's Straits, we may wish all success to their educational labours.

The criticisms to which Mr. Dibbs has had to submit about the floating of the last loan are all due to the foolish exaggeration with which the success of the loan was announced. If he had contented himself with saying that it was a good and satisfactory operation, nobody could have grumbled. Considering the largeness of the amount, it was satisfactory. But he must needs assert that he had done better than any of his predecessors, and this has of course provoked denial, and both assertion and denial are made when Parliament has not had put before it the exact figures. To make the discussion as close as it possibly can be, there should be laid before hon. members the terms of the advertisement, including concession of interest for the first year, the commission paid to brokers, and a statement as to whether it was larger than it ever was before, and the amount paid to the Bank for negotiating the loan. The calculations presented by Mr. Dibbs, making out a gain of £400,000, were purely delusive, because they only included part of the question. It may be quite true that during the 40 years there will be a saving of interest of a million sterling. But then he forgets that he has £550,000 less cash in hand than he would have had if he had sold at 104; and he forgets, too, that he ought to provide a sinking fund to meet, at the end of 40 years, the amount short-raised. If he works these figures out, he will find that instead of a gain he has made a loss. The colony may have gained something in the way of prestige; but if so, we have paid for it. It is impossible to show a financial gain at present; and if we had postponed lowering the interest till we could do it without loss, it might have been better. No doubt the Government has acted on good English advice, and we imply no reproach for its having tried the experiment. What we object to is the attempt to throw dust in the eyes of the people, and represent the result as being different from what it really is. We need not be ashamed of the truth.

Victoria made some effort upon Wednesday last to celebrate what has been named the Henty Jubilee, the fiftieth anniversary of the landing of Mr. Edward Henty at Portland Bay. The Governor, with Lady Loch, journeyed down, and were accompanied by the Duke of Manchester. The Victorian Navy lay in the offing; the friendly societies, the militia, and some 2000 State school children were mustered; altogether there were 5000 people present. Addresses were presented, and other addresses delivered, the people cheered, the gunboats fired, and at night Lady Loch held a reception in the illuminated township. Altogether a very considerable event was manufactured, and, it must be admitted, with very reasonable cause. A fiftieth birthday is a notable event in the career of a nation as of a man, and it was Portland's fiftieth birthday which Victoria celebrated. It is customary, of course, to date the age of the colony from the date of separation; but it is possible that, in view of the near approaching federation, Victoria has resolved to forget Separation Day, and to cast about for a new occasion of holiday-making and festival. If it be so, a very happy choice has been made. There was something really foundational about Mr. Henty's enterprise at Portland. It was practically the beginning of Victorian life; an independent, self-reliant start in the path of a true colonisation. He pitched his camp at Portland, and, with the large-mindedness which characterised most the worthies amongst Australian pioneers, proceeded to develop all the resources about him. There were giants in the sea in those days, great whales, undisturbed by the traffic of ships; and Mr. Henty, seeing in them a means of securing quick returns, established a whaling-station. Inland a little rich soil was discovered; upon that he established settlement, began to plough and to sow, and to accumulate flocks and herds—(the plough with which he turned the first sod in Victoria is worthily placed in the Victorian Museum)—and slowly to establish that great estate which is still the finest specimen of the results of broad and appropriate culture Australia affords. The man was worthy of honour. He was the ideal colonist as opposed to the speculative adventurer. His name is worthy to stand with those of Blaxland and Mort in our own colony, as a builder upon the rock of steady industrial enterprise. He was not a beginner of the life now dominant in Australia. Gold fevers and speculative crazes sprang into prominence and overtopped the quietly progressive life he founded; but his influence survived, and in the coming time, as the forest tree through the scrub jungle, will assert itself as the really valuable and permanent growth. His memory is one of the few which it is imperative upon his fellow-colonists to preserve and revere, for he was indeed one of the few ancestors to whom Australians of the future will look back with unmixed satisfaction and no small degree of pride.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

According to our cablegrams of this morning, smallpox of a mild nature has made its appearance amongst the British troops who are with Lord Wolseley at Dongola. The patients have been isolated, and probably the precautions that have been taken to check the spread of the disease will have the desired effect. The Nile is falling rapidly, rendering many cataracts impassable for vessels, and this will impede the advance of the expeditionary forces. The successor to the late Hon. Henry Fawcett in the representation of Hackney in the House of Commons is a Liberal, and he beat the Conservative candidate by 6000 votes. The Aborigines Protection Society have asked the Imperial Government to institute inquiries into the truth of reports of kidnapping at New Guinea. From the reply which the newly-appointed High Commissioner for New Guinea gave, it would seem that he has full confidence in his own powers, aided by these colonies, to check any malpractices of the kind.

In the Legislative Assembly yesterday the financial debate was continued for some time, the principal speakers being Sir John Robertson, Messrs. Burns, W. Clarke, and Garvan. The Estimates were then proceeded with, and all the items under the head of Executive and Legislative were agreed to. Under the head of Colonial Secretary the votes for the Agent-General and for immigration excited considerable discussion, but they were eventually carried, some reductions having been proposed, but negatived. The whole of the Estimates for the Colonial Secretary's department were carried. The House stands adjourned until 7 o'clock this evening.

Mr. C. A. Lee was elected unopposed, yesterday, as representative for Tenterfield in the Legislative Assembly, in place of Sir Henry Parkes, resigned.

The arguments on demurrer in the action brought by Mr. A. G. Taylor against the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly were proceeded with yesterday, before the Full Court, consisting of their Honors the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Windeyer, and Mr. Justice Innes. The plaintiff, Mr. A. G. Taylor, M.L.A., having demurred or taken exception to certain pleas filed by the defendant as being bad, opened the proceedings, and at considerable length argued that standing order No. 1 of the Assembly, passed in 1872, had never been specifically renewed, and it either adopted only the Imperial usages then in existence, or if it made a prospective adoption of rules not then in being, it was *ultra vires*. He proceeded to show, according to his argument, that the conditions under which the standing orders could be made had been exceeded, and that if the order had a prospective effect it was such an amendment of the Constitution as could only be made by statute. Mr. Salomons, Q.C., who with Mr. C. B. Stephen, appeared in support of defendant, argued that the pleas were good in law and substance, and a complete answer to plaintiff's declaration. He quoted authorities to show that legislative bodies must necessarily possess inherently the power to remove obstructions to the proper exercise of their legitimate functions, this being necessary for their self-preservation. He admitted that they had not power to inflict punishment by imprisonment for contempt either within or without the walls of the Assembly, but he contended that standing order No. 1 was strictly in accordance with the 35th section of the Constitution Act, and was not *ultra vires* as the plaintiff wished to make out. Mr. Taylor replied briefly, and the Court reserved judgment.

The trial of the extraordinary equity suit, Diggins v. Clarke, which arises out of a disputed payment of £1000, the amount of a mortgage held by defendant on the Pioneer Hotel, Kangaroo Valley, was continued before his Honor the Primary Judge and a jury of four. The issues involve criminal charges, seeing that the receipt produced is alleged to be a forgery, and the plaintiff, with a witness, has sworn to the fact of the payment. His Honor opened his charge to the jury, and as the hour was late he said he would resume at half-past 9 this morning. The general business in Equity will be taken about the usual hour.

Yesterday morning a deputation of temporary draftsmen waited upon the Minister for Lands to lay before him the grievances under which they allege themselves to be suffering, and their disabilities, in view of the decentralisation of the Land Department under the new Land Act. Mr. Farnell assured them of his sympathy, and promised that the memorial which they presented should have the fullest and most careful consideration. In the course of his remarks—which will be found more fully reported elsewhere—the Minister referred to the great increase that had taken place and was taking place in the number of permanent draftsmen. He found the department was "manufacturing gentlemen every year as draftsmen." Formerly parents had to pay premiums for their sons to be taught the profession; but now young men came from the schools, and the supply was greater than the demand. They went into the department as cadets, the country paid them a salary and taught them a profession as well; they entered the service also on the understanding that their salaries should be regularly increased; when they became competent they received full pay, as much as those who had to pay for their own education, and that, he maintained, was unfair. The principle was unsound, and the system would require to be altered. It was his intention to weed out all useless men.

The Royal Commission on the Conservation of Water met yesterday, the following members being present:—Mr. W. J. Lyne, M.P., president (in the chair); Mr. R. Barton, M.P., Mr. J. B. Donkin, Mr. F. A. Franklin, C.E., Mr. F. B. Gipps, C.E., Mr. R. L. Murray, M.P., and Mr. D. M'Mordie, C.E. Mr. W. B. Henderson, superintendent of drills, was further examined, and furnished some interesting facts in connection with boring operations conducted under his supervision. He contends that in several parts of the colony, notably Gulgong, Tumbarumba, and Uralla, there are deep underground streams of water of great volume, which trend westward from the Blue Mountains. With regard to the general results of boring for water, he avers that great though they have hitherto been, still greater may be looked for as the search is extended.

Shaw's team of English cricketers arrived yesterday by train overland from Melbourne, and met with an enthusiastic welcome from our own cricketers. The match between the English representatives and a team representing this colony commences at the Association Ground to-day.

The R.M.S. City of Sydney, with the English and American mails, arrived in Port Jackson yesterday morning. In another page we publish correspondence and late telegraphic intelligence. Commenting upon the growing importance attached to spectacular parades and processions during political elections in America, our New York correspondent considers that they rival in splendour and organisation the displays with which Roman candidates were wont to amuse their constituents. After dealing with the salient points in connection with the recent contest for the Presidency, and deploring the large sums of money spent in bribery and corruption, our correspondent, whose letter appears in another column, enters fully into the question of the railway war, which, at the present time, threatens seriously to affect the commercial interests of the country.

Six hundred and seventy acres of land were selected in four blocks at the Parramatta Lands Office yesterday.

The committee of the New South Wales Wealth and Industrial Exhibition met at their office, Royal Arcade, on Tuesday last, Mr. J. Colburn was moved into the chair, the following members being present,—H. T. Smith, Westland, Kayser, Richardson, M'Gaffin, Clampitt, Laver, R. C. Luscombe, M.L.A., A. R. Pullen, Pasdman, Ryan, Wheatley, and the secretary. The minutes of meeting held on the 11th instant were read and confirmed. Applications were received and space granted to exhibit in the several departments. Tenders were opened for erecting sheds to show the manufacture of glass during time of exhibition, and the tender of Dobson and Co. accepted; also, for printing official catalogue, the tender of Jarrett and Co. was accepted; and it was agreed that further clerical assistance be obtained to assist in compiling and arranging copy for printer. Several deputations were formed to attend to matters affecting exhibition work. It was agreed that Mr. Pullen take charge of arranging temporary art gallery in building, costs and charges incurred to be left to his discretion. Tenders for catering were ordered to be be called for. The meeting then adjourned until next Saturday.

The final instalment of diplomas in connection with the Amsterdam Exhibition for the New South Wales exhibitors—these of silver medal—arrived by the steamer Mirzapore, and have been distributed by the secretary to the New South Wales Commission. The medals have yet to come to hand, but probably information as to the time when they may be expected will reach Sydney by the P. and O. Company's mail, due in a few days. A hope was expressed in a recent letter from Sydney that the issue of the medals might be hastened, as the Commission was shortly about to terminate its proceedings.

Mr. Francis B. Davidson, second clerk at the Water Police Office, and for some time deputy registrar of the Small Debts Court at the Water Police Court, has been directed by the bench of magistrates to discharge the duties of registrar, in accordance with the provisions of the Act Victoria No. 10, sec. 6.

The monthly meeting of the microscopical section of the Royal Society was held last Monday evening; Mr. Hirst in the chair. Mr. Hirst exhibited the difficult test slide, "A. Pellucida," resolved by Leiss' ½ water-immersion objectives in a manner scarcely to be surpassed by the new oil-immersion objectives. This is the first time that a water-immersion has so successfully competed with the oil-immersion objectives. At a recent meeting Dr. Morris called attention to the great advantage to be obtained by the use of mounting media possessing the greatest refractive powers, and he especially recommended melted sulphur, and pointed out that the resolving power of the ordinary low-angled objectives could thereby be greatly increased. Mr. Hirst put into practice the hint thrown out, with the above extraordinary result. Mr. Hirst likewise showed a brass turntable of his own workmanship, constructed upon Aylward's, (of Birmingham) system, and considered to be the best plan yet introduced. Mr. Fraser showed a mounted preparation of a micro fungus, an acidium that infests the orange trees of the Ryde district, causing loss of crop and injury to the tree. It has been found, however, that by using lime, dusted over the trees, the fungus can be destroyed. The box of slides furnished by the Adelaide section of the Postal Microscopical Society, whose headquarters are at Melbourne, were examined with interest. The object of the society, based upon the successful English and American societies, is to circulate amongst the microscopists of the various colonies boxes of slides, together with manuscript notes and drawings by the members having a special reference to the natural history of Australia.

The anniversary of Regent-street Presbyterian Church was celebrated on Tuesday evening. A largely-attended meeting was held in the new church. The Rev. T. J. Curtis presided, and in the course of his address gave an outline of church work during the past year. Progress had been made in every department. His senior and junior Bible classes at Redfern and Botany had been largely attended; the attendance at Sabbath services had increased; the Sunday schools were flourishing; the Regent-street Band of Hope had a roll of 188 members; from first to last he had personally collected about £3000 for church-building purposes at Redfern, but the debt was still very heavy, and aid was urgently needed. He had been greatly aided by many earnest, faithful workers, and an efficient choir. He might specially name Mr. N. Melville, church secretary; Mr. H. A. Steel, school superintendent; Mr. A. Edward, choir master; Mr. R. E. Phillips, organist, and the members of their Lay Preachers' Association, and he felt grateful for the services of all of them. A great work lay before them in the coming year, and he hoped they would all be found faithfully lending their energies to that work. The Rev. J. Copeland delivered an address on temperance. The Rev. J. M. Ross and Mr. W. Duncan, jun., also spoke. During the evening sacred solos were very sweetly rendered.

The members of the Masonic fraternity in Brisbane have determined on the erection of a new hall, which will be a credit to the craft as well as an ornament to the city. The site for the new building is in Alice-street, opposite the Botanical Gardens, having a frontage of 66 feet to that thoroughfare by a depth of 132 feet to a right-of-way, and as the sides and back of the proposed structure are enclosed by private lands, the front only will be available for architectural ornamentation. In another part of this issue an advertisement appears inviting competitive designs from architects for the building. The principal hall or lodge room is to be about 50 feet x 35 feet, and 20 feet high, which may be lighted by small windows set high in the walls or from the roof, and the lighting of the interior need not in any way interfere with the architectural details of the front elevation. A second hall or banquet-room will also have to be provided of the same size as that already mentioned, together with offices, keeper's cottage, ante-rooms, &c., required for such a building.

Yesterday the scholars attending St. Mark's (Darling Point) Sunday-school were conveyed by steamer to Parramatta, where they had their annual picnic in the Park. One of the children, a little girl, slipped into the water at the tram wharf, Duck River, but was rescued by Mr. James Thompson, of Parramatta, who plunged into the river after her. After the children had arrived at the Park, a little boy named Russell Williams, aged 10 years, was attempting to climb a tree, when a limb broke, and he fell to the ground, fracturing his left arm at the elbow. The limb was set at the Parramatta Hospital by Dr. Curtayne.

We are informed that at a recent meeting of the Insurance Institute of this colony, a resolution was passed affirming the desirableness of making Saturday, the 27th December, an Insurance Institute holiday, so as to give the officers a clear break from business from Wednesday, the 24th, to Monday, the 29th December.

A correspondent, who writes from Paddington, suggests the establishment of an office at which tramcar "conscience money" may be paid. He states that no less than three times—through no attempt at evasion on his part, nor neglect on the part of the conductor—he has left the tramcars without previously giving up his ticket, and consequently his conscience is troubled over the matter. The establishment of such offices, he asserts, would not only relieve the minds of persons circumstanced as he has been, but would also increase the revenue.

A complaint has reached us from a Leichhardt correspondent, who condemns the seeming apathy of the local municipal authorities regarding the welfare of the ratepayers. He states that horses, cows, and goats are allowed to roam the streets of that borough at will both day and night, to the great danger, inconvenience, and loss of the citizens, though a pound has been erected at the public expense, and the usual staff of officers are paid for looking after the interests of the public.

A case arising out of an irregularity in connection with the Small Debts Branch of the Water Police Court occupied the attention of Judge Forbes and a jury at the District Court yesterday. A suitor recovered judgment for a sum amounting to between £4 and £5, and the amount was paid immediately after the judgment of the Court was given. The suitor being unaware of this inquired of the officers of the Court on several occasions whether his claim had been satisfied, and was informed that it was not. Eventually he caused execution to issue, and bailiffs were accordingly put into the house of the defendant to the suit. Yesterday that defendant sought to recover from the plaintiff £200 damages with respect to the trespass. His Honor pointed out a simple plan, by the adoption of which the mistake out of which the legal proceedings arose might have been prevented, and directed the jury that, if they considered that the now defendant set the law in motion, relying upon information supplied to him by legally appointed officers, but which proved to be incorrect, they would have to find a verdict in his favour. The jury accordingly returned a verdict for the defendant.

At the Central Criminal Court yesterday, before his Honor Mr. Justice Faucett, the jury locked up the previous night in the case of John Dixson, charged with indecently assaulting a little girl at Shoalhaven, reported at the opening that they were unable to agree, and they were discharged, the prisoner being bailed out to appear again for trial when called upon. Raphael Costa, an Italian, was found guilty of forging Hardy Brothers' signature to a promissory note for £3500, and remanded for sentence. George Williamson, acquitted on Wednesday of wounding with intent to murder one Maud Fox, at a house of ill-fame in Wexford-street, was tried again on the minor charge of wounding, with intent to do grievous bodily harm. The jury, being unable to agree at half-past 9 o'clock, were locked up for the night. Sir Henry Parkes' criminal libel action against William Webb, the publisher of the *Campbelltown Herald*, will be taken on Monday, when the Attorney-General himself will prosecute, or Mr. W. J. Foster, who has been appearing for the Crown throughout the sittings of the Court. Rumours of private counsel appearing to prosecute have been heard, but they are incorrect.

A man who, up to the present, is only known by the name of "Jack" was killed yesterday in Campbell-street, Surry Hills. The deceased was engaged in digging a drain in the aforesaid street when a quantity of earth fell on him, and he was suffocated. His body has been removed to the South Sydney Morgue, pending an inquest.

A car, containing Dr. Rowling and his son, was overturned in Church-street, Parramatta, on Wednesday evening, owing to a van having run into it. The doctor and his son escaped unhurt, but the cab-driver was slightly bruised by his fall, and the vehicle was considerably damaged.

A man named Patrick M'Cormack, who was severely burned about the face and hands while attempting to save his tent and effects from destruction by fire at South Creek, on Tuesday evening, was admitted to the Parramatta Hospital on Wednesday; and yesterday a lad named John Edrop, who had his collar-bone fractured by a fall from a horse at Penrith about three weeks ago was admitted to the same institution. His injuries had been attended to after the accident, but he was not satisfied with his progress, and came on to Parramatta for further treatment.

At the adjourned inquiry into the circumstances connected with the death of the woman Ellen Bell, at the Glebe, held yesterday at the South Sydney Morgue, before the City Coroner, a verdict of "guilty of wilful murder" was returned against Thomas Meredith Sheridan and the husband of deceased, William Bell.

A little girl named Mary Ann Newman, aged 10 years, residing in Ada-street, Ultimo, was knocked down and run over by a 'bus in Harris-street last night. The wheels of the vehicle passed over her body and head. Her face was badly crushed. When she was picked up life was found to be extinct. The body was taken to the Sydney Hospital, and, after being examined, was removed to the South Sydney Morgue. An inquest will doubtless be held.

By permission of Lieutenant Lee, the band of the Naval Artillery Volunteers will perform on the Randwick Reserve on Saturday next at 3 p.m., weather permitting; W. A. Thompson, bandmaster.

The following is the report of the Benevolent Asylum for the week ending November 19th, 1884:—Admitted: 10 women, 9 children. Births: 3. Deaths: 2. Discharged: 11 women, 27 children. Remaining in the house: 116 women, 148 children. Total, 264. Provisions distributed: 1457 loaves of bread, 1073lb. flour, 219lb. meat, 347lb. sugar, 86½lb. tea, 75lb. rice, 204lb. sago, 20lb. oatmeal. Fresh applications for relief: 6. Cases reported by the Inspector: 14; in six cases the relief was discontinued for various reasons. Total number of cases relieved, 271.

OVERLAND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

[By Telegraph.]

ALBURY, Thursday.

The following passed through to-day:—

For Sydney (by express): Mr. J. Blackburn, Miss Blackburn, Mrs. Rumpff, Mrs. A. Cunningham, Mr. J. Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bushell, Miss M'Dougal, Mrs. A. Gorman, Mrs. P. M'Cormack, Mrs. H. Stewart, Messrs. James Lillywhite, Clifford, Love, W. Attewell, A. Shaw, Wilfred Flowers, F. Collis, W. Bates, N. Barnes, T. Smith, A. Shrewsbury, J. Briggs, W. Scotton, J. Hunter, J. Uyett, R. Peel, P. B. James, W. James, J. K. Smyth, J. W. Pfluger, E. Ledbury, E. T. Brisenden, Warrington, Laing, Maurice Read, A. Heydon, T. W. Lamb.

For Melbourne (by express): Mrs. Forster, Dr. Brierley, Mrs. Brierley, Messrs. Cooper, J. Thompson, Adeler, J. Richmond, R. Saddler, B. Shaw, L. Neave.

For Sydney (by ordinary train): Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. C. Burge, Mrs. James Black, Mr. and Mrs. A. Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. W. Ogden and child, Mrs. A. Jones and two children, Messrs. E. O'Rourke, S. Sibley, J. J. Watson, P. Wilkins, A. Shirley, J. Adams, J. Houghton, F. Ireland.

For Melbourne (by ordinary train): Mrs. Ford and child, Mr. and Mrs. H. Gault and family, Mr. and Mrs. S. Gardiner, Mr. and Mrs. T. Liverage, Miss Balfour, Messrs. J. L. Meek, E. Duckett, T. G. Young, W. Hunter, G. Forster, J. Fulton, J. Simpson, W. M'Donnell, J. Connolly, C. Moulden, Colin Chisholm.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

OUR SPECIAL TELEGRAM.

(From our own correspondent.)

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING AT NEW GUINEA.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Mr. F. W. Chesson, secretary of the Aborigines Protection Society, has urged the Imperial Government to institute an inquiry into the statements which have from time to time been made as to the practice of kidnapping natives from New Guinea. Major-General Scratchley, High Commissioner for New Guinea, whose intervention was sought, replied that he had been chiefly appointed by the Imperial Government to protect the natives of New Guinea, and he felt confident that the Governments of the Australian colonies would do all in their power to assist him in putting down evil practices against the natives.

THE CHOLERA IN FRANCE AND SPAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Cholera has broken out in Toledo and Barcelona, in Spain. The epidemic is abating in Paris.

THE SKYE CROFTERS.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

The crofters of the Isle of Skye, whose defiant attitude threatened to lead to disturbances, have been overawed by the presence of a strong body of marines on the island.

GERMANY AND THE CONGO.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Germany has recognised the Congo territory, in Africa, as a State.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

SMALLPOX AMONG THE BRITISH TROOPS AT DONGOLA.

CAIRO, Nov. 20.

Several cases of smallpox of a mild nature have made their appearance among the British troops at Dongola. The patients have been isolated, and every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

SECRETARY TO THE ADMIRALTY.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

It has been announced that Sir Thomas Brassey, K.C.B., Civil Lord of the Admiralty, has been appointed Secretary to the Admiralty, in place of Mr. Campbell-Bannerman, who recently assumed the position of Chief Secretary for Ireland.

THE CONGO CONFERENCE.

BERLIN, Nov. 20.

The International Conference has appointed a committee to define the Congo boundaries.

RAPID FALL IN THE NILE.

CAIRO, Nov. 20.

The river Nile is falling rapidly, and a large number of the cataracts are in consequence impassable for vessels.

THE ELECTION FOR HACKNEY.

LONDON, Nov. 20.

The election of a member for Hackney, in the room of the late Hon. Henry Fawcett, resulted in the return of Mr. Stuart, the Liberal candidate, by a majority of 6000.

THE P. AND O. STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The P. and O. Steam Navigation Company has declared a dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

THE ORIENT MAIL STEAMERS.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Orient S. N. Company's R.M.S. Austral left Plymouth on the 14th with 654 passengers and full cargo for Australian ports.

SUEZ, Nov. 15.

The R.M.S. Sorata left here on the 14th, outwards.

The R.M.S. Iberia arrived here on the 13th, homewards.

THE SHANNON'S MAILS.

LONDON, Nov. 19.

The mails per Shannon, via Brindisi, Melbourne October 9, were delivered here on Tuesday.

THE QUEENSLAND MAIL STEAMERS.

LONDON, Nov. 19.

The British India steamer Chyebassa departed to-day for Queensland.

PORT SAID, Nov. 19.

The British India steamer Quetta departed yesterday for London.

BATAVIA, Nov. 19.

The steamship Westminster departed yesterday, outwards.

PORT SAID, Nov. 19.

The British India Company's steamer Roma left here yesterday outwards.

THE M.M.S. CALEDONIEN.

PORT SAID, Nov. 17.

The Messageries Maritimes steamer Caledonien, from Melbourne 11 th October, passed here to-day, homewards.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The total quantity of wheat afloat for the United Kingdom is 1,600,000 quarters.

Copper: Chilian bars, £51 15s. per ton.

Tin: Straits and Australian, £75 15s. per ton.

Tallow: Best Australian beef, 34s. 6d.; mutton, 34s. 0d.

Sydney copra, £16 15s.

Australian leather, 11½d.

At the wool sales to-day 7700 bales were catalogued. Prices continue firm.

Nov. 19.

Consols, 101.

Tin, £75 15s.

The market rate of discount is 3⅞ per cent.

At the wool sales to-day 6500 bales were catalogued. The market is firm.

At the wool sales 10,900 bales were offered to-day. The market is firm.

INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

[By Telegraph.]

(From our own correspondents.)

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, Thursday.

His Excellency the Governor, Lady Loch, and suite, with the Duke of Manchester, returned from Portland this evening.

The system of issuing tourist tickets for picturesque resorts inland as an accompaniment to cheap tickets for seaside places, will come into force about the middle of next month.

In accordance with the recommendations contained in the report of the committee on temperance, the Presbyterian Assembly to-day resolved to favour the formation of a temperance society in connection with the denomination; and ministers were enjoined to preach sermons commending the cause. The sittings of the Presbyterian Assembly were brought to a conclusion at a late hour this evening. A report from the Ormond College Council stated that the Hon. F. Ormond intended to complete the buildings at a total cost of £80,000. The Assembly has continued the special committee to look after the interests of the denomination in regard to the Scots Church affairs.

The threatened strike in the saddlery trade has been averted, as the operatives have decided to accept the

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conditions of the masters to have a corresponding reduction in wages with the introduction of the eight-hours system.

A fire occurred to-day at an establishment at Ballarat occupied by Charles Ellis, a trainer of greyhounds, by which the homestead and kennels were destroyed. Over 50 dogs were in training, but all were saved with great difficulty.

The strike or lock-out of bootmakers is developing. A large additional number of men ceased work to-day, and by Saturday the whole of the 1200 men belonging to the Union will be idle. A mass meeting of workmen in the trade was held this evening, at which it was decided not to take any strike pay from the Union funds till Saturday week. It transpires that the Union has only about £1400 to the good, so that the struggle cannot last long unless other assistance should come in.

Victorian Share Report: Commercial Bank, £6 13s.; ditto (new issue), 48s.; R. Goldsbrough and Co., 29s. 6d., 29s. 9d.; Barrier Ranges Silver, M. A., 20s. 26s. 6d.; Band and Albion Consols, 88s. 6d.; Long Tunnel Extended, £13, £13 6s. 6d.; New Keng Meng, 19s. 6d.; Great Cobar Copper, 49s.

Dr. Davy, of Malmsbury, has, it was reported at a meeting of the Royal Society this evening, been elected an honorary member of the Royal Society of Electrical Engineers.

Already opposition is manifesting itself against the Factories Bill of the Government, and it is doubtful whether it will go through this session.

Mr. Grant, ex-Chief Secretary, has been seized with a stroke of paralysis, and his medical attendant has ordered perfect rest.

Flour is moving off steadily in trade parcels at £7 15s. to £8. Only a few hundred bags of wheat were sold at 3s. 10½d. Feeding grains are depressed. Some Victorian oats were quitted at 3s. 10d. to 3s. 11d. Maize is up to 5s. 4d. Some good sales of Mauritius white sugars have been made at current rates. There is a good demand for some kinds of teas.

The weather was unusually hot in Melbourne to-day.

Arrived: Ly-ee-Moon (s.), and Koonowarra (s.), from Sydney; Crown of Arragon, steamer, from Calcutta. Sailed: Melbourne, ship, for London; Carthage, R.M.S., for London; Mangana (s.), for Launceston.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, THURSDAY.

A young man named Joseph Duggan, a chemist's assistant, while riding a bicycle on last Thursday had a fall, injuring one of the fingers of his right hand. On Tuesday symptoms of tetanus set in, and Duggan was removed to the hospital, where the finger was amputated, but the patient became rapidly worse, and died early this morning.

The quantity of sugar exported from Queensland from the 1st to the 14th of November was 1061 tons, making a total of 7917 tons since the 28th of June last.

The discovery of a payable reef is reported from near Stanton Harcourt, in the Wide Bay district, where alluvial gold was found some years ago. No details of the discovery have been yet received.

The total amount of the crushings on the Charters Towers goldfield for the months of September and October is 10,800 tons of stone, yielding 20,000oz. of gold.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

Mr. James George Russell, Master in the Supreme Court and Commissioner of Inland Revenue, has been recommended by the Government for the position of Commissioner of Taxes under the new Land and Income Tax Act. The appointment is worth £1200 a year.

At the Marine Board meeting this morning, reports were received from a shipwright and a surveyor with regard to the condition of the reformatory hulk Fitzjames, which the surveyor of the Underwriters' Association reported to the Destitute Commission as utterly unsafe. The reports, which were strongly worded, repeated the previous report that the hulk was safe.

On Wednesday evening last, while wedding festivities were being celebrated at the residence of Mr. Parks, a storekeeper at East Adelaide, a number of persons assembled on the verandah, and on the footpath in front of the house, creating a disturbance. Mr. Parks remonstrated with three of the men who were indulging in horseplay, and they became abusive, when a free fight ensued between the inmates of the house and the larrikins, during which one of the latter, named William Makin, drew a knife and stabbed Mr. Parks over the heart and in the arm severely. The three men were subsequently arrested by the police.

TASMANIA.

HOBART, THURSDAY.

As the Legislative Council has refused to alter the date fixed for the operation of the Stock Tax Repeal Bill to the 1st December, the bill will be assented to in its original form. The Act will therefore be held to have been in force since the 1st November, and all duties paid after that date will be remitted.

The business of the session was brought to a close yesterday, and Parliament will prorogued by proclamation in the next issue of the *Government Gazette*.

During the past session of Parliament 56 bills have been passed, some of them being of considerable importance.

The Ministry state that they are determined to bring the dispute with the Main Line of Railway Company to a definite settlement before long, as new complications will probably arise from the opening of the new Government lines for traffic.

Mr. Cosmo Newbery has visited various parts of the country for the purpose of inspecting the quality of stone, with the view of testing its suitability for the Parliament Houses at Melbourne.

The weather was very hot to-day. Rain is much needed.

AUSTRALASIAN WESLEYAN METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

WELLINGTON (N.Z.), THURSDAY.

At the sitting of the Australasian Wesleyan Methodist General Conference to-day, a deputation was appointed to proceed to the Friendly Islands for the purpose of interviewing King George in reference to the dissensions which exist between the European and the native missionaries, and to recommend that conciliatory measures shall be adopted in order to get rid of the divisions that have interfered so detrimentally with the work of the church, and to report thereon to the sitting of the New South Wales Conference at Sydney, in 1886. The deputation have also been instructed to ascertain the views of King George on the separation of the Friendly Islands Mission from the Conference of New South Wales, and its attachment to that of New Zealand. It was decided that the question of the establishment of a mission in the Northern Territory should be remitted for consideration to the Board of Missions to report to the South Australian Conference, and which should be favourably recommended. The Missionary Committee were instructed to send a deputation to assist at the celebration of the Fiji Mission Jubilee. A long discussion took place on the introduction of Bible reading in State Schools, but the representatives of New South Wales and Victoria voted against creating any antagonism which would be liable to jeopardise the present opportunities that were given for religious instruction in those colonies, and it was resolved that the matter should be left to the discretion of the conference in each colony.

ACCIDENT TO THE STEAMER HERO.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NEWCASTLE, THURSDAY.

This afternoon the lifeboat of the steamer Hero reached Newcastle, reporting a serious mishap to that vessel. The s.s. Hero, Captain John M'Intosh, left Newcastle on Wednesday morning for Suva, Fiji, with a general cargo from Melbourne. After taking coal here, all went well until 3 o'clock p.m., when it was discovered that the main shaft was broken. This was in lat. 32.30 S., long. 150.30 E., or about 60 miles east of the Seal Rocks. The actual bearings were:—Sugarloaf, W. half S., about 47 miles; Port Stephens, bearing S.W. by W. three-quarter W., about 66 miles distant. At 6 o'clock the lifeboat with a crew of four men, namely, Donald M'Leod, John M'Leod, Grant, and Reece, in charge of the chief officer, Mr. Hector M'Donald, left the steamer for Port Stephens, which was reached at about half-past 7 a.m. yesterday, and a message was despatched shortly after 9 a.m. to Sydney to the agent of the U. S. S. Company, who wired to Newcastle, and later on the steam tugs Gooiwa and Bungaree were sent out from here in search. The steamer was in no great danger when the boat put off.

PARLIAMENT OF VICTORIA.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, THURSDAY.

In the Legislative Assembly to-day, Mr. Service, in replying to Mr. Pearson, said that the Agent-General had not applied for leave to join the Imperial Federation League.

In the Legislative Council, the Land Bill was passed through committee. The debate on the second reading of the Railway Bill was resumed, and further adjourned. The House adjourned until Tuesday.

PARLIAMENT OF QUEENSLAND.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BRISBANE, THURSDAY.

In the Legislative Assembly this afternoon, the Premier announced that a message had been received from Lord Derby, stating that after full consideration of the replies from the Australian Governments respecting the increasing of the contribution towards the New Guinea protectorate, and the appointment of a Council of Advice, her Majesty proposed to leave the question for the consideration of the Australian Governments after the arrival of the High Commissioner. Sir Thomas M'Ilwraith said that he thought it was time now that the so-called annexation had taken place, that there should be a debate on the subject; and he gave notice that he would call attention to the matter on Tuesday or Wednesday next. The consideration of the Estimates was then proceeded with, and a long discussion took place on the vote of £28,000 for the Defence Force. Mr. Griffith said that the vote only made provision for the land force as the Government had not sufficient information on which to found an estimate for the Naval Force. Sir Thomas M'Ilwraith characterised the vote as the most extravagant and most unjustifiable item on the Estimates. It was more than the colony could afford, or that there was any need for. He thought that £20,000 was sufficient, and he would move that the vote should be reduced to that sum on the understanding that it should be the maximum provision for the whole force. Mr. Griffith said that this would amount practically to wiping out the Defence Force, because the Permanent Force could not be established at less than the sum put down, and that the only way to reduce the estimate would be to knock off the pay of the Volunteers. After a good deal of discussion it was decided to take the votes for the different branches of the force in seriatim. The item of £900 for the salary of the commandant, who also receives an additional £200 for forage and house rent, was strongly opposed, and several divisions were taken on it, but the amount was eventually passed unaltered. Sir Thomas M'Ilwraith moved the reduction of the vote of £4600 for the payment of the force for six months by one-half, but the motion was negatived.

The debate on the second reading of the Land Bill was resumed and concluded in the Legislative Council to-day, when most of the speakers adversely criticised the bill; but the second reading was passed without a division.

COUNTRY NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE, THURSDAY.

A preliminary meeting of the ladies of Newcastle was held this afternoon, at the Protestant Hall, to form a Benevolent Society, and a public meeting is to be called with that object.

An old man named William Lee, 70 years of age, dropped dead at Minmi this morning. He is supposed to have been suffering from heart disease.

Mary Ann Morris, who attempted to commit suicide by hanging on the 10th instant, has recovered, and was brought before the Police Court to-day, when she was remanded on bail.

Burglaries are becoming prevalent again in Newcastle. The houses of Mr. John Dalton, King-street, Mr. Postell's boot factory, Blane-street, and others have been entered during the night and plundered, and various articles abstracted. Similar cases have been reported at Wickham.

The weather is fine.

TAMWORTH, THURSDAY.

Beautiful weather has prevailed since the late rain; but to-day it was very warm.

CASINO, THURSDAY.

The prizes won at the last Agricultural Show here, comprising 62 medals, 40 odd certificates, about £17 worth of money prizes, and nearly £30 worth of special prizes, besides several silver cups, were distributed to-day. The society contemplates erecting a pavilion and other improvements for next year's show.

Two large drafts of store cattle were sold here this week at £4 3s. to £4 5s. per head.

The weather is splendid. Farmers and squatters have all been cheered up by the recent rains.

DENMAN, THURSDAY.

The youth Dobby, who received such severe injuries through falling over a precipice last week, is now pronounced to be out of danger.

The country presents a very parched appearance for want of rain, and the ill effects arising therefrom are beginning to be felt already. The rainfall for the past month up to date has only been 75 points.

MOSS VALE, THURSDAY.

An influential meeting of stockowners was held here this afternoon (Mr. N. J. Cordeaux presiding), when it was unanimously agreed to protest against the new regulations for trucking live stock.

GRENFELL, THURSDAY.

Great indignation has been expressed here respecting the proposed location of the land office at Forbes, as Grenfell—considered both geographically, and by virtue of being an important land district—should be entitled to some consideration. The Progress Committee are about calling a public meeting to deal with the matter.

A case of typhus fever ended fatally here last night. A large amount of sickness is about.

CARCOAR, THURSDAY.

The weather is fine, but like a change.

MUDGEE, THURSDAY.

A public dinner was given here to Messrs. Fishburn and Morton, the railway contractors, last evening, in recognition of their liberality to the hospital, and their spirited conduct generally during their residence in the district. The Mayor, Mr. W. Wilton, J.P., presided, and Messrs. W. D. Meares, P.M., and A. H. Cox, J.P., occupied the vice-chairs. About 60 gentlemen, thoroughly representative of all classes in the district, attended the banquet, and the health of the guests was drank with great enthusiasm.

The rain which fell here at the beginning of the week has done a lot of good to the growing crops and the district generally.

COBAR, THURSDAY.

On Wednesday evening the leading inhabitants of the town met at the local Assembly Rooms to welcome our junior member, Mr. R. R. Machattie, who was passing through Cobar on private business. The room was crowded. Mr. Brough occupied the chair, and briefly introduced Mr. Machattie, who spoke at considerable length on the railway policy, the water supply, and other important matters. Mr. H. Cornish moved, and the Mayor (Mr. Lewis) seconded, a vote of confidence in Mr. Machattie, and thanked both him and his colleague (Mr. Russell Barton) for their exertions in promoting the interests of the town. The motion was carried with acclamation. The railway survey is progressing rapidly, and the general wish is that the station buildings should be at the north end of the town, that being the most easily accessible and the most central. A vote of thanks to the chairman concluded one of the most enthusiastic meetings ever held in Cobar.

JUNEE, THURSDAY.

The Attorney-General has decided that John Jones, charged with garroting, shall be tried at the Central Criminal Court on Monday.

Some dissatisfaction has been expressed regarding the decision for the site for the local post-office.

BOMBALA, THURSDAY.

At a meeting of the Bombala Progress Committee, held on Tuesday evening last, the secretary was directed to communicate with the members for the electorate, to request them to procure a sum of money to be placed on the Estimates for the erection of a gaol at Bombala; to obtain the establishment of a Court of Quarter Sessions; and to get a police magistrate appointed for this district, and also to urge for a trial survey of the railway from Bombala, via Maharatta, Bondi, and Toowoomba, to Eden. Great indignation was expressed at the manner in which the requirements of this district are neglected, both by the Government and the members for the district.

Shearing has commenced on all the stations about the district, and loads of wool are passing through to the port for shipment to Sydney every day.

There is a great improvement in the district since the late rainfall, and grass is now abundant.

The weather is at present dry and warm.

BEGA, THURSDAY.

The suburban land known as Fairview Estate brought extraordinary prices by auction to-day. Land with small depths to streets right away from the business centre of the town brought up to £4 per foot.

GUNDAGAI, THURSDAY.

At the local land office 446 acres of land were selected to-day, in three portions.

HAY, THURSDAY.

At a meeting of the local municipal council to-day, the Mayor, Mr. Witcombe, in giving a narrative of his visit to Narrandera, said that on the occasion referred to he travelled in the dirtiest first-class carriage he had ever been in before, and that the carriages on this line were a disgrace to the colony. The Railway Department runs fine carriages for the passengers on the main lines, and gives the Riverine people the refuse. He further drew the attention of the council to the continued irregularities in the arrivals of the trains, which now arrive every evening long after time, being on an average two hours late. On Sunday night the train was five hours and ten minutes late; on Monday evening two hours; on Tuesday an hour and a half, and so on. The council decided to authorise the Mayor to send a telegram to the Commissioner of Railways stating these facts, and urging him to take steps to remedy matters. This evening the train was an hour late. This state of things totally disarranges the mails, keeps the coaches and passengers waiting, and makes business men unable to advise their country constituents of the contents of their Sydney letters, through the continued lateness of the trains. The Post-office officials are also kept working long after hours.

The proposal to divert the Snowy River into the Murrumbidgee is favourably thought of here. Such diversion would make the river greater than the Murray, and would supply plenty of water for the Yanko and other branches.

The weather is very warm, the thermometer registering 100° in the shade.

On Tuesday last (says the *Glen Innes Examiner*) a promising child named Doyle met its death at Tent Hill from a sting of a death adder. The little innocent was engaged in play in front of the house, when it suddenly ran inside and told its mother it had been bitten by the puppy. A search was made outside, when the parents were horrified by discovering the reptile, which had no doubt fastened its deadly fangs in its unfortunate victim. The child died half an hour afterwards.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

GUNDAGAI, THURSDAY.

At the Floraston Gold-mining Company's claim, Jones Creek, they are getting out some excellent stone, in which the gold is showing plainly. The gold is in thin flakes, and as the ordinary quartz-crushing apparatus is not adapted for extracting it, the owners intend shortly to send a truck load of 6 tons to Melbourne to test the best method of treating it before erecting machinery on the ground. It is also intended to send a ton of the stone to Sydney for assay.

EMMAVILLE, THURSDAY.

The action of the Mines Department in withdrawing the mining surveyor and leaving lands unsurveyed for which applications have been made from three to eight months back, is being adversely criticised. The Vegetable Creek district is capable of employing thousands of miners, and yet a large portion of the population are idle, and numbers are leaving to seek work elsewhere.

The manager of the Kiandra Gold-mining Company, Limited, reports that the directors have declared a dividend of 6d. per share, payable at the company's office, 131, Pitt-street, Sydney, on Monday, December 1.

The mining manager of the 3 and 4 North Glanmire Gold-mining Company reports, under date November 6, as follows:—"For the past three weeks the work in the mine has proceeded as usual. The stone raised for that time shows an improvement, as will be seen by the returns. It is also much softer, which accounts for such a large quantity being put through the mill. For the past three weeks 600 tons 12cwt. of quartz have been crushed for a return of 895oz. 16dwt. 18gr. smelted gold. At No. 2 level in the northern drive, the reef, still broken, shows a little gold; the first three stopes over this level show the least gold in the winze. I am preparing to sink a winze in this level. In the north-eastern drive the reef is also much broken, but the stopes still turn out a good quantity of crushing stuff with fair gold. At the bottom level in the north-western drive there is a good-sized reef with black faces, with a considerable quantity of mineral showing. The stopes over this level show fair gold. I have made a start to open out on the east part of the reef, north of the crosscourse. The stopes south of the crosscourse show fair gold. The crosscut for the eastern reef is in 139 feet. The country is very hard conglomerate, and bad for working."

THE QUEEN'S STATUE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I shall be obliged if you will grant me permission to call attention to the position of the unoccupied pedestal erected for the Queen's statue more than two years ago, and to the fact that the money for the statue was voted by Parliament also a long time ago. If the commission for this statue has been given to any sculptor I am not aware of it.

As the late Government contemplated the erection of this statue, and actually selected the site and erected the pedestal, I thought I might be rendering some slight service while in London by making inquiries as to the most competent person to execute the commission. More than a year ago I wrote to the Colonial Secretary, enclosing letters from Mr. Gladstone and Lord Tennyson, strongly in favour of Mr. Woolner. The correspondence was sent out officially through the Agent-General, who, I believe, concurred in the recommendation; and I am aware that Sir Hercules Robinson also wrote in favour of Mr. Woolner.

I have never received even an acknowledgment of my communication, and as I think the letters will be of interest to all who take an interest in the subject, I beg to enclose them for publication.

I am, &c., HENRY PARKES.

"London, November 3, 1883.

"Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that since I have been in London I have made many inquiries in respect to the execution of the statue of her Majesty, to be erected in Sydney, thinking that the information so obtained might be of service to you in deciding upon the sculptor to be chosen for the work. The result of my inquiries is largely in favour of Mr. Thomas Woolner, R.A.

"Mr. Woolner's many great works in this country, in Australasia, and in India, and the solid reputation in the world of art which he has made for himself, seem to need no support from individual opinion. But I have thought it best to obtain some such testimony, and I have sought it from persons equally distinguished for their high station and their refined culture. I was aware that Mr. Woolner had executed a bust of Mr. Gladstone for the city of London, and a bust of Mr. Tennyson for the University of Cambridge, and I asked those eminent men to state in writing their opinion of his standing and ability as a sculptor, and his competence to execute the work in question, granting me permission to transmit their opinions to the Government of New South Wales. I append copies of their letters to me in reply. The original letters I have shown to the Agent-General.

"I append also a list of Mr. Woolner's principal statues, omitting all mention of his smaller works.

"I hope you will give me credit for having but one motive in the trouble I have taken—to secure a work of high art in the statue of the Queen for Sydney.

"I have the honour to be, sir, your most obedient servant,

"HENRY PARKES.

"The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, Sydney."

"10, Downing-street, Whitehall, October 26, 1883.

"Dear Sir H. Parkes,—I am sincerely glad to hear that Mr. Woolner has been thought of, and may be selected as the sculptor for the execution of the patriotic design of the Government in New South Wales to erect a statue of the Queen.

"Mr. Woolner's conspicuous ability, great experience, and wide accomplishments have given him so high a place among British sculptors as to make it almost impertinent in me to say, what notwithstanding I must not omit, that I believe he has every qualification for accomplishing in the most satisfactory manner the work which is contemplated.

"With every good wish,
"I remain, faithfully yours,
"W. E. GLADSTONE."

"Aldworthy, Haslemere, October 26, 1883.

"My Dear Sir Henry,—If Foley, the sculptor, were living, I should think it would be a moot point whether he or Woolner should execute the New South Wales commission for the Queen's statue; but, since the first has left us, I have no doubt that Woolner is the proper man for the work. He is a most conscientious artist, and perhaps he may have a sort of by-claim to the execution of the statue through having once been for a considerable time a citizen of your colony. "Yours always,
"A. TENNYSON."

Statues by Thomas Woolner, R.A.:—Lord Lawrence, Calcutta; Sir Bartle Frere, Bombay; Sir Cowasjee Jehangeer Readimoney, Bombay; David Sassoon, Bombay; Captain Cook, Sydney; John Robert Godley, New Zealand; Dr. Whewell, University of Cambridge; Lord Macaulay, University of Cambridge; Lord Palmerston, St. Margaret's-square; John Stuart Mill, Thames Embankment; William III., Westminster Hall; Edwin Field, New Law Courts; Chief Justice Whiteside, Dublin; the Queen, Birmingham; Sir Thomas White (Lord Mayor of London in the reign of Queen Mary), Merchant Taylors' School.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

THE MURRUMBIDGEE TURF CLUB SPRING MEETING.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.)

WAGGA WAGGA, THURSDAY.
SECOND DAY.

Greater heat and lesser attendance characterised the races to-day, but the sport was equally good with that of yesterday. My predictions of last night regarding the Derby were verified, Mr. P. J. M'Alister's Alice being allowed a walk-over. The selection of Impulse, too, for both the Grand Stand Handicap and the Ladies' Bracelet was correct, notwithstanding that the gallant filly was fated to carry 9st. 6lb. in the former and 8st. 8lb. in the latter race, while my second and third pick—Merlin and Minerva—were only reversed for places in the Hurdles. A protest was entered by Curran, the rider of All Gold, against Donald Nicholson, the jockey of Uarah, for foul riding, and after hearing the evidence the committee disqualified Uarah, and placed Merry Christmas first, All Gold second, and Dagon third, while Nicholson was suspended from riding for six months. Mr. A. A. Devlin, the starter, disagreeing with the decision, resigned immediately, but was afterwards induced to continue starting during the remainder of the meeting. He sent a letter to the committee, asking them to reconsider the case so far as the disqualification of the jockey extended. The explanation of the alleged foul in the riding that is given is that the horse, having been a green colt, became almost unmanageable in the race. Impulse started for the Grand Stand Handicap at 6 to 4, the local people taking her at every turn, and she won comfortably. For the Selling Hurdles Carrissima saddled up a hot favourite at even money, and landed the stakes without much of a struggle. A perfect flutter of excitement reigned when 11 horses faced the starter for the Ladies' Bracelet, and more than one fair nominator's heart beat quickly as the field swept past the stand. Almost every pound of local money, at 5 to 4, the starting price, and in doubles, the two Impulses at 100 to 15, was laid on Mr. Hann's wiry mare, and when at the distance she shot like a rocket out of the ruck, and, fairly laughing at the field, tore open-mouthed past the judge's box, cheer after cheer rose alike from stand, lawn, and flat. Like as it was yesterday, the victory could scarcely have been more popular, and the ring themselves, although hit hard, could not repress admiration of such splendid performances. The bracelet, which is of gold handsomely set with diamonds and the gift of Mrs. C. M. Lloyd, was presented to Mr. P. Hann by the judge, Mr. John King, and cheers were given for both Mrs. Lloyd and Mrs. Hann. Several toasts were drunk, and Mr. Hann, amidst great applause, intimated his intention of presenting the club next year with a bracelet of the value of 100 guineas to be run for. The health of Mr. C. M. Lloyd of Zamma, one of the oldest sportsmen in Riverina, and who won the former Cup with The Diver, was amongst the toasts, and was duly honoured. The Flying Handicap brought the day's sport to a conclusion, and in this the favourite—Here's Luck—went altogether to the wall, Sarabanda, skilfully piloted by young Kelso, winning, and Clement coming in second. Clement, it will be remembered, showed himself a good horse at Jerilderie Races, but somehow he did not come up to expectations here. Appended are the details of the racing:—

THE WAGGA WAGGA DERBY—1½ mile.

Alice ... ... w.o.

THE TWO-YEAR-OLD HANDICAP.

Mr. J. Mitchell's Merry Xmas, 7st. 9lb. (Ellis) 1
Mr. P. J. Cox's All Gold, 6st. 7lb. (Curran) 2
Dagon 3

Betting: 5 to 4 on Uarah, 2 to 1 Dagon, 4 to 1 Merry Xmas, 10 to 1 All Gold.

The first on his feet was All Gold, Uarah next, and Dagon last. In the turn Dagon collared the leader, who was a length ahead of the mare, but fell back coming into the straight. Uarah leaped to the front at the distance, and won by a length. Time, 1 minute 18 seconds. A protest was entered by Curran, rider of All Gold, against Nicholson, jockey of Uarah, for foul riding, which was entertained by the committee, who decided to disqualify Uarah, and to place All Gold 2nd, Dagon 3rd. D. Nicholson, the jockey of Uarah, is suspended from riding for six months.

GRAND STAND HANDICAP—1½ mile.

Mr. W. Thorogood's Impulse, 3 years, 7st. 4lb. (Harris) ... 1
Mr. T. Cannon's Merlin, 6 years, 7st. 11lb. (Williamson) ... 2
Mr. H. J. Bowler's Minerva (late Hawkesbury), 6st. 12lb. (Bales) 3

The other starters were Rapid, 6 years, 8st. 12lb.; Privateer, 4 years, 7st. 12lb.; Phyllis, 5 years, 7st., and Thakambau, 4 years, 6st. 7lb.

Betting: 6 to 4 on Impulse, 4 to 1 v. Minerva and Merlin, 7 to 1 v. Phyllis and Privateer, 10 to 1 v. Rapid, and 12 to 1 v. Thakambau.

As the word was given Impulse dashed away, Privateer being last. Approaching the turn Impulse eased off and Thakambau coming up took first position up to the five-furlong post, his attendants being Impulse and Phyllis in the order named, and the rest in a string. After passing the post Merlin went to the front, maintaining this position to the distance, where Impulse was called upon by young Harris, and, steadily forging ahead landed once more a winner by a clear length. Time, 2 minutes 10 seconds.

SELLING HURDLE RACE, of 50 sovs.: welter weight for age. About two miles.

Mr. J. Cox's Carrissima, by John Bull, aged, 9st. 8lb. (King) 1
Mr. F. Reinck's Sultan, aged, 8st. 11lb. (carried 8st. 3lb. (Ringwood) 2
Mr. T. M'Donald's Letitia, 6 years, 9st. 10lb. (carried 10lb.) (Simms) 3

The other starter was Baron, 8st. 3lb., carrying 8st. 5½lb.

Betting: Even money on Carrissima, 5 to 2 v. Letitia, 4 to 1 v. Baron, 7 to 1 v. Sultan.

Sultan led from the post, with Letitia and Carissima second and third. The latter fell back last coming into the straight, but gained third place. At the back of the course Sultan was still leading, and Baron bringing up the rear. At the five-furlong post Carissima succeeded in catching Letitia, and trying conclusions with Sultan over the last jump, galloped up the straight the easiest of winners by four lengths. Time, 4 minutes 40 seconds. The winner was bought in at the upset price.

LADIES' BRACELET—1 mile.

Mrs. P. Hann's Impulse, 8st. 8lb. (Davis) 1
Mrs. J. Woods' Merlin, 9st. 6lb. (Callaghan) 2
Mrs. H. J. Bowler's Minerva, 8st. 12lb. (Yeomans) 3

Blazes, aged, 8st. 11lb.; Coup d'Etat, 8st. 10lb.; The Spaniard, 5 years, 8st. 3lb.; Wild Oats, 4 years, 7st. 8lb.; Rebus, 3 years, 7st. 8lb.; Carissima, aged, 7st. 4lb.; Alice, 3 years, 7st. 2lb.; and Student, aged, 7st., were the other starters.

Betting: 5 to 4 on Impulse, 3 to 1 v. Blazes, 5 to 1 v. Coup D'Etat, 7 to 1 bar three.

After some difficulty in starting, the field got away well together, Coup d'Etat having the advantage, with Blazes second. At the gate, Coup d'Etat was a length ahead of Merlin, and the others in a bunch, with Minerva acting as whipper-in. Along the side of the course Coup d'Etat still led, Blazes showing next, and Alice being last. Coming into the straight, Merlin led, with Blazes, Minerva, and Impulse all following each other, and when fairly in the straight Impulse swept by the leaders like a whirlwind and won by two lengths, Merlin and Minerva having a desperate struggle for second place, and the former gained it only by a nose. Time, 1 minute 42 seconds.

FLYING HANDICAP—¾ mile.

Mr. A. Smee's Sarabanda, 4 years (Kelso) 1
Mr. G. Davis's Clement, 3 years (Gough) 2
Mr. J. Lyons' The Spaniard, 5 years (Ellis) 3

The other starters were Princess of Lorne, Here's Luck, Agio, and Cymric.

Betting: 6 to 4 on Here's Luck, 4 to 1 v. Princess of Lorne and Sarabanda.

Clement made the running into the straight, but at the distance he was disposed of by Sarabanda, who came to the front and won easily by a length and a-half, Spaniard finishing two lengths from Clement, the favourite next, and Princess of Lorne last. Time, 1 minute 15 seconds.

It is expected that only a few horses will start for the Mile Handicap and the Town Plate, and matters are so mixed that it is impossible to form any conception of the result of either race. It would be punishing Impulse too severely were she to be started for one or the other, although she would, even with the heavy impost, make the field travel for the Handicap. The disqualification of Narah extends only to the one race—the Two-year-old Handicap—and he should make the pace warm with the weight accorded to him. The Prince of Wales Selling Stakes should be taken by Favour, Brian O'Lynn, or Princess of Lorne; the Steeplechase by Rob Roy, Uhlan, and Dispatch, although, should Belle Brandon take kindly to the big timber, she should take off the money. There is little or no betting to-night.

The following are the weights, which were published at a late hour this evening, for the

TOWN PLATE.

	st. lb.		st. lb.
Hastings	9 9	Phyllis	6 10
Rapid	8 12	Young Australian	6 9
Impulse	8 12	Wollongong	6 8
Bonnie Bee	7 12	Tramp	6 6
Privateer	7 10	Isonomy	6 4
Adamantea	7 4	Student	6 0
Minerva	7 2	Cynric	6 0
Blazes	7 0		

MILE HANDICAP.

	st. lb.		st. lb.
Impulse	9 11	Thakambau	7 4
Rapid	9 8	Oily Gammon	7 0
Sarabanda	9 2	Rebus	7 0
Minerva	8 7	Clement	6 7
Here's Luck	8 6	Cynric	6 4
Princess of Lorne	8 4	Uarah	6 0
The Spaniard	7 4		

THE INTERNATIONAL MATCH.

The Englishmen were enthusiastically received at the Redfern station yesterday by several hundred people. Among them were the leading members of the New South Wales Cricket Association, who having shaken hands with the visitors, conducted them in a four-in-hand drag to their quarters at the Metropolitan Hotel. Arrived there the English team were formally welcomed, the large room being taxed to its utmost to find accommodation for the receptionists. Mr. Angus Cameron in a brief and happy speech welcomed Shaw and his team to New South Wales, and while trusting that their trip would be both a profitable and a pleasant one, he hoped that New South Wales would win. There were many old faces and some new ones in the English team, and they were glad to renew old acquaintances, and form fresh ones, as all tended to the development of a grand old game. The Association were not in a measure prepared for the occasion, and no elaborate preparations had been made. The Englishmen, however, could rest assured that while they were in New South Wales they would not be neglected. In the interests of the noble game he welcomed Shaw and his men to Sydney, and hoped they would meet with every success. Mr. Alfred Shaw expressed the great gratification his team felt at the warm welcome they had received from the New South Wales cricketers, and the pleasant reception would in the hard English winter form a pleasing reminiscence at the firesides of the members of the team who had visited the antipodes. Mr. James Lillywhite then proposed the toast of the "New South Wales Cricket Association," thanking that body for the genuine and substantial assistance it had lent the English team since they had landed. He hoped everything would pass off pleasantly, that there would be no squabbles, and that there would be some "jolly good tight matches." He concluded his remarks by proposing the "New South Wales Cricket Association," coupled with the name of Mr. P. B. Walker, who, in response, said that he hoped the tour of the English cricketers would be both a pleasant and profitable venture, and he was quite sure the Association would do all in its power to bring about that happy result. The match to-day between the Englishmen and New South Wales Eleven will commence at mid-day, and there promises to be a close and exciting contest. The Englishmen were at practice this afternoon, and by the form displayed by them, it shows that our men have all their work cut out to make a good match of it. Shrewsbury, Maurice Read, Barnes, and Ulyett, played in excellent form for the Englishmen, and for New South Wales Massie, Allen, Hiddlestone, Turner, and Evans showed to advantage. Comparing the two teams the Englishmen have the advantage on paper, as they have such a strong bowling team, and the Englishmen in fielding are very expert, so that our men will have to exert themselves to the utmost to score a victory. The respective teams are:—

ENGLAND.	NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ulyett	C. Bannerman
Bates	S. Jones
Barnes	Massie
Flowers	Moses
Scotton	Evans
M. Read	Hiddlestone
Shrewsbury	Turner
Attewell	Downes
Briggs	Allen
Peel	Bryant
Hunter	Garrett
Umpire, A. Shaw.	Umpire, J. Swift.

Our local correspondent telegraphs that the Hay New Year's Race Club have decided at a meeting held on Wednesday night to hold races on New Year's Day. The club gives £126 in prizes.

Our Adelaide correspondent telegraphs that the protest against Rufus, the winner of the Victorian Derby, has been fully investigated, and there is no doubt that the mares Princess Alice and Wilhelmina are not identical, and that Rufus has been correctly nominated. Mr. Coglin, the breeder of Rufus, has forwarded to Melbourne a declaration to that effect.

Our Adelaide correspondent telegraphs that the annual cricket match between the Prince Alfred and St. Peter's Colleges was played yesterday, when the former made 178 runs in their first innings, and the latter had four wickets down for 131 runs. The game was remarkable for the phenomenal play of Hayward, a lad of 15 years of age, who played well for 23 runs against the All England Eleven on the Kensington Oval. The match will be continued to-day.

COMMERCIAL.

PRODUCE MARKET.—THURSDAY.

On the wharfs this morning a comparatively small supply of produce was received, which chiefly comprised hay; but stocks are likely to be supplemented to-morrow. Trade was quiet. The following are the quotations:—

Maize.—No fresh supplies, but additions are expected to-morrow. Inquiry up to 4s. 10d. per bushel for prime samples. Weevily, from 4s. 6d.

Oats.—No change under this head. Feed selling fairly at 3s. to 3s. 3d. per bushel. Seed not inquired for; worth 3s. to 3s. 3d.

Barley.—Cape firm at 3s. 6d. per bushel; little or none offering. New Zealand, 3s. to 3s. 3d.

Bran.—Supplies sufficient for the requirements. Market well stocked. Quiet sales at 11d. to 1s. per bushel.

Pollard.—In moderate request at 1s. to 1s. 1d. per bushel.

Hay.—Further consignments to hand from the Hunter River this morning. Business was quiet. Prime lucerne, £3 15s. to £4 per ton; second quality and inferior, £2 to £3 5s.

Chaff.—Additions expected to-night. Wharfs well supplied. Stocks working off with dull sales at £4 15s. to £5 5s. per ton for Victorian.

Onions.—Market bare of Victorian, but supplies likely to be received to-morrow. Nominal value of Victorian, £19 to £20 per ton. New Hunter River onions realised 11s. to 12s. per cwt.

Potatoes.—No fresh shipments. Market supplied chiefly by New Zealand descriptions, for which holders ask £6 10s. per ton. A Victorian shipment is expected to-morrow. Victorian selling at £7 10s. to £7 15s. per ton.

Butter.—Market unchanged. Ample supplies of Illawarra at 8d. per lb. No inquiry for intercolonial packed, which is quoted from 3d.

Cheese.—Further consignments were received from Southern ports yesterday to the extent of 1000. Quiet sales. Colonial, 5d. to 8d. per lb.; New Zealand, 7d. to 8d.

Bacon.—In request. Hand-cured, Southern, 9½d. to 11d. per lb.; machine-cured, 7d. to 9d.; Northern rivers, 5d. to 8d. Hams, 10d. to 1s. 1d.

Lard.—Prime colonial, in bladders, 7d. per lb.; in keg, 4d. to 6d.

Honey.—Good and clear scarce at 5½d. per lb.; other sorts from 3½d.

Beeswax.—Good demand from 10d. to 1s. per lb., according to quality.

Eggs.—Supplies equal to the demand. Quiet sales at 1s. to 1s. 1d. per dozen.

Poultry.—Supplies expected to-morrow. Strong demand at per pair:—Fowls, 4s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.; ducks, 5s. to 6s. 6d.; geese, 8s. to 10s.; turkeys, 9s. to 18s.

Brooms.—Ample supplies of ordinary Hunter River sorts, with fair sales at 7s. to 9s. per dozen.

The following produce was received coastwise for the week ending November 19:—From the New South Wales ports: 1579 and 15 bags wool, 1446 hides, 24 casks tallow, 15 bags hair, 14 bags horns, 52 bags bones, 944 bales hay, 8289 bags maize, 45 bags bran, 202 bags potatoes, 38 bags onions, 531 kegs butter, 3377 cheese, 104 bags bacon, 9 bags hams, 20 cases lard, 439 cases eggs, and 108 coops of poultry. From Queensland: 222 bales and 1 bag wool, 3205 hides, 137 casks tallow, 50 bags horns, 93 bags bones, 8 bags hair, and 26 bags potatoes. From Victoria: 11,078 bags and 80 bales chaff, 2112 bags potatoes, 26 bags onions, 2084 bags flour, 20 bales hair, 14 cases cheese, 9 cases honey, 19 cases eggs, and 10 kegs 2 casks and 6 cases butter. New Zealand: 2808 bags oats, 535 bags wheat, 2534 bags potatoes, 211 bags bran, 70 bags pollard, and 6 cases cheese. From Adelaide: 92 bales wool, 1100 bags 482 tons and 4050 packages of flour, 300 bags wheat, 1244 bags chaff, 624 bags potatoes, 1889 bags bran, and 4 casks and 5 pipes of eggs.

TAMWORTH FAT STOCK MARKET.
[BY TELEGRAPH.]

TAMWORTH, THURSDAY.

At Messrs. Nathan Cohen and Co.'s auction sales of fat stock to-day there were fair supplies; only medium quality realised 22s 6d per 100lb.; Sold: Dick's bullocks, from £4 17s 6d to £6; cows, £4. Wheeler's cows, £6 18s; steers, £4 6s; heifers, £3 15s. Collins' bullocks, £4 to £5 13s; cows and heifers, £3 12s 6d to £5 5s. Barber's steers, £3. Sheep sold: Jackson's wethers, 8s. At Mr. Alexander Johnston's sales a small supply of cattle was yarded, the quality, excepting two pens, being very inferior. Butler's fat ewes sold up to 8s 10d.

TERRIFIC FIGHT WITH A SHARK.—A fearful shark adventure is reported from Passade, a small fishing village between Nice and Villefranche. Two fishermen returned late in the evening with a shark measuring 10 feet in length in tow. The monster had been harpooned, and lost considerable blood, which fact enabled them to draw it on shore easily and secure it in their hut, intending to take it for exhibition to Nice the next day. About 2 o'clock in the morning a horrible noise arose from the hut, the unearthly howling of a dog and screeching of children predominating. The two fishermen hurriedly lit their lamps and hastened to the spot, when a terrible sight met their gaze. The monster, whose wounds were mortal, had so far recovered that he was seen flapping about snapping at everything within reach. The dog, which had been left sleeping by the bed of the two children who, with their mother, occupied the hut, had been nearly bitten in two. The mother herself, in trying to shield her infants, had had her leg cut off below the knee. One of the men had seized a harpoon, and managed to strike the brute in the eye, but in the terrific bound that it gave the lamps were knocked over and extinguished, and a struggle of unprecedented horror took place in the dark. The fishermen suddenly made for the door, but were unable to open it. In the meantime a neighbouring fisherman had been drawn to the spot by hearing the fearful din. With his help the two children were first rescued through a small window above the door, after which this was broken down by the united efforts of the men. The shark was held by means of the table, the legs of which were already bitten through as so much straw, and, directly the door was opened, it flapped its way outside and sought the sea. It was mastered in the end, however, through a harpoon thrust in the remaining eye. Dr. Gabrielli was immediately sent for, and amputated the stump from the mother's leg; it is expected she will recover. The children luckily escaped unhurt.—*Galignani's Messenger.*

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in ½lb. packets, by grocers, labelled—"James Epps and Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London England."—[ADVT.]

AMUSEMENTS.

M. EDOUARD REMENYI.

The programme of the tenth Remenyi concert gave to the artist whose name has made the series so famous three great solos, and, reversing the usual order, placed that from the truly classic school last. Four rows of seats in the stalls added to the dress circle were insufficient for the applicants, and a fringe of spectators willingly stood during the whole performance. The first solo, the grand fantasie by Ernst, on themes from "Othello," was an exceptionally fine performance. The first movement, introducing a lovely melody; the second distinguished by the massive chords, which are so great a feature of the artist's style; the third again full of melody, a plaintively beautiful air heard with varied harmonies, and with passages of double notes, so admirably played that the ear was enchanted; the fourth string portion was magnificent. To this succeeded an encore, Schubert's Serenade, each verse with its own interpretation, passionate entreaty following the tender affection breathed in the opening, and delicacy, fervour, melody, and harmony marvellously combined in the close. One admirer here threw a bouquet with blue streamers, with "Homage to Remenyi" and "Australia greets Remenyi" inscribed in silver. The second solo was a pastorale and martial dance, composed by M. Remenyi, after the model of Hungarian national tunes, the spirit of which, as recorded in Grove's Dictionary of Music and Musicians, this artist is so imbued that many of his compositions have been adopted and published as national airs. The chivalrous character and distinct national element is well developed, and the themes were appreciated in full by the delighted listeners. Another set of Hungarian melodies formed the encore. The third solo was the Andante and finale of Mendelssohn's great Concerto, in which the reverence of the artist for the composer was shown in the conscientious accuracy and the hearty interpretation; the lofty melody of the refined Andante impresses the hearer anew with every fresh rendering; it was artistic and poetic in the highest degree, and the brilliancy and grace with the fairy character of the finale were equally admirable. For a miscellaneous audience to listen with breathless attention to such a solo at the end of a concert speaks volumes for the rendering. A grand improvised introduction in M. Remenyi's elevated style was the prelude to the "Carnival," the variations upon which were of greater diversity and more astonishing feats of technique than any yet given; and when the whole extravagance attendant upon an actual carnival had been brought before the mind's eye, and charmed and amused the ears, the sympathies and patriotic sentiments of the assembly were aroused by a masterly performance of the "Liberty Hymn," the swing and thrilling emotion of which brings it into close affinity with the "Marseillaise." Mr. Rudolf Himmer, in the "Angel at the Window" (Tours), a "Spring Song" by Mr. Luckstone, and "Mary of Argyle," showed his cultured sympathetic style, to the great pleasure of his hearers, and Miss Downing gracefully rendered songs by Sullivan and Gottschalk. Mr. Luckstone played Chopin's E flat Nocturne, Pease's Grand March, and Liszt's Polonaise in E. The last two have been given before during the series, and are not the most effective of the pieces selected. The final concert in the Opera House will be given this evening. "Bobadil" follows on Saturday.

BOBADIL.

The comic opera "Bobadil," which is to be produced for the first time on any stage at the Opera House, is the joint work of Mr. Walter Parke and Mr. Luscombe Searelle. The former provides the book, and specimens of his work have been afforded in "Manteaux Noirs" and "Estrella." The foundation of the story is "The Sleeper Awakened," from the "Arabian Nights;" but, as may be imagined, the requirements of opera bouffe have necessitated many additions and incidents which have no place in the history of the "Thousand and One Nights." The period is emphatically stated to be "the period of opera bouffe," the *locale* indefinitely described as "the East." The hero, Bobadil, is a young Englishman who has fallen amongst the Philistines, and been ruined by an Armenian usurer. He longs to be Sultan for a day, if only to be revenged on his tormentor. The real Sultan hears of his wish, and, taking the chief of his bodyguard into his confidence, procures disguises, and the two visit Bobadil as merchants. The daughter of the Sultan, weary of the restraint of the palace, takes her maid, the two dressed as boys parade the town, and, by a singular chance, also go to Bobadil's house, where father and daughter meet without detecting each other's identity; and Bobadil is so charmed by the boy that he laments the sex and wishes only to find a girl so bewitching. At this stage Bobadil's creditor comes to claim Lulu, his sister, as slave in payment of his debts. The disguised Sultan contrives to drop a purse of gold at Bobadil's feet, and the debt is paid. The grateful Englishman calls for wine, the Sultan manages to pour a sleeping draught into the glass, and Bobadil, unconscious, is carried off to the palace. Awakening, he finds himself saluted as Sultan, surrounded with regal splendour, the real Sovereign acting as Vizier. The Princess treats Bodabil as her father, but soon finds other affections taking the place of paternal love. Meantime, Bodabil's mother and sister, disconsolate at his absence from home, go to the palace and demand the aid of the guards to find the lost one. The guards doubt their story, and arrest and carry them before Sultan Bodabil. Under pretence of raising a State loan, the usurer is sent for, and on his arrival Bobadil confiscates his gains. Meantime the real Sultan, finding his daughter in love with Bobadil, and thinking the joke has gone far enough, again contrives to drug his wine, and also some for his sister and mother, and while asleep the trio are carried to their own home. Their first waking impressions are that all have dreamed a dream. Bobadil, however, persists in asserting himself Sultan of the East, and is conveyed to a public lunatic asylum. The usurer is really mad, and confined in the same place. The Princess induces her father to go with her in search of her lost love, and they sally forth disguised as street musicians. Bobadil is discovered, and makes his escape, recognises in the Sultan the merchant who entrapped him, and in his rage strikes his sovereign. For this he is sentenced to death, but the prayers and tears of the Princess secure his pardon, and everybody is made happy. The music is said to be very bright and taking, and every effort has been made to place the opera upon the stage with completeness and surroundings to ensure success. Miss Gracie Plaisted, Miss Frances Saville, Mr. Charles Harding, and Mr. Wentworth (of Dunning's Opera Company), are the principal vocalists.

PROFESSOR SAMPLE'S HORSE-TAMING.

The renowned horse-tamer, Professor Sample, gave another exhibition of his remarkable powers last night. There was a very good attendance of the professor's pupils. The professor had a choice specimen to deal with an unbroken colt, which lately belonged to Mr. Scholes, of Camperdown, was led into the ring. The former owner of the animal aptly described it as being "a perfect demon," and, judging from an exhibition of its temper which it gave during the evening, it seemed a regular terror. It had been bought by some of the professor's pupils for the express purpose of testing his skill. After a great deal of rearing and kicking, it seemed to become reconciled to the situation, and ultimately acknowledged the superiority of the man by whom it was being handled. "It came in a lion, but it went out a lamb." The foregoing sentence is applicable to the condition of the animal after the professor had dealt with it, as is allowed Mr. Sample to put a halter over its head, and then permitted him to tie its tail and the halter strap together. Subsequently the professor harnessed the animal without much trouble. The performance was heartily applauded by those present. All of the horse-tamer's pupils expressed themselves as being highly edified and satisfied with what they had seen their teacher accomplish.

PRODUCE AGENTS' PICNIC.

The produce agents, auctioneers, and merchants of Sydney held a picnic yesterday at the Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion, and about 250 ladies and gentlemen formed the party, and spent a very pleasant day. They arrived at the pavilion before noon, and for a couple of hours indulged in various amusements, a miniature tramway recently purchased by Mr. Frank Smith, worked in that portion of the lawn between the pavilion and the beach, being well patronised by the children and some of the adults. Twenty or thirty couples danced to the music of Austin's band, and people who were disinclined for such active exercise strolled through the grounds, which have lately been much improved and beautified. At 2 o'clock luncheon was partaken of. Mr. W. Fraser Martin occupied the chair, and among those present were Mr. John Hardie, Mayor of Sydney, and Messrs. J. See, George Merriman, F. Abigail, and J. H. Young, Ms.L.A., and Alderman Palmer. The chairman apologised on behalf of Messrs. H. Clarke and D. O'Connor, Ms.L.A., for their unavoidable absence, and then the usual loyal toasts were proposed. Mr. P. R. Larkin proposed "His Excellency the Governor;" and Mr. Nelson proposed "The Parliament of New South Wales," the latter toast being responded to by Mr. Merriman, M.L.A. Mr. Charles Field, sen., proposed "The Mayor and Aldermen of Sydney," and Mr. Hardie responded, after which Mr. Abigail proposed "The Produce Agents, Auctioneers, and Merchants," which toast was acknowledged by Mr. See for the merchants, Mr. Seaforth Procter for the auctioneers, and Mr. H. Prescott for the agents. The toast of "The Ladies," proposed by Mr. D. Guilfoyle and responded to by Mr. A. H. Prince, and that of "The Press," proposed by Mr. S. G. Davison, concluded the list. The speeches, being unusually brief and to the point, were listened to with attention and interest, and the ladies seemed to enjoy the novelty of being spared the infliction of sitting for a couple of hours listening to dreary platitudes while longing to return to the dance. Shortly before sundown the party returned to Sydney.

Late Advertisements.

WANTED, a young Girl, as General SERVANT; no family. Apply Mrs. M. Aarons, 217, Macquarie-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. R. H. Sculler, Enmore-road, corner Emily-st., Marrickville.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Apply before 11, at Calder House, near Eveleigh Station.

MUSIC.—A young MAN, to play the piano on Friday evenings. Golden Age Hotel, George-street North.

WANTED, strong able Lad, as LAMP TRIMMER. S.S. Illawarra.

Stations.	W'r	M'x	M'n	R'in
Casino...	b	81	55	0
T'nt'rfield	b	79	46	0
Clarence..	c	85	58	0
Moree....	b	88	62	0
Grafton..	b	85	63	0
Gl'n Inn's	b	81	50	0
Inverell..	b	77	55	0
Bourke..	b	97	66	0
Narrabri	b	90	43	0
Armidale	b	90	44	0
B'ndem'r.	b	74	48	0
Gunned'h	b	89	64	0
C'namble	b	—	—	0
Lismore..	—	—	—	—
Walcha..	b	74	48	0
Tamw'rth	b	82	55	0
Coonab'n	b	83	46	0
P.M'cqrie	b	76	52	0
W'lcannia	b	—	—	0
M'rr'ndi.	b	76	53	0
Taree....	b	78	51	0
Cassilis..	b	76	56	0
M'ss'lbr'k	b	85	54	0
Dubbo...	b	89	58	0
Menindie.	b	82	63	0
Singleton	b	79	57	0
N'l'n'r'B	b	81	71	0
Mudg (28 75)	b	88	51	0
Maitland.	b	80	52	0
Hill End.	b	—	—	0
N'wcastle	b	77	61	0
Orange..	c	71	48	0
Bathurst	b	80	42	0
Forbes...	—	—	—	—
M.V'ct'ria	b	77	61	0
Carcoar..	b	75	56	0
Cond'b'l'n	b	77	58	0
Marsdens	b	85	65	0
Picton...	b	80	49	0
Sydney...	c	72	53	0
Wentw'th	b	95	59	0
Young...	b	89	53	0
Woll'g'ng	b	77	48	0
Taralga..	b	79	48	0
Hay.....	b	80	63	0

METEOROLOGY.

NOV. 20 1884.

9 A.M.

Sydney Observatory.

Lat. 33° 51' 41" S.; Long. 10h. 4m. 49·84s. E.

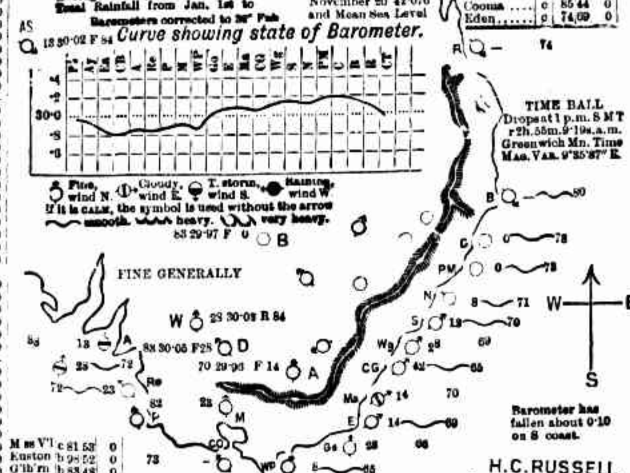
Average Annual Rainfall for 25 years ....50·491

Average for 26 years from Jan. 1st to October 31 ...44·963

Total Rainfall from Jan. 1st to November 20 42·076

Barometers corrected to 32° Fah. and Mean Sea Level

Stations.	W'r	M'x	M'n	R'in
Qeanbey'n	b	77	56	0
Deniliquin	b	92	56	0
Moruya....	c	78	55	0
Kiandra....	c	75	35	0
Albury....	b	82	57	0
Bodalla....	b	78	49	0
Cooma	c	85	44	0
Eden......	c	74	69	0



M m V'l	c	81	53	0
Euston	b	98	52	0
G'lb'rn	b	83	48	0
Wagga.	b	91	49	0
C. Goo.	b	69	60	0

NOTES EXPLANATORY OF MAP.

In the list of stations the column headed W.T. gives the state of the weather at 9 a.m., b standing for blue sky; c, detached clouds; d, drizzling rain; f, fog; g, gloomy; m, misty; o, overcast; p, passing showers; r, rain; t, thunder; u, threatening. The next column, M'x gives the maximum temperature for previous 24 hours. M'n the corresponding minimum temperature; R'in the rain for the previous 24 hours. The symbols used in the map are explained in the centre of it. At each coast station the wind symbol is placed like a vane pointing to the direction from which the wind is coming. A clear circle with it means fine weather; a circle with bar, cloudy weather; and a black spot, raining. Next to this symbol are placed figures denoting the number of miles the wind is moving per hour; next, a symbol showing the state of the sea; and, lastly, figures denoting the shade temperature at 9 a.m. The barometer curve shows the state of barometers round the coast from Perth to Cooktown:—Pt, Perth; Ay, Albany; Ea, Eucla; CB, Cape Borda; A, Adelaide; Re, Robe; P, Portland; M, Melbourne; W P, Wilson's Promontory; Go, Gabo; E, Eden; Ma, Moruya; G G, Jervis Bay; Wg, Wollongong; S, Sydney; N, Newcastle; P M, Port Macquarie; C, Clarence River; B, Brisbane; R, Rockhampton; Ct, Cooktown. Inland the state of barometer is given in figures at Albury, Deniliquin, Wentworth, Bourke, and Alice Springs. The barometer curve enables one at a glance to trace the depressions, beginning in Western Australia, and passing along eastwards; northerly winds preceding them and southerly following.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.—November 20.

Western Australia.—Cloudy generally, with light to fresh southerly winds, and rough sea. Rainfall: Albany, 0·03.

South Australia.—Generally fine and hot, with light scattered clouds; dull and sultry west of Cape Borda; winds N.E. to N.W., moderate to strong; falling barometers and moderate sea on south coast; cloudy in Northern Territory. Rain: Port Darwin, 0·24.

Victoria.—Fine and clear, with light northerly winds; steady barometers and smooth sea.

Tasmania.—Fine and clear, light N.N.E. wind.

New Zealand.—Russell, barometer 30·10, wind S.E.; Wellington, barometer 30·00, wind S.E.; Bluff, barometer 30·10, wind W. Winds light, weather generally fine and clear.

New South Wales.—Fine and clear throughout, calm inland; light N.E. breeze, steady barometers, and smooth sea on coast. Murrumburrah, wind W., maximum 77, minimum 53, weather fine; Balranald, wind E., maximum 93, minimum 58, weather fine; Quirindi, wind S.E., 14, maximum 89, minimum 58, weather fine; Molong, wind calm, maximum 80, minimum 43, weather fine; Cowra, wind calm, maximum 70, weather fine; Nowra, calm, maximum 82, weather fine.

Queensland.—Generally fine and clear, with light S.E. winds and smooth sea. Dull, with light E. wind, at Townsville. No rain.

3 P.M. OBSERVATIONS.

New South Wales.—Port Macquarie, N.E., 28, fine, smooth sea, temperature 76°; Newcastle, N.E., fresh, fine, smooth sea, temperature 70.; Sydney, N.E., 8, light clouds, smooth sea, temperature 70°; Cape St. George, N.E., 56, dull, moderate sea, temperature 70°; Moruya, N.E., 56, fine, moderate sea, temperature 69°; Eden, N.E., 28, fine, slight sea, temperature 72°; Menindie, N., 28, fine, hot, temperature 84.; Wentworth, N.W., 14, fine, hot, temperature 85°; Goulburn, N.W., fine, temperature 72°; Deniliquin, calm, fine, hot, temperature 80°; Albury, W., fine, hot, temperature 80°; Murrumburrah, W., cloudy, temperature 88°.

Victoria.—Barometers falling. Melbourne, N.W., 12, fine, hot, temperature 80°; Cape Otway, E.N.E., cloudy, smooth sea, temperature 81°; Portland, N.W., 42, hot wind, smooth sea, temperature 84°; Wilson's Promontory, W., 6, fine, smooth sea, temperature 78°.

STATE OF RIVERS.

Murrumbidgee: At Wagga, 5 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Hay, 3 feet 5 inches above summer level; at Balranald, 7 feet 6 inches above summer level. Murray: At Albury, 5 feet 11 inches above summer level; at Euston, 10 feet above summer level. Darling: At Wentworth, 8 feet 2 inches above summer level; at Pooncarie, 5 feet 3 inches above summer level; at Menindie, 4 feet 4 inches above summer level; at Wilcannia, 3 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Bourke, low.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR NOVEMBER 21.

Sun rises at 4.47, sets at 6.46; Moon, 7.35 a.m., 9.15 p.m.; Mercury, 5.13 a.m., 7.29 p.m.; Venus, 3.0 a.m., 3.36 p.m.; Mars, 6.0 a.m., 8.22 p.m.; Jupiter, 12.49 a.m., 11.45 a.m.; Saturn, 8.25 p.m., 6.25 a.m. Full moon, 3rd; new moon, 18th.

High water at Fort Denison, November 21: 10.12 a.m., 10.29 p.m.

Businesses for Sale.

WHOLESALE and Retail PRODUCE BUSINESS for SALE, in a first-class business locality. Trade £9000 per annum. For particulars apply to ELLIS and CO., 791, George-street South.

TO CAPITALISTS, MERCHANTS, AND OTHERS.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

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Satisfactory reasons can be given for selling.

For full particulars apply FRANCIS GILL, Stock and Sharebroker, 158, Elizabeth-street, Brisbane.

HOTEL for PRIVATE SALE in ARMIDALE, within 250 yards of N. S. W. Bank, City Bank, Court-house, Post and Telegraph Office; 14 rooms, of brick and plaster, kitchen, 6-stall stables, about ½ acre land, well of water. Price £1500—deposit £500, balance 1, 2, and 3 years. Furniture valuation about £140; spirits, cost and carriage, about £75. Present takings, £100 per month. I only ask for inspection before sale, to show it is the greatest bargain ever offered in Armidale. Particulars from A. J. Cavanagh, auctioneer, Armidale.

ROCKHAMPTON, QUEENSLAND.

FOR SALE, AERATED WATER BUSINESS.

A well-established BUSINESS for SALE, on easy terms. Apply to G. B. SHAW, Auctioneer, Rockhampton.

FOR SALE, the STOCK and Goodwill of the Balmain General Furnishing Arcade; large premises, long lease will be given; low rent. Apply W. Halfnights, Mullens-street, Balmain.

FOR SALE, Fruit and Confectionery BUSINESS, in a first-class locality, as the party is leaving on account of ill-health; fixtures and furniture included. Apply S. Symons, 138, Castlereagh-street, near Market-street.

BUER and CO. have city and suburban Hotels from £250 to £3500, to suit all buyers. 79, Castlereagh-street.

BUER and CO. have Fancy Business in city, doing good trade; Boarding-houses, &c. 79, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, well-established GENERAL STORE up country, in either New South Wales or Queensland; terms cash; no fancy price entertained. Send particulars to Benjamin Verity, General Post Office, Sydney.

W. I. COSGROVE, 103, Elizabeth-street, opposite Supreme Court, offers HOTELS, George-street, £850, £1500, £3000; suburban, £100 to £1050; good Country HOTEL, with 100 acres of land attached, rent £52 per annum, bargain. Also, Businesses of every kind, to suit all. Assistance if required.

T. M. DALVEEN, 313, George-st., has for SALE, Hotels, £280, 400, 550, 700, 1000, 2000, 3000. Inspect.

TOBACCONIST and Fancy BUSINESS, Shop and 5 rooms, book profits, rent 26s. Tate and Co., 110, Eliz.-st.

J. S. SLEDGE, 243, Pitt-street, offers HOTELS at prices to suit all buyers.

J. S. SLEDGE (16 years with Tooth and Co.) can give reliable information as to trade, &c.

J. S. SLEDGE has just received instructions to dispose of a first-class suburban freehold HOTEL; trade, bar only, over £100 weekly, and improving daily; this property commands a monopoly; a few thousand could remain secured, interest at bank rates.

Full particulars on application, 243, Pitt-street.

FRUIT, Confectionery, and Fancy Goods BUSINESS for SALE, in William-street, Woolloomooloo, at valuation; rental £2 per week, present occupant retiring. Apply No. 90, William-street; or H. Vaughan, 3, Chambers, 142, King-street.

TO BUSINESS MEN.—For SALE, a thorough-going Manufacturing BUSINESS; a sound investment; price, £2750, including freehold premises; city. Particulars Hayes, Burton, and Dowie, 135, King-street, Sydney.

FOR Private SALE, to close partnership, a first-class Produce, Wood, and Coal BUSINESS, doing a good trade, in one of the principal suburbs. For particulars apply No. 1, Herald Office.

A BOARDING-HOUSE BUSINESS for SALE in the most pleasant part of Balmain; eight boarders, weekly return £7 6s; bedsteads, bedding, and furniture complete. A very great bargain. J. Garrard, Montague-st., Balmain; 49, Sy. Arcade.

NEWSPAPER for SALE, inrising Queensland country town. Apply Gordon and Gotch, Sydney.

FOR SALE, first-class DAIRY near Sydney, in full working order; a bargain. Apply Oxford Mortgage Bank, 123, Elizabeth-street, near Market-street.

AGER and CO., 3, Corn Exchange-buildings, Haymarket, have Hotels to suit all buyers, £300 to £2500. Butchers' Businesses, from £10 to £240. Grocer's and General Business, £60; low rent; stock at valuation.

COMPULSORY SALE, on account of ill-health, GROCERY BUSINESS, &c., hitherto carried on by F. Gorrell, 98, Queen-street, Woollahra, will be sold very cheap.

Apply above address at once.

WOOD and COAL MERCHANTS.—Splendid Connection for SALE—a bargain. Seller guarantee orders for three months. Apply Brown, 100, Crown-road, Pyrmont.

JOSEPH and CO. offer compact HOTEL, Redfern, £650, half cash, good bar trade. 102, King-street.

JOSEPH and CO.—HOTEL, Balmain, £450, long lease, low rent, with stabling; great bargain.

JOSEPH and CO.—Old-established Hotel, Goulburn-street, £680, trade £40 weekly, half cash, bank rate.

JOSEPH and CO.—HOTEL, city, £1300, lease 10 years, half cash, large bar trade.

JOSEPH and CO.—Hotel, Surry Hills, £650, lease 10 years, large neighbourhood, half cash. 102, King-street.

GRANT and CO., Park and Castlereagh sts.—Hotels, £100 cash, £200 cash, £300 cash, £400 cash, to £5000; Tobacconist and Grocery Business, Wine and Spirit Business, wholesale only, £600; Boarding-houses, &c., genuine bargains.

FOR SALE or to LET, one of the best Restaurant and Boarding-house BUSINESSES in the central part of the city, consisting of 28 rooms; suitable for hotel; long lease. BONNEY and CO., 77, Market-street.

RESTAURANT, city, takings £300 monthly, Partner wanted, to extend. Collard, 106, Elizabeth-street.

WOOD and COAL, long established, clear annual income £1000. Collard and Co., Elizabeth-street.

GENERAL Fancy Business for SALE, in the most central part of the city, doing a good business; stock can be made £300 or £400. Persons desiring a snug paying business should apply to G. R. Swyny, 61, Royal Arcade, Pitt-street.

TEA and Refreshment BUSINESS for SALE, in the Arcade. This is a first-class concern, and is admirably suited for a lady who wants an easy paying business. Apply in the first instance to G. R. Swyny, 61, Royal Arcade, Pitt-street.

J. F. HEALEY, 98, Elizabeth-street.—HOTELS and Business Places of all descriptions, SALE and to LET.

GRAY, HARRISON, and SHOPPEE, Auctioneers, Bathurst-street.—General Store, good stand, rent 17s weekly, £35; Contractor's Business, 9 horses, 4 tip drays, profit about £16 weekly, price £800.

GARLAND and CO., 331, Pitt-st.—HOTELS, £350, upwards, city and subs.; Lands, Farm, Villa, other Props.

A FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, and GREENGROCERY BUSINESS for positive SALE; splendid corner, suburban stand; £65 cash (horse, cart, stock, &c.); proprietor having purchased an hotel is cause of sale. E. Ramsay, 71, Arcade.

FOR SALE, the GOODWILL, Fixtures, and Fittings of a first-rate Shop, situated in the best part of William-st. E. RAMSAY, House Agent, 71, Sydney Arcade, King-street.

NOBLE and MARSH, Market and Elizabeth streets, invite intending purchasers to call and inspect their LIST OF HOTELS FOR SALE.

We have without doubt the best in the market. Cash assistance. HOTEL, grand city corner, £750; also, £850, £900, to £8000. HOTELS, suburbs, £260 to £2000; also, country Hotels, A1.

STEAM SAW MILL, RICHMOND RIVER.

Machinery nearly new, and in first-class order; all necessary buildings, with 2½ acres land, deep river frontage. HENRY and ZAHEL, Auctioneers, 110, Market-street.

HENRY and ZAHEL have for SALE—

Hotels, from £800 to £4000

Businesses and Partnerships of various kinds

Groceries, Dairies, Grocery and Ironmongery,

All kinds of Auction sales conducted.

Auctioneers, 110, Market-street.

BOOT and Shoe BUSINESS, city; £65, stock at valuation. Henry and Zahel, 110, Market-street.

FOR SALE, Hairdresser and Tobacconist Business; independence for steady young man. B. C. L., Herald Office.

FOR SALE, Book and Stationery BUSINESS; first-class position. Apply Stationer, Oxford-st. Post-office.

FOR SALE, a RESTAURANT and Boarding-house. 83, George-street North, near Sailors' Home.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

"BOOK BONUS" TEA is universally admitted by the THOUSANDS WHO DRINK IT to be the ACME OF PERFECTION.

Besides giving such Excellent Value in Tea, to every purchaser of 5lb. is PRESENTED GRATIS a handsomely BOUND VOLUME from the works of the best and most popular authors, which may be SELECTED from the large Stock of Books which are always kept on hand by each of the agents.

A white ticket is given with every pound packet of tea.

A red ticket is given with every half-pound packet of tea.

On production of five white, or 10 red tickets, the holder will be entitled to choose any book in stock.

Give the Tea a TRIAL, and you will DRINK no other.

SOUTH COAST and WEST CAMDEN CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, Limited, COMMERCIAL STORES, Sussex-street, Sydney, is doing the largest business in the Australian Colonies in Dairy and Farm Produce.

Butter, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, and all descriptions of cereals constantly on hand.

BUTTER, in tins, 1lb. to 6lb.; Pastry BUTTER very cheap; keg Butter in any quantity. Produce Exchange. Hawken and Vance.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our BATHURST and SYDNEY MILLS; also, various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, cornmeal, cornflour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, The Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf. Office, Napoleon-street.

IRISH CONDENSED MILK, Shorthorn brand, recommended as being superior to any brand imported. Wholesale Agents, MARK ABRAHAMS and CO., 882, George-street, Sydney.

EVERYBODY should use PEMELL'S FLOUR.—It is made from the best Wheat, in a Mill replete with the newest and most aproved NEW PROCESS MACHINERY.

The price is very low, and the quality is guaranteed very good.

HEATON BROS., 160, Sussex-street, Sydney, have on SALE:—

Maize, Oats, Chaff, Bran, Potatoes, &c.

Branches—Orange, Dubbo, Nyngan, and Byrock.

BUTTER—Prime 8d, pastry 6d; lard 6d, cheese 6d, bacon 5d, eggs 1s. O. B. Co., 711, George-street South.

HAMS for Xmas, colonial, corn-fed, sugar-cured, cooked to order, 1s; Tasmanian, Victorian, New Zealand, English, American, and Sinclair's Belfast Irish Hams and Bacon. Orange Butter Company, the only real provision store in Sydney.

PRIME Milling and Heavy Feed OATS; MAIZE in quantities. T. Edginton and Co., importers.

ON SALE, prime Circular Head and Ballarat Potatoes. T. Edginton and Co., importers, 102, Sussex-street.

TASMANIAN HAMS and BACON always in stock, very choice. T. Edginton and Co., 102, Sussex-street.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 5 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

TOILET SETS.—Entirely new shapes and designs. BRAY BROS., 402 and 404, George-street.

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OXFORD-STREET—John E. Sprague

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BALMAIN—J. Cadogan

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NEWTOWN—C. G. West

WATERLOO—Mrs. Hinchcliffe

REDFERN, BOTANY-ROAD—Mrs. Mibell

GEORGE-STREET WEST, 205—J. Collis

OXFORD-STREET, 140, next Commercial Bank—R. Iredale

GEORGE-STREET, 794—George Hill

GLEBE-ROAD and RAILWAY BRIDGE, PARRAMATTA-STREET, opposite Wesleyan Chapel—J. J. Cooper

PETERSHAM—J. Morecumb

ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH, STRAWBERRY HILL—W. Johnson

WILLIAM-STREET, 144—H. W. Foster

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Houses and Land for Sale.

TO-MORROW, ARNCLIFFE SALE. FREE TRAIN TICKETS.

STUNSON'S SUBDIVISIONS, Adjoining GUILDFORD RAILWAY STATION.

AUCTION SALE in 155 LOTS, on the Ground at 3 p.m., SATURDAY, 29th November.

Exceedingly Liberal Terms. Title, Torrens'. Lithos. ready.

FREE SPECIAL TRAIN on day of Sale at 2.15 p.m. Tickets on Tuesday next. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

BUY a 99 YEARS' LEASE ON THE NEW RAILWAY LINE at SUTHERLAND.

1030 ACRES.

It must be the leading suburb.

You do not sink money in the purchase of land.

You are not bound to build.

You are certain to sublet at a profit in a short time.

Some splendid houses will go up.

If you have capital you may build.

Or you may borrow on same terms as a freehold.

SALE DAY, 1st December, at the Rooms, RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Auctioneers.

STANMORE-HILL, STANMORE.

Splendid elevated SITES, overlooking Newington College, surrounded by first-class residences, and commanding extensive and charming views.

PRIVATE SALE, on liberal terms.

Lithos. and further particulars, apply RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

BONNIE VIEW ESTATE has views of Balmoral, Clontarf, Dobroyde Point, Manly, and ocean beyond.

BONNIE VIEW ESTATE is on Great Military-road, and handy to Mosman's Bay Ferry.

BONNIE VIEW is sheltered from South East gales, and has best building aspects.

THE CITY RAILWAY Terminus, Circular Quay, will be easily reached from Bonnie View Estate.

NORTH SHORE must become a large manufacturing centre, and don't you forget it.

BONNIE VIEW ESTATE for pure air, good drainage; Torrens' title; lovely views; easy terms.

FISHING, boating, bathing, and walks for health and sport near Bonnie View Estate.

BONNIE VIEW is liberally subdivided, the lots range from 132 to 256 feet deep.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH sell BONNIE VIEW ESTATE on SATURDAY, 6th December. Call for plan.

SECURE Grandest Harbour Views, and no choking dust on 6th December next, at 3 o'clock.

SPECULATORS will have chance of turning their purchasers over for cash, without incurring interest.

SUBDIVISION BLOCK.

WESTMEAD, PARRAMATTA.

For SALE, a splendid BLOCK of LAND, containing 9 acres, with large railway frontage, and close to Westmead platform.

Full particulars on application W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

PARRAMATTA NORTH, 1 MILE FROM RAILWAY STATION, 10 ACRES partly planted, with Orchard and Vines, residence of 4 rooms and outbuildings, excellent supply of good water; two minutes walk from the 'bus.

Title Torrens'. Terms easy. Bargain. W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

TO FARMERS and OTHERS.

Two Splendid FARMS, situate at Dural. One contains an area of 20½ acres, and the other 10 acres; £10 per acre. W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

SEAVIEW ESTATE, KOGARAH HEIGHTS.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the SYDNEY and SUBURBAN MUTUAL PERMANENT BUILDING and LAND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, Limited, will be prepared on and after SATURDAY next, 22nd November, to receive from purchasers of Land, desirous of Building, APPLICATIONS for ADVANCES.

A liberal proportion granted. S. H. LEWIS, Manager.

BALMAIN.—COTTAGE, with garden, &c., for SALE. Apply 149, Elizabeth-street.

SUMMER HILL.—For SALE, a faithfully-built Villa RESIDENCE, finished in a superior style, containing 6 rooms, kitchen, laundry, bathroom, gas, and every convenience, situated in the best part of Summer Hill, 3 minutes from station; Torrens' title. Apply Ventnor, Moonbie-street.

FOR SALE, 2 Houses, Point-st., Pyrmont, I or the 2, good position, cheap. J. Wade, Parramatta-road, nr. tollbar.

GOLDEN GROVE.—For SALE, Lot 22, Section 19, Rose-street, £10 per foot. Apply 33, Turner-street, Redfern.

LAND.—For SALE, 108 acres rich Orchard LAND, frontage to Government-road, within half a mile Public school at Kincumber. Apply full particulars, J. R. W. Parker, Kincumber Post-office.

OCEAN VIEW ESTATE, at ROCKDALE and KOGARAH STATIONS.

Grand views, wide streets, and park for recreation; Torrens' title; easy terms.

OCEAN VIEW ESTATE COMPANY, Limited, corner of George and Bond streets.

FOR SALE, a great bargain, 5 COTTAGES, opposite Hardman's Biscuit Factory, Marian-street, Enmore; terms. Apply John Waugh, Toxteth-road, Glebe Point.

GLEBE POINT.

For SALE, a splendid detached RESIDENCE, situated on the corner of Toxteth-road and Bell-street, one of the finest positions in this rapidly increasing suburb, and overlooking the residence and grounds of Sir G. W. Allen. The house contains wide entrance hall, drawing and dining rooms, handsomely fitted; varnished cedar and marble mantels; fine cedar staircase with spacious landing, 7 bedrooms; bathroom, fitted with shower; kitchen, fitted with large range and sink; washhouse, fitted with copper and fixed washing tubs. This is a most replete residence, and only requires to be seen to find a ready purchaser. The title is freehold. For price and all particulars apply on the premises, or to JOHN WAUGH, Builder, Toxteth-road.

NEAT Weatherboard COTTAGE for SALE, 3 rooms. Johnson, painter, new shop, tram terminus, Leichhardt.

PETERSHAM, near station, for SALE, a corner block, 280 x 82 feet. Terms. T. Harrison, bridge, Newtown.

PETERSHAM, Fraser-road, 6 minutes from station.—For SALE, detached neat villa RESIDENCE, drawing, dining, 4 bed rooms, outoffices, water, gas, every convenience, very cheap. D. Davis, 192, George-street, Redfern.

SUMMER HILL, near Station.—Choice Allotment, 50 x 200; £4 10s per ft., a bargain. Blizzard, 57, Arcade.

BALMAIN, Peacock's Point.—HOUSE, 8 rooms, land 40 x 90; grand views; £550. Blizzard, Sydney Arcade.

GOSFORD.—300 acres Land near town and railway; £10 per acre; good investment. Blizzard, 57, Arcade.

CROYDON SOUTH.—For SALE, in this pretty and improving suburb, newly-built Family RESIDENCE, handsomely finished, and conveniently arranged, contains 7 rooms and outoffices, gas and water laid on, nice gardens, plenty of ground, 2 frontages, coachhouse and stable, only 7 minutes station. Parties in quest of a cosy and healthy home, secure this. Price, only £1100. The Halt, Holborrow-street, Green Hills, Croydon.

SUMMER HILL, a great bargain.

Valuable ALLOTMENT, 40 x 160, corner of Kensington-road and Dover-street, only two minutes from station; north side this corner has a great prospective value, and is suitable for either private or business premises. The proprietor being desirous of disposing of it at once, will sell for £4 7s 6d per foot, cheap at £7. Board on ground. Apply Gladstone Villa, Norton-st., Leichhardt.

PARRAMATTA RIVER, Wharf-road, opposite Rose Hill Racecourse and tramway.—200 feet to Wharf-road by 380 feet to Elder-road; another 200 feet Wharf-road by 330 feet to Creek; £200 each, 2 years' credit. S. Graham, Box 915.

FOR SALE, ALLOTMENT, Silver-street, tram terminus, Marrickville, cheap; easy terms. Apply MORRISON, Ropemaker, Marrickville Railway Station.

A BARGAIN, opposite Rose Hill Racecourse, 15 to 20 ACRES, only £50 per acre if sold at once. Terms, Herald.

PETERSHAM.

For SALE, MERTON COTTAGE, Fraser-street, off Livingstone-road, near station, a pretty Gothic cottage, brick on stone, slate roof, 4 rooms, hall, kitchen, pantry, bathroom, washhouse, land 31 x 151. Torrens'. £550. Apply on the premises, or ETHELL and COURTNEY, 118, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, or opposite Petersham station.

H. M. MILLS and CO., 93, King-street, have for Private SALE, the following, viz., 18 ALLOTMENTS, the pick of Hill View, Cooper Estate, Botany-road, at the tram stopping-place.

FIFTY-THREE Acres LAND for SALE, 13 miles from Newcastle; Stockton-road runs through the land, being part of Harvey's Subdivision; price, £3 only per acre. Apply Miller, tailor, Waverley.

A WELL-BUILT HOUSE in Snail's Bay, Balmain, 5 rooms, folding doors, kitchen, garden back and front, every convenience. Apply J. Welsh, Dock-road, Snail's Bay, Balmain.

FOR SALE, new HOUSE, in Renwick-street, Petersham, six rooms, bathroom with bath, washhouse, copper, and pantry, gas and city water laid on; good chance for rent paying. Apply M. Lavelle, Norton-street, Petersham.

FOR SALE.—To Speculators and Others.—200 ACRES, 1 mile from Cabramatta railway station; bounded by two Government roads; a fine block for subdivision. J. Murphy, Cabramatta-road.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.

Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

FRESHWATER.—Where is it? Why, adjoining the Queenscliff Estate.

BARGAINS in LAND, next Saturday week. Attend WATKIN and WATKIN'S SALE at AUBURN.

SECURE a SITE at ARNCLIFFE STATION To-morrow. Free Train Tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

SEA VIEW, KOGARAH HEIGHTS, TO-MORROW.

Only £5 DEPOSIT, Balance over 5 YEARS. Special Train at 2.10 p.m. HARDIE and GORMAN.

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SEA VIEW, KOGARAH HEIGHTS, TO-MORROW.

Only £5 DEPOSIT, Balance over 5 YEARS. Special Train at 2.10 p.m. HARDIE and GORMAN.

A CHANCE SELDOM MET WITH.—A hither UNHEARD-OF BARGAIN.

FOR SALE, 200 acres of LAND, situate on a main GOVERNMENT ROAD, in the district of the Currajong, which is proverbially known for its splendid TIMBER and ARABLE LAND, the former being considered at least worth £5 per acre. The land is situated only a short distance from RICHMOND, and is open for SALE for a few days only, at the ridiculously low price of £2 5s per acre. BATT, RODD, and PURVES, Auctioneers.

LANE COVE ROAD.—35 acres near Great Northern Hotel.

LANE COVE ROAD.—32 acres, about 10 miles from Milson's Point.

LANE COVE ROAD.—108 acres, near Public school.

LANE COVE ROAD.—18 acres, near Public school.

All the above blocks on or near the railway line.

HURSTVILLE.—2 subdivision blocks, close to station.

HURSTVILLE.—1 subdivision block, about three-quarters of a mile from station.

BELMORE.—43 acres, on loop line St. Peters to Liverpool.

ARNCLIFFE.—14 acres, about 1½ mile from station.

PARRAMATTA RIVER.—Substantially built family residence, 6 large and lofty rooms, &c.; over 1 acre of land.

WOOLLOOMOOLOO.—4 superior houses; rent, £400 per annum. Price, £4800.

DARLINGHURST.—7 superior houses; rent, £840 per annum. Price, £10,500.

NEWTOWN.—20 superior houses; rent, £1040 per annum. Price, £11,500. £7250 may remain on mortgage.

POTTS POINT.—3 brick houses; rent, £475. Price, £6000. H. M. MILLS and CO., 98, King-street.

T. S. HUNTLEY, PROPERTY AUCTIONEER, 130, PITT-STREET, has for Private SALE:

ANDREAS' ESTATE, Petersham. 13 Allotments close to station, £6 per foot; Torrens' title, and easy terms.

ASHFIELD. 6 choice Allotments, fronting Alt-street, at 72s 6d per foot; 40 by 110; title, freehold. Easy terms.

CANTERBURY-ROAD. South Petersham.—The few unsold Lots on Gladstone Estate, from 55s per foot; Torrens' title.

CITY FREEHOLDS. Splendid Block, fronting Lime (88 feet, and Union (30 feet) streets, by 100 feet. Easy terms. Title freehold.

OXFORD-STREET.—Shop and Dwelling, 14 by 88. Price £2150. Lane at rear. Title, freehold. Terms, cash.

CASTLEREAGH-STREET.—A fine site, 45 by 68, at £55 per foot. Easy terms. Title, freehold.

CROWN-STREET.—Two Terraces of eight houses, always let. Price, £6500. Terms.

LYNTON PARK, Illawarra Line. Two fine Allotments, Nos. 13 and 24, section 1, 66 by 224, at 60s. Torrens' title. Easy terms.

MOUNT ARNCLIFFE, Illawarra Railway. Two splendid commanding Allotments. Torrens' Title. Price, £4 per foot.

ILLAWARRA LINE, West Botany. A few choice Allotments on Saywell's Tramway Line, Wolseley Estate, 40s per foot.

LADY ROBINSON'S BEACH. Site for Marine Residence. A fine Block, cleared, 330 by 226. Price, £350. Torrens' Title. Easy terms.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE.

WAVERLEY, close to Council-chambers and tram, 10 rooms, hall, kitchen, bathroom, &c., &c.; grand ocean view and good position, land 66 x 264; price, £2350 on easy terms. OATLEY and CAHILL, Auctioneers, &c., 120, Elizabeth-street.

WOOLLAHRA.—Pretty RESIDENCE, 7 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, &c., &c., all in good order, select position; Torrens' title; £900, easy terms if desired. OATLEY and CAHILL, 120, Elizabeth-street.

INVESTMENTS.—Some good suburban Terrace PROPERTIES for SALE, by order of mortgagees ... hands; trustees and others should make early application. OATLEY and CAHILL, 120, Elizabeth-street.

NORTH SHORE.—2 W. B. Cottages, 4 rooms; rent £60, freehold; £500. Oatley and Cahill, Elizabeth-street.

NORTH SHORE, Arthur-street.—W. B. COTTAGE, 3 rooms, &c.; land, 25 x 160, freehold; £325. £100 deposit, balance as rent. OATLEY and CAHILL, Auctioneers, &c., 120, Elizabeth-street, close King-st.; and Milson's Point.

SUMMER HILL.—For SALE, LINDO, most substantially built Family RESIDENCE, and delightfully situated in the centre of first-class Villas; this property is situated in Gower-street, only half a minute from the station, north side.

LINDO is a Family Residence, most substantially built of brick on stone foundations, slate roofs, verandahs, and balconies; containing 8 rooms, large kitchen, bath, pantry, laundry, shed, &c.; gas is laid on, and the whole of the fittings go with the property. Electric bells are fitted throughout; tiles, hearth, and marble mantles. Large gardens in front and at the back. The title is Torrens'. Lindo as a family residence, both as regards finish and position, is equal if not superior to any other of the class round this favoured and healthy locality, and can be seen at present by applying on the property.

PADDINGTON, near Glenmore-road.—For SALE, 2 first-class HOUSES, brick, stone, and slate, each 6 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, bath fixed; gas and water throughout; back entrance, freehold; price £1800, terms. T. F. Jackson, 141, Pitt-st.

ASHFIELD.—For SALE, most faithfully built and well finished HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, bath, washhouse, copper fixed, gas, &c.; built under superintendence of an architect; 5 m. from station; price £1150. T. F. Jackson, 141, Pitt-st.

ASHFIELD.—For SALE, new HOUSE, 4 rooms, hall, kitchen, pantry, bath, venetian blinds, 30 x 111, splendid position, 5 minutes' station, £540, £40 cash. STANTON'S Summer Hill House Agency.

ASHFIELD.—For SALE, VILLA, 4 large rooms, hall, gas, venetian blinds, good position, £500, £40 cash. STANTON'S Summer Hill House Agency.

SUMMER HILL.—COTTAGE, brick, 4 large rooms, washhouse, copper, nice garden, 20 x 120, 50 yards from station, only £450, £50 cash. STANTON'S Summer Hill House Agency.

NORTH SHORE.—Acre LAND, cleared and fenced, commanding view of harbour, £400. Deakin and Gregory.

SOUTH CREEK.—HOMESTEAD, 1000 acres, park, farming, or orchard land, within four hours' easy drive of Sydney; 15,000 acres cleared ready for plough, and divided into paddocks, permanently watered by three creeks; stone house, walls 3 feet thick, 7 rooms, lofty ceilings, verandahs, French windows, &c.; bathroom, scullery, laundry, pantries, kitchen, servants' cottages and quarters, blacksmith and butcher's shops, church, large stables, loose boxes, carriage houses, racecourse, stockyard, granary, gardens, &c., all in good repair. Price, and cards to view of Deakin and Gregory, 130, Pitt-street.

CROYDON.—Several very cheap Brick COTTAGES, on easy terms. Deakin and Gregory, 130, Pitt-street.

SUMMER HILL.—Two brick Cottages, every conven., £550, freehold—a bargain. Deakin and Gregory, 130, Pitt-st.

MARRICKVILLE.—Warren Estate, new Cottage, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c., £615; easy terms. 130, Pitt-street.

PETERSHAM.—Nice brick Cottage, Torrens', 63 x 170, £525, easy terms. Deakin and Gregory, 130, Pitt-street.

ROOKWOOD, near Station.—Land, 32 x 126; £10 deposit, bal. £1 monthly. Deakin and Gregory, 130, Pitt-st.

MARRICKVILLE. 300 yards from station, 60 x 105, £5 5s per foot; easy terms. Deakin and Gregory, Pitt-st.

CROYDON PARK.—50 x 150, George's River-road, 30s foot; Torrens'. Deakin and Gregory, 130, Pitt-street.

RANDWICK.—Good Building Sites, convenient to tram, nice neighbourhood. £3 12s 6d ft. Deakin & Gregory.

SPRINGWOOD, Blue Mountains.—Acre of ground and cottage, only £250. Terms.

SPRINGWOOD.—About 5 acres, between the two hotels, £600. DEAKIN and GREGORY, 130, Pitt-street.

ST. LEONARDS.—Grand Block of Land, 132 x 208, freehold; suitable for gent.'s residence. Deakin & Gregory.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, 100 acres of LAND, fronting the main roads from Parramatta and Windsor to Wiseman's Ferry; a bargain. Torrens' title. Apply T. CALE, 109, Liverpool-street, near George-street.

BONNEY and CO., Auctioneers and Business Agents, have for Private SALE the following:—

Hotels, all prices, town and country, to £3000

Restaurants—Several good ones at fair prices

Butchering, from £80 to £650, all localities

Grocery—Prices from £30, and up to £550

Produce (General)—Capital City Businesses, £120 up

Boarding-houses, prices from £90 to £320

BONNEY and CO. invite intending purchasers of Businesses to call for particulars, 77, Market-street.

NORTH SHORE.—LAND for SALE. R. Harnett, 310, George-street.

PETERSHAM.—For SALE, a good SHOP PROPERTY, with good tenant; price, £850; £450 may remain; shows 11 per cent., with early prospect of increase. G. R. SWYNY, 61, Royal Arcade, Pitt-street.

BALMAIN.—For SALE, an ALLOTMENT of Land, in Starling-street, 60 x 100 feet; price, £2 5s per foot. Apply W. Ferguson, 6, Charlotte-place, Sydney.

FOR SALE, detached HOUSE, 6 rooms, hall, bath, pantry, w.h., £620. Chaffer, Wodonga, Marian-st., Enmore.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.

Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SECURE a SITE at ARNCLIFFE STATION To-morrow. Free Train Tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

EIGHT-ACRE BLOCKS, BONNYRIGG PARK, TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

FRUIT CULTURE is a profitable and healthy occupation. This should be prosecuted with great success at BONNYRIGG PARK, which WATKIN and WATKIN (in conjunction with John Taylor) sell TO-MORROW.

FERTILE SOIL, Bonnyrigg Park, 2½ miles, by direct road, from Cabramatta Railway Station. WATKIN and WATKIN sell TO-MORROW. Tickets for Special Train and Omnibus.

THREE POUNDS PER ACRE DEPOSIT, Balance extending over 5 years, Interest 6 per cent., are the terms for Bonnyrigg Park, TO-MORROW, Saturday. WATKIN and WATKIN and JOHN TAYLOR.

TORRENS' TITLE.

BONNYRIGG PARK.

FREE DEEDS TO CASH PURCHASERS.

BONNYRIGG PARK.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY.

JOHN TAYLOR, in conjunction with WATKIN and WATKIN.

THIRTY ACRES go with the HOMESTEAD.

BONNYRIGG PARK.

The dwelling is commodious, massively built.

The necessary outbuildings are unusually commodious.

For auction sale TO-MORROW, Saturday, by WATKIN and WATKIN, in conjunction with JOHN TAYLOR.

FIFTEEN ACRES FARM, with COTTAGE, ORCHARD.

PORTION of BONNYRIGG PARK.

For Auction TO-MORROW, by WATKIN and WATKIN, In conjunction with JOHN TAYLOR.

TWO HUNDRED and THIRTY FEET above SYDNEY, BONNYRIGG PARK, 2½ miles from Cabramatta, For Auction TO-MORROW, by WATKIN and WATKIN, in conjunction with Mr. JNO. TAYLOR.

CHANGE of AIR from SYDNEY at BONNYRIGG, and the distance from the city is so soon covered that business men engaged in the city can afford to make their permanent residences there. WATKIN and WATKIN sell TO-MORROW.

IT costs a lot of Time and Money to prepare Bush Land fit for planting out Vineyards, Orchards, and Orangeries.

A large portion of BONNYRIGG is cleared all ready for occupation.

Such an opportunity to secure Blocks such as these does not offer every day.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell TO-MORROW.

SPECIAL OMNIBUSES from CABRAMATTA to BONNYRIGG PARK on arrival of Train.

Tickets on application. WATKIN and WATKIN.

CROYDON HEIGHTS.—Chatsworth Estate, adjoining the residence of J. Mullens, Esq. Good surroundings. 20 ALLOTMENTS, portion of Devonshire-street, off Liverpool-road, for Auction NEXT SATURDAY, by order of the National Land and Building Society, on their Easy Terms—10 per cent. deposit, balance may extend over 10 years. WATKIN and WATKIN sell.

ASHFIELD.—Alexandra Crescent, corner of Frederick and John streets, Mertonville, an elegant Brick COTTAGE, containing hall, drawing-room and dining-room, with cedar folding doors, 3 bedrooms, servant's room, bath, kitchen, pantry, laundry, verandahs front and back, stable, coachhouse, &c. The land has 116 feet to Frederick-street, 206 feet to John-street, and 181 feet to a lane.

The title is under Torrens' Act.

The sale is by order of the executors in the estate of the late John Henty, and easy terms can be arranged.

A property of this class is not in the market every day.

Watkin and Watkin sell at their rooms, 281, Pitt-street, Sydney, next TUESDAY, at 11.30 a.m.

ASHFIELD, Frederick-street.—That elegant and faithfully-built Brick VILLA, Castlemaddie, containing hall, drawing and dining rooms with folding doors, 3 bedrooms, bath, kitchen, pantry, front and back verandahs, garden, on land 50 x 170—to be sold by auction next Tuesday, by Watkin and Watkin, at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street, at 11.30 a.m., by order of the executors in the estate of the late John Henty, Esq.

TWELVE ACRES 3 ROODS 13 PERCHES, ARNCLIFFE, opposite Mount Arncliffe Subdivision.

1147 feet frontage to Main Forest-road.

1124 feet ditto to New Illawarra-road.

Torrens' title. Easy terms.

For auction NEXT TUESDAY, by WATKIN and WATKIN.

FIFTY-EIGHT ACRES, AUBURN VALE ESTATE, SOUTH GRANVILLE.

34 chains 84 links to Boundary-street, opposite Blaxcell and Robinson streets.

21 chains 61 links to Campbell Hill-road.

9 chains 88 links to Ferndell-street.

Being Lots 18, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30, of sec. 8, of the original subdivision.

For Auction, NEXT TUESDAY, November 25, at 11.30 a.m. by WATKIN and WATKIN.

To be sold in one line to close a partnership.

NEWTOWN, Hordern-street, close to tram, 6 Brick COTTAGES, each half hall, 3 rooms, washhouse, verandah all outside, and dividing walls 9 inches each, standing on 15 feet frontage, by depth of 88 feet to a lane. Excellent letting properties; a good investment. Torrens' title. For auction NEXT TUESDAY, by WATKIN and WATKIN, at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street.

KOGARAH PARK, within a short walk of railway.

NEXT TUESDAY, at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street, at 11.30 a.m., WATKIN and WATKIN offer for Sale the following LOTS in this excellent subdivision:—

In the Estate of the Late JOHN HENTY.

Lot 20, having a frontage of 60 feet to President-avenue (99 feet wide), by the good depth of 188 feet to a 20-feet lane at rear.

Lot 19, having a frontage of 36 feet to Green-street (66 feet wide), by 188 feet to a 20-feet lane at rear.

By order of Sundry Vendors.

Lots 16, 17, and 25, each 66 feet to President-avenue, by 188 feet to a 20-feet lane.

Lots 15 and 18, each 66 feet to Green-street, by 188 feet to 20-feet lane.

Lot 117, 66 feet to French-street, by a depth of 188 feet to a 20-feet lane.

Lots 145 and 146, each 132 feet to Gross-street, by a depth of 386 feet: Lot 145, a corner, having 386 feet to French-street.

FOR SALE,

A most complete detached RESIDENCE, in a good position, and commanding an extensive view of the Parramatta River, Blue Mountains, and the surrounding districts, convenient to either tram or rail, and built of brick on stone, with best Bangor slate roof, containing below wide hall (beautifully decorated), dining and drawing rooms, connected with folding doors, with marble mantelpieces and handsome gasaliers, kitchen with first-class stove, washhouse, copper, city water, and every convenience; above are three large and commodious bedrooms, bathroom (shower and plunge), verandah back and front. The whole is built on the very best plan for convenience, no expense having been spared to make the above a most comfortable and elegant home, and needs only to be seen to find a ready purchaser at the price—£825. Torrens, title. Terms. SPENCER and CO., Norton-street, Leichhardt.

HENRY and ZAHEL.

WAVERLEY—Corner Allotment £3 per foot.

RICHMOND RIVER.—Several good Farms, £5

GUILDFORD, Sherwood Heights.—Three Allotments

MARRICKVILLE, two minutes' from tram, £4

MARRICKVILLE.—Two semi-detached Cottages, £600

SUMMER HILL.—Six-roomed Cottage, £950, easy terms.

Auctioneers, 110, Market-street.

FOR SALE, two COTTAGES in Day-street, Leichhardt, slate roof, 4 rooms, hall, side entrance, city water, washhouse, copper; small deposit. T. Dryden, Aston Villa, Westbourne-street, Petersham.

ST. PETERS, Cook's River.—An ALLOTMENT for SALE, in Victoria-street, 33 feet by 99 feet. Apply Box 144, General Post Office.

SUMMER HILL.—For SALE, 6-roomed HOUSE, with conveniences, new, close to station. J. J. Byrnes, Brixton Villa, Junction-road, Summer Hill.

FOR SALE, 2 HOUSES, 5 rooms, stable, first-class position. 30, Myrtle-street, Shepherd's Paddock.

NEAR ROSE BAY.—Allotments, £2 deposit, £1 month £12 each. DYSON and CO., 113, Pitt-street.

BARGAIN.—Near Courthouse, Scone, two half-acre Blocks, £25 the two. DYSON and CO., 113, Pitt-street.

WAVERLEY.—Land, 160 feet frontage corner, for £240, terms; ocean view. DYSON, 113, Pitt-street.

BEGG-STREET, Paddington.—ALLOTMENT for SALE; £25 per foot. R. Scott, Herald Office.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.

Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

FRESHWATER, only five minutes' walk from the Manly Ocean Beach.

RUGBY ESTATE.—Grand views. Rugby Estate, Torrens' title. Rugby Estate. Easy terms. Watkin & Watkin.

SECURE a SITE at ARNCLIFFE STATION To-morrow. Free Train Tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

A FORTUNE FOR FIVE POUNDS.

This sum deposited with HARDIE and GORMAN, TO-MORROW, at their Sale of the ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP will secure an allotment, which must double or treble in value immediately the branch line to Granville is completed, and long before your purchase is completed by monthly payments.

Early application for FREE PASSES is necessary. HARDIE and GORMAN, Pitt-street.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

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A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.

Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

CANLEY PARK.

NEAR CANLEY VALE RAILWAY STATION.

465 ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND, subdivided into Blocks of 5 ACRES each, suitable for Poultry Farms, Orchards, Vineyards, or for COUNTRY RESIDENTIAL SITES.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, at the Office of the Vendors, THE SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND and BUILDING SOCIETY, 315, Pitt-street, Sydney, at prices and on terms such as to bring them within the reach of all.

The Estate is pleasantly and conveniently situated between the Canley Vale Railway Station and the Smithfield-road, and is distant from the Station 1 mile 15 chains by Government road, leading direct west from the station. The distance from the station to the furthest point of the Estate is 2 miles 60 chains (2¾ miles) by the Government road.

TORRENS' TITLE.

Price, from £20 to £30 per Acre.

TERMS: 6¼ per cent. deposit; balance, including interest, by fortnightly payments, at the rate of 2s 2d per £20, with participation in the Society's profits, according to rule.

For example, a block of 5 acres will cost, say, £100. Of this amount only £6 10s is required at the time of purchase. The balance, with interest, can be paid by fortnightly instalments of 10s 10d.

A plan of the Estate can be seen at the Society's Office, 315, Pitt-street, and lithographed plans can be had on application.

An early inspection of the Estate is solicited.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND AND BUILDING SOCIETY, 315, Pitt-street, Sydney. J. W. BIBBY, Secretary.

PLANTHURST, KOGARAH-ROAD, near Hurstville Station.

This fine Estate has been liberally subdivided into VILLA ALLOTMENTS of from 63 to 66 feet frontage, and from 3 to 5 chains deep, and is now offered FOR PRIVATE SALE at the office of the vendors, THE SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND AND BUILDING SOCIETY, 315, Pitt-street, Sydney, on VERY EASY TERMS, viz., 6¼ PER CENT. DEPOSIT, the balance, if required, by fortnightly payments at the rate of 2s 2d per £20, including interest at the rate of 7 per cent., with participation in the Society's profits, according to rule.

This Estate is conveniently and delightfully situated, near the Hurstville Railway Station, and within a few minutes of the proposed platform, near Webber's-road.

Very extensive views are obtained on the Estate of the beautiful surrounding scenery, including Botany Bay, Kogarah Bay, and George's River.

Plans, prices, and all information can be obtained from the Society's Office, 315, Pitt-street, Sydney.

SYDNEY PERMANENT FREEHOLD LAND AND BUILDING SOCIETY. J. W. BIBBY, Secretary.

ORCHARD AND VINEYARD LANDS, on the HIGH LANDS SOUTH of PENRITH.

ONLY SIX POUNDS PER ACRE.

This Land is selling freely. No wonder, it is so cheap, and the terms are so easy.

Persons on the lookout for FARM LANDS should take the first opportunity and see this property.

2000 ACRES TO CHOOSE FROM.

We can safely refer you to any of those persons who have already inspected, all of whom have purchased.

Call for a lithograph, and make arrangements to go.

SATURDAY is the best day. G. R. SWYNY, 61, Royal Arcade, Pitt-street.

CAMBRIDGE PARK, NEAR PENRITH.

The whole of this fine estate, in splendid blocks of the richest land, will be offered FOR PRIVATE SALE in a few days. TERMS WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL. £1 DEPOSIT.

The local agent, with the "Cambridge Park Express" waggonette, will meet Sydney train at Penrith every Wednesday and Saturday, and convey buyers direct to the estate.

FULL PARTICULARS PRESENTLY.

Meantime, apply to NEW SOUTH WALES PROPERTY INVESTMENT COMPANY, Limited, 4, Park-street.

NORTH SHORE.—For SALE, 2-story Brick HOUSE, with bay window, balcony and verandah, containing 6 rooms and kitchen, 50 x 132; price £500, B. S. terms; 1 minute from 'bus. DUNN and M'KEOWN, 72, Elizabeth-street.

SUMMER HILL.—For SALE, brick Cottage, slate roof, bay window, 2 sitting-rooms (each 17 x 12), 3 bedrooms, kitchen, pantry, laundry, stable, U. G. tank; price £575, £50 deposit. DUNN and M'KEOWN, 72, Elizabeth-street.

COTTAGE, Merrylands, cheap; small deposit; easy terms. Mr. Weatherburn, 11, Clare-ter., Rose-st., Darl'gton.

SUMMER HILL.—Very handsome Cottage VILLA, brick, slate roof, 5 rooms, hall, pantry, bath, gas, verandah back and front, asphalted yard, enclosed with lattice work, tiled footpaths, beautiful garden with lawn, orange trees, passion fruit, &c., 4 minutes station; £875—£600 can remain. STANTON'S Summer Hill House Agency.

SUMMER HILL.—New HOUSE, 5 minutes station, 5 large rooms, hall, kitchen, pantry, bath, heights Summer hill, very prettily situated, £800, £80 cash. STANTON'S Summer Hill House Agency.

MANLY.—For SALE, grand corner LOT, 137 x 150; best views in Manly; lane at back; £6 foot, easy terms; 5 minutes from pier. Apply R. Evans, grocer, Manly.

MANLY.—For SALE, 10 LOTS, each 50 x 107, fronting Crescent-street; £3 5s foot. R. Evans, grocer, Manly.

BALMAIN, Short-street.—Comfortable HOUSE, 5 r'ms, near Mort's Dock, £450. Staples and Co., 143, King-st.

BALMAIN.—Detached Cottages, faithfully built, 4 rooms, brick, gas, &c., £350. C. R. Staples & Co., 143, King-st.

FRESHWATER.—The Land of Maidenhair and other Ferns. SALE, December 6.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.

Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

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SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

SECURE a SITE at ARNCLIFFE STATION To-morrow. Free Train Tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

WHERE has land most steadily increased in value? Why, at "Our Village."

Machinery.

FOLDING MACHINE for SALE. Apply to Mr. Barnes, Herald Office.

TO RAILWAY CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

For SALE, Locomotive Engine and Ballast Trucks, Sawmill Plant, Hoisting Engines, Horses and Drays, Dobbins, Timber Waggons, and a large assortment of Contractors' Plant, all in first-class order. Apply HALLIDAY, OWEN, and CO., Narrandera.

ON SALE, 1 4-h.p. Green's Portable Steam HOISTING ENGINE, on wheels. James Macgregor, 348, George-street.

ON SALE, Green's Engines and Boilers, 2 to 10h.p.; Engineers' Lathes, Punching and Shearing Machines; Steam Hammer, 1½ cwt.; Shaping and Slotting Machines. James Macgregor, 348, George-street.

FOR SALE, Sausage Chopping Machine and Filler (Newton's). Ponport's Hotel, George-street West.

A FORTUNE FOR FIVE POUNDS.

This sum deposited with HARDIE and GORMAN TO-MORROW, at their Sale of the ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP, will secure an allotment, which must double or treble in value immediately the branch line to Granville is completed, and long before your purchase is completed by monthly payments.

Early application for FREE PASSES is necessary. HARDIE and GORMAN, Pitt-street.

FRESHWATER BEACH, the only water frontage Blocks now left for sale.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

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Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

Stock Shares, and Money.

ANGLO - AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT, FINANCE, and LAND COMPANY, Limited.

Capital, £500,000, in 50,000 shares £10 each.

Subscribed Capital, £102,570.

Reserve Fund, £5000.

OFFICES: Hoffnung's Buildings, 163, Pitt-street, Sydney.

Interest allowed on Deposits as follows:—
Seven per cent. per annum for three years.
Ditto ditto, for 12 months (payable half-yearly).
Six per cent. per annum for 6 months.
Five and a half per cent. ditto for 3 months.
Five per cent. allowed at Call, or on the daily balance of Current Deposit Accounts.

ADVANCES.
Loans granted repayable by monthly instalments.
SHARES.
Applications for Shares, paid up to One Pound or Five Pounds per share, can be made to the Manager of the Company.

Dividends at the rate of 12½ per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly.
WILLIAM CLARKE, Manager.

VICTORIAN MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT COMPANY, 724, George-street, Haymarket.

Those requiring assistance will consult THEIR OWN INTERESTS by applying at the ABOVE office before going elsewhere.
THE LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST IS CHARGED. CASH ADVANCES within SIX HOURS on Furniture, Promissory Notes, Jewellery, &c., &c., and on FREEHOLD AND LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES without Mortgage Costs.
NO REASONABLE SECURITY REFUSED.
Repayments to suit CONVENIENCE of Borrowers.
Persons borrowing £5 receive cash £4 12s 6d
" " £10 " £9 5s 0d
" " £20 " £18 10s 0d
" " £40 " £37 0s 0d
and so on to ANY amount.
Office Hours—9 to 5.30 p.m.; Saturday and Monday evenings, 6 to 7.30 p.m.
E. HENRY STOREY, Manager.

LONDON MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANK, 20a, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH (next St. James' School), OLDEST ESTABLISHED OFFICE IN SYDNEY.
Persons borrowing £5 receive cash £4 12 6
" " 10 " " 9 5 0
" " 20 " " 18 10 0
" " 40 " " 37 0 0
" " 50 " " 46 5 0
and so on up to £10,000. Any sums between the amounts above stated can be granted at SAME RATES.
ADVANCES PROMPTLY MADE UPON Bills of Sale (without possession), the security of one or two householders, Freehold and Leasehold Properties (no mortgage costs), Legacies, and all AVAILABLE SECURITIES.
Bills discounted at all times at lowest rate of interest.
All communications and interviews held strictly confidential.
FORMS GRATIS. Address THE SECRETARY.
Office hours, 9 to 6 p.m.; Monday and Saturday evenings, 6 to 8.

THE FEDERAL BUILDING SOCIETY AND SAVINGS INSTITUTE, corner of King and Pitt streets.
MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT, at the CHEAPEST RATE, on the SHORTEST NOTICE, and EXCEPTIONALLY ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.
Any sum of money from 1s upwards will be received on deposit, and interest allowed on the daily balance at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on all sums over £1.
Fixed deposits allowed 6 per cent. for 12 months.
ARTHUR SCOTT, Resident Secretary.

METROPOLITAN MUTUAL PERMANENT BUILDING and INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, Limited.
16, Market-street, Sydney, between Pitt and Castlereagh streets.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £75,000, PAID-UP CAPITAL, £73,000, with power to increase to £100,000.
HIGHEST CURRENT RATES given for fixed deposits.
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AT MERTON HOUSE, 141, Princes-street, Church-hill.—Vacancies for gentlemen. Terms moderate.

AT 213, Victoria-street, a quiet HOME with first-class accommodation for visitors or others.

A VACANCY for a gentleman at Gordon-terrace, 192, Liverpool-street.

AT TENBY HOUSE, Wynyard-square, Sydney.—RESIDENTIAL FAMILY CLUB.—First-class accommodation for visitors and others at very moderate charges. Travellers received for one day and upwards at fixed tariff. Public drawing-room, smoking-room, and 50 bedrooms. Private Apartments, and with separate service if desired.

BEDROOMS, single and double; suit respectable men; bath, key. 138 Campbell-street, off Riley-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, single and double Rooms vacant; terms moderate. 41, Phillip-street.

BOARD and Residence, suit married couple or single gentleman. 360, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for respectable men; with or without board 126, Palmer-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, piano, bath, gas. 138, Brougham-street, off William-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, bath, gas, piano; terms very moderate. 42, Castlereagh-st., near Hunter-street.

BOARD and large single Bedroom required, either at Stanmore, Ashfield, Croydon, or Burwood; open till Tuesday. F. K., Herald Office.

BLUE MOUNTAINS.—Visitors patronise Lyttelton, splendid position, close to Lawson station, bracing climate, lovely scenery, comfortable home, plenty fresh milk, and moderate charges. Apply Mrs. Geggie, Lawson.

CHEERFUL HOME for 3 or 4 gents.: bath, gas, piano, 15 min. from G. P. O.; tram, 'bus; mod. 299, Bourke-street.

COLLEGE-STREET, No. 44, Hyde Park.—ROOMS vacant, suitable for a professional gentleman.

COMFORTABLE HOME, married couple or gentlemen; piano, bath, late dinner, 21s. 37, Burton-st., Darlingh'st.

COMFORTABLY furnished ROOMS, at 8s. and 10s., use of kitchen. 106, Crown-street, near William-street.

COMFORTABLE Lodgings for respectable single men; bath; washing included; 5s per week. 45, Bathurst-street.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for 3 respectable young men. No. 5, Atherden-street, off Lower George-street.

COMFORTABLE HOME, ladies or gentlemen, £1, bath, gas, piano. 143, Dowling-street, near William-street.

COMFORTABLE furnished BEDROOM, suit two friends. Florenceville, Ross-street, Forest Lodge.

COMFORTABLE Lodgings for respectable single young men, 5s. 259, Castlereagh-street, near Liverpool-street.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for two respectable men, board if required. 15, Abercrombie-place, nr. Par.-st.

CROWN-ST., 251, near City Bank, comfortable HOME for one or two gentlemen. Terms moderate.

DARLINGHURST.—Large front balcony Bedroom, suit married couple or 2 friends. 52, Darlinghurst-road.

DOUBLE and single BEDROOMS vacant, at 223, Macquarie-street North.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

FRONT Balcony ROOM, furnished, suit married couple, use of kitchen. 330, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, bath, kitchen, very moderate. 27, Macquarie-st. South, off Liverpool-street.

FURNISHED BEDROOM, suit lady or gent. at business; bath. 400, Victoria-terrace, Harris-street.

FURNISHED SITTING-ROOM, and balcony Bedroom, hall floor, bath, gas, piano. 54, Hargrave-st., Padgtn.

FURNISHED or unfurnished ROOM to LET, suit married couple or two young men; terms moderate. 15, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

GOOD ACCOMMODATION for gentlemen and families bath, terms £1. 282, Elizabeth-street, op. Belmore Park.

GOULBURN. We stay at Mandelson's Hotel.

LARGE furnished front ROOM, fireplace, suit married couple. 232, Sussex-street, opposite Street's Wharf.

LADY and Gentleman, or two gentlemen, can obtain handsomely-furnished APARTMENTS, board and attendance, private family; thoroughly appointed house. Cards, Hartland, Baker, and Co., Market-chambers, 472, George-street.

MANLY. Superior Accommodation for gentlemen at Bay View House, West Esplanade, close to the pier.

NEWTOWN, 91, King-street.—Superior large Sitting and Bed ROOM, unfurnished, use kitchen. Apply above.

OSBORNE HOUSE.—VACANCIES for families and single gentlemen. 199, Elizabeth-street.

OLD GOVERNMENT HOUSE, PARRAMATTA. J. T. BISHOP, Proprietor.

RUGBY ESTATE.—Grand views. Rugby Estate. Torrens' title. Rugby Estate. Easy terms. Watkin & Watkin.

SUPERIOR furnished BEDROOM for 2 young men friends; separate hair beds, bath, select. 378, Pitt-street.

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION for 2 or 3 gentlemen. 92, Leinster-terrace, Botany-street. Moore Park.

SUPERIOR Accommodation for 4 gentlemen at Tinnecarra, Kellet-street. Late dinner.

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION for gentlemen or married couple; private family. 5, George-st., Redfern.

SUPERIOR HOME 1 gentleman, single room, baths, late dinner, piano; mod. 341, Bourke-st., D'hurst, near tram.

SUPERIOR Private Home, balcony-room, 2 gentlemen, married couple; late dinner. 296, Victoria-st., Darlinghurst.

TASMAN HOUSE, No. 1, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.—APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. H. Rodd Smith.

TO LET, a front furnished BEDROOM, use of kitchen, bath, gas, suit married couple. W., 186, Campbell-st., S. H.

TO LET, a comfortable separate BEDROOM for a single gentleman; terms mod., bath [illegible], Riley-st., Surry H.

TO LET, unfurnished Balcony BEDROOM, use dining-room, kitchen. Apply 5, Tivoli-street, Paddington.

TO LET, furnished balcony BEDROOM, harbour view, bath, gas, and near tram. 75, Underwood-st., Paddington.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS to LET, use of kitchen, bath, gas. 1 minute from tram. 13, Renny-st., Paddington.

VACANCIES for one or two gentlemen, every comfort. 292, Elizabeth-street.

VACANCIES, balcony room and others, bath, piano, gas, board optional. 187, Bourke-street, near William-street.

VACANCY, 394, Crown-street, Surry Hills, large room; plenty of ground, gymnasium, bath, piano.

A LADY and gentleman, with one child (12 months old), require BOARD and RESIDENCE within easy distance from town. State terms, &c., to E. M., Herald Office.

BURWOOD or Redmyre.—Wanted, by a lady and gentleman good-sized BED and SITTING ROOM and use of kitchen, with garden preferred. State terms, which must be moderate, J. W., 108, Botany-street, Moore Park.

GENTLEMAN wants single BEDROOM, Breakfast, tea, 10 minutes' P.O. State terms, O. P., Herald.

GENTLEMAN wants BOARD and large BEDROOM, or Bedroom and Parlour in a cheerful locality; Darlinghurst preferred. State terms. Box 296, General Post Office.

LADY requires cheerful ROOM, board, short walk, town, permanent, quiet. D. Y., 144, William-street.

WANTED, HOUSE, 4 rooms, hall, near town, about 20s. N. K., 97, Market-street.

WANTED, in Darlinghurst, near Macleay-st., 2-storied HOUSE, 10 rooms, offices, sm. grdn. House, 3, Spring-st.

WANTED, a ROOM, to store furniture, in or near Newtown. 1, Hawley-terrace, Liberty-street, Stanmore.

WANTED to Rent, HOUSE in central part of city, about 8 rooms. Apply H. Castles, 10, Bond-street.

WANTED, a suite of 3 furnished ROOMS and attendance, with or without board, by a lady, gentleman, and 3 children (youngest six years). Terms and all particulars to Permanent, Herald Office.

WANTED, furnished Bed and Sitting ROOM, with use of kitchen, with respectable family, and neighbourhood not more than 10 minutes from Exchange. Address Comfort, Herald Office.

WANTED, a Family RESIDENCE, between Burwood and Sydney, 8 or 10 rooms, stable, paddock, &c., near station. J. E. Vance, Produce Exchange, 95, Sussex-street.

WANTED, in the neighbourhood of Woollahra, a comfortable detached or semi-detached HOUSE, with 7 or 8 rooms. Any one having the above to LET shortly will hear of a good tenant by addressing C. W. L. D., Herald Office.

To Let.

ADA-TER., 6, Old Parramatta-road, Forest Lodge, 7 rooms, gas, water, bath, 'bus, tram. Wells, 1, Hunter-st.

A LARGE, clean 3-roomed HOUSE, 11s, Surry Hills, 5-roomed, 13s. Apply 118, Oxford-street.

A LARGE front WINDOW and Office to LET. B. R. Harris and Co., 114, Pitt-street, opposite Post Office.

A 6-roomed HOUSE, bathroom, washhouse, water, gas. J. Dyason, Lyncombe, Glenmore-road, Rushcutter Bay.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.—To LET, No. 1, Hilda-terrace, Renny-st., Paddington, off Oatley-rd., near Barracks, 5 rooms, bath, water, copper, every con.; 1 min. of tram, key next door. Apply John M'Evoy, 574, George-st.

BATHURST-STREET.—To LET, a large SHOP, and Dwelling-house attached. The shop has double front and large cellar underneath. The house has hall, balcony, 8 rooms, kitchen with range, gas and water, good yard, back entrance. Rent, £2 5s per week. Chapman and Lamb, estate agents, 331, George-street.

CARLINGFORD-TERRACE.—To LET, one of these HOUSES. Apply Salter and Barker, Young-street.

CONVENIENT HOUSE, 6 rooms, bath, gas, hall, shed, &c. 43, Wellington-street, near Town-hall, Waterloo.

COTTAGES to LET, 9s and 11s per week. Apply J. H. Wise and Co., 7, View-street, N. Annandale.

DINNER SETS.—Several fresh shipments to hand. BRAY BROS., 402 and 404, George-street.

CROWN-ST., 168, Woolloomooloo, 4 rooms, kitchen, large yard, balcony, &c.; low rent. Mr. Baass, 267, George-st.

CASTLEREAGH-ST.—To LET, between King and Hunter streets, SHOP, parlour, and large cellar. Rent, 45s per week; good business position. Chapman and Lamb, estate agents, 331, George-street.

COMFORTABLE COTTAGES, 3 rooms and washhouse, yards fenced, city water; tram passes door; rent only 8s week. W. Allen, Beaconsfield-terrace, Botany-road, opposite Goodlet's Brick Works.

ETHELL and COURTNEY, 118, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, and opposite Petersham station, have to LET:—
BURWOOD—Concord House, 8 rooms, bath, kitchen, good stabling, large garden; rent 25s
BURWOOD—Paddock, 50 x 340, fenced, at 6s week
GLEBE POINT—House, 9 rooms, bath, kitchen, servant's room, gas, garden; rent £100
PETERSHAM, Wardell-road, near station—To Let, Eastvale, 6 rooms, fine garden, magnificent views; 20s
PITT-STREET, near Arcade—OFFICE, 10s week.
ETHELL and COURTNEY, Sydney and Petersham.

EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE to LET, bath, copper, in Brown-street, off Glenmore-road, Paddington; every convenience; splendid position; rent, £1 12s 6d. Apply No. 2, Bligh-street, off Newtown-road.

FAIRFIELD.—New brick COTTAGE, 5 rooms, plenty land, only 6s a week. Tate and Co., 110, Elizabeth-street.

FITZROY-STREET, Sydney End.—To LET, 5 new HOUSES, 6 rooms. Apply corner shop.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

FOREST LODGE.—To LET, COTTAGE, 4 rooms; rent, 11s. 268, Hereford-street, below Cross-street.

FURNISHED COTTAGES and Houses, piano, bath; rent, 27s 6d to 50s. 50 Queen-street, Woollahra.

FURNISHED HOUSE to LET, 22s, 4 rooms, kitchen, bath. 70, Marshal-street, Moore Park.

FURNISHED HOUSES, 6 and 3 rooms; bath, piano, gas, tram; 42s, 35s, 17s 6d; refs. 102, Foveaux-st., S. H.

FURNISHED Cottage, Woollahra, close to tram, 4 rooms, offices, &c., for term. Collard, 106, Elizabeth-street.

FURNISHED Cottage to LET, easy distance steamer, or will sell furniture cheap. 80, Royal Arcade, upstairs.

FURNISHED town HOUSE, large thoroughfare, immediate possession; rent per week, £2 10s; 7 rooms, bath, gas, garden. Inquire Mr. Pennington, 69, Elizabeth-street.

FURNISHED HOUSE, Woollahra, containing hall, 6 rooms, kitchen, bath, gas and water; first-class position, and close to tram; well furnished; rent low to a good tenant. Oatley and Cahill, 120, Elizabeth-street, near King-street.

GEORGE-STREET, near Market-street.—Splendid Business PREMISES, 9½ years' lease, for SALE, ground rent £6 per week. E. J. Henry, Mercantile Bank-buildings, George-street, Haymarket.

GLEBE POINT.—To LET, new HOUSES, situated in Ferry-road, containing 4 rooms, kitchen, gas, water, &c.; select locality, 'bus and tram every 5 minutes; rent, 18s. Apply at No. 10 for key to inspect.

GOULBURN.—SHOP to LET, next to Riley Bros., suitable for Grocery or any other business; the best position; rent moderate. RILEY BROTHERS, Brickfield-hill.

GLEBE POINT.—To LET, a Family RESIDENCE, verandah and balcony, wide hall, drawing and dining rooms with folding doors, 8 bedrooms, bathroom with plunge and shower bath, kitchen with range, washhouse with copper and tubs, pantry, gas and water, back entrance, flower garden. Rent, £2 per week. Chapman and Lamb, 331, George-street.

HAIRDRESSERS.—First-class SALOON, centre city, every requisite; 30s week. Apply 127, Crown-street.

HOUSE and SHOP to LET, No. 298, Pitt-street, city. Apply on the premises.

HOUSE to LET, 4 rooms, kitchen, and washhouse; 15s per week. 94, Hargrave-street, Paddington.

HOUSE to LET, Brighton-terrace, Prospect-street, Waverley; every convenience; fine ocean view. 78, Pitt-st.

HYDE PARK—3 large unfurnished ROOMS vacant near. E. Ramsay, house agent, 71, Arcade, King-street.

ILLAWARRA RAILWAY.—To LET, a gentleman's RESIDENCE, containing wide hall, 12 large rooms, bathroom, pantry, kitchen, washhouse, stable with loft and man's room; ample water supply; flower, fruit, and vegetable gardens. Rent, £150. A really desirable residence; splendid ocean views. Chapman and Lamb, 331, George-street, near Wynyard-street.

LADY having good HOME, piano, would LET it to married couple or others. Viola, Post-office, Newtown.

MACLEAY-STREET.—To LET, 97, eight rooms, kitchen, bath. Apply on the premises.

MANLY.—Furnished COTTAGE to LET. Rosebank, 156, Botany-street, near Captain Cook's Hotel.

MANLY.—To LET, two furnished COTTAGES. Apply Mr. Joseph, No. 1, Post-office Villas, Corso, Manly.

MANLY.—Ocean view, facing the ocean, superior Apartments for gentlemen, families; also, Sitting Rooms.

MANLY.—Family RESIDENCE to LET (from 30th January), close to pier, 11 rooms, kitchen, laundry, flower garden and lawns; salt and fresh water supply. Box 206, G. P. O.

MOSS VALE.—Thoroughly furnished new 5-roomed VILLA RESIDENCE and grounds, very private, and conveniently situated; rent low; possession December 7; grand views. Tate and Co., auctioneers, 110, Elizabeth-street.

MACQUARIE-STREET North, overlooking Inner Domain.—To LET, furnished or unfurnished, for a term of 3 years, No. 145. This House contains large drawing, dining, and billiard rooms, 8 spacious bedrooms, bathrooms, butler's room, larders, pantries, large kitchen, sculleries, basement rooms, and cellars, 2-stalled stable and coachhouse, and every comfort and convenience. Possession on 1st March next. Gerard Phillips, Pitt and Hunter streets, Sydney.

NEWLY-ERECTED SHOP to LET, centre George-street. H. Zions, 613, George-st., one door Goulburn-st.

NORTH SHORE.—Comfortable RESIDENCE, 6 rooms, &c.; every conven. Oatley and Cahill, 120, Eliz.-st.

NORTH SHORE.—Comfortable semi-detached RESIDENCE, 5 rooms, hall, kitchen, bathroom, washhouse, copper, balcony and verandah; gas, water, &c.; splendid view of harbour, select locality. Oatley and Cahill, 120, Elizabeth-st.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, a brick Cottage in Willoughby-street, rent 20s; also Eva Cottage, Grantham-street, 16s, hall, gas, &c., opposite Council-chambers, 8 minutes' walk from Milson's Point ferry.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, TARAOELA, a first-class semi-detached house, nine rooms, kitchen, bathroom, &c., overlooking harbour, eight minutes from Milson's Point ferry. Apply 17, Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

OFFICE to LET, large front room, central, well lighted, rent low. 104, King-street.

OFFICE and Sample Rooms to LET, good situation. Apply Brook's Sewing Cottons, 89, Clarence-street.

OFFICES to LET, in most central position in city. W. Pritchard, 289, George-street.

OFFICES to LET, Victoria-chambers, Hamilton-st., also George and Bond sts. Apply W. Foy, 266, George-st.

OFFICES to LET, next A. J. S. Bank, George-street. Apply 78, Pitt-street.

OFFICES, 472, George-street, OFFICES. OFFICES, MARKET-CHAMBERS, OFFICES. To LET, splendidly lighted and ventilated. HARTLAND, BAKER, and CO., Auctioneers, 472, George-st.

PADDINGTON, 169, Windsor-street.—Six new ROOMS, bath, gas, washhouse, copper; rent, 18s.

PART of HOUSE, furnished or unfurnished, in Macquarie-street North. Apply 102, Hunter-street.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE.—Large front Room vacant, 175, Macquarie-st North. Terms moderate.

REDFERN.—To LET, six-roomed HOUSE, bath, washhouse, stables, &c., 68, Edward-street, Redfern.

SEVEN-ROOMED SHOP to LET, Darlington-road, bath and copper, rent £1 10s. 2, Bligh-st., off Newtown-rd.

SHOP and Dwelling to LET, every convenience. 173, Palmer-street, near Oxford-street. 678, George-street.

SHOP and DWELLING to LET, suit any business; lease, small bonus. 69, Market-street.

SHOP and DWELLING, Australia-street, Newtown, 15s per week. Apply W. Pritchard, 289, George-street.

SHOP to LET, Arcade, King-street; FIXTURES for SALE. Shilling Novelty Company, No. 7.

SIX-ROOMED Houses to LET, Well-street, bath and copper; rent, £1 1s. Mr. Yellet, shop, Well-st., Redfern.

SIX-ROOMED Houses to LET, Begg-street, Paddington, bath, copper; rent, £1 5s. 2, Bligh-st., off Newtown-rd.

SIX-ROOMED Houses to LET, bath and copper; rent, £1 1s. Mrs. Cornerford's shop, Abercrombie-st., Redfern.

SMALL OFFICE to LET, cheap; would suit broker or accountant. E. W. Moon, Exchange-corner.

STONE COTTAGE, with 5 large rooms and garden. Apply Miller, tailor, Tea Gardens, Waverley.

SUMMER HILL.—Snug, 3-roomed Cottage, 8s, 10 minutes from station. J. Bartlett, Prospect Hall, Sum. Hill.

SURRY HILLS.—HOUSE to LET, 5 rooms, 529, Crown-street.

SUMMER HILL.—Five rooms, hall, kitchen, pantry, bath, 5 min. station, 20s. Stanton's Summer Hill h. agency.

SUMMER HILL.—Five rooms, hall, kitchen, pantry, bath; hot and cold; laundry, fitted up; 3 minutes station; good position, 25s. Stanton's Summer Hill House Agency.

SUMMER HILL.—To LET, COTTAGE, 6 rooms, 8 minutes station; 1 acre of garden, 22s 6d. Stanton's Summer Hill House Agency.

SUMMER HILL.—VILLA, 3 minutes station, 8 rooms, hall, kitchen, pantry, bath, every convenience; £96 per annum. Stanton's Summer Hill House Agency.

SURRY HILLS.—To LET, HERCULES-TERRACE, 97, Macquarie-street South, 6 rooms, kitchen with suite, bath, balcony, pantry, scullery with boiler; rent 30s. Key at 95, in terrace.

SURRY HILLS.—To LET, Excelsior-terrace, 713, Bourke-street, close to tram terminus, HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen with range; bath, balcony, scullery with boiler; front garden; near park and public school; rent 25s. Apply 711 in ter.

TO LET, Gortmore House, 5 rooms, hall, bath, gas, copper. Apply 117, Denison-street, North Kingston.

TO LET, a 2-story SHOP and Cottage, near Haymarket. Apply 9, Mary-street, S. H.

TO LET, reduced rents, Business Premises, 45, Mary-street, £100; 46, Druitt-street, £1 15s.

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished, Temeraire, Mossman's Bay. Apply on prem., or W. Hinton, Survey Office.

TO LET, SHOP and Dwelling, gas and water; rent, 20s; Short and Cameron streets, near Dry Dock, Balmain.

TO LET, 2 HOUSES, 1 suitable boot shop, 4 rooms, kitchen, city water. Flood's Hotel, Abattoirs-rd., Balmain.

TO LET, North Willoughby, 6-roomed COTTAGE, nice garden and grounds; rent 15s. Apply Police Station op.

TO LET, neat Brick COTTAGE, 4 rooms, large yard, fine view. Mill Hill-road, Waverley. Apply opposite.

TO LET, cosy COTTAGE, rent 11s. Apply Hart, Caledonia-street, Paddington.

TO LET, PREMISES suitable for small factory, near city. Apply to J. W. Clark, 295, Sussex-street.

TO LET, COTTAGE, 8s 6d. Apply Mrs. Trebelcock, corner of Norton and Allen streets, Leichhardt.

TO LET, 6-roomed HOUSES, very comfortable, grand drainage, back entrance. No. 27, Louis-street, Eveleigh.

TO LET, No. 7, Rosewarne-terrace, Commodore-street, off Alice-street, Newtown, hall, copper, 12s. Apply No. 10.

TO LET, HOUSE, 5 large rooms, kitchen, &c., asphalt, garden back and front. [illegible]

TO LET, 5-roomed HOUSE, kitchen, gas, all conveniences, No. 114, Kent-street North. Key No. 7, up steps.

TO LET, snug Grocery BUSINESS, double front shop, 4 large rooms, good yard. Apply 240, Harris-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 6 rooms, bath, gas, and water. Apply Matherson's, coal merchant, Rushcutter Bay.

TWO-STALL STABLE to LET; suitable for a cabman. 64, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, a large 4-roomed HOUSE, No. 11, Little Essex-street, off Cumberland-street. Apply to James Power, Royal Albert Hotel, 210, Lower George-street.

TO LET, Melinda-terrace, Shepherd-street, Marrickville, near Addison-road, 4 rooms, hall, kitchen, washhouse, and copper. Apply No. 5, same terrace.

TO LET, a new 6-roomed HOUSE, Hereford-street, Forest Lodge, bath, gas, copper, side entrance, tram and 'bus, rent 18s. Apply M. Hayes, Crough Lodge, No. 202.

TWO COTTAGES and one 4-roomed HOUSE, kitchen, shed, &c. Apply John H. Chudleigh, Addison-road, Marrickville.

TO Brick and Pottery Makers.—To LET on lease, North Shore, 12 ACRES; lately Cotter's Pottery; material unsurpassed in the colony. Full particulars, W. Russell, produce merchant, North Shore.

TO LET, for three months, WHARF, foot of Edward-street, Pyrmont, 74 feet to the water, and 170 feet to street. Apply 84, Union-street, Pyrmont; or J. Garrard, 49, Sydney Arcade, and Montague-street, Balmain.

TO LET, THAT FINE LARGE NEW STORE next corner of Market-street, in Clarence-street, comprising four flats and basement 38 x 86. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Wynyard-square.

TO LET, Minerva-terrace, Abercrombie-street, Golden Grove, 2 new DWELLINGS, 6 rooms each, hall, gas, shower and plunge baths, pantry, copper, good yard, garden, balcony, and verandah; healthy position, one minute from tram.

TO LET, on building lease, ALLOTMENTS, 15 feet frontage to 66-feet streets, for 1s per week. W. Allen, Beaconsfield Estate, Botany-road, opposite Goodlet's Brick Works.

TO LET, large STORE, York-street, in Kidman's-buildings, four floors, 50 x 24; also, large and well-lighted Offices, with entrance from George and Market streets. Apply on premises. W. S. Galbraith.

TO LET, Two HOUSES, each 6 large rooms, kitchen, servant's and bath room, laundry, water laid on, side entrance, keys. Apply on premises, Annandale-street, North Annandale.

TO SOLICITORS and OTHERS.—To LET, lofty and well-ventilated SUITES OF OFFICES, with windows at front. Apply to Messrs. HARRIS and ACKMAN, 199, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a newly-erected Brick STORE, 3 stories high, most centrally situated close to King-street, in Kent-street. Fittings for offices and stores complete. Anglo-Australian Investment, Finance and Land Company, Limited, 163, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO LET or Sell, at Eastwood, Ryde, thirteen acres of LAND, with good soil, well watered, about one acre of timber, the rest cleared, four acres orange orchard in good health, bearing well, age twelve years; also other fruit trees. Apply E. Terry, Eastwood.

TO LET, Mittagong, Dr. Black's Residence, EISENTHAL, furnished. The house contains 16 rooms; externally there are stables and every other requisite for a gentleman's family. Particulars will be given on application to Dr. J. Gran Black; or H. W. Edwards, Mittagong.

TO LET, Parramatta, several handsome and commodious Villa RESIDENCES, each containing 9 large rooms, gas and water, every convenience, within one minute of Parramatta Railway station; or Harris Park platform; rent very moderate. Apply George Coates, Granville; or Coates and Harper, Parramatta.

TO Those Seeking a CHANGE of AIR.—Superior ACCOMMODATION in a beautifully situated country house in the most picturesque part of the county of Cumberland, consisting of dining-room, three or more bedrooms, stabling, &c.; also, a roomy Cottage, either furnished or unfurnished. Apply to M. W., Post-office, App'n.

TO CONTRACTORS, MILLOWNERS, and Others.
To be LET or SOLD, with Wharfage Rights, for a term of years, a new SAWMILL and Plant, including vertical saw, and every modern appliance for turning out a large quantity of sawn timber daily, situated on the bank of a navigable river, within 30 miles of Sydney, and in the centre of a largely populated and growing district, in close proximity to the termini of two sections of railway now in progress, for the requirements of which a large demand is expected, sufficient to keep the mill in constant work. The mill is erected in the centre of a magnificently timbered district; and in addition to the local demand for its justly famed woods, there is an increasing export to the Sydney market. For terms, &c., apply to J. GARRARD, 49, Sydney Arcade.

WAVERLEY.—To LET, nice House, 4 rooms, kitchen, gas, rent 15s. Woolley, Tram Terminus.

WELL FITTED-UP OFFICES to be LET, in central position, great thoroughfare. 122, Market-street.

WOOLLAHRA.—To LET, Nantawarra, Waverley-road, 6 rooms, 22s 6d. Dunn and M'Keown, 72, Elizb.-st.

WILLIAM KELLETT and CO. have received instructions from Richard Cruise, Esq., to lease for a term of years WESTBROOK HALL, with 75 acres of land adjoining. The Hall is situated within three miles of Toowoomba, and commands one of the most extensive and picturesque views on the Darling Downs.
The house is built of stone with slate roof, and contains 15 rooms—dining-room 25 x 17, drawing-room 25 x 18, with large and lofty bedrooms, bathroom with water laid on, an electric bell to all rooms, and every modern convenience.
A stone kitchen and laundry of six rooms, with large kitchen range, and water laid on; a large cellar and underground dairy.
A stone stable and coachhouse, with loose boxes and stabling for seven horses, harness and groom's room, a large hay shed, cart sheds, poultry yard, piggeries, &c., &c.
There are two large underground tanks and numerous iron tanks, and forcepump to supply water to house. A large garden and pleasure grounds, tennis court, bushhouse with choice ferns and other plants; all the grounds are tastefully laid out.
A large kitchen garden well stocked with fruit trees, vines, vegetables, &c., &c., also a cottage for gardener. The land is rich agricultural, with never-failing supply of water. A large area of land adjoining can be leased, if required, at a reasonable rent.
This property is worth inspecting by those requiring a beautiful home, replete with every convenience, in one of the choicest situations in Queensland.
For further particulars apply to WILLIAM KELLETT and CO., Brisbane, Queensland.

YOUNG-STREET, Annandale.—To LET, 5-roomed Brick HOUSE, 4-stalled stable.

Horses and Vehicles

ANGUS and SON for CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGGONS, and HARNESS, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, and COLONIAL. PATENTEES of the ANGUS BUGGY. SHOW ROOMS, 99 and 101, CASTLEREAGH-STREET, near King-street. FACTORY, NEWTOWN.

JOHN BRUSH, SON, and CO., MANUFACTURERS and IMPORTERS of every description of SADDLERY and HARNESS, have just received from their London Manufacturer ANOTHER SHIPMENT of VERY SUPERIOR BUGGY HARNESS, brass and silver mounted.
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HOODED PHAETON, suitable for invalid, £28; Hawker's Waggonette, with top, carry 30cwt., £40. J. M'LAUGHLIN, 269, Castlereagh-street.

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GREY strong Buggy Horse, £15; chestnut good Hack, £15; Springcart Horse, £10. Knight, Castlereagh-street.

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NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL, VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

The R.M.S. City of Sydney, with the English and American mails via San Francisco, arrived in Port Jackson at 9.30 yesterday morning.

OUR AMERICAN LETTER.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.

The apathy that characterised the earlier stages of the pending struggle for the Presidency has now entirely vanished, and all sorts and conditions of men think, and talk, and hope, and fear for the time being only in regard to politics. The discontented Republicans have been brought face to face with the prospect of turning over the Government to a party whose controlling element is still, as ever, the "solid South;" and much as they may dislike the candidate presented for their votes, they seem to have a strong sympathy still for their party. The great State of Ohio yet retains the old plan of having two elections annually—one in October for State officers and, another in November for the national electors. Extraordinary efforts were made by both parties to carry this first election, in the hope of securing the moral prestige of a victory in the preliminary skirmish, and the Republicans have succeeded in retaining the state by a majority greater than that of Hayes, but less than that of Garfield. The Democrats explain this in the usual way by charges of fraud and bribery; but sensible people know perfectly well that in these respects each party was equally guilty. The use of money has become in these later degenerate days more and more a feature in our elections, and the only check upon it is the limited extent of the purchaseable vote. Under no circumstances could the great majority of people be induced to sell their suffrages; the idle and worthless and dissipated are after all only a very insignificant percentage of the population. It is a great pity, however, that means cannot be devised to prevent the distribution among this disreputable class of the enormous amounts which each year are paid them for their political support. It is computed by men not given to exaggeration that no less than 500,000 dols. have been thus disbursed in Ohio by the Republicans, and 800,000 dols. by the Democrats—which would be an average of about one dollar a vote on the entire vote cast in the State.

One very noticeable feature of recent, and especially of the present, elections, is the growing importance of spectacular parades and processions. Such incidents have always been a favourite form of American electioneering, but in ancient days they involved little expense, and were comparatively spontaneous. But now they approach in cost and splendour the shows with which Roman candidates amused their constituents, although the component elements of the spectacle are very different. Every city of any importance has its uniformed clubs by the dozen, and every night the streets are noisy with the blare of bands and the tramping of men and horses, while two or three times in the course of the campaign each party makes a grand effort by a concentrated parade of all its forces. The passion of the people for military organisation, and the growth since the war of the militia system, greatly facilitate the formation of such parades, and they are marked with a discipline and compactness and order which are very significant. Few sights are better worth seeing than one of these monster processions as viewed from a balcony in one of the long, straight, and wide avenues of our cities—say Fifth Avenue in New York. For six or seven miles the eye is dazzled with many thousands of moving torches, interspersed with transparencies and flags and banners, while the houses on each side are gay with coloured lanterns and illuminations. At central points rockets by the hundred are breaking in pretty coloured stars, and braziers of red and blue fire now and then give a new tint to the picture. The dresses of this political soldiery are of every conceivable bright pattern—usually consisting of a cape and gaudy military hat, and are sometimes a complete uniform, with white shoes and gaiters and Zouave trousers. At intervals bodies of men from the different wards, in their ordinary clothes, arranged carefully according to their height, march 13 or 16 in a line, elbow touching elbow, pursuant to the manual of tactics, and wearing either all dark or all light clothes, and one general form of hat—either stovepipes or Derbys, as the case may be—give a sober meaning to the demonstration. As the procession passes the reviewing-stand, whereon are grouped the political generals of the occasion, the men salute with their canes or torches, and with a ringing three cheers move on. In the country cities the line of march is enlivened by huge bonfires on each side of the street carefully confined in iron cages, but in New York and Chicago the fire department have put a veto upon such displays. Last Presidential election the Garfield parade turned out by actual count 58,000 men, and consumed eight hours in passing by the reviewing-stand. This year we are promised a demonstration, week after next, before which the glories of that famous show shall pale its ineffectual fires—alike in splendour and in numbers. But it is still doubtful whether the Republicans will be victorious, and a single defeat means for them, beyond all doubt, immediate and general disintegration, since they are confessedly merely a temporary party. If die they must, they are dying very hard; and whatever money and organisation can do to postpone the inevitable evil day of disaster, is being done without stint.

The internal revolt among the Republicans has at last settled down into a mere separation from the party of its free-trade element. The newspapers which have deserted it, such as the *New York Times* and the *Evening Post*, and *Harper's Weekly*, have always belonged to what is called here the "British school of political economy;" and unfounded and silly as such a charge may, be there is a general and unconquerable belief among the masses that the two first-named are in the receipt of a regular subsidy from the other side of the Atlantic in payment of their efforts to open our markets to the wares of English manufacturers. The only discussion on the stump outside of personal abuse of Blaine or Cleveland is upon this one question of the tariff. Mr. Blaine made in his two weeks' tour through Ohio several hundred short speeches, and even in the shortest he pressed upon his hearers the one issue of whether our workmen should be forced to struggle on even terms with the pauper labour of Europe. Ohio has responded by a vote which emphasises its opinion very strikingly. In one very strongly Democratic district, Mr. Frank Hurd had the courage to run openly as a freetrader, and his majority faded away into thin air, and he has been ignominiously beaten. In many districts, both north and south, the Democrats who were identified with the resolute effort made last year to induce their party to declare itself unqualifiedly in favour of free trade have failed to secure a re-nomination, and it is plain that upon this question alone has the Democracy failed to command popular confidence. But for its free trade leanings, nothing could possibly have prevented its victory; whereas now, if it wins at all, it will be by a hair's-breadth. Everyone wants a change of administration, but seven-eighths of the people are unutterably averse to a change of policy in this respect. Much harm has been done to Cleveland by the favourable opinions expressed in regard to him by the London press; every one of these is eagerly reprinted by the Republican papers, and it is laid down as a clear and patent truth that a man who is liked by the English papers is unfit to be an American President. It is utterly idle to attempt to stem such a current of fanaticism as prevails universally among the people in favour of protection; and it is to be noted, by the way, that the contagion has spread across our northern frontier, and that the Canadians have imposed duties upon English goods, ranging from 10 to 50 per cent., and are equally blind to conviction. Against the mathematical demonstration of the fact that free trade is necessarily a pecuniary gain, the tariff people break out into glowing pictures of the future gains to be secured by means of protection, and point to the very great and wonderful prosperity that has on the average prevailed in this country since the war, either concurrently with, or in consequence of, a stringent protection policy. They recall to the popular mind, too, that when the war broke out we were dependent upon England for our gunpowder and many other military supplies, and that there was in all the Union not a single mill where the bunting out of which our flags are made could be produced. Better any sacrifice, they say, than to be thus at the mercy of a possible enemy for the means of self-defence. The outside world can hardly conceive of the deep root which protection principles have taken in the American mind, but in all calculations as to our future this element of the situation should carefully be kept in view. Blaine's foreign policy is popular mainly because it will enable us by an ultimate commercial union of American countries to sever ourselves from the commercial system of Europe: for the few things we cannot produce ourselves can easily be procured from the more tropical portions of the continent.

War has broken out among the railroads in a very fierce and bitter form. The lot of a railroad prince for a year or two past has not been a peculiarly happy one. A temporary lull in the development of new enterprises has led to a general shrinking of values and of business, and to a keen and persistent competition for such traffic as might be going. There is one fatal flaw in our present unregulated system of railroad construction, and of absolutely free competition, which is that the moment a road, without straining its capacity, becomes very profitable, a new and wholly unnecessary road—that is, unnecessary in the sense that the existing road is unable to do all the work needed to be done—is built right by its side. From an economic standpoint it is plain that the second road is a sheer waste of human labour, not only in its creation, but also to a very great extent in its subsequent operation. All the transportation needed could be furnished much cheaper and much more conveniently by one good and rich road than by two poor ones. Yet a second road is the only practical check we have upon the cupidity of the managers of the first road. The laws of most States provide that, whenever the profits of a road exceed 10 per cent., the Legislature may reduce the fares and freights to the extent of the excess; and official railroad commissioners have been appointed in some sections to enforce these enactments. But capital is such an elastic substance, and profits are so easy of concealment, that so long as the roads remain in the hands of private owners this legislation remains a dead letter, and is without difficulty evaded. Yet nothing prevents a projector from building a rival road; and this is done generally, not with any intent on the part of its builders to use it for the purposes of honest competition, but simply in order to force the owners of the first road to buy it at a handsome profit, and thus avoid a ruinous rivalry. Mr. Jay Gould was the Mephistopheles who first carried this simple plan to its furthest limit, but he has had many imitators. Thus, the Nickel Plate-road paralleled the prosperous Lake Shore—sometimes for miles running so close to it that a stone could be thrown from one track to the other—and the Vanderbilts were forced to buy it, at a profit of over 10,000,000 dollars to the syndicate that had constructed it. It was of no use to them, and never will be; but in hostile hands it would have ruined the other prosperous property. Encouraged by this success, another syndicate has paralleled the most profitable railway line in the whole country—namely, Vanderbilt's other great property—the Hudson River and Central Railway, which runs for 400 miles through the centre of the State from New York to Buffalo. But Vanderbilt foresaw the coming danger, sold as much of his stock as he was able to English and other investors, and refused to be again black-mailed in this fashion. The result has been that the leaders of the syndicate have sunk their fortunes in an unprofitable venture. Their road has been thrown into the hands of a receiver, and, as a last desperate effort to force the older road to come to terms, a war to the knife has been declared. The passenger rates were cut down at a jump from the two cents. allowed by statute to one cent., and the agents are authorised to make even lower terms if necessary to secure special traffic. The Central Railway line has been forced to follow suit, and the Erie and the Lockawona, which also run to Buffalo, have necessarily been drawn into the quarrel. This is only the beginning; before the month is out, the war will necessarily spread farther and farther, as system after system is affected at the main points, until the whole country east of the Mississipi is involved. The roads which are already bankrupt, like the Erie and the West Shore, in such a contest, have of course an immense advantage, since they have only to earn their operating expenses, while the sound roads have to earn dividends, or at any rate the interest on their bonds. The public gets a temporary advantage but at the cost of a general demoralisation of business which more than counteracts any benefit. The handling of all kinds of merchandise becomes mere gambling. A man may bring on a thousand barrels of flour from Chicago to New York, paying what he regards as a very low freight, and by the time it reaches its destination freights may have fallen so much lower as to make his venture inevitably a loss. Confidence is thus paralysed, and the bulk of the difference between the old and the competitive rates goes not to the consumer, but to the middleman as a compensation for the extraordinary risk of the business. Instead of the railroad taking toll by extortionate freights, as is the usual form of robbery, the merchant becomes by the fortune of war either a pauper or a millionaire. Therefore, a railroad war is hailed by the masses of the people, as well as by the poor stockholders, as a national misfortune, bringing disaster and ruin, and distrust and demoralisation, in its train. And yet all this might have been so easily avoided. Instead of allowing capital to thus prey upon other capital, there ought surely to be some supervising authority, without whose permission an unnecessary road should not be allowed to come into being. Better the extortion of a single tyrant, which might in time be curbed, than the necessity of maintaining two tyrants at an equal or greater cost. If the Government were to be trusted, the simplest plan would be, of course, to have all railroads built and operated by it. There is an inveterate prevailing objection, however, to giving the administration any more patronage than it at present enjoys, and besides, the belief is probably well founded that anything managed by the Government is worked at a much greater expense than when in private hands. So far as our domestic affairs are concerned, this matter of the railroads remains the one great uncontrollable problem, and none seems able to tell what ought to be done. Within our own borders—a territory almost as large as Europe—we have absolute freedom of trade, and the extent and freedom of these domestic exchanges, covering so wide a variety of climate and soil and production, is the secret of our recent prosperity. But the toll that the Government does not impose is levied by the railroads, who thus manage to absorb an altogether disproportionate share of the natural profits of trade, and who act in much the same manner as a system of impost dues would in repressing exchanges. If we had a system of transportation which would place upon trade the mere cost of carriage, with a fair percentage for the interest of the capital employed in building and equipping necessary railway lines, we should soon bask in an economic Utopia. But as it is, we see only the waste and ruin and restraint of imperfect organisation. The recurring railroad wars are each of them more general and destructive than its predecessor, so we shall be forced by sheer necessity sooner or later to work out the solution of the puzzle.

Commercially, everyone is awaiting the determination of the struggle over the Presidency before launching out into anything beyond the mere routine of ordinary trade. Mills are running on half-time, and the coal mines, by agreement, shut down for a sufficient number of days in the month to keep the output to the point of demand. All the hard coal production in the middle States is now under the control of four corporations, so that this is by no means a matter of much difficulty. The soft coal supply is, however, in the hands of outsiders, and great as is the prejudice against it, its cheapness has brought it into use in a great many factories. In many parts of New York City and Brooklyn high chimneys may be seen daily belching huge volumes of unclean black smoke, and perhaps in time we may be annoyed with "smuts," as people are in Pittsburg or in London. Already there is a good deal of talk in favour of an Act of the Legislature prohibiting such use of soft coal in large cities; but such legislation might perhaps prove to be unconstitutional. The iron trade is much better than it was a few months ago, and bar iron has gone up 5 dollars a ton; but it is still 17 dollars a ton below the point at which importations from England begin to be profitable. The protection of this necessary of life is, plainly, completely prohibitory. All over the country there is a great deal of building, and New York is fast losing its few remaining landmarks. Nothing is stranger to one who remembers the city 25 years ago than to stand on any of the main thoroughfares and count up the houses that remain from that period. Broadway has been almost entirely rebuilt, for certainly not more than one-third of its present structures were in existence a quarter of a century ago. The standard of architecture has also enormously improved, and is constantly in the direction of permanence. A favourite ornamentation of the new buildings down town is to leave the huge blocks of stone which face the heavy brick walls undressed on their outside face, the resulting impression being that of a structure hewn out of solid rock.

There is nothing much stirring except the election. The newspapers are filled with campaign news, and get rid of perfectly thrilling murders with a mere paragraph. The world runs along much in the same fashion, but we are too absorbed in the national fortunes to observe the doings of our immediate neighbours or townsfolk. There is a steady stream of defalcations, but they have long since lost the flavour of novelty. The last of the scientific gatherings of the year—the Meridian Conference, convened at Washington, at the invitation of the Government—has shown a considerable amount of good sense. With only one dissentient voice—the voice of San Domingo—the conference has recommended the adoption of Greenwich as the universal prime. France and Brazil declined to vote upon the question, however, and in the previous debates raised some foolish quibbles about the necessity of locating the international zero in a neutral territory. They may perhaps yet be won over to the opinion of the great majority, and if they are not, they will simply make themselves ridiculous by persevering in the use of a meridian ignored by all other navigators and geographers. As the Americans pointed out, in order to allay any jealousy towards England in the selection of Greenwich, the adoption of an international meridian will make the word Greenwich as unnecessary on the map as it is now to print in regard to latitude that it is so many degrees "from the Equator." Henceforth, we need speak only of east or west longitude. The conference also have reported against the change suggested in the numbering of the degrees from 1 to 360 instead of from 1 to 180 east and west.

The theatres are again full and prosperous. Mapleson will give us Patti at the Academy, and perhaps two or three new operas. The rival grand opera house is for the present empty, but Dr. Damrosch may engage it for the season, and give us a German opera. The taste for Italian opera has sensibly waned, but whether we are yet ripe for Wagner and Rubinstein is a question. A new London piece, "The Private Secretary," has been brought out at the Madison-square, and will also be played at Wallach's shortly. It is the subject of complicated legal proceedings, but really seems hardly worth fighting about. An effective but loosely-knit melodrama, "The Artist's Daughter," is a decided success at the Union-square; and Daly has produced a new farce, "A Wooden Spoon," which has at once won a wild degree of popular approval. His company is good enough, however, to make anything not positively bad a paying triumph. At the other houses there are no novelties, but the old pieces draw full audiences, and the managers are as happy as managers can possibly be; but, like farmers, they are never absolutely satisfied.

From our files of San Francisco papers we extract the following telegraphic intelligence:—

GREAT BRITAIN.

Paris, October 14.—The *Memorial Diplomatique* states that Queen Victoria has requested Gladstone to submit to the Cabinet for their consideration the question whether special powers cannot be conferred upon the Prince of Wales to enable him to participate in conferences of the sovereigns of Europe.

London, October 18.—The distress at the shipbuilding centres in the North is increasing. Trade on the Tyne and in adjacent districts is paralysed. Forty ocean steamers are lying idle in the docks at Sunderland. Most of the shipyards are closed. Public subscriptions are being made for labourers out of employment.

London, October 19.—Tory election agents throughout the country, in reporting to headquarters in London as to the effect of the Government redistribution scheme, declare that it will be destructive to the fortunes of the party.

London, October 20.—The Lord Mayor of London gave a dinner last evening to the Incorporated Society of Authors. Among the notables present were—Lord Houghton, Messrs. Walter Besant, G. A. Sala, William Black, Edmund Yates, Justin M'Carthy, and many others. Mr. Besant made a speech, in which he denied that the objects of the society were hostile to the publishers. He said they proposed to make united and strenuous efforts to obtain for English authors justice, and protection of the copyright in America.

Manchester, October 23.—An anti-slavery jubilee meeting was held here to-day. Henry M. Stanley assured the English people who believed that slavery had been abolished that all the so-called free labourers in Africa were captured slaves. He said the great cause for the existing slavery was the action of the Portuguese Government, and that a strong expression of public opinion on the subject would do much to abolish the evil.

London, October 24.—Contrary to his usual custom, Gladstone, in his speech in the House of Commons last evening, read from manuscript the passage in which he referred to the possible reform in the House of Lords. The Liberals have agreed to refrain from partaking in any of the discussions on the Franchise Bill.

IRELAND.

Cork, October 12.—A number of labour delegates to-day inaugurated the South Ireland Labour League, to be devoted exclusively to the interests of labourers. It is altogether independent of the Irish National League. Mr. Henry Villiers Stuart, member of Parliament for Waterford county, was elected president. The members are pledged to support only candidates favouring the Franchise Bill, which they believe will tend to remove the grievances of labourers, and also abstain from outrages. Hostility is manifested towards Parnell and his party, and farmers.

Queenstown, October 17.—The Guion line steamer Nevada, Captain Bremar, from New York October 7, for Liverpool, arrived off here at 8.45 this morning. Instead of proceeding to Liverpool she entered this harbour. She reports fire aboard, and great excitement among the passengers. The cargo has been on fire since the 15th.

London, October 18.—The remains of Alexander L. Sullivan, who died in Dublin yesterday, will be interred in Glasnevin Cemetery, near Dublin, on Monday.

Dublin, October 23.—Dickson, Liberal member of the House of Commons, injured in a riot at the Portadown meeting in favour of the Franchise Bill yesterday, is confined to his room. A number of rioters have been arrested.

FRANCE.

Paris, October 12.—Minister Ferry, in the course of a frank conversation with friends in his own political circle, said he expected the coming session of the Chambers to be a brisk one, and that there would be much defensive work for the Ministry, who were needing severe party discipline. He denied that France was on bad terms with England, but said that France was prepared to make arrows out of every sort of wood to fire at England, unless she gave France satisfaction in Egypt. He declared that he had no exact understanding with Bismarck, but that if he could turn an enemy into an ally, even at the cost of heavy sacrifice of *amour propre*, he would do so.

Rheims, October 16.—The vintage of 1884 is the best in France since 1874. The present year's wines will be delicate and full of bloom. The excellent quantity of the vintage gives a flattering prospect to the wine trade.

Paris, October 16.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day notices were given of interpellations to the Government, especially in regard to the course pursued in China. The Senate voted the gratitude of the country for services rendered to France by the troops in China. Especial mention was made of Generals De Lisle and Negrier and Admirals Courbet and Lesper.

Paris, October 19.—A petition of the French merchants of Alexandria has been presented to the Chamber of Deputies through the vice-president of the Alexandria Chamber of Commerce, urging the immediate payment of the Alexandria indemnity to save the French residents of that city from ruin. The Commission on Petitions made a report declaring urgency. The Budget Committee has decided upon a reduction of 5,000,000 francs in the appropriation for distribution by the Ministry of Public Worship. Among the items disallowed by the committee are the sums allotted for the repair of cathedrals. The allowance of the Archbishop of Paris is diminished by 72,000 francs.

Paris, October 20.—A bomb was exploded at the window of the officers' room of the gendarmes' barracks at St. Etienne at midnight last night. The windows and furniture were wrecked, but no one was hurt. Nine anarchists were arrested this morning.

GERMANY.

Berlin, October 12.—The election agitation is increasing. A meeting that was to have been addressed by Professor Virchow was dissolved by the authorities on account of an error in the formal notice sent in to the police. Influential Conservative groups are agitating against Stoecker and Wagner, the anti-Jewish leaders. In a Socialist riot at Brandenburg the mob tore up the pavement and attacked the police. The military were called out, and several persons were wounded on both sides. Many arrests have been made.

Berlin, October 15.—Reports from electoral districts to Windhorst, leader of the Centre, state that that organisation has secured a complete and certain hold upon all its present seats in the German Parliament and expects to make gains. The Council of State will consider the bills on maritime subventions, State assurance on accidents, and postal savings banks. The *Universal Gazette* states that in the event of the death of Wilhelm I., present reigning Duke of Brunswick, the government will be intrusted to a Council of Regency. The Duke of Cumberland, cousin of Queen Victoria, and husband of the Princess Thyria of Denmark, who is heir to the Regency of Brunswick, will not be allowed the succession without the consent of the Emperor of Germany.

Berlin, October 20.—Baron Sydewitz has taken possession, in behalf of the Emperor, of all feudal and allodial property of the late Duke of Brunswick. It is stated that the Duke left a will disposing of his private property, which is estimated to amount to 50,000,000 marks. The body now lies in state in the Cathedral, where it will be interred in the building. It is expected that many German and English notables will attend the funeral. The Court of Regency, through Prince Bismarck, has written to the Emperor asking him to assume temporary government of the duchy. The succession of the Duke of Cumberland is considered altogether hopeless.

Berlin, Oct. 23.—Prince Albert of Prussia is the candidate for the throne of the Duchy of Brunswick. His claim is favoured by the court. Count Goertz Weisberg, President of the Regency Council of the Duchy of Brunswick, is coming to Berlin to confer with Bismarck. The *Zeitung* gives warning of the danger to the empire from a partisan of the Guelphs reigning in Brunswick, who would make his court the centre of intrigues, and pave the way for carrying out the plans of the Guelph party in the event of the complications of the German Empire affording favourable opportunity. Emperor William and Crown Prince Frederick William have arrived here. The question of the Brunswick succession has been discussed by the Bundesrath. The majority of the body resolved not to admit the claim of the Duke of Cumberland to the throne. The *North German Gazette* says: Eleven out of 19 districts in Hanover return Guelph deputies, whose programme, according to Deputy Goetz, since Prussia will not spontaneously offer the Hanoverian throne to the Duke of Cumberland, is the use of foreign complications to bring about forcible restoration. The *Gazette* considers this declaration treasonable.

RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, October 15.—The *German Gazette* asserts that General Gourkoe is to be made Minister of War; Pobodonoseff, Minister of Public Instruction, and Deganoff, President of the Council of Ministers.

The Czar, in a telegraphic despatch to Grand Duke Alexis on the occasion of the laying of the keels of ironclads at Sebastopol, said: "I rejoice at the new birth of the Black Sea fleet. God grant that the spirit of the old fleet may revive and render good service to the fatherland."

St. Petersburg, October 17.—The Chief of Police has ordered the proprietors of all the hotels, restaurants, and similar places to remove the portraits of the Czar from their public rooms, on the ground that disrespect is shown them by the public.

St. Petersburg, October 18.—Six officers of the army sentenced to death early in the week for political offences were executed at the St. Petersburg citadel. Besides them were two women who paid the death penalty. One Madame Wolkenstein, the other Mary Figner, daughter of a priest. The only persons who witnessed the execution were the Ministers of Justice and the Interior and the prison officials.

St. Petersburg, October 18.—The Russian Government has decided to fortify Vladivostock and construct harbours and docks in the bay of Okhotsk. It was decided also to strengthen the Russian fleet in the Pacific.

Moscow, October 19.—Several warehouses and the German Theatre are on fire. The fire is likely to spread to the surrounding buildings.

St. Petersburg, October 22.—The police seized a secret printing press on the 19th instant. They discovered documents which showed that arrangements were being perfected to make an attempt on the Czar's life. Many arrests have been made.

St. Petersburg, October 24.—Only two of the persons reported to have been executed at the St. Petersburg Citadel last Saturday, for political offences, paid the death penalty. The sentences of both the women and the four officers of the Russian army were commuted to banishment to Siberia.

ITALY.

Rome, October 11.—To-day, advices from Catania show the recent cyclone to have been far more destructive than at first announced. The entire country about Catania is devastated, and vineyards and olive gardens have vanished. Fully 3000 dwellings were destroyed.

Rome, October 12.—Catania has been visited by another cyclone. Thirty persons were killed. King Humbert has sent £400 for the relief of the sufferers.

Naples, October 12.—Gerrati, President of the Tribunal of Commerce, died to-day of cholera. The Cardinal of San Felice sent a gold cross, presented to him by the Pope, to assist the sufferers in Catania. There were reported to-day in the cholera-infected district of Italy 239 fresh cases and 137 deaths, including 115 fresh cases and 51 deaths at Naples.

Rome, October 14.—For the last 24 hours there were 140 fresh cases of cholera and 101 deaths reported in Italy, including 57 cases and 43 deaths at Naples.

Rome, October 17.—During the past 24 hours there were 66 fresh cases of cholera and 27 deaths at Naples, and 7 fresh cases and 3 deaths at Genoa.

Rome, October 18.—During the past 24 hours there have been 16 fresh cases of cholera, and 102 deaths.

Rome, October 22.—During the past 24 hours there have been 110 cases of cholera and 31 deaths throughout Italy.

EGYPT.

Cairo, October 11.—The Mudir of Dongola, the agent at Ambukol, and the Governor of Mirawen confirm the reported murder of Colonel Stewart by the Arabs. General Wolseley has ordered the Mudir to proceed to Mirawen with a strong force to rescue the prisoners said to be in the hands of the Arabs. A messenger from Ambukol reports that after Gordon returned to Khartoum a boat with 40 Europeans and Egyptians, accompanied by five negroes and three servants, grounded at Salamat. The sheiks offered hospitality to the party, and enticed them to their houses, where they massacred all but 14, who are now prisoners. It is unknown whether any Europeans are among the prisoners.

Wady Halfa, October 11.—The messenger sent out by Colonel Kitchener has returned. He confirms the report of Stewart's murder. He says that the only survivors are four black slaves. All the Europeans, including M. Nicolai, the Greek consul, were killed.

Cairo, October 14.—A caravan from Kordofan confirms the report that the Mahdi, hearing that the provisions at Khartoum were giving out, is gathering a large force to invest the place and starve the garrison into submission.

London, October 15.—General Wolseley telegraphs the Government that he has been informed by a native who saw Colonel Stewart's steamer aground in the Nile, a day's passage from Merowa, that there were no Europeans of importance on board the vessel.

Wady Halfa, October 17.—The steamer Fernz, with 40 row-boats on board, has arrived at Dongola. Osman Narreddin, an inhabitant of Korte, has arrived here from Khartoum, having been 14 days on the way. He was present at Khartoum during the whole seige, and saw Gordon capture a quantity of guns and rifles of the rebels. He says the road from Khartoum to Senaar is free of rebels. Gordon's steamers, after bombarding Berber, Djelyeer, and Mimne, returned in safety to Khartoum. Kashmil Pasha has undertaken to occupy Berber with a force which Gordon was getting in readiness at the time when Narreddin left. Mahdi came to Shaat, only six days' journey from Khartoum, but on hearing of an insurrection at Gel-el-Deir, was forced to turn back. Before starting he summoned the tribesmen and villagers to accompany him, but very few obeyed, as they would rather remain loyal to the Khedive. As Mahdi had left Mahmoud Ab-Del-Kadir in command at El Obeid with only 5000 troops, the Bakkhar tribesmen and inhabitants of Gel-el-Deir, joined by 100 Egyptian troops, made an attack on El Obeid, and captured a number of slaves and cattle. The attacking party were so much encouraged by success that they threatened to renew the assault.

Dongola, October 17.—A special messenger has returned from Wady Garna. He reports the inhabitants there declare the steamer which ran aground some days ago had a quantity of money on board which belonged to the Greek Consul. There were 40 Europeans and natives on the steamer, and the steamer was armed and carried booty which had been captured by the party in fights with the rebels. It had also on board the heads of the rebels who were killed at Khartoum. When the steamer ran aground at Salamat the inhabitants were terrified. The messenger repeats the story of treachery and massacres to which the people on the steamer were subjected. He says there were no whites among the prisoners.

Suakim, October 17.—It is believed that Osman Digna, the rebel leader, will succeed in massing his forces at Tamai. The English have lost their chance of crushing him for the present. Both the weather and the crops favour him.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

Paris, October 11.—Admiral Courbet telegraphs from Keelung as follows:—"I am erecting defences for the troops to occupy at the port and at the mines. They will take several days to complete. Landing parties from Admiral Lespes's squadron at Tamsui reconnoitred the post from which the Chinese torpedoes were fired. They found it defended by a large number of infantry ambushed in dense thickets. Engagements took place and six members of the reconnoitering parties were killed, including a naval lieutenant. The harbour is defended by a line of torpedoes. Only the shallowness of the water prevents the approach of large vessels. The torpedoes are close to shore and this renders dragging for them dangerous. I am making an effective blockade at Tamsui. I am also blockading Taiwan, Foo and Jakankan on the west side of Formosa, the only points available on the island for landing reinforcements."

It is stated the French Government is negotiating with the owners of several large English steamships with the object of chartering vessels to convey troops to China.

Berlin, October 12.—A note is to be published, evidently from the Chinese Legation, repelling the French charges regarding the Tientsin treaty. It points out that Captain Fournier fails to state whether he consented to the erasures in the treaty or not. The note is attached to the treaty and it is said it is in Li Hung's handwriting. It states that Captain Fournier himself erased the two paragraphs in the treaty.

London, October 12.—The Paris correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* believes that China a week ago made the following proposition to Premier Ferry through the American Government:—The Chinese forces to withdraw from Tonquin; Kelung to be temporarily occupied by the French, until the conclusion of the six months' armistice, the dispute being meanwhile settled by the arbitration of America. The correspondent adds that Ferry objected to the last suggestion, asking why China could not make the proposition directly to him.

Paris, October 14.—A letter from the French Consul at Shanghai to the Senior European Consul here is published. The writer promises that the French will not attack Shanghai or Woosung unless China violates the law of neutrality.

New York, October 16.—The *Sun's* London cable special of the 9th says:—Dispatches from General Negrier and General Briere Delisle, announcing sweeping French victories in Tonquin, are regarded with much suspicion in London. It is believed the accounts are purposely doctored, either by the commander in the field or by the French War Office, in order to arouse French enthusiasm and favourably affect the vote in the Chambers upon the credits to be requested for future operations in Tonquin and China.

Paris, October 15.—General Delisle telegraphs from Chu, on the Upper Loochuan, as follows:—"Colonel Donnier, after the engagement on Friday, carried the heights commanding the Fortress of Chu, forming the *point d'appui* of a large, entrenched Chinese camp, which was defended by casemated forts. The Chinese forces were very large. Their loss during the engagement was heavy. On Saturday they attempted to assume the offensive, but our artillery strewed the ground with Chinese bodies. After leaving all their positions the Chinese fled towards Langson, halting near Phutruong and Khaub. The French loss was 21 men and one officer killed; 90 men and two officers wounded. Our troops were animated with the greatest ardour. The Chinese engaged were part of the best troops of the empire, perfectly armed and manœuvred in the European style. The Chinese loss was 3000 killed, including their chief commander. The Chinese invasion of Tonquin has been arrested in the direction of Langson."

Paris, October 17.—The *Figaro* says that the Chinese force defeated at Chu was only a column of the left wing of the army invading Tonquin. It explains the slaughter of 3000 Chinese by the fact that no quarter was given or taken, and no prisoners taken. The right column which is passing along the river Songeau, is directed against Hong Hoa. The *Intransigeant* asserts that of the 10,000 French soldiers in Tonquin only 40,000 are effective. It declares that the invasion, if not arrested, threatens to overwhelm the French, and that it is necessary, not merely that reinforcements, but a whole army, be sent to their assistance.

Shanghai, October 17.—There are five French men-of-war stationed at Kelung, and eight before Tamsui. The Chinese are fortifying the heights, and refuse to surrender their positions. The natives in Southern Formosa are harassing the Chinese troops, who are asking for reinforcements.

London, October 19.—The Paris correspondent of the *Telegraph* states that the Court at Pekin has offered, through the Washington Government, to pay 5,000,000 francs to compensate the French for their loss, not as owing to an error, but in order to smooth the way for a settlement. The correspondent says that Ferry considered the offer too small. America is so satisfied with China's attitude, which she regards as so worthy of defending, that Frelinghausen declared his inability to understand the reluctance of France to an amicable settlement of difficulties.

Paris, October 20.—General Delisle advises the Government to the effect that a force of 20,000 men is necessary to continue offensive operations and repel the invasion of Tonquin. *Figaro* says the plan of the campaign of General Delisle, as presented to the Government, provides for the formation of two columns of 10,000 men each, the first column to oppose the coming of Chinese from Kwong Si. The base of operations of this column would be Phulang, and the objective points Bacle and Lang Son, the second column to operate against China from Yan Nan, having Hong Hoa as its base, and Las Koi and Caobang as objective points.

Paris, October 22.—The majority committee on the Tonquin Credit favour decisive action. They are willing to vote even larger credits to enable the Government to bring the difficulties to a speedy conclusion. *Le Temps* and *Le Paris* urge the Government to blockade the port of Pakhoi, through which the Chinese who are invading Tonquin obtain their supplies. *Le Telegraphe* affirms the report that at the Council yesterday the Cabinet decided to send to Tonquin all the reinforcements which General Briere Delisle requires.

Hanoi, October 24.—The remainder of the Chinese troops before Chuhoa have been withdrawn. The Chinese have abandoned their entrenchments.

Paris, October 24.—Reports are current here that the Chinese are pushing their advance into Tonquin, and are about to besiege Hunghoa.

Le Telegraphe says France has declined England's overtures to mediate in the Franco-Chinese difficulty.

ULTIMATUM TO THE BOERS.

An Ultimatum to the Boers.—London, October 11.—An ultimatum has been sent to the Transvaal Government by Great Britain. It alleges that there have been repeated violations of the treaty and acts of violence committed by the Boers beyond the boundary lines of the Transvaal country. It demands from the Transvaal Government due satisfaction for those acts, the repression of Boer filibusters, and a thorough observance of the articles of the last convention entered into by both countries. It is reported that the British War Office is already preparing an expedition of 8000 men to proceed to South Africa, a portion of which will be drawn from the East India army. The withdrawal of the proclamation annexing Montsia's territory is not expected to alter the position of affairs, as the Boers continue to hold a grip on the land.

THE CONGO CONFERENCE.

Paris, October 14.—The Congo Yellow Book confirms the information relative to the Congo country already published. Bismarck, writing to the French Ambassador at Berlin, on the 30th of September, considers it expedient to issue invitations forthwith to the six nations interested in the Congo country, including the United States, and that the other Powers, including the Scandinavian States, be invited later to share in the deliberations to secure general assent. The evidence that France is disposed to submit to the views of Germany produces in Paris bad impressions, and fears are expressed that Germany is duping France. The *National* of Paris fears that the tone of the Yellow Book will accentuate the antagonism between France and England.

London, October 14.—The demand of Granville in his letter to Bismarck, qualifying his acceptance of the invitation to the Congo conference, limiting the programme of the conference to the regulation of commerce in the Congo country, and not to trench upon disputes as to territory in West Africa, has received the adhesion of Holland, Portugal and Italy. Until this matter is settled the holding of the conference is in doubt.

New York, October 16.—A *Sun* London cable of the 15th says:—The *Standard's* Vienna correspondent states that one of the American Ministers, now stationed on the Continent and versed in the Congo question, writes that the American Government will certainly accept the invitation of Bismarck and participate in the coming conference upon the Congo country at Berlin, and that America will give full support to England and the freedom of commerce. It is announced that Bismarck has acceded to the demands made by Earl Granville that the business to be considered by the projected Congo conference shall be limited to a regulation of the commerce of nations with the Congo country.

London, October 15.—It is announced that Bismarck has acceded to the demands of Granville that the business of the Congo conference be limited to the regulation of commerce of the nations with the Congo country. The French Government insists that the trade of the Niger River and country be also considered by the conference.

Berlin, October 22.—Representatives of Austria, Russia, and Italy will attend the approaching conference upon the same footing as the representatives of other Powers. Belgium will probably advocate the interests of the African International Association, of which King Leopold is president. Bismarck is here making preparations for the conference.

THE ECONOMIC QUESTION IN FRANCE.

Paris, October 18.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Marquis de Roys interpellated the Government regarding the economic crisis. He demanded the same protection for the agricultural as for the manufacturing industry. Ferry replied that the Government was equally solicitous of both industries. The truth of this position, he declared, is shown by the proposed increase of the tariff on cereals. He thought the present time, however, inopportune for the discussion of this subject, and therefore moved the order of the day pure and simple. Adopted—259 to 173. Melines, Minister of Agriculture, will amend the bill, increasing the duties on foreign live stock so as to make the duty on oxen 50 francs a head, sheep 5 francs, and swine 10 francs. He will also support the demand of the Council-General of Aisne, that the Government shall levy only two francs per hundredweight on wheat, and 4 francs per hundredweight on flour. The French press is absorbed in the discussion of protective duties. The *Republique Francaise* says the economic crisis through which France is now passing can only be cured by a sovereign remedy of increase in customs duties. Such increase, it contends, will ameliorate the distress of the agricultural industry, will lower the price of transportation, and make a more abundant circulation of money throughout the interior country. The *Rappel* declares that Melines' project will find a lessening support when it is seen it will increase the present price of bread and meat. The Deputies will think twice before approving it. The *Radical* says a great majority of the Commission on Productive Duty are favourable to Melines' proposal. The proposals of the Minister of Agriculture to increase the duties are opposed by Rouvier, the new Minister of Commerce, but are approved by Tirard, Minister of Finance.

IRISH POLITICS.

London, October 17.—Private negotiations between Parnell and Gladstone have been broken off. Trevelyan, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has secured Gladstone's assent to a renewal of the Crimes Act. It is rumoured that Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, desires to resign, and will be succeeded by the Duke of Connaught.

INHUMAN PRACTICES DENOUNCED.

Paris, October 18.—The anti-Ministerial papers denounce the practice of the French troops in Tonquin of taking no prisoners and killing the wounded.

The *Gaulois* says the official defence of the Chinese to refuse quarter cannot justify soldiers of this country pretending to be the advance-guard of civilisation in making war like savages.

EXPLOSION AT YUEBEC.

Quebec, October 11.—About 1 o'clock this morning an explosion occurred at the new Parliament buildings, destroying a considerable portion of the machinery and windows of the building, which was just being roofed in. The explosion at first was supposed to be the boiler of the engine used for hoisting material, but this proved not the case. Neither can it be attributed to gas. The general impression appears to be that the explosion was caused by dynamite, but as none of this ingredient was used on the works the mystery is how it came there. An investigation is now being held. The workmen all being away at dinner, nobody but one man was injured, and he escaped with a slight cut from a piece of stone. The shock was very severe all over the city, and the windows of the houses in the vicinity of the explosion were badly shattered.

IS SHE DEAD, OR IN A TRANCE?

Hornellsville (N. Y.). October 23.—Mrs. Nancy Shepard was taken suddenly ill on Saturday and passed into a trance. Her physician pronounced her dead, and this view was taken by others, and in the face of a great opposition she was buried on Sunday. A few hours after burial a friend, who did not believe her dead, exhumed the coffin, removing it to the house of a relative. They opened it and took the body out. It was placed on the bed, where it has been lying ever since awaiting evidence of death that shall be proof conclusive to the trance believers. The face is exceedingly life-like in appearance, and the body perspires freely.

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This year my supply of these marvellous art souvenirs is legion, and the variety is greater than legion. Every good critic thought last year's cards excelled excellence itself, and that perfection was certainly attained; but a visit to the EXHIBITION will satisfy the most ardent art admirers that further progress is yet to be made. For the past 10 years, each successive year has shown something new in cards at Fuller's Exhibition, and this year is no exception. And what is more, and better, at the suggestion of the importer and others, the home manufacturers have come nearer to our new country tastes and requirements in the production. The grave and the gay, the retiring and the dashing, the rough and the smooth, the chaste and the loud—all alike will find exactly what they require. All the best manufacturers are represented at Fuller's Exhibition, and Fuller shows more cards than all other vendors rolled into one, quality and quantity. Millions have arrived, and millions more are to come. Hand-painted cards, photo. cards, plush cards, fringed cards, gelatine cards, rice cards, comical cards, surprise cards, miscellaneous satchets, colonial cards, American cards, English cards, and cards of every conceivable hue, design, pattern, style, finish, manufacture, and price.
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KNICKER SUITS. Sizes 0 to 3, to fit Boys from 4 to 12 years. Striped Galatea Washing Suits, 8s; Blue Twill Washing Suits, trimmed blue, cardinal and white, exceedingly useful, 7s 6d; Brown Drill Suits, similarly trimmed, 7s 6d and 8s 9d; White Drill Suits, trimmed blue and white, 8s 6d.

KNICKER SUITS. To fit Boys from 4 to 8 years. Blue Serge Suits, 12s 6d to 17s; Tweed Norfolk and Hussar Suits, 8s 9d; Superior Tweed Suits, all shapes, 14s 6d to 20s; Blue and Black Sergerette Suits, 18s 6d to 26s; Blue Serge Man-o'-War Suits, complete, 21s to 29s 6d; Ditto ditto ditto, short trousers, 21s to 22s 6d; Ditto, Sailor Suits, short trousers, 14s 6d; White Drill Man-o'-War Suits, 11s 6d to 16s 6d; Ditto and Broad ditto, short trousers, 9s 6d; China Silk Patience Suit, 14s 6d; Ditto ditto Sailor Suit, short trousers, 19s 6d; White Serge ditto ditto, 25s; Blue and Black Sergerette ditto ditto, 25s.

TROUSER SUITS. To fit Boys and Youths from 9 to 16 years. Fancy Tweed, light colours, only 16s 6d; Plain and Fancy Tweed fashionable shapes, all colours, 22s to 38s 6d; Blue Serge Suits, 21s to 30s; Blue Flannel, 28s to 38s; Blue and Black Sergerette, 31s to 40s; Black Cloth, 31s to 45s.

SUMMER COATS. For Boys and Youths. China Silk, 7s 6d to 12s; White and Coloured Duck, 5s 9d; Black Alpaca, 9s 6d to 11s 6d; Blue Serge, 9s 6d to 14s 6d; Black and Blue Sergerette, 17s 6d to 22s 6d.

TROUSERS. Tweed Trousers, from 7s 6d to 13s 6d; White and Coloured Duck, 4s 9d.

PARENTS AND HEADS OF FAMILIES should send for A PARCEL OF OUR BOYS' AND YOUTHS' ORIENT CLOTHING, and test its value with that procurable elsewhere.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY, Orient Clothiers and Importers, George-street, Sydney.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

The large increase of business in their CHILDREN'S COSTUME DEPARTMENT and the opening of a new workroom under the management of their Costumier, assisted by a lady of undoubted skill as dressmaker, for this special branch, has necessitated the transfer of some ready-made stock.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY have therefore embraced the opportunity, and finding the stock of ready-made goods larger than is necessary, have greatly reduced the prices, so as to effect a speedy clearance. Inspection of the following lines is respectfully solicited.

To be found in the Underclothing Department:

CHARMING WASHING COSTUMES. For little girls, 2 to 6 years of age, in Holland, Lawn, Sateen, Cambric, &c., 8s 6d to 16s 6d. DAVID JONES and CO.

BEAUTIFUL SILK and WOOLLEN COSTUMES. For little Girls 2 to 6 years of age, Plainly and Expensively Trimmed, 12s 6d to 42s. DAVID JONES and CO.

LITTLE BOYS' SAILOR SUITS. In Drill, Serge, Cloth, with bodies, 7s 6d to 16s 6d. DAVID JONES and CO.

SEASIDE KNITTED SUITS. For little Boys 2½ to 6 years, Navy, White and Navy, White, Scarlet, 5s 6d to 10s 6d. DAVID JONES and CO.

To be found in the Costume Department:

USEFUL WASHING COSTUMES. For Girls ranging from 6 to 13 years of age, in Holland, Lawn, Sateen, Cambric, 10s 6d to 18s 6d. DAVID JONES and CO.

WELL MADE SILK and WOOLLEN COSTUMES. For Girls ranging from 6 to 13 years of age, suitable for school wear, country rambles and boating, 12s 6d to 50s. DAVID JONES and CO.

You are invited to call and inspect our CHILDREN'S COSTUMES, AT LESS THAN ENGLISH COST.

DAVID JONES and CO.

A FORTUNE FOR FIVE POUNDS. This sum deposited with HARDIE and GORMAN TO-MORROW, at their Sale of the ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP, will secure an allotment, which must double or treble in value immediately the branch line to Granville is completed, and long before your purchase is completed by monthly payments. Early application for FREE PASSES is necessary. HARDIE and GORMAN, Pitt-street.

RIVERSTONE ALLOTMENTS.—£5 EACH, 5s DEPOSIT, balance extending over a period of TWO years, without interest; Torrens' title. Mr. WHEELER will meet intending purchasers at Riverstone Station, TO-MORROW, Saturday; trains, 9 a.m. and 1.52 p.m. Do not be misled; inquire for the LOCAL AGENT, Mr. WHEELER, or, if you desire it, you can select at the Rooms of the Auctioneer, C. T. BURFITT, 418, George-street, near Royal Hotel.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

FRESHWATER, the Renowned Picnic Ground of Manly. Well sheltered. Grand natural scenery.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

We invite inspection of our very choice selections of

BAGS, 3s 6d to 42s. Morocco, Calf, and real Russia Purse and Bag, for handkerchief, fitted with thimble, scissors, &c. Hand Bags, 4 to 9 inches, real and imitation sealskin, roan, crocodile, velvet, and satin.

PURSES, 1s to 25s. Charming variety in leather, undressed kid, velvet, ivory, tortoiseshell, seal, plain, nickel, and sterling silver mounted.

GLOVE and HDKF. CASES. Leather, satin, velvet, olive wood, satin quilted, satin embroidered. Perfumed Sachets, ditto.

JEWEL CASES. Olive Wood, velvet; Morocco, satin; Plush, inlaid.

WRITING CASES. Olive wood, morocco, Russia, inlaid, enamelled leather, folded, rolls, flat, upright, flexible, or rigid.

WORK BOXES. Leather, wood, inlaid; Velvet, plush; Fitted or unfitted.

WORK BASKETS, 7s 6d to 30s. Large variety; Satin lined, velvet lined; Elegantly trimmed.

PICNIC BASKETS. Splendidly fitted for 2, 4, 6, and 8 persons.

FANS. Black, white, and cream satin; Floral painted; Feather trimmed; Charming variety.

CARD CASES. Tortoiseshell; Olive wood; Ivory, carved and inlaid.

ELEGANT CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S CARDS. Very Choice, Varied, and a Charming Selection, 1s 6d per packet of 25 to 12s 6d each.

CHARMING SCRAPS for LITTLE FOLKS. Affording interesting occupation and delight, 1s and 1s 3d per packet, 6 for 5s 6d.

ELEGANT MIRRORS for TABLE and WALL.

SUPERB REAL IVORY HAIR BRUSHES, CLOTHES BRUSHES, HAT BRUSHES, Choicest Goods yet seen.

GELLE FRERES', of Paris, PERFUMES. 2s 6d per bottle, 12s 6d per case of 6 bottles.

ATKINSON'S PERFUMES. In all their Choice Extracts. Small bottles 10s 6d per case of 6; Large bottles 18s 6d ditto.

TOILET POWDER, Packets, Barrels, &c.

WHEELER'S GLYCERINE JELLY, 6d per bottle.

LAWN TENNIS. Bats, Balls, Markers; Indiarubber Handle Cases; Nets, Poles, Presses, Tapes; Count Markers, Scorers, &c., &c.

A VISIT OF INSPECTION SOLICITED.

DAVID JONES and CO.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS, PALACE EMPORIUM, HAYMARKET (ONLY), NEAR THE RAILWAY STATION.

A well-fitting Glove is certainly a thing to be desired, for the glove that fits well is surely not the least attractive article of a lady's dress. Knowing this, it has always been a point with ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS that the Glove Department should have all and every attention.

Our KID GLOVES come to us direct from the seat of manufacture, the whole process of preparation and finishing being UNDER SPECIAL SUPERVISION.

THE HAYMARKET GLOVE and THE "PALACE" GLOVE are "Household Words" in Sydney, for the good reason that for quality, value, durability, finish, appearance, and cheapness, THEY HAVE NO EQUAL.

The Haymarket Kid Glove, in black, white, and light fancy, 2-button, 4-button, 6-button, 1s 9d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d.

The Palace Kid Glove, in the newest shades, a large and splendid assortment: 2-button, 4-button, 6-button, 8-button, 10-button, 2s 11d, 3s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 6s 11d.

DRIVING TANS, heavy stitched, 2 and 4 buttons: 2s 6d, 2s 11d, worth 3s 6d and 4s 6d.

THE JOSEPHINE KID GLOVE, 2 and 4 Buttons, 3s 6d and 4s 6d.

A Particular line in the very fashionable GAUNTLET KID GLOVES in Tan and Drab, at 4s 11d, worth 7s 6d.

We are now showing a very choice parcel of SCARBOROUGH and WHITBY JET JEWELLERY, all beautiful patterns and new designs, shipped to us direct from the makers. Prices a long way under what are usually charged for these very pretty articles in Sydney.

Jet Bracelets, 1s 11d to 28s. Jet Sets, 2s 11d to 7s 6d. Jet Brooches, 9d to 4s 6d. Jet Collars, Jet Earrings, 9d to 3s 6d, quite a novelty, Stud and Drop, from 7s. Jet Necklets, 2s 11d to 13s 6d. Jet Alberts, 2s 11d to 9s.

OUR ONLY ADDRESS, ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS, PALACE EMPORIUM, HAYMARKET (ONLY), NEAR THE RAILWAY STATION.

RILEY'S, IN OXFORD-STREET.

TO THE LADIES OF SYDNEY AND SUBURBS.

We respectfully invite an inspection of a LARGE SHIPMENT of LACES IN MOST BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS which we have just landed, ex Mail Steamer Mirzapore

New Beige Colour Laces
New Coffee Colour Laces
New Terra Cotta Laces
New Zephyr Laces
New Oriental Laces
New Carmelite Laces
New Veiling Laces
New Fioelle Laces
New Tuscan Laces
New Torchon Laces
New Edelweiss Laces
New Duchesse Laces.

This is a very choice lot, and will no doubt have a quick sale, as we have marked them at a very small advance on London prices.

We would also draw your attention to OUR FURNISHING DRAPERY DEPARTMENT, where you can obtain every requisite at VERY MODERATE PRICES.

THE NEW ART WINDOW BLINDS, on Hartshorn's Patent Spring Rollers, all ready for use, and fitted to any window.

RILEY'S, IN OXFORD-STREET, Under the Big Clock.

E. WAY, Importer, 213 to 219, Pitt-street.

SPECIAL IMPORTATION OF SILKS.

On View TO-DAY in our Pitt-street Window and Showroom, a magnificent display of Rich Silks, purchased by Mr. Way (now in London), consisting of the LATEST NOVELTIES.

New Shot Silks, the latest and most fashionable colourings. New Invisible Shot Stripe Silks, in all the new colourings.

VELOURS TAFFETTA SILKS. Floral Damask Shot Grounds, with embroidered velvet sprays.

SPECIAL NOTE.—Ladies are respectfully invited to inspect these goods. The colours are the latest tints, and for richness, style, and price are unequalled in the city.

Also a special consignment of Broché Silks. 200 pieces Rich Coloured Silk Brochés, in every shade that is represented, all at 1s 11½d yard, worth 3s 11d. 150 pieces New Combination or Two-toned Broché Satins, all new colourings, at 3s 6d yard, worth 6s 6d. 75 pieces very rich all Silk Broché Satins, the newest shades, all at 6s 9d, worth 10s 6d.

E. WAY, Importer of Silks, 213 to 219, Pitt-street.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO LADIES.

DUST CLOAKS.—JUST OPENED, a really Choice LOT, from 14s 6d, at

T. BAKER'S CATHEDRAL HOUSE, 556, George-street. Also,

A BEAUTIFUL Assortment of new MILLINERY, at prices that will astonish you.

FASHIONABLE IMPROVERS, CRINOLINES, CRINOLETTES, &c., &c.

THE DUST CLOAKS mentioned above are very special—worth inspection.

READY-MADE COSTUMES in great variety—our speciality.

JUST NOTICE the prices of our MILLINERY, and observe the Style.

DOLMANS and CAPES in Lace, Cashmere, Broché, &c.

JUST OPENED, the NEW SHOWROOM, at CATHEDRAL HOUSE, 556, George-street (opposite the Cathedral). THOMAS BAKER.

LINCOLN and BENNETT'S HATS, ex Mirzapore. B. MOUNTCASTLE and SONS, George-street.

DRAPERY, Job Lot, for SALE, cheap, suit hawker or small draper. Apply John Danks, 365, Pitt-street.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £3 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest. Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

MEN may come, and men may go, but I go on for ever, "Freshwater Brook."

Auction Sales.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

A FORTUNE FOR FIVE POUNDS. This sum deposited with HARDIE and GORMAN, TO-MORROW, at their Sale of the ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP will secure an allotment, which must double or treble in value immediately the branch line to Granville is completed, and long before your purchase is completed by monthly payments. Early application for FREE PASSES is necessary. HARDIE and GORMAN, Pitt-street.

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DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

HORSES, VEHICLES, and HARNESS.

BROWN BROS. and CO. will sell by auction at their Horse and Cattle Bazaar, Castlereagh-street (late Kiss'), THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock. All lots specially advertised at 11.30 o'clock sharp.

Sales at the Camperdown Yards any afternoon.

Stabling charges moderate, and best forage obtainable. No charge made for offering horses. Carriage horses, hackneys, and vehicles always on hand for PRIVATE SALE; trials given.

HUNTER RIVER HORSES.

CAMPERDOWN YARDS.

BROWN BROS. and CO. have received instructions from Mr. M'D. Clark, of Singleton, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, on TUESDAY, the 25th, at 2.30 p.m., 40 head of really first-class horses, from noted studs, consisting of heavy draught colts, fillies, active van and omnibus colts; also, several well-matched carriage and buggy pairs.

The above horses have been carefully selected for this market by Mr. Clark, and will be found a superior lot.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

PEDIGREE ALDERNEY COWS and BULLS.

BROWN BROS. and CO. have received instructions from John Voice, Esq., of Westfield, Victoria, to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Castlereagh-street (late Kiss'), on or about the 10th December,
12 really choice Alderney cows and heifers, some in full milk,
2 pedigree Alderney bulls
1 pure-bred Ayrshire cow.

The above will be on view at the Bazaar a few days prior to sale. Catalogues will be prepared for distribution, and the pedigrees guaranteed.

HORSES, VEHICLES, and HARNESS.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised, and at 12, all lots specially advertised. Regular Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon. Livery: In this department charges moderate, and best of forage.

SADDLE AND HARNESS HORSE.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock, Bay horse, 16 hands, broken to saddle, single and double harness, quiet, stand tram, good goer; would make a grand brougham or carriage horse.

BAY MARE. BRAKE GIG.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock, Bay pony mare, broken to saddle and harness. First-class brake gig, in good order.

HORSE, CAB, and HARNESS.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by Auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock, Chestnut gelding, broken to single and double harness, quiet, stand tram. Also, cab and harness in first-class order.

NEW BUGGY.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock, A new double-seated buggy, with brake and lamps.

SUPERIOR BUGGY TURNOUT.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock, A handsome bay gelding, quiet in saddle and harness, good goer, stand tram; also, double-seated cut-under buggy, with leather hood, brakes and lamps, making one of the best turnouts in Sydney.

TO CABMEN and OTHERS.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock, under bill of sale, A second-hand cab, without reserve.

CLEARING-OUT SALE.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from J. R. Meredith, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, Wallaby, grey gelding, 6 years, by Cossack—Nellie; a perfect hack. Br cob, Hector, buggy and harness; a good lot. No reserve.

PONY, BUGGY, and HARNESS.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Tray to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock, Pony, piano box buggy and harness; a good lot.

FRESH COUNTRY HORSE.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Woodall to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, Stylish saddle and buggy horse, in good condition.

HORSES, VEHICLES, and HARNESS.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 244, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, And all lots specially advertised, at 12 o'clock.

Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown as advertised. Stabling.—Charges moderate, and best forage obtainable.

15 HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSES and 10 SADDLE and HARNESS HORSES.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, The above horses, property of sundry owners. 15 heavy draught horses, stanch in collar, and subject to trial. 10 saddle and harness horses.

CLEARING-OUT SALE.

NEW ZEALAND HORSES.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from the owners to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Seven Clydesdale mares, from imported sires
Three heavy draught geldings
One van horse
One saddle and harness mare
One chestnut mare, broken to saddle.

HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSE.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, A bay gelding, stanch in collar, and subject to trial.

BAY SADDLE and HARNESS HORSE.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. E. P. Laycock, Liverpool, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, A bay gelding, broken to saddle and harness, good in both.

YASS HORSES.

40 HEAVY DRAUGHT and SADDLE and HARNESS HORSES, to be sold at the Camperdown Yards, on TUESDAY NEXT, November 25, at 2 o'clock.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. T. Walters to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, on TUESDAY, November 25, at 2 o'clock, 40 head of heavy draught and useful harness horses, suitable for 'bus and cab work; also some excellent hacks. All in splendid condition. Also, A pair of cream-coloured ponies, 4 and 5 years old, a good match, and accustomed to run together.

N.B.—The above are described as the best lot which left the Yass district for a long time.

YASS HORSES.

25 HEAD OF HEAVY AND LIGHT HORSES, to be sold at the Camperdown Yards, on TUESDAY NEXT, November 25th, at 2 o'clock.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. S. H. Calban, Yass, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, on TUESDAY NEXT, November 25th, at 2 o'clock, 25 head of heavy draught and superior saddle and harness horses, all in excellent condition.

N.B.—The above horses are described as being a very superior lot.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

A FORTUNE FOR FIVE POUNDS. This sum deposited with HARDIE and GORMAN, TO-MORROW, at their Sale of the ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP will secure an allotment, which must double or treble in value immediately the branch line to Granville is completed, and long before your purchase is completed by monthly payments. Early application for FREE PASSES is necessary. HARDIE and GORMAN, Pitt-street.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

FRESHWATER.—Very easy terms, only £5 deposit, bal. 18 monthly payments; no interest.

CARRIAGE HORSES.

Direct from the breeders, Messrs. R. and E. Rouse, Guntawang, Mudgee.

For SALE by Auction, at Fennelly's Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock.

W. GARLING has been instructed by Messrs. R. and E. Rouse, Guntawang, to sell by auction, at his Bazaar (late Fennelly's), on WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock,
DISRAELI, 4 years old / TANCRED, 5 years old — Got by Sir Benjamin (imp.) from mares by Fisherman.
A pair of beautifully matched bay geldings, standing 16 hands, perfectly broken to saddle and single and double harness.
A pair of bay geldings, 4 years old, 15.2 high, by Sir Benjamin (imp.), from mares by Yorkshire Hero (imp.), broken to harness and saddle.
The above four horses are whole-coloured bays, free from any white.
A dark-grey gelding, 5 years old, 15.2 high, by Sir Benjamin (imp.) from an Arab bred mare. This horse is a model, and thoroughly mannered in single and double harness.
All on view at the Bazaar on MONDAY next.

FIRST-CLASS VEHICLES.

W. GARLING has been instructed by the importers to sell by auction, at his Bazaar (late Fennelly's), on WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock, Several Stanhope phaetons, village carts, &c., by one of the best English makers. Particulars in future advertisement.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, on THIS DAY, Friday, the 21st instant, at 9.30 o'clock, Hides, yearlings. At half-past 2, Casks tallow.

BRUNKER and WOLFE will sell by auction, on account of Hunter River Farmers' Association, THIS DAY, on N. S. S. Company's wharf, at 11 o'clock, Bales lucerne hay. Bags maize. Terms cash.

TWENTY-FOUR SUPERIOR DRAUGHT MARES.

CAMPBELL'S HILL YARDS, WEST MAITLAND.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28th, 1884.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions from Messrs. W. and P. Lamb to sell by auction, at Campbell's Hill, on FRIDAY, the 28th of November, 1884, at 11 o'clock,
Heavy draught mare JESSIE, by Briton (imp.), dam by Grenell
Heavy draught mare ALMA, by Alma; foal at foot
Heavy draught mare BLACK PRINCESS, 9 years old, by Black Prince (imp.), dam Soph by Atlas (imp.), g d Soph by Clydesdale (imp.)
Heavy draught mare MARGERY, foaled 1870, by Atlas (imp.) out of Black Watts, by Drayman (imp.)
Heavy draught mare BONNIE, foaled 1872, by General Chancy (imp.), dam Bonnie by Clinker (imp.); foal at foot
Heavy draught mare ROSAMOND, foaled 1874, by General Chancy (imp.), dam Rigney by Charlie, g d Rigney by Drayman, foal at foot
Heavy draught mare CLARA, by Lincolnshire Hero (imp.), dam by Sir Colin Campbell; foal at foot
Heavy draught mare LIONESS, 6 years old, by Davis (imp.), dam Bonnie by General Chancy (imp.)
Heavy draught mare TIGRESS, 7 years old, got by Defiance, dam Jessie by Briton (imp.); foal at foot
Heavy draught mare MARCHIONESS, 6 years old, by Muir Lad (imp.), dam by Lincolnshire Hero (imp.), g d by Sir Colin Campbell; foal at foot
Heavy draught mare COUNTESS, 6 years old, by Muir Lad (imp.), dam by Clinker (imp.); foal at foot
Heavy draught mare NUGGET, 5 years old, grand worker, got by Muir Lad (imp.), dam Princess, got by Black Prince (imp.) out of Perfection by Lord Clyde (imp.)
Heavy draught mare MAUD, 5 years old, grand worker, got by Symons Lincoln out of Beauty by Sir Colin Campbell;
and
11 very fine mares, mostly with foals at foot, or heavy in foal to Prince Bismark, by Count Bismark (imp.), and nearly all first-class workers.
Also,
The blood mare STARLIGHT, dark bay, foaled 1871, with foal at foot by Andover; got by Kingfisher out of Brown Moonshine, by Nimrod out of Old Moonshine (Gratis' dam), by Theorem out of Moonshine, by Old Emigrant out of Mante (imp.), by Soothsayer out of Andover, by Yattendon out of Verbena.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at his Produce Stores, at 9.30, Hides; and at 2.30, Tallow and cocoanut oil. Tanners' and Curriers' Requisites.

F. L. BARKER has received instructions from Messrs. Saddington and Sons (who have relinquished that branch of their business) to sell by auction, at his Stores, immediately after hide sale, THIS DAY, The following:—
Green's curriers' knives, 1-16 to ½
Barnsley's ditto ditto, 3 to 5in.
Ditto fleshing and working knives, bark forks, lignum vitæ, beam boards, steel slickers, curriers' steels, scud stones (handled), clearing and scouring stones, curriers' brushes, shumac, oils, &c., &c.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALES.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Elizabeth-street, THIS DAY, Friday, the 21st instant, at half-past 9 prompt, Hides, yearlings, calfskins, kangaroo skins, &c. And at half-past 2, Casks tallow. Terms, cash.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

HILL, CLARK, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 9 o'clock sharp, Hides, yearlings, calfskins, &c. At half-past 2 o'clock, Casks tallow. At 3 o'clock, Kangaroo, opossum, and wallaby skins.

JNO. BRIDGE will sell by auction, Corporation Yards, 2.30 sharp.—Pigs and Calves.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at his Stores, at 10 o'clock, Hides, &c. At 2.30, Tallow.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, the 21st instant, at 2.30 o'clock, 100 prime fat pigs, 50 prime fat calves.

MORT and CO., Limited, will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, At 9.30, Hides, yearlings, &c. At 2.30, Tallow, kangaroo, wallaby, and opossum skins. On SATURDAY, at 9.30 a.m., Horns, bones, hair, and beeswax.

R. GOLDSBROUGH and CO., Limited, will offer for sale by public auction, through their auctioneer (Mr. GEORGE MAIDEN), THIS DAY, the 21st instant, at the Warehouses, at Darling Harbour, at 11 o'clock a.m., SHEEPSKINS. And at the Exchange, at 3 p.m. WOOL. Sheepskins and wool on view at the Warehouses from 9 o'clock a.m. on day of sale.

DARLING HARBOUR, late ORANGE SHEDS.

T. EVANS and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 12 sharp, Prime beef, mutton, lamb, veal, pork, &c.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, THIS DAY, Friday, At their Sale Yards, 827, George-street, at 12 o'clock sharp, Calves, pigs, lambs, suckers, 150 coops poultry of all kinds. At 2 o'clock sharp, The usual weekly supply of dairy produce, comprising roll butter, keg butter, and cheese from the best dairies in the Southern districts, superior corn-fed bacon, 100 cases fresh eggs, lard, honey, &c., &c.

INGLIS' STOCK SALE YARDS.

BUTCHERS. BUTCHERS.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, at their Stock Sale Yards, 827, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, November 21, at 12 o'clock, 20 extra prime fat calves, from the Hunter, 10 ditto, from Clarence River.

These should have arrived in time for yesterday's sale, but the steamer was delayed.

THOS. GREENHALGH and CO. will sell by auction, at Newtown, daily, at 7, and Darl. Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.

THOS. GREENHALGH and CO. will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, This Day, at 9, Hay, straw, chaff, &c.

21st NOVEMBER, 1884.

ROYAL OAK SALEYARDS, 699, George-street.

THOS. GREENHALGH and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 1.30 p.m., at above yards, Dead pigs, poultry of all kinds, eggs, butter, bacon, cheese, honey, and sundries.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, on account of whom it may concern, THIS DAY, 11 o'clock, on Newcastle Steamship Company's Wharf, Lime-street,
JHC—14 bales prime lucerne hay
JC— 3 ditto ditto ditto ditto
T— 5 ditto ditto ditto ditto.
Terms, cash.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, at the HUNTER RIVER STEAM COMPANY'S WHARFS, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Lucerne hay, oaten hay, and maize.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, at Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, at half-past 2 o'clock, PIGS and CALVES. Lambs and cows.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Yards, 791, George-street South, THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock, Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, &c. 1 ton prime bacon and hams. Roll and keg butter, cheese, eggs, honey, lard, fruit, &c. At a quarter-to 2 o'clock, A large quantity of poultry, including ducks, geese, fowls, turkeys, &c. At 4 o'clock, Hides, tallow, wool, sheepskins, &c.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 150, Pitt-street.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £3 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest. Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

ELLIS and CO. will sell one well-bred Liver RETRIEVER, 6 months old. Splendid game dog.

RICHARDSON and NIXON will sell at Newtown Station, Daily, at 7, Wood, posts, rails, &c.

RICHARDSON and NIXON will sell at Darling Harbour, Daily, at 8, Wood, posts, rails, &c.,

RICHARDSON and NIXON will sell This Morning, at Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, corn, chaff, straw, pumpkins.

CORNWELL and CO. will sell by auction, at the Black Swan Hotel Yards, TO-DAY, at 1 o'clock sharp, Poultry, dairy produce, fruit, &c.

Weekly Produce Sale.

SEAFORTH PROCTOR will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Newtown Station, at 7 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails. At Darling Harbour, at 8 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails, &c. At 9 o'clock, Hay, straw, maize, potatoes, &c. At his Mart, 715 and 727, George-street, at 12.30 o'clock sharp, 20 coops prime Yass and Goulburn turkeys, 100 coops fowls, ducks, geese, and birds. At 3 o'clock, 50 kegs Moss Vale and 100 cases Menangle butter, 40 sides bacon and 10 cases cheese, 60 cases new laid Menangle and Camden hen eggs, 150 cases duck eggs, poted and freshest brands.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 21st instant, at 11 o'clock sharp.

To PIANO BUYERS, PARTIES FURNISHING, &c.

Attractive and unreserved Sale of WALNUT and BLACK and GOLD PIANOS, by Strauss, Ivory, Martens, &c.

BLACK and GOLD and GILT PIER and CHIMNEY GLASSES, OVERMANTELS, GIRANDOLES, &c. &c.

Under instructions from the shippers.

CHARLES MOORE and CO. have been instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 123, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 21st instant, at 11 o'clock sharp, A consignment of the above, comprising—
Walnut and gold pianofortes, by Strauss, iron frame, semi-oblique, patent check action
Black and gold ditto ditto
Walnut and gold piano, by Ivory and Co., iron frame, semi-trichord, patent action
Walnut and gold ditto, by Martens
Gilt overmantels, centre bevelled plates
Black and Gold Pier Glasses, ea. 40 x 30 to 70 x 50
Gilt ditto ditto
Girandoles, Brackets,
&c., &c.

TERMS AT SALE

BY AUCTION TO-DAY. To Bakers and others.

BUER and CO. are instructed to sell by auction on the premises, at 11 a.m. sharp, at 33, Queen-street, Woollahra, Horse, cart, harness, and all utensils of trade of a baker and pastrycook's business, together with lease, goodwill, and stock, THIS DAY, 21st day of November. Inventory to be seen at our offices, 79, Castlereagh-street.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES.

H. L. DUNN and SON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 274, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. Elias Davis, of George-street, Haymarket, consisting of First-class sundries and jewellery, at 10 o'clock. Clothing, boots, blankets, at 3 o'clock.

THIS DAY (Friday), at 10 o'clock.

On the Premises, 344, Cleveland-street, between Crown and Elizabeth streets.

DINING and LOO TABLES
CHIFFONIERS, SIDEBOARDS, OILCLOTH, ENGRAVINGS
ELECTROPLATE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, CUTLERY
COUCHES, CHAIRS, LARGE QUANTITY NEW BEDSTEADS
CHESTS OF DRAWERS, WASHSTAND
TOILETWARE and GLASSES, HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES, and SUNDRIES.

H. L. DUNN and SON have received instructions from Mr. James Green to sell by public auction, on the Premises, 344, Cleveland-street, between Crown and Elizabeth streets, THIS DAY (Friday), at 10 o'clock, THE WHOLE of the STOCK-IN-TRADE of a GENERAL DEALER.

In the INSOLVENT ESTATE of PETER GRIMLEY. TO-MORROW (Saturday), November 22, at 2 o'clock, On the PREMISES, GRIMLEY'S STORE, COWAN, PEAT'S FERRY-ROAD. The WHOLE of the STOCK of FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES, DRAPERY, BOOTS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, IRONMONGERY, &c. Also, FITTINGS and MATERIALS of BAKEHOUSE, STORE BUILDING.

H. L. DUNN and SON have received instructions from Mr. E. M. Stephen, the official assignee, to sell by public auction, on the Premises, Grimley's Store, Cowan, Peat's Ferry-road, TO-MORROW (Saturday), November 22, at 2 o'clock, THE WHOLE OF THE STOCK OF FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES, DRAPERY, BOOTS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, IRONMONGERY, &c.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

ATTRACTIVE SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the RESIDENCE OF J. B. HOLDSWORTH, ESQ., ASHFIELD PARK, corner CROYDON and PARRAMATTA ROADS, CROYDON, on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, at 11 a.m., of the whole of the SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, Comprising—
CUT GLASS, CHINA, ELECTROPLATE
MASSIVE DINING-ROOM, HALL, and ELEGANT DRAWING-ROOM FURNITURE, SPLENDID CARPETS
SPLENDID ITALIAN WALNUT SEMI-GRAND PIANOFORTE, by Hagspiel and Reschpler; strong iron framed, full compass, rich and powerful in tone, possessing the utmost delicacy of touch, faithfully built
FIRST-CLASS ITALIAN WALNUT COTTAGE PIANOFORTE, by Moore and Moore, London; overstrung on strong iron frame, brilliant tone, most agreeable to the touch; specially made to Mr. Holdsworth's order, out of thoroughly seasoned woods; fitted to withstand the heat of the most trying climate
ROSEWOOD HARMONIFLUTE, by Busson, with 6 extra barrels, in cases, each playing 6 tunes
ELEGANT ASH BEDROOM SUITES, made by Blythe and Sons, London, and other Bedroom Requisites
FAITHFULLY-BUILT AMERICAN HOODED BUGGY
COMFORTABLE SOCIABLE, with cover, splendidly made
SPRINGCART
COALBROOKDALE GARDEN and LAWN SEATS
SPLENDID SILVER-MOUNTED HARNESS
SUPERIOR SADDLES
IRON TANKS, CARPENTER'S BENCHES and TOOLS
BAKER'S BOX MANGLE;
and
TWO VALUABLE COWS.

TO PRIVATE GENTLEMEN FURNISHING, FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, COMMISSION AGENTS, and GENERAL DEALERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from J. B. HOLDSWORTH, Esq., to sell by auction, at his residence, Ashfield Park, Croydon, corner of Croydon and Parramatta roads, on THURSDAY, November 27, at 11 a.m., owing to his intended departure for Europe, The above.

*** CATALOGUES in COURSE of PREPARATION.

*** On VIEW on WEDNESDAY, 27th instant, from 9 a.m. to 5.30 p.m., and before commencement of sale on Thursday.

ANOTHER OLD SYDNEY IDENTITY BEING REMOVED.

ANDREW ALLAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Liverpool Arms, King and Pitt streets, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock sharp, THE BUILDING MATERIALS of the OLD LIVERPOOL ARMS. Doors, windows, Tiled, Iron Roof, Lead Guttering. TWO BEER ENGINES. THREE BAR SCREENS. CHANDELIERS and PIPING. LARGE DOOR LAMP WITH REFLECTORS. And a GREAT LOT SUNDRIES. OFFICE—143, KING-STREET.

THIS DAY, at 11 a.m.

Important Clearing-out Sale, on account of Premises coming down.

R. R. BLIGH will sell by public auction, at 124, Pitt-street, opposite Hoffnung's, A large assortment of new and second-hand furniture, sundries, lot of groceries; and at 2, all fittings, counters, office furniture of his auction rooms. The whole will be sold without the slightest reserve. Terms, strictly cash. JOHN A. SAUNDERS, Auctioneer.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

ANDREW ALLAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Traveller's Rest, corner of Market and Castlereagh streets, on SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock, BUILDING MATERIALS of the TRAVELLER'S REST. Office—143, King-street.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, At Madame Joubert's Cottage, near Figtree Wharf, Lane Cove River, of SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising
Handsome Mahogany Sideboard, fitted with plate trays, cellarette, &c.
Oval-end Dining Table, Austrian Chairs
Lounge and Easy Chairs, Carpets, Oilcloth
Cut Glassware, Dinner and Dessert Services
Best Electroplate, Cruets, Cutlery
Original Water Colours, Overmantel
Handsome China Vases
Choice Chromo-lithographs, Engravings
Cornice Poles and Curtains, Ornaments
Black and Brass Enamelled Tubular Bedsteads
Horsehair, Kapok, and Flock Beds
Huon Pine Chests Drawers, Washstands and Ware
Toilet Tables and Glasses, Towel Rails
Enclosed Kitchen Dresser, Tables, Kitchen Requisites
Cooking Utensils, &c.
To Gentlemen Furnishing, Furniture Dealers, &c.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have been instructed to sell by auction, at the late residence of W. Aird, Esq., near Figtree Wharf, Lane Cove River, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, The whole of the superior furniture and effects. Without reserve. Terms, cash.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £3 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest. Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

THIS DAY, 21st November, at 11 a.m.

On the Premises, STIRLING COTTAGE, BELMORE-STREET, BURWOOD.

SUPERIOR and USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising—
DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, PIER GLASSES
TABLES, CHAIRS, COUCHES, Carpets, Pictures
Sideboard, Chiffonier, Glass Ware, Cutlery
BEDSTEADS, BEDDING
CHESTS DRAWERS, M. T. WASHSTANDS
Kitchen and Laundry Requisites.

WILLIAM CRANE, Jun. (late H. Vaughan) has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, Belmore-street, Burwood, The above-described furniture. TERMS, CASH. NO RESERVE.

WM. CRANE, Jun., has received instructions to sell under distraint for rent, THIS DAY, Friday, at 3 p.m., on the premises, 313, George-street, on the 3rd floor, Office furniture, &c., &c.

MONDAY, 24th November, at 11 a.m.

IMPORTANT SALE of NEW TIMBER, including RAFTERS, WEATHERBOARDS, STUDS, BATTENS, BALTIC and PINE BOARDS, and nearly every description of HARDWOOD. Also, 200 SHEETS OF GALVANISED IRON.

N.B.—The whole of the above Building Materials will be submitted in lots to suit purchasers.

WILLIAM CRANE, Jun. (late H. Vaughan) has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 317, Elizabeth-street, near Goulburn-street THE ABOVE. TERMS, CASH. NO RESERVE.

ON AN EARLY DATE.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT. IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF JOHN JOHNSON.

To Farmers, Dairymen, Butchers, Commission Agents, and the public generally. 1000 head of well-bred COWS, BULLOCKS, HORSES, PIGS, SHEEP, POULTRY, now depasturing on the celebrated Glenlee Farm, which, owing to the present splendid season, is knee-deep in magnificent clover.

The stock consists of—
110 COWS, in splendid condition, the majority of which are in full milk, and a large number will calve within a month's time
6 SPRINGERS
3 BULLOCKS
700 FAT SHEEP and LAMBS
7 SOWS, with their little ones
7 SOWS, near pigging
1 well-bred BERKSHIRE BOAR
6 FAT PIGS, and 34 STORE PIGS
12 useful HORSES
BUGGIES, DRAYS, SPRINGCARTS, SADDLES, HARNESS, &c.

Also, The GROWING CROP of 24 ACRES of OATS, almost ripe for cutting.

SUNDRIES. A very numerous lot, comprising—10-Gallon MILK CANS, BUCKETS, COOLERS, CHURNS, 79 MILK DISHES, TUBS, HOGSHEADS, COPPERS, together with all the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE: Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Utensils, Oilcloth, Linoleum Matting, and other items far too many for enumeration in a preliminary advertisement, but of which full particulars will shortly appear.

WM. CRANE, Jun. (late H. Vaughan), has received instructions from F. Macnab, Esq., official assignee, to sell by auction, on the premises, Glenlee, near Campbelltown, The above. Terms, cash. No reserve.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF TIMBER FITTINGS. Ex the Orient Company's s.s. Aberdeen. All in A1 ORDER and CONDITION.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, at 11 o'clock.

T. PHILLIPS will sell by auction, on the Ground, next to the Dog and Duck, George-street, opposite Christ Church,
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
T. and G. LINING BOARDS, 6, 8, 10, and 12 inches
FLOORING BOARDS, ½, ¾, and 1 inch, up to 22 feet
STAIRCASES, FORMS, BATTENS, 3 x 1 and 3 x 1½
LEAD-LINED BATHS and SINKS
VENETIAN DOORS, TABLE TOPS
STUDS, extra long, 3 x 2, 3 x 3, and 4 x 4.
Also a quantity SOUND CORRUGATED IRON.
NOW on VIEW to TIME of SALE.
Auction Offices—97, King-street, Newtown.

NEW SUMMER GOODS.

40 Packages GENERAL DRAPERY, To Town and Country Buyers.
Manchester Goods
Shirts and Clothing
Hollands and Calicos
Towels and Quilts
Hosiery and Hats
Tweeds and Coatings.

KELLETT and ALFORD will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 14, Barrack-street, next TUESDAY, at 11 sharp, New shipments summer goods, as above. Particulars on Monday.

TO-MORROW, at 2 sharp, Snail's Bay, Balmain, Auction SALE of Ship's BOAT, 22 x 5½ x 2½, mast, sails, and oars; all complete. No reserve. THOMAS O'TOOLE.

IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION, of HIGH CLASS FURNITURE, at Lloyd's-chambers (down the lane), George-street, next FREEMAN'S, the PHOTOGRAPHER'S, by HARDIE and ROBB, THIS DAY, NOVEMBER 21st instant, at 11.30 a.m.

These goods were shipped to the order of A LEADING SYDNEY MERCHANT who is leaving for the East.

MAGNIFICENT ENGLISH OAK and REAL MOROCCO FURNITURE, as follows:—
1 English oak sideboard, with 5 shelves, bevelled plates
1 Oak mantel and over mantel, bevelled plates, polished, to match
1 12 feet x 4 feet 6 inches oak dining table, to match, 4 leaves, castored and polished,
2 Round-back carving chairs, very handsome, to match, upholstered in best hair and real morocco
8 Chairs ditto ditto, upholstered back
1 Oak couch, upholstered with horsehair, in best morocco
1 Gent.'s easy chair, to match
1 Lady's ditto, ditto
3 Walnut occasional chairs, in silk tapestry
1 Set of 4 oak trays
1 Oak sandwich tray
1 ditto tray stand
1 ditto step chair
1 ditto gong stand
1 Moorish gong and beater
2 Handsome gilt mirrors.
Also,
Handsome wall decorations
Terra cotta and bronze figures, jardinieres
Pot plants
WORKS OF ART
STEEL ENGRAVINGS
1 Magnificent English oak cabinet, beautifully carved
6 Carved oak chairs.

NOTE. ALL ON VIEW at above address, prior to sale, at 11.30 a.m.

HARDIE and ROBB, AUCTIONEERS.

HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE. HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE.

SALE BY AUCTION, THIS DAY, at 11.30 a.m., in Lloyd's-chambers (down the gateway, next Freeman and Co.'s, photographers).

GRAND SALE of MAGNIFICENT OAK and other ENGLISH FURNITURE, superior in quality to any ever imported into the colonies; together with VARIOUS HIGH-CLASS HOUSEHOLD DECORATIONS, CARRARA MARBLE STATUES, WORKS OF ART, 5 O'CLOCK TEA SETS, &c., &c.

HARDIE and ROBB will sell the above, without reserve, THIS DAY, at 11.30 a.m., in Lloyd's-chambers.

ON VIEW PRIOR TO THE SALE.

RIVERSTONE ALLOTMENTS.—£5 EACH, 5s DEPOSIT, balance extending over a period of TWO years, without interest; Torrens' title. Mr. WHEELER will meet intending purchasers at Riverstone Station, TO-MORROW, Saturday; trains, 9 a.m. and 1.52 p.m. Do not be misled; inquire for the LOCAL AGENT, Mr. WHEELER, or, if you desire it, you can select at the Rooms of the Auctioneer, C. T. BURFITT, 418, George-street, near the Royal Hotel.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £3 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest. Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

RUGBY ESTATE is near Vale and Sons' and Ritchie's Works, and two Railway Stations.

SEAVIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 30 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

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Auction Sales.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET,
THIS DAY, 21st November, at 11 a.m.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE and IMPORTANT
UNRESERVED SALE by AUCTION
of
51 CASES MAGNIFICENT WORKS OF ART
(large and small),
in
LIMOGES ENAMELS, DRESDEN WARE,
EBONITE GOODS, SEVRES PORCELAIN, MEISSEN CHINA.

SPECIAL LINES
in
SILVER-MOUNTED CUTLERY, ELECTRO-SILVERWARE, &c., &c., &c.

Under instructions from the Importers.

Comprising—
ELECTRO-SILVER-PLATED WARE, in TEA and COFFEE SERVICES, LIQUEUR FRAMES, CRUETS, PICKLE JARS, Jam Dishes, Fish Eaters, Dessert Knives and Forks, Biscuit Barrels, Breakfast Cruets, &c., &c.
VERY HANDSOME SETS of CUTLERY, SILVER-MOUNTED CARVERS, &c., in fine Polished Hardwood Cases
MINIATURE CABINETS in FINE OAK, with Metal Mounts, Silk and Satin Lined
ALABASTER and MARBLE CLOCKS, with Ormolu Mounts, &c.
UNIQUE JEWEL BOXES, with Ivory Fittings
RICHLY-COLOURED LUSTRES, with Cut Crystal Pendants
SUPERBLY-MOUNTED DRESDEN CUPS and SAUCERS, in Fancy Plush
ELEGANT VASES, Double Handles, hand-painted a la Wouvermann, on white and gold grounds
DRESDEN CHINA ORNAMENTS, of the most costly character, enriched with Garlands, Wreaths, Birds, Flowers, Paintings, a la Watteau, &c.
Majolica Baskets, Vases, Jugs, with Fruit in alto relievo
DECORATED BOWLS and DISHES, splendidly hand-painted, and profusely gilt
Beautifully-painted Rosieres, Skedators, Corbeilles, decorated with flowers
POTPOURRI VASES, in raised gold and divisional paintings
KNOWLA EWERS and STANDS, in Cintra and Capo di Monte China, with figures in relief, and embellished with colours
EXQUISITE GROUPS in the very finest Dresden Porcelain
VIENNA TEAPOTS in Gold and Pale Blue, with hand-painted classical subjects
Card Trays, Receivers, and Tazzas, decorated in porcelain
Beautiful China Figures under glass shades
Photo. Frames and Easels, Caskets and Cases of richest designs.

To the Gentry, Professional Gentlemen, Fine Art Repositories, Jewellers, Collectors of China and Curios, Furniture Warehousemen, Commission Agents, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions from the importers to arrange the above UNRIVALLED MELANGE of COSTLY WORKS OF ART, ARTICLES DE LUXE, &c., for SALE BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 21st NOVEMBER, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.
Catalogues on application.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25.

To High Art Furniture Connoisseurs, Gentlemen Furnishing, Furniture Warehousemen, Private Buyers

EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTIVE and IMPORTANT
UNRESERVED SALE
by Auction.

MAGNIFICENT HIGH ART FURNITURE,
in Oak and Walnut,
comprising
SOME OF THE GRANDEST PRODUCTIONS
in
CABINET WORK
ever Exhibited for Public Competition in the Colonies,
Amongst which may be enumerated
GRAND BEDROOM SUITE, in Italian Walnut and Oak, comprising
MAGNIFICENT WARDROBE, bevelled plate glass door, lined, oak throughout
PAIR ELEGANT TOILETS, Marble Top Washstand, Table with large bevelled plate glass
2 MARBLE-TOP CUPBOARDS
3 Walnut Cane-seated Chairs
THIS MAGNIFICENT SUITE for ELEGANCE, CHASTENESS of DESIGN and WORKMANSHIP, cannot be excelled, if equalled.
MASSIVE CARVED OAK SIDEBOARDS, latest designs and fashion, fitted with shelves, bevelled plate glass back, cellarettes, &c., and finished in first-class style
ELEGANT ITALIAN WALNUT and OAK WRITING-TABLES, carved, and embellished in Bronze
MAGNIFICENT CARVED OAK DINING-TABLES
LADIES' WALNUT and EBONY WRITING-TABLES, with revolving covers
ELEGANT CARVED WALNUT and EBONY CHIFFONIERS
LADIES' EBONY WORK TABLE, new design and principle
ELEGANT CARVED OAK and EBONY CABINETS
SUPERB MAHOGANY SECRETAIRES, fitted
CARVED OAK EARLY ENGLISH BOOKCASE
ELEGANT ITALIAN WALNUT CYLINDER SECRETAIRES
MAGNIFICENT ITALIAN WALNUT BOOKCASE, oak lined, embellished with Bronze Medallion Panels
LADIES' WALNUT and MAHOGANY CABINET WRITING-TABLES
ITALIAN WALNUT and EBONY CARD and OCCASIONAL TABLES, new designs
WALNUT SMOKER'S COMPANION, complete
ELEGANT EBONISED OCCASIONAL TABLES
WALNUT CARD-RECEIVERS, on stands, hand-painted centres
Handsome MUSIC STANDS, with hand-painted panels
WALNUT UMBRELLA STANDS, hand-painted medallions
ITALIAN WALNUT HAT-RACKS, enriched with medallion centres
OAK CORNER BRACKETS, with bronze reliefs
Walnut COAT and STICK RACKS
CARVED OAK and WALNUT CHAIRS, cane seats, &c., &c.
MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION of BRONZES, comprising
ELEGANT BRONZE WALL PLAQUES, Historical and Sporting subjects
Magnificent BRONZE PLAQUES, medallion centres
ELEGANT Hand-painted CHINA PLAQUES, in bronze frames
BRONZE MEDALLIONS, in oak frames
Elegant MIRRORS, in bronze frames
OAK and EBONY JEWEL-CASKETS, with bronze mounts, &c., &c.
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of CHINA ORNAMENTS, VASES, SETS, latest style.
Also,
6 MAGNIFICENT EBONY and WALNUT PIANOFORTES, by the eminent Manufacturer
A. H. Franck, Leipsic.
Also,
THE WORLD-RENOWNED APOLLO.
These
GRAND INSTRUMENTS,
known for their
SOFTNESS of TONE, MELODY, and BEAUTY of TOUCH, require but little comment from the Auctioneer. Suffice it to say they are manufactured specially to suit the Australian climate,
REGARDLESS OF COST.

On View TO-DAY and until Morning of Sale.

Catalogues on application at the Rooms, Barrack-street.

LOUIS COHEN has received instructions from the consignees, Messrs. T. Thielen and Co., to sell by auction, at the Rooms, Barrack-street, on TUESDAY, November 25th, at 11 o'clock,

THE ABOVE.
LOVERS and ADMIRERS
of
REALLY GRAND and CHASTE HIGH-ART FURNITURE
are respectfully invited to inspect this shipment of
MAGNIFICENT FURNITURE, PIANOS, BRONZES, &c.,
every line of which
MUST BE POSITIVELY SOLD by AUCTION
on the day appointed for this Important Sale,
TUESDAY, November 25th, at 11 o'clock.
Terms at sale.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

MANLY. MANLY.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, Private Buyers, Furniture Warehousemen, Commission Agents, and others.

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION
of
SUPERIOR MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
PIANOS, ORGANS,
PLATE, GLASSWARE, CUTLERY
CROCKERY, KITCHEN and LAUNDRY UTENSILS
HORSES, CARTS, BUGGY
HARNESS, GARDEN TOOLS, &c.,
on the premises, at Manly, known as the Hon. Geo. Thornton's residence.

Full particulars in future issue.

Catalogues will be prepared and distributed before day of Sale.

On VIEW WEDNESDAY, 26th instant, and Morning of Sale.

LOUIS COHEN has received instructions from the proprietor to sell by auction, on the premises, at Manly, known as the residence of the Hon. Geo. Thornton, on THURSDAY, November 27, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the superior well-selected household furniture, &c., &c.

TERMS AT SALE.

OFFICE FURNITURE, FITTINGS, &c.

On the Premises, 187, Pitt-street.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25th, at 11 o'clock prompt.

JAMES RODD and CO. are favoured with instructions from the AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY to sell by auction, at their old premises, 187, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY NEXT.
The whole of their office fittings and furniture, comprising chairs, office tables, desks, pigeon-holes, LARGE CEDAR COUNTER, 2 IRON SAFES, letter-press and table, bookcases, sundries, &c.

Particulars at sale.

Terms, cash.

FRESHWATER has the Grandest Promenade and a Beautiful Sandy Beach.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

RUGBY ESTATE is park-like and elevated, and the Title is Torrens'. Inspect it.

A FORTUNE FOR FIVE POUNDS.
This sum deposited with HARDIE and GORMAN, TO-MORROW, at their Sale of the ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP, will secure an allotment, which must double or treble in value immediately the branch line to Granville is completed, and long before your purchase is completed by monthly payments.
Early application for FREE PASSES is necessary.
HARDIE and GORMAN,
Pitt-street.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of
MILLS and PILE, 190, Pitt-street.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21,
at 10.30,
at the CITY MART.

By order of Messrs. MASON BROTHERS, Limited.

On account and risk of whom it may concern.

With all faults.

87 PACKAGES EARTHENWARE, CHINA, and GLASS, now landing ex Crown of Denmark,
being
PORTION OF CARGO OF SHIP ANDRETA,
Liverpool to Sydney, which put into Rio Janeiro in distress.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, under instructions from Mason Brothers, Limited, THIS DAY, 21st instant, at the City Auction Mart, at 10.30 sharp,
The above.

These goods will be sold subject to the packages having been INSPECTED AT THE NEW STORES OF MASON BROTHERS, Limited, Kent-street, close to Erskine-street, prior to auction.
The goods are now landed, and the storekeeper in attendance will furnish every information to intending buyers.
Samples taken from the bulk will be ON VIEW AT THE CITY MART.

Catalogues are ready.

Terms liberal, at sale.

70 CASES
SCREW-TOP JAMS JARS.

Under instructions from Mason Brothers, Limited.

FRASER and CO. have received instructions from Mason Brothers, Limited, to sell, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, 21st instant, at 10.30 sharp,
The above, comprising
10 cases, 1 pint each, 8 dozen
30 ditto, 1 quart, ditto 6 ditto
30 ditto, 2 quarts, ditto 6 ditto.
Terms liberal at sale.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21,
at 11 a.m., at
HOWARD SMITH'S WHARF.

Quantity of DEALS, 11 x 3, 30 to 40 feet
Ditto OLD SAILS, ROPE BLOCKS
Ditto ditto COPPER PIPES, PUMPS, &c.
4 PATENT ENGINEERS' PULLEYS
And various articles from Wreckage of steamer Fenstanton.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction at Howard Smith's Wharf, on FRIDAY, the 21st, at 11 a.m.,
The above wreckage, timber, &c., &c.

NOTE—THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25,
at the City Mart, at 11 o'clock.

WRECK OF THE SCREW STEAMSHIP FENSTANTON,
Gross register, 2465 tons; net, 1606 tons. As she now lies near Moresby Rocks, in Torres Straits, about 40 miles N.E. from Thursday Island.

The particulars of this wreck may be obtained by looking at S. M. Herald of 17th instant.

By order of the Agent for Owners, and on account of whom it may concern.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction as above,

The wreckage of the steamer FENSTANTON, as she lies.

Full particulars of all gear and boats, &c., saved and located, to be had on application to the auctioneers.

TERMS, CASH on the fall of the hammer.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25.

At the City Mart, at 11 o'clock.

Steamship
COLLAROY.

By order of the Vendor.

This steam vessel having been successfully launched by Mr. J. Robertson, as determined by him is now placed in the market for sale, as he has no intention of employing her in any trade.

STEAM COMPANIES, CAPITALISTS,
and Speculators,
are
INVITED TO INSPECT THE COLLAROY
prior to sale.

Has been placed on
the A. S. N. Co.'s Slip for inspection.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction,
as above,
the Paddle Steamship
COLLAROY,
well known in the Newcastle trade.

Dimensions and power on application at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

LAND BY THE ACRE,
ON EASY TERMS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, November 22.

WATKIN and WATKIN (in conjunction with Mr. JOHN TAYLOR, of Parramatta) sell by auction,
ON THE ESTATE, at 2.30 p.m.,
BONNYRIGG PARK,
about 2½ miles from Cabramatta Railway Station.

This Estate, which the Surveyors say is
THE PICK OF THE COUNTRY,
has been subdivided into Blocks suitable for
ORCHARDS, ORANGERIES,
VINEYARDS,
varying in area from
THREE to EIGHT ACRES.

A large proportion of the Estate is cleared and grassed, so that the enormous cost of clearing preparatory to planting out is saved.

The terms are £3 per acre deposit, balance by 10 equal half-yearly payments; interest, 6 per cent.

In addition to these Blocks, there is the
HOMESTEAD,
a comfortable, roomy, massively-built dwelling, with numerous outoffices, stables, dairy, &c., together with 30 acres; and
THE FARM,
some 15 acres, on which is cottage.

THE TITLE IS UNDER TORRENS' ACT.

Special Train on day of sale. Tickets on application.
Special Omnibuses from Station.

TO-MORROW.

CHATSWORTH ESTATE, CROYDON.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell by order of the National Land and Building Society, on their usually very liberal terms, NEXT SATURDAY, at 3 p.m.,
20 ALLOTMENTS,
having frontages from 50 feet to Devonshire-street, by depths of 150, with good surroundings, close to the mansion of Josiah Mullens, with an easy walk of Croydon Station, in an elevated position, and for sale at low prices.

PROPERTY SALES.

TUESDAY NEXT, 25th NOVEMBER.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street, at 11.30 a.m.:—

NEWTOWN, Hordern-street, close to tram.	Six Brick COTTAGES, each 3 rooms, half hall, washhouse, verandah, all outside, and dividing walls 9 inches, on land having 90 feet frontage by 85 feet to a lane. Torrens' title. Terms.
ANNANDALE, Johnston and Trafalgar streets.	The best vacant SITE in North Annandale, 66 feet to Johnston-street (100 feet wide), 66 feet to Trafalgar-street (66 feet wide), by a through depth of 396 feet, fenced; an excellent site for first-class residence.
SUMMER HILL, Blairgowrie-street, Hillston.	HILLSTON, an elegant brick House, containing hall, drawing-room 27.6 x 15, dining-room 13.6 x 12, 4 bedrooms, bath, kitchen, laundry, verandah front and back, land 47 x 120.
ASHFIELD, Norton-street, Ethelville.	Brick COTTAGE, shingled roof, containing hall, drawing-room, dining-room, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, washhouse, front and back verandahs, on a nice area of land, 56 x 200, close to the station.
WOOLLAHRA, Denison-street and Weldon-lane.	Two ALLOTMENTS, having respectively 19 and 20 feet frontage by depth of 83 feet; long leasehold, low ground rent.
MANLY, Buckingham Park.	LOTS 7 and 24, each 60 x 200. These are among the best lots in the estate.
AUBURN, Clydesville Estate.	LOTS 48, 49, 50, and 51, each 40 feet to Phillip-street by a depth of 182 feet; and LOTS 62 and 63, each 49 feet to Gibbs-street by depth of 174 feet.
KOGARAH PARK.	LOT 19, 66 feet to Green-street by a depth of 188 feet to a 20 feet lane. LOT 20, 66 feet to President-avenue by a depth of 188 feet to a 20 feet lane. LOTS 16, 17, and 25, each 66 feet to President-avenue, by 188 feet to a 20 feet lane. Lots 15 and 18, each 66 feet to Green-street, by 188 feet to a 20 feet lane. Lot 117, 66 feet to French-street, by a depth of 188 feet to a 20 feet lane. Lots 145 and 146, each 132 feet to Green-street, by a depth of 386 feet; lot 148, a corner, having 386 feet to French-street.
DRUMMOYNE PARK.	Lot 31, Sec. 5, of this choice Estate 50 x 200.
KOGARAH TOWNSHIP.	Lots 80 and 81, Sec. A, having three frontages, viz., Victor-street, Gladstone-road, and Railway-parade, quite close to station.
VICTORIA-SQUARE, ASHFIELD.	Lot 24, at the corner of Sea View-street and the Esplanade.

HURSTVILLE.

SUBDIVISION BLOCK.

OPPOSITE PENSHURST PARK.

Frontage to Main Road.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell, on TUESDAY, 9th December, at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street,
The above well-positioned block, intersected by the railway, in area 13 acres 3 roods 4 perches.

TORRENS' TITLE.

Terms at Sale.

Further details in future advertisements.

RUGBY ESTATE is park-like and elevated, and the Title is Torrens' Inspect it.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY.

ORDER OF SALE.

CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES
to be
SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
at our Rooms,
THIS DAY, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 prompt.

DARLINGHURST.	Dwelling No. 253, Victoria-street, between Burton and Liverpool streets. House No. 251, adjoining the above.
PARK-ROAD.	MOUNTVIEW, a commodious and well-situated Residence, in Gordon-street, a few feet from Park-road, and near St. Matthias' Church, Paddington Heights.
WAVERLEY.	That handsome, substantial, and highly-finished detached Family Residence, on the east side of Vickery-street, overlooking the water reserve, and only 3 minutes from tram.
ST. LEONARDS.	Terrace of 3 Houses, on east side of Blue's Point-road, a few yards north of Parker-street. Also, Cottage and vacant land in Middle-street, at rear, and known as Langford's property. By order of mortgagee.
ULTIMO.	Three Houses in Crown-road, and Stone House in Ada-street. Leasehold, 94 years to run.
GOLDEN GROVE.	Raglan-terrace, three Houses in Raglan-street, between Abercrombie and Rose streets.
ERSKINEVILLE.	Good corner Allotment, part of lot 8, sec. 3, Gowrie Estate, Union-street, close to Erskineville-road.
TEMPE.	Allotment 25, sec. 1, of this village, fronting Campbell-street, near Cook's River Railway Station.
COOGEE.	Valuable corner block of Land, Belmore-road, Powell-street, and lane, Powell's Estate, nearly opposite Public School and Mr. C. Kidman's.
NARRABEEN.	Mineral Selection of 40 acres, between the road to Pittwater and Stony Creek-road.
WOOLLAHRA.	Two Freehold Cottages, Nos. 20 and 22, John-street; and three Cottages in Trickett-street, at rear. In one or two lots.
WATERLOO.	Shop and Dwelling, at the corner of Raglan and Cooper streets, at present occupied by Mr. Reeves.
SOUTH WATERLOO.	Well-built Cottage and vacant Land in High-street, close to Botany-road and tram, and known as Mr. P. Tancred's property. By order of mortgagee.
REDFERN.	Cottage with shop front, No. 113, Elizabeth-street, two doors north of Redfern-street, and close to new park.
NEWTOWN.	Cottage and House, No. 150, Denison-street, North Kingston, between Bishopgate and Eton streets, and close to new park.
ASHFIELD.	Choice Block of Land, Allt-street, between William-street and St. John's Church.
WOOLWICH.	Allotment, Hunter's Hill-road and Collingwood-street, between Parramatta and Lane Cove rivers.
STANMORE.	Lot 12, sec. 1, Marshall's subdivision, fronting Denning-street.
PETERSHAM.	Allotment, Maria-street, near mansion of R. Miller, Esq., and New Canterbury-road.
MARRICKVILLE.	Arthur Villa, on Illawarra-road, next Mr. Doak's, and near Town Hall Hotel.
MARRICKVILLE.	Corner Site, Canterbury New-road and Yule-street.
PETERSHAM HEIGHTS.	Lots 7 and 9, sec. 2, Wardell Hill Estate, fronting Yule-street. Lot 1, 2, and 3, sec. 3, Arthursleigh Estate, Wardell-road, near Mr. Starkey's residence.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

GLADESVILLE SALE.

EIGHT LOTS OF LINSLEY'S SUBDIVISION,
George, Linsley, and Quarrie streets, with small COTTAGE thereon.

AUCTION SALE, on the Ground, at half-past 3,
THIS DAY, FRIDAY,
in lots to suit purchasers.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

MOSS VALE SALE, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY.

TOWN and SUBURBAN LANDS.

Capital chance for Sydney residents to secure Sites in this flourishing town.

At the ODDFELLOWS' HALL, at 3 o'clock.

Terms very liberal. Discount for Cash.
Lithos. ready.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO-MORROW.

SEA VIEW ESTATE.

KOGARAH HEIGHTS.

ILLAWARRA RAILWAY LINE.

Great Sale on the Ground,
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, 22nd NOVEMBER.
Special Train.

TORRENS' ACT TITLE.

Terms—£5 deposit, balance over 3 or 5 years, by very easy payments.

SEA VIEW ESTATE,
KOGARAH
HEIGHTS,
7 miles from town, 22 minutes by train.

MAGNIFICENT BUILDING LAND.
RICH HILL SOIL.
FINE LANDSCAPES.

VIEWS of the OCEAN RIGHT THROUGH BOTANY HEADS.
Nothing like it in the district.

FINE ELEVATED BUILDING LAND
(no low lots on the estate).

ON THE TOP AND SIDE OF THE HILL
a choice of views according to aspect.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, KOGARAH,
an early purchase by
Sydney and Suburban Building Association.
WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.

CHOICE OF TERMS:—
(1) 12 monthly payments at 5 per cent.
(2) 36 ditto ditto ditto at 6 per cent.
(3) 60 ditto ditto ditto at 7 per cent.
Or longer if you wish, by fortnightly payments,
THE DEPOSIT,
in each case,
TO BE ONLY £5 PER LOT.

LIBERAL ASSISTANCE TO BUILD.

THEN WHY PAY RENT
WHEN YOU CAN,
AT ONCE,
by the most liberal system of payments under the sun,
BECOME A FREEHOLDER.

TORRENS' ACT TITLE.

SEA VIEW ESTATE
IS,
without a doubt,
ONE OF THE FINEST PROPERTIES
in the
KOGARAH-HURSTVILLE DISTRICT.

It is Convenient to Town.

It is Well Elevated.

The Views of Water and Land are Grand.

The Soil is Rich, and the Surroundings Good.

SEA VIEW ESTATE will be just such another suburb in itself as

SOUTH KINGSTON
STANMORE HEIGHTS, or
PETERSHAM.

It is WELL LAID OUT by
Messrs. MURRAY and MURRAY, Surveyors.

ALL ROADS CHAIN WIDE.

EVERY LOT A GOOD BUILDING SITE.

SEA VIEW ESTATE,
KOGARAH HEIGHTS, ILLAWARRA LINE.

SPECIAL TRAIN WILL RUN TO THIS SALE.
The SALE WILL COMMENCE at 3 O'CLOCK PROMPT.

Apply early for Plans and Tickets.

Remember the Terms and the Title.

HARDIE and GORMAN,
AUCTIONEERS.

ALDERSON'S GRANGE ESTATE,
fronting
BOURKE and DOWLING-STREETS,
is for
SALE, ON THE GROUND,
at 3 p.m.,
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY.

Liberal terms. Call for litho.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ARNCLIFFE SALE, TO-MORROW.

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND.

The
LAND ADJOINS THE RAILWAY STATION,
and is
WORTH PURCHASING.

The terms are liberal; only a small deposit, balance extending over 18 months. Discount for cash.

*** FREE SPECIAL TRAIN at 2.25. Call for tickets.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

STUNSON'S SUBDIVISIONS,
Adjoining
GUILDFORD RAILWAY STATION.

AUCTION SALE in 155 LOTS,
on the Ground at 3 p.m.,
SATURDAY, 29th November.

Exceedingly Liberal Terms. Title, Torrens'. Lithos. ready.

FREE SPECIAL TRAIN on day of Sale at 2.15 p.m. Tickets on Tuesday next.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

RUPERTSWOOD. RUPERTSWOOD.

1090 Choice Business and Villa Sites.

For SALE, on the Ground,
on SATURDAY, December 13, at 3 o'clock.

On Very Easy Terms—
£1 deposit, 72 equal monthly payments. Interest, 6 per cent.
Free Transfers for Purchasers of 5 Lots.

Railway Station and Siding at one corner of Rupertswood.
Public School corner of Rupertswood.
Proposed Platform in the centre of Rupertswood.
Railway Frontages at Rupertswood.
Special Trains on 13th December to Rupertswood.
Remember the Great Sale at Rupertswood.
Splendid Sites and Wide Streets at Rupertswood.
Blue Mountain View all parts of Rupertswood.
Small Deposits and Instalments at Rupertswood.
40 Allotments as Prizes at Rupertswood.

How Can You Make Money on the 13th December?
By Purchasing at Rupertswood.

Do not Wait till the Land is too Dear.
BUY NOW.

Attend the GREAT SALE, 1090 Lots, 13th December.

Parents Should Purchase a Few Allotments at Rupertswood for their Children.

See Future Advertisements.

T. R. SMITH, CHAPMAN, and SMITH have received instructions from the Cumberland Building, Land, and Investment Company to sell by auction, on the Ground, on SATURDAY, December 13, at 3 o'clock.
1090 choice allotments,
on VERY EASY TERMS—
£1 deposit, balance 72 equal monthly payments,
Interest, 6 per cent.

TORRENS' TITLE.

SPECIAL TRAIN on DAY of SALE.

GREAT SALE OF CATTLE, HORSES, &c.,
at
T. Smith's Yards, Railway Station, Penrith,
on
MONDAY NEXT,
November 24, at 3 o'clock.

T. R. SMITH, CHAPMAN, and SMITH have received instructions from Mr. Alfred Hall, to sell by auction, at T. Smith's Yards, Station-street, Penrith, on MONDAY next, November 24, at 3 o'clock,
10 heavy draught mares, 5 with foals at foot, by imported horses
6 thoroughbred mares, with foals at foot, by Woodlawn, and stinted to Drum Major
Heavy draught colts and fillies.
Also,
Saddle and harness horses.
Also,
3 mowing-machines, 1 double-furrow plough
2 light furrow ploughs, 1 set of 3 iron harrows
1 wooden harrow, 1 iron scarifier, all nearly new
12 new saddles, buggy harness, and double springcart harness
and
1 set of dogcart harness.

THE SILVER HILL MINING COMPANY,
No Liability.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the Articles of Association, the undermentioned shares in the above Company have now become forfeited for non-payment of call, and will be sold by public auction, at the Rooms of Messrs. BATT, RODD, and PURVES, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 12 o'clock noon on TUESDAY, the 9th day of December, 1884:—
Edward Greville, 1000 shares—28,501 to 29,500.
Andrew Cray, 1000 shares—29501 to 30500.
W. M'Millan, 1000 shares—35,001 to 36,000.

HURSTVILLE LAND SALE
HURSTVILLE LAND SALE,
TO-MORROW
TO-MORROW,
at 3 o'clock.

HURSTVILLE LAND SALE,
HURSTVILLE
LAND
SALE.

HILLVIEW ESTATE,
HURSTVILLE.

51 CHOICE ALLOTMENTS,
fronting
KINGSGROVE-ROAD
TOM UGLY'S POINT-ROAD
QUEEN'S-STREET.

HURSTVILLE.

Sale on the Ground,
on easy terms.
TO-MORROW
TO-MORROW.

NO INTEREST.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed to sell by auction, on the Ground, at Hurstville, TO-MORROW, November 22, at 3 o'clock,
51 CHOICE ALLOTMENTS,
within 10 minutes' walk of Hurstville Station.

8 grand sites, fronting Tom Ugly's Point-road
23 have a double frontage to Kingsgrove-road and Queen-street,
and
20 front Queen-street, backing in a lane in the rear.

Most of the lots have 33 feet frontages, and over, and depths of over 150 feet.
All well placed, within 10 minutes' walk of HURSTVILLE STATION.

HURSTVILLE LAND SALE.
FREE
TRAIN TICKETS
and
LITHOS.

TERMS:
10 per cent. deposit
18 months' credit for the balance.
NO INTEREST.

Lithos. at 130, Pitt-street.
Free Train Tickets of the Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, December 11.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.

GRAND STORE
and
WAREHOUSE SITES.

GRAND STORE AND WAREHOUSE SITES,
KENT-STREET,
CLOSE TO THE LION MILLS.

Sale by order of the Trustees of the Estate of the late Mrs. Margaret Gibbons.

THIS
CENTRAL BLOCK
of
CITY LAND,
so close to the commercial business centre and wharves, has
112 FEET FRONTAGE
TO THE WEST SIDE OF KENT-STREET,
by a great depth.

It will be divided into 4 or 5 lots, so as to meet the requirements of men of moderate means.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Sydney Auction Mart, on THURSDAY, December 11, at 11.30,
VERY VALUABLE CITY BLOCK.

Plans will be published and full details will appear in a future advertisement. In the meantime, any information may be had of the Auctioneers.
Title Freehold.
Terms at Sale.

TO-MORROW.
LAWSON and HIGH STREETS, BALMAIN.

A NEAT COTTAGE RESIDENCE,
close to Beattie-street,
containing about 7 rooms and outhouses,
on land having a double frontage,
36 feet to Lawson-street,
and
36 feet to High-street,
by a depth of 164 feet from street to street.

THOMAS O'TOOLE has received instructions from Mr. Keleher, to sell by public auction, on the Ground, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, 22nd November, at 3,
The above nice cottage home, possessing a frontage to Lawson and High streets respectively, with large through depth from street to street, with shrubs, flowers, vegetables, &c., &c., and the ground overspread with grape vines.
NOTE.—This is a property worthy the attention of persons on the lookout for a good Cottage Residence in Lawson-street, with ample room for building purposes on the frontage to High-street.
Title, Torrens'. Terms at Sale.
CARDS TO VIEW,
THOMAS O'TOOLE,
112, Pitt-street.

RUGBY ESTATE, between Auburn and Rookwood, for a good investment. Watkin and Watkin.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.
Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the
ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW.
£5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest.
Apply early for passes.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SEA VIEW, KOGARAH HEIGHTS.
TO-MORROW.
Only £5 DEPOSIT, Balance over 5 YEARS.
Special Train at 2.10 p.m.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

SEA VIEW, KOGARAH HEIGHTS.
TO-MORROW.
Only £5 DEPOSIT, Balance over 5 YEARS.
Special Train at 2.10 p.m.
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TO-MORROW.
Only £5 DEPOSIT, Balance over 5 YEARS.
Special Train at 2.10 p.m.
HARDIE and GORMAN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of
MILLS and PILE, 190, Pitt-street.

TO-MORROW.

ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP.

PARRAMATTA, — GRANVILLE.
GRANVILLE, — PARRAMATTA.
PARRAMATTA, — GRANVILLE.

TO BE
SOLD BY AUCTION,
ON THE
GROUND,
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON,
November 22,
at
3 o'clock.

Possibly no suburb has made such
GIGANTIC STRIDES
during the past
18 MONTHS
as
GRANVILLE,
consequent upon the opening
up of the splendid property known
as
ELIZABETH FARM
Out of this
THE
ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP,
comprising
100 ACRES,
has been
reserved from
sale,
pending
the completion
of the
ROSE HILL
RACECOURSE,
and it is now with pleasure that the Auctioneers
announce
that they have received instructions to submit
to
PUBLIC COMPETITION
the
WHOLE OF THE
ROSE HILL TOWNSHIP,
which has been
judiciously subdivided
into a
BUILDING ESTATE,
comprising
617 ALLOTMENTS,
fronting
DERBY-STREET
RUTLAND-STREET
NORFOLK-STREET
SUFFOLK-STREET
ESSEX-STREET
YORK-STREET
DURHAM-STREET
DEVON-STREET
THE RESERVE
and
SOUTH AVENUE.
THE WHOLE COMPRISES
one of the
MOST DESIRABLE
PROPERTIES
that has been placed
in the
MARKET FOR SOME
TIME.
AND AS IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED,
if
POSSIBLE,
to
CLEAR THE WHOLE ESTATE
one day, no Reasonable Offers will be Refused.
THE TERMS
HAVE BEEN MADE
SPECIALLY EASY
to
SUIT ALL CLASSES
of
BUYERS,
viz.:
£5 PER LOT
DEPOSIT,
BALANCE
by
36 EQUAL
MONTHLY PAYMENTS,
with
NO INTEREST.
The
TITLE
is
under
TORRENS'
ACT.
The MEANS of COMMUNICATION
with
ROSE HILL are varied.
STEAMERS are RUNNING
from
SYDNEY ALL DAY,
landing passengers within ¼ of a mile of the property,
and a
TRAM CONNECTING
the
STEAMERS' WHARF
with the
CENTRE of PARRAMATTA
RUNS THROUGH
the
ESTATE.
GRANVILLE RAILWAY STATION
is but a FEW MINUTES' WALK, say 15, and the TRAM places the PARRAMATTA RAILWAY STATION
within
FIVE MINUTES
of
ROSE HILL
TOWNSHIP.
THE RACECOURSE,
lately formed,
at a cost of £30,000,
is divided only
from
ROSE HILL
by a 66-FEET STREET,
shown on
the PLAN
as
DERBY-STREET,
which in time must be a
MOST
IMPORTANT
THOROUGHFARE.
The
VIEWS
OBTAINABLE
are
EXTENSIVE.
The
SOIL
at
ROSE HILL
is
RICH,
capable of
GROWING
ALMOST ANYTHING;
but is
SPECIALLY ADAPTED
for
VINEYARDS,
the
LAND
being so
LEVEL
and
EASILY WORKED.
The
BRANCH LINE
of
RAILWAY
connecting the
GRANVILLE
STATION
with
ROSE HILL RACECOURSE
will in all probability be completed ere long
and immediately a
HANDSOME PROFIT
on the money invested next Saturday
is bound to accrue.
NO BETTER OPPORTUNITY
of making money
has perhaps ever been
before the public.
A SPECIAL TRAIN
will
RUN
TO-MORROW
to
GRANVILLE,
whence
PURCHASERS
will be
CONVEYED
in
OMNIBUSES
to the
ESTATE.
EARLY
APPLICATION
for
TICKETS
is necessary
to
ENSURE
A PASSAGE.
DAY
of
SALE,
TO-MORROW
AFTERNOON,
November 22,
at
3 O'CLOCK.
HARDIE and GORMAN,
Auctioneers,
133, Pitt-street.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

DESIRABLY-SITUATED GRAZING ESTATE.

PATERSON RIVER.

THE FAMOUS STRATHISLA ESTATE,
comprising 2650 acres (more or less) of Freehold Land, commanding extensive frontage to the Paterson River, substantially fenced, ring-barked, adjoining the property of E. W. Doyle, Esq., and an extensive area of Crown lands.

TITLE, PERFECT.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions from G. Norton Russell, Esq., J.P., to sell by auction at Cohen's Hotel, West Maitland, on SATURDAY, the 29th November, 1884, at 2 o'clock,
The Strathisla Estate, now in the occupation of, and under lease to, H. H. Brown, Esq., M.P.

This compact and productive property is famed for its grazing and fattening capacities. It abounds with plots of rich agricultural land, consequently well adapted for subdivision into cultivation farms, which would yield a handsome return. It is approximate to Maitland, one of the best stock markets in the colony, and within an easy distance of Singleton.

Strathisla has been extensively and substantially improved; is well grassed, permanently and bountifully watered; and is, without exception, one of the most eligible properties brought into the market for some time.

Terms exceedingly liberal.

Further particulars can be obtained upon application to the Auctioneers, at West Maitland, and 31, Hunter-street, Sydney.

SPLENDID FATTENING FREEHOLD PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

ONLY FIFTEEN HOURS' JOURNEY from SYDNEY, which will be greatly reduced on opening of railway to Braidwood.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY (in conjunction with F. L. Barker) are instructed by Frank Mason, Esq., to offer for sale by auction, at the Exchange, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, 10th December, 2.30 p.m.,
That magnificent property, KRAWARREE, thirty (30) miles from Braidwood, consisting of about 4100 acres freehold, 3000 acres conditionally purchased, 6000 preleases, with large run secured by a line of selections and freeholds twelve (12) miles in length, bounded on one side by fifteen (15) miles of fencing, and on the other by the main range.

The SHOALHAVEN RIVER runs through the property, and the EXTENSIVE RIVERFLATS cannot be surpassed for agricultural purposes, rye grass and clover growing luxuriantly.
The property is divided into fourteen (14) paddocks, nearly all of which are ringbarked and of the best description of fattening grasses, and are enclosed by about thirty (30) miles of good split fencing.
NEVER-FAILING RUNNING STREAM through each paddock. Stock yards, with every convenience for working a large herd of cattle.
The Homestead is very compact. House of ten (10) rooms, faithfully built on stone foundations and finished in superior style.
A large and substantially built stable and barn, men's cottage, dairy, &c.
Orchard and gardens.
The site cannot be surpassed for the beauty of the view. Mail three (3) days weekly from Sydney.
FIRST-CLASS ROAD FROM BRAIDWOOD TO THE DOOR.
CLIMATE EXCELLENT.
With the property will be sold one thousand (1000) head of superior cattle, bred on the place, and nearly all Herefords, by pure-bred OK bulls. A FINE LOT of BULLOCKS and COWS NOW FATTENING IN THE PADDOCKS.
The PADDOCKS are at present capable of fattening one thousand (1000) head of cattle yearly. This number can be easily increased. Last season, in the face of the severe drought, the fat cattle brought the highest price in the district, delivered on the place.
Carrying capabilities of the property, about two thousand five hundred (2500) cattle; and a portion is well adapted for sheep, being of trap formation.
INSPECTION IS PARTICULARLY INVITED, as no advertisement can do justice to the advantages of the place.

Mr. Mason will meet intending purchasers in Braidwood on receipt of notice by letter or by advice from the Auctioneers, at whose Rooms a large plan of the property can be seen and lithographs and all information obtained.

Title Torrens'.
Terms at Sale.

Solicitors for the Vendor,
Messrs. JONES and JONES,
77, Pitt-street.

RAILWAYS—Grafton to the Richmond, Brunswick, and Tweed, and Grafton to New England, will make
GRAFTON the SECOND CITY in NEW SOUTH WALES.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

ABSOLUTE SALE by AUCTION
of some of the
LEADING BUSINESS PROPERTIES
in the
CITY OF GRAFTON.

Also
GRAND SUBURBAN LANDS
on the RIVER BANK,
and
SPLENDID AGRICULTURAL FARM
on the
SOUTHGATE-ROAD.

By order of the Executors in the Estate of the late CAPTAIN WISEMAN.

BUSINESS PREMISES and LAND
in the
HEART of the CITY.

LAND in the SUBURBS.

GRAND FARM on the SOUTHGATE-ROAD.

HENRY MAURICE has been favoured with instructions from the EXECUTORS in the estate of the late Captain Wiseman to sell by public auction, at the City Auction Rooms, Prince-street, Grafton,
ON AN EARLY DATE,
due notice of which will be given,
All those well and favourably known properties in the town and district of Grafton, as follows:—

1. The "BEEHIVE" STORE and DWELLING-HOUSE, at present in the occupation of Mr. W. J. Campbell, situated in Prince-street, to which street it has a frontage of 37 feet 6 inches by a depth of 231 feet. In addition to the front premises, which are two stories high, and built of stone, there are substantial work rooms and outhouses, with every convenience for carrying on a very extensive business.
2. 20 feet of land in PRINCE-STREET, adjoining the "Beehive," and having a depth of 231 feet. Upon this lot, and 50 feet from the frontage, are built the offices at present in the occupation of Mr. Conley Dickey, solicitor.
3. The RESIDENCE of Dr. PURDIE, with a frontage of 44 feet 6 inches to Prince-street, by a depth of 231 feet. The buildings on this lot are 50 feet back from the pathway, thus enabling the purchaser to erect business premises on the frontage.

The above lots are situate in the centre of the principal business block in Grafton, and cannot be surpassed for commercial purposes.

4. Allotment No. 8 of section 22, situate at the rear of the previous lots, has a frontage of 132 feet to Duke-street, by a depth of 231 feet.

*** This centrally-situated allotment will be subdivided into convenient BUILDING SITES.

5. Allotment No. 4 of section No. 52, corner of Prince and Bacon streets, having frontages of 132 feet to the former and 231 feet to the latter street.

Upon portion of this lot stands the building formerly known as the Queen's Hotel, now occupied by Mr. W. H. Paling as showrooms for pianos, organs, &c. The remaining portion of this allotment will be conveniently subdivided into building lots.

6. Suburban allotments Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 of section No. 58, and Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 of section No. 59, containing in all 20 acres 2 roods and 20 perches, having large frontages to Kent, Fry, Oliver, and Breimba streets and the Clarence River.

*** This is a block of land unequalled for its richness of soil and for its grandeur of position, being only a short distance from the centre of the town, commanding lovely views both north and west of the Clarence River, and a more delightful spot for villa residences could not be found in the district. It will prove a splendid block for subdivision on an early date.

7. Portion No. 93, parish of Great Marlow, containing 63 acres of rich agricultural land on the Southgate-road, about three miles from Grafton, and now in the occupation of Mr. Donohue.

This is well known to be one of the best maize-producing farms in the Clarence district.

The auctioneer deems it unnecessary to dwell on the values of these properties, as they are so well and favourably known throughout the district. They were purchased in the early days of the Clarence by the late Captain Wiseman, and have always been considered as the picked spots of the town and neighbourhood.

THE TERMS WILL BE VERY LIBERAL.

PLANS can be seen, and full particulars can be obtained, at the Rooms of the auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

Retiring from Business.

TOWN OF MURRURUNDI.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY
known as
GREHAN'S FLOUR MILL,
built of stone,
with 12-HORSE POWER ENGINE,
standing on or about
TWO ACRES OF LAND,
with
MILLER'S BRICK RESIDENCE.

H. BROOK has received instructions from Mr. T. S. Grehan, of Quirindi, to sell the above, at the Royal Hotel, Murrurundi, on
NOVEMBER 29th, 1884,
at 2.30 p.m.

Terms: One-half cash; balance secured for one and two years, with 6 per cent. added.

TITLE, FREEHOLD.

Splendid Investment.

GEORGE COBB will sell by public auction, 4th December, at Exchange Hotel, Coonamble, Piece of land, Castlereagh-street, Coonamble, with two stores and butcher's shop; lease, and rental nearly £300 a year; centre of town, nearly opposite Nelson and Nelson's Mechanics' Institute, and less than 100 yards from bridge, Post, Telegraph, Court-house, and Government buildings, next but one to new proposed Commercial Bank. Further particulars apply MARK BARNETT, Wholesale Grocer, 338, Sussex-street, or G. COBB, Coonamble.

SEA VIEW ESTATE, Kogarah Heights.—£5 deposit on each lot. TO-MORROW. HARDIE and GORMAN.

BARGAINS in LAND, next Saturday week. Attend WATKIN and WATKIN'S SALE at AUBURN.

SECURE a SITE at Arncliffe Station, TO-MORROW. Free train tickets. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

ALDERSON'S ESTATE, at Surry Hills.—Sale TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m. RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

TO-MORROW,
ARNCLIFFE FREE
TRAIN
SALE. TICKETS.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1408848

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. C. H. BRIGGS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his youngest beloved SON, Robert Henry; to move from his residence, 128, Phillip-street, THIS DAY, at half-past 8 a.m., to Waverley Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. JAMES GALVIN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her late beloved SON, John; to move from his late residence, No. 3, Cooper-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. H. FERGUSON, 835, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Misses MARY ANN and ELIZABETH GALVIN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved BROTHER, John; to move from his late residence, No. 3, Cooper-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. H. FERGUSON, 835, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN MOONEY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved NEPHEW, John Galvin; to move from his late residence, No. 3, Cooper-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. H. FERGUSON, 835, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. JAMES GALVIN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her late beloved SON, John; to move from her residence, 3 Cooper-street, Surry Hills, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to the Haslem's Creek Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of the Misses GALVIN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved BROTHER, John, to move from his late residence, 3, Cooper-street, Surry Hills, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to the Haslem's Creek Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. J. MOONEY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved NEPHEW, John Galvin; to move from his late residence, 3, Cooper-street, Surry Hills, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to the Haslem's Creek Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. MORTON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her dearly-beloved STEP-DAUGHTER, Annie; to move from her late residence, Bucknell-street, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. C. CHARLES CHARMAN, FREDERICK SEARLE, and CHARLES TURNER are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their dearly beloved SISTER-IN-LAW, Annie Morton; to move from her late residence, Bucknell-street, Newtown, THIS DAY, Friday, at 2.30, for the Newtown station, thence to Necropolis. James Weeks.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. F. W. ROWLEY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Theodosia; to move from his residence, No. 83, King-street, Newtown, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, half-past 2 o'clock, for Newtown station, thence per funeral train to Necropolis. CHARLES BOOTS and CO., Undertakers, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES SWEENEY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved SON, Augustus James, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON; to move from his residence, Brown's Buildings, Pitt-street, near Liverpool-street, at quarter to 3 o'clock, to the Petersham Cemetery. T. DIXON, Undertaker, 25, Oxford street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN CALLAGHAN and GEORGE LANSLEY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their deceased MOTHER, Mrs. B. A. Lansley; to move from St. Patrick's Church THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Devonshire-street Cemetery. P. KIRBY, Undertaker, 84, Hunter-st.; and 201, Devonshire-st., Surry Hills.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. ANDREW FRANCIS CONWAY, LAWRENCE PAUL CONWAY, and EDWARD CONWAY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their deceased SISTER, Mrs. B. A. Lansley; to move from St. Patrick's Church THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, for Devonshire-street Cemetery. P. KIRBY, Undertaker, Hunter-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. M. A. PRESCOTT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her deceased SISTER, Mrs. B. A. Lansley; to move from St. Patrick's Church THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, for Devonshire-street Cemetery. P. KIRBY, Undertaker, 84, Hunter-street; and 201, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. AUSTRALIA FREDERICK NEWMAN are informed his Funeral will leave his late residence, 124, Paddington-street, Paddington, TO-MORROW (Saturday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, and proceed to Waverley Church, thence to Randwick Cemetery. CHARLES KINSELA, Undertaker, 116, Oxford-street, near Crown-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS E. L. NEWMAN are informed the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER, Mr. Australia F. Newman, will leave his late residence, 124, Paddington-street, Paddington, TO-MORROW (Saturday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, to proceed to Waverley Church, thence to Randwick Cemetery. Charles Kinsela, undertaker, 116, Oxford-st.

THE FRIENDS of JAMES M'CONNELL are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SISTER-IN-LAW, Margaret Touche; to move from her late residence, off 162, Cumberland-street, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1, to Necropolis.

THE FRIENDS of FRANCIS CALLAHER are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved MOTHER, Margaret Touche; to move from her late residence, off 162, Cumberland-street, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1, for Necropolis.

THE FRIENDS of MARY ALEXANDER are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her late beloved SISTER, Margaret Touche; to move from her late residence, off 162, Cumberland-street, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 1, for Necropolis.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ROBERT BRENT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Ellen; to move from his residence, Agnes-terrace, 35, Edward-st., Redfern, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. R. F. WOOD and CO. (late W. H. Wood and Son), Undertakers, 807, George-st. S., and Balmain.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS BRENT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved MOTHER, Mrs. Ellen Brent; to move from her late residence, 35, Edward-st., Redfern, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. R. F. WOOD and CO., Undertakers, 807, George-street South, and Darling-street, Balmain.

THE FUNERAL of the deceased, Mrs. JANE SPALDING, will leave her late residence, Canterbury-road, TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, 22nd instant, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Catholic Cemetery, Devonshire-street. Mrs. J. THOMAS and SON, Undertakers, 111, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ALEXANDER MARTIN, Gladesville, are invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved SON, James; to move from his residence, Gladesville, on SATURDAY, at 3, for the cemetery at Ryde. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker, Bathurst-street, Sydney.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. WILLIAM MARTIN are invited to the Funeral of his beloved BROTHER, James; to move from his residence, Gladesville, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3, for the cemetery, Ryde. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker, Bathurst-street.

Shipping.

STEAMERS CATTERTHUN AND AIRLIE.

All Cargo remaining in the Company's sheds after THIS DAY, Friday, will be removed into store without further notice at Consignees' risk and expense.

GIBBS, BRIGHT and CO., Agents, Eastern and A. S. S. Co., Limited.

SHIP COROLLA, from LIVERPOOL.

CONSIGNEES are requested to PASS ENTRIES at once for Dalton's Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for loss of or damage to cargo after it is landed. All goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored in Dalton's Bond at expense and risk of consignees. Bills of Lading must be produced, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned, before any goods can leave the wharf.

DALTON BROS., Agents.

Captain Messer will not be Responsible for Debts contracted by his crew without his written authority.

S. S. YEOMAN, FOR LONDON.

All ACCOUNTS against this Steamer must be rendered in duplicate at the office of the undersigned by noon TO-DAY, Friday, or they will not be recognised.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

BARQUE GLANPERIS, from HAMBURG.

All CLAIMS and ACCOUNTS must be rendered in triplicate at the Office of the undersigned, not later than noon, FRIDAY, 21st instant.

JOHN FRAZER and CO., Agents.

FOR SALE, a Boat's MAINSAIL. Apply M'Mahon's Family Hotel, Woolloomooloo Bay.

FOR SALE, the smart fore-and-aft SCHOONER Windward Ho, 66 tons register. Apply N. Z. L. and M. A., Co., Limited, Bridge-street.

F O R S A L E.

MINDORA, 974 tons register. Now lying for inspection in Snail's Bay. Apply to GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO.

FOR SALE, half-decked centreboard Yacht WATER NYMPH, with racing sails and camping gear, in first-class order and condition. For particulars apply D. MORLAND, Berry's Bay, North Shore.

FOR SALE, the British barque STAR OF DEVON, 389 tons register, capacity 500 tons, in A1 condition, and ready for immediate employment. Apply to Captain on board at Colonial Sugar Company's Wharf or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

STEAM LAUNCH for SALE. Apply Potts and Paul, Erskine-street.

NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS, &c.

WHARFAGE ACCOMMODATION, with STORAGE ROOM, can be obtained at Queensland Steam Shipping Company's Wharf, foot of Margaret-street. Apply to BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, Agents, Macquarie-place.

WHARFAGE. — Good Wharfage Accommodation available, Commercial Wharf, foot of King-st. Mr. Howell.

WANTED, 18 to 24 feet C. B. Sailing BOAT. State particulars and price. W. G. A., Box 504, G. P. O.

Military Notices.

FIRST REGIMENT INFANTRY.

The Regiment will PARADE in Drill Order (helmets), at the Victoria Barracks, TO-MORROW, Saturday, 22nd instant, at 3.30 p.m.

By order. C. F. BARTLETT, Captain and Adjutant.

SECOND REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

The Regiment will PARADE at Moore Park, east of Randwick-road, at 3.30 p.m. TO-MORROW, the 22nd instant, in drill order. Old pattern Haversacks will be collected on parade.

By order. C. G. NORRIS, Captain and Adjutant 2nd Reg. V. I.

HEADQUARTERS BAND.—PARADE TO-MORROW, Saturday, 22nd instant, 3.30 p.m., Moore Park, east of Randwick-road. Drill order with 2nd Regiment. Practice TO-NIGHT, 8 o'clock sharp. J. FAHEEN, Bandmaster.

NAVAL ARTILLERY VOLUNTEERS.—Saturday, Nov. 22, no drill. J. H. A. LEE, Lieutenant-Commanding.

TORPEDO RIFLE CLUB.—Practice To-morrow, Saturday, 3 o'clock. Ammunition free. J. ASPREY, Sec.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest. Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

THE BRIGHTON of N.S.W. is Manly, and FRESHWATER is the pick of it.

Personal.

ALBERT ROMEO.—Send your address to J. H., Mittagong, at once.

COMPLETE blank; heart fainting longing to see my bright sunshine. Always of you, dearie.

I DON'T CARE.—Left W. for good. Send address to Stewart, Granville Post-office.

MR. SHANNON, of Ultimo,—Kindly call immediately at 41, Phillip-street.

MR. A. C. NOBLE, Architect, late of Bourke,—Please send address to L. L. Lloyd, Denman-chambers, Phillip-street, Sydney.

ONE POUND REWARD.—Left his home, BOY, 14, 5.1 high, brown hair, sallow complexion, deaf, stammers; dressed tweed trousers, waistcoat, black corded coat, grey socks, elastic side boots, blue striped shirt; had holland bag with clothes in it. Anyone returning him to Police Station, Petersham, will receive the above reward.

R. B. DICKEN,—Communicate with George Taylor, Windsor, Victoria, at once; important news from home; money left you.

RICHARD HARTNETT, Co. Tipperary, Ireland,—Write to your brother, John Hartnett, Moree, New South Wales.

SINCERELY trust; the lesson is a good one. T. T. D.

SIEGERT, RICHARD, Gardener, late of Manly Beach, is requested to communicate at once with the Imperial German Consulate, 42, Pitt-street North.

WILL the Lady that took Black Silk FAN from St. Mary's Bell Ringers Quadrille Party, kindly return same to Mrs. M'Camley, Kent-street, near Erskine-street.

Lost and Found.

LOST, a BOOK, "The King Country." Finder will oblige by returning to Maddock's Library. Reward there.

LOST, a Bunch of KEYS, in the vicinity of St. Peters. Finder rewarded at Post-office, St. Peters.

LOST, a Corrilla PARROT, Finder rewarded at No. 2, Lyons-terrace.

LOST, four KEYS, on string, at Petersham, Wednesday afternoon; reward, 5s. Apply Rev. James Paton.

LOST, spotted COW, broken horn. No. 5, Banks-street, Chippendale.

LOST, from Queen-street, Glebe, Black and White Greyhound DOG. Finder rewarded. W. Stoneham.

LOST, Poodle SLUT, crippled, name Rosa. Reward. 610, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

LOST, Fox Terrier DOG, black and tan one side of face, black patch at root of tail; had leather collar on; handsome reward. M. Fennelly, Randwick.

LOST, Wednesday night, between Phillip and Devonshire streets, GOLD TASSEL belonging to Lady's Guard. Reward on returning same to 453, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

LOST, a brown Leather PORTMANTEAU, directed to Mr. Frank Rebbein, meant for Gosford, supposed to be placed by mistake on board of another boat. Reward. Apply European Hotel, 90, Castlereagh-street.

LOST, a Fixed Deposit RECEIPT for £700, No. A-39841, issued by the Bank of New South Wales, Sydney, on 21st May, 1884, in favour of W. H. M'Master. Reward. Apply Australasian Steam Navigation Co.'s Office, Sydney.

LOST, on night of the 14th instant, between Boorahra, Nicholson-street, and School of Arts, Conder-street, Burwood, Mosaic BANGLE in silver, Roma one side. Reward. Boorarah.

ONE POUND Reward.—LOST, from Forest Lodge, Piebald PONY, branded UO. Owen Bros., 242, Sussex-st.

ONE POUND REWARD.—Lost, Red Roan HORSE, aged, brown near shoulder and under mane; an old 'bus horse. L. Turnhorn, baker, Addison-road, Marrickville.

PURSE.—LOST, near Wynyard-square, on Thursday, containing £2 in gold, some silver, railway pass, key, and tram tickets. Reward, Stationmaster, Railway Station.

PUBLIC are cautioned against negotiating two stolen CHEQUES, drawn by William Berdoe, on Queensland National bank, Sydney, dated 18th November, 1884, for £2 10s and £3 15s. Payment stopped.

RED COW, side branded like MD, Strayed from next Gas Co.'s, Five Dock. Reward. L. O'Brien.

REWARD.—CHEQUE LOST, Hunter-st., Commercial Union Bank; payment stopped. T. Eardley, St. Leonards.

STRAYED, one black or brown MARE, branded 9 on near shoulder; and one chestnut HORSE, branded S over D near shoulder. Ten shillings reward for information to Jasper H. Green, Driver's-road, Burwood.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, 1 chestnut HORSE, white face, white patch on near rump, no visible brands. H. W. Coates, Golden Park, Canterbury.

TWO POUNDS REWARD.—Lost, on Wednesday, in Randwick or Sydney, an Oval Gold EARRING, with diamond in centre. Apply Nicholson and Co., 325, George-street.

FOUND, Black and Tan TERRIER; owner can have by paying expenses. H. Jesson, Balmain.

FOUND, smooth-haired Retriever SLUT. Owner can have it by paying expenses. 35, Valentine-lane.

FOUND, Fox TERRIER, with Collar and Chain; name on chain. Apply, after 4 p.m., 2, M'Elhone-place, Surry Hills.

Meetings.

MEDICAL SECTION, ROYAL SOCIETY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

An Ordinary General MEETING of the above Section will be held at the Society's House, Elizabeth-street, THIS EVENING, at 8.15 p.m.

Business: Two cases of fracture of skull, with exhibits—Dr. Cosby Morgan. Exhibits—Professor Stuart and Dr. Jenkins.

THOS. EVANS, M.R.C.S. } Hon.
G. HURST, M.H.M.B. } Secs.

MASONIC.—Lodge of Australia, 390, E.C.—An emergency MEETING THIS EVENING, at 7 prompt.

MASONIC LODGE Manoah, 567, S.C.—MONTHLY MEETING, at 7.30. Initiations and Raisings. S. Dennis.

LODGE St. Andrew, No. 11, N. S. W. C.—Emergency MEETING THIS EVENING, 7.30. J. AMESS, Jun., W.M.

NO. 57 ROYAL MARINERS will hold its Usual Monthly MEETING, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8. Visitors cordially invited. Business: Nomination of Officers for the ensuing year. B. Johnson, Sec., George-st., Macdonaldtown.

R. A. O. B.—Surrey Banner, Belmore Lodge, No. 9, London Tavern, Elizabeth-street South, MEETS THIS EVENING, at 8 sharp. Business: New initiations, harmony, new dispensation, Bolt, and furniture. S. ISRAEL, S.P.

SYDNEY THISTLE CLUB.—The Monthly Business MEETING will be held TO-NIGHT, at the Hall, Brisbane-street. Full attendance requested, for consideration of important business. ALEX. HAMILTON, 2nd Chieftain.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special General MEETING of the Shareholders of the Commercial Banking Company of Sydney will be held at the Head Banking-house of the Company, in George-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at noon precisely, for the purpose of Electing a Director in the room of the late Honorable John Fraser.

By order of the Board of Directors. T. A. DIBBS, General Manager.

Sydney, 5th November, 1884.

N.B.—Candidates for the office of Director are required by the LIV Clause of the Deed of Settlement to leave notice in writing at the Head Banking-house of the Company, of their intention to become candidates for such office fourteen days at the least previous to such election, inclusive of the day of election and of the day of leaving such notice.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

It is hereby notified that E. W. KNOX, Esq., a duly qualified shareholder, has given the requisite notice that he is a Candidate for the vacant office of Director in this Bank.

T. A. DIBBS, General Manager.

Sydney, 14th November, 1884.

HOLTERMANN'S MOLONGLO MINING COMPANY, No Liability.—A Special General MEETING of Shareholders in the abovenamed Company is hereby convened to be holden at the Company's Office, 312, George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, 3rd December, proximo, at 4 p.m., to determine as to disposing of the Company's assets. By order of the Board. S. MACDONNELL, Secretary.

Sydney, 20th November, 1884.

THE PINNACLE GROUP SILVER-MINING COMPANY, SILVERTON, Limited.

A Special General MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Office, Bank of Australasia-chambers George and Jamieson streets, on FRIDAY, November 28, at 3 p.m. GRESLEY LUKIN, Manager.

Religious Announcements.

YOUNG Women's Prayer Union.—MEETING TO-DAY, 3.30. Upper Protestant Hall. Young women invited.

BLUE RIBBON GOSPEL ARMY.

Mrs. E. M. E. BROWNE will Address Meetings on SUNDAY NEXT—Domain at 3, City Hall, Castlereagh-street, at 7.

Educational.

ARCHITECTURAL Drawing Lessons wanted, at Burwood. Apply, stating terms, to Architect, Haymk't P.O.

A GOOD Handwriting or Bookkeeping taught to ladies, gentlemen, or youths at any hour, day or evening. Mr. NORRIS, Writing Master, 88, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-street. Established 1861. Lessons every day during holidays.

FRANZ HUENERBEIN, Professor Piano, Singing, Organ. Royal Music Establishment, 318, George-street.

G. RIVERS ALLPRESS, Professor of Music, Teacher of Violin, Viola, and Piano. Address A. and C. Huenerbein's Royal Piano Warehouse, 318, George-street; or Paling's.

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE HIGH SCHOOL, Upper Paddington.—Musical Evening, FRIDAY, November 21. Miss STOWE-MARTIN wishes Students belonging to the Music Class to assemble at 6.45.

MUSIC.—Banjo LESSONS wanted by a gentleman. Apply to B. G., Herald Office.

MISS LYDIA HASTINGS, Elocutionist, No. 1, Bligh-street, first door south Bent-st., opposite Union Club.

PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL.

CASTLEREAGH and ELIZABETH STREETS.

Head Master ... ... J. COATES, Esq.
Head Mistress ... ... Miss L. V. WALKER.

The next ENTRANCE EXAMINATION to these schools will take place on MONDAY, January 19. Candidates are requested to send their names to the Head Master or to the Head Mistress, from whom all information can be obtained.

In connection with these Entrance Examinations SCHOLARSHIPS will be awarded to the ten candidates (five boys and five girls) not over 14 years of age, who gain most marks, and show the necessary proficiency. These scholarships entitle the holder to free education for three years, subject to the teacher's favourable annual report on their proficiency and conduct.

SIGNOR GIAMMONA.—Singing, Piano, and Organ. Lessons at Mr. Paling's, and 141, Forbes-street.

WANTED, LESSONS in French. State lowest terms, apply F. W., Herald Office.

FRESHWATER.—Go over the bridge to Queenscliff, then down the beautiful winding steps near the pavilion.

Horticultural, Farming, &c.

SEARL and SONS, Nurserymen and Florists, 3, Sydney Arcade, 3 and 5, George-st. Markets, and Blair Athol, P'shm.

SEEDS and PLANTS.—ANDERSON and CO., Seed Merchants, 216 and 218, Pitt-street, and at 5, Sydney Arcade.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND Clean Couch TURF, delivered on the wharf at W. Cooper, Esq.'s, Rose Bay; only first-rate quality taken.

TRESEDER and BARTLETT, Landscape Gardeners, Nurserymen, and Seed Merchants, 31, King-street Arcade.

BONNYRIGG PARK, near Cabramatta.—3 Acres, 5 Acres, 8 Acre Blocks; Farm of 15 Acres; Homestead with 50 Acres. TO-MORROW. WATKIN and WATKIN.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

Professions, Trades, &c.

APPRENTICE wanted; moderate premium. Lotinga, watchmaker, 317, George-street.

A SMALL JOB for Carpenter. Apply Signor P. Besomo, phrenologist, 123, Elizabeth-street.

A VACANCY for an intelligent Lad about 16 as an Apprentice. J. Roarty, corner George and Market streets.

A VACANCY for a young Lady of good personal appearance in my showrooms. Roarty, Geo. and Market sts.

A GOOD Coach and Buggy SMITH wanted, first fire; good wages, constant employment. M. Moore's Coach Factory, West Maitland. Charles King, manager.

AN opportunity offered of joining an established city BUSINESS, capital required £2000. Apply A. W. Chambers, solicitor, Queen-street, Brisbane.

A LADY required as Nursery GOVERNESS for a small family of young children to teach English and music; must be able to sew well; salary £30. Address Suburbs, Herald Office.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest. Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

A GOOD CUTTER WANTED for our Gentlemen's Tailoring Department. Good salary. Permanent employment.

Apply between 9 and 10 to-day, or through the post. HORDERN BROTHERS, 211, Pitt-street.

BLACKSMITH wanted, for the country. W. S. Friend and Co., York-street.

BOOKBINDING.—Finisher wanted, must be first-class hand, constant situation. J. Scott and Co., Dean's-place.

BOOT and SHOE TRADE.—Wanted, good Fitters and Machinists; also, hand Closers. Alderson and Sons, Grange.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, two MEN, accustomed to any work. Apply to Masness, Fairfield.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, a General Workman. Apply J. J. O'Connor, Lane Cove-rd., N. Shore, nearly op. Sch. Arts.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, MAN for general work. Apply W. H. Edmonds, 136, Pitt-street, Redfern.

BOOT TRADE.—REPAIRER, with kit. Red Boot, Princes-street, above St. Philip's.

BRICKLAYER wanted for a small job. Foresters' Hall, St. Peters, 8 o'clock.

BRICKLAYERS.—Wanted, four first-class non-society, accustomed to sewer and tunnel work; long job. 7 section, Bondi Sewer.

BRONZERS.—A good HAND wanted, in the gasalier line; constant employment. Apply by letter. DOUGLAS and SONS, Limited, 100, Collins-street East, Melbourne.

BOROUGH OF REDFERN.

APPLICATIONS for the position of LIBRARIAN to the Redfern Public Library will be received at the Council-chambers, Pitt-street, Redfern, up to 3 o'clock on MONDAY, the 24th instant. Specification of duties and all other information can be obtained on application to the Council Clerk.

WILLIAM NEALE PARKER, Council Clerk.

Town Hall, Redfern, November 15, 1884.

CABINETMAKERS.—Wanted, good Hands, at once. White and M'Larty, Abercrombie-street, Redfern.

CHEAP LAND.—RUGBY ESTATE.—SALE 29th November. Watkin and Watkin. Get lithos, and inspect.

CANVASSERS.—Wanted, 2 experienced CANVASSERS for Industrial Branch of City Mutual Life Assurance Society, Limited; references required. Apply Head Office, 49, Castlereagh-street.

CLERK.—Wanted, Junior CLERK, for a leading Mutual Life Assurance office; one having previous experience preferred; salary to commence, £40. Apply enclosing testimonials as to character and qualification, Box 259, G. P. O.

DENTISTS. — Good Mechanical ASSISTANT wanted. Murton and Co., 502, George-street.

DRAPER wanted, young man, must understand his trade. Ingall and Son, 165, 167, George-street West.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, first-class Machinist, Improvers, and Apprentices. Mrs. Gould, William-street.

DRESSMAKING. — Wanted, good Body and Skirt HANDS. Apply Friday and Saturday, 422, Riley-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, 6 good SKIRT HANDS. Mrs. Saywell, Riley Brothers', Oxford-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, a first-class HAND; good wages. 333, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-st., Sydney.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, good IMPROVERS. Miss Ryce, 121, Windsor-street, Upper Paddington.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, good DRESSMAKERS, also Apprentices. Madame Wilson, 213, Bourke-st., W'loo.

DRESSMAKING.—Mrs. Dale, 469, Cleveland-street (near Abercrombie-street), late forewoman at Mrs. Taylor's.

DRESSMAKERS.—IMPROVERS wanted, at once. Mrs. M'Hallie, 82, Wilson-street, Newtown.

DRAPERS.—Wanted, smart JUNIOR, for country, one accustomed to general store. Apply by letter enclosing copies of latest references, with salary, board out, G. Q., storekeeper, Wellington, N. S. W.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

DRESSMAKERS. DRESSMAKERS.

Wanted, good BODY HANDS. Vacancies for 8 or 9 young ladies. Good wages.

Apply in Dressmaking Department, this morning, HORDERN BROTHERS, 211, Pitt-street.

EDUCATIONAL.—Wanted, educated travelled LADY, teach another 2 hours bi-weekly. Price, Tuition, Herald.

EXPERIENCED Machine PAPER RULERS and CUTTERS wanted; good wages and permanency to steady hands. Box 330, General Post Office.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

FRESHWATER.—Intending purchasers should visit early and pick out lots. Time well spent.

GOOD smart FIXER. Apply early, T. Touchin, new buildings, near Baptist Church, Harris-street.

GOVERNESSES required—for Queensland, £60; Waverley, £30; Goolagong, Condobolin, £40. 35, Hunter-st.

GREAT LAND SALE, Saturday week, Rugby Estate, by Watkin and Watkin. Special train.

HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, Gentlemen's HAND; chance to learn hairwork. Thos. Ross, 91, King-street.

IMPROVER wanted for the Cabinet-making. Apply 152, Denison-street, Camperdown.

JOBBING COMPOSITORS wanted. Jarrett and Co., 162, Liverpool-street.

LAW.—Wanted, Junior CLERK. Apply to Alfred De Lissa, 313, George-street.

LEGAL.—A Solicitor of local experience, open as Manager or otherwise; highest references. O. Z., Herald.

MEDICAL.—Town Practice for disposal. No premium. Good appointment. M.D., 125, Elizabeth-street.

N O T I C E.

A good pushing and energetic AGENT required by the Accident Indemnity Company. Apply E. W. MOON, 19, Macquarie-place.

N. S. W. INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND.

APPLICATIONS are invited, and will be received up to the 25th instant, from gentlemen willing to undertake the duties of ARCHITECT to the above Institution. All particulars may be obtained on application to ELLIS ROBINSON, Hon. Sec., 486, George-street, Sydney.

ORCHESTRA wanted for short season of Opera. Apply Signora Fabris, 220, Bourke-street.

PAINTER wanted. Apply A. Cropper, painter, &c., 58, Regent-street, Chippendale, 8 a.m.

PAPER BOX-MAKERS wanted; also LEARNERS. Factory, Leichhardt, Watchmaker, cr. Mkt. and E'beth sts.

PARTNER wanted, with £50, to travel entertainment; good spec. Music, 186, Elizabeth-street.

PARTNER wanted, mill and produce business, leading country town; small capital. Miller, Herald.

PLASTERERS wanted. Cummins' job, Drummoyne Park. Apply Bulin's Hotel, C. P. Dwyer.

PARTNER, with £55, in a well-established business, no previous knowledge required, centre of George-street. Apply White and Co., 638, George-street.

PARTNERSHIP.—One or two Sleeping or Working PARTNERS, with capital of Six Thousand Pounds, £6000. A profit to be made yearly from 25 to 50 per cent. Security, freehold land. Bonney and Co., 77, Market-street.

PARTNERSHIP offered to energetic young man in established paying business, previous knowledge not necessary; capital required, £150. Particulars Legal Institute, 106, Elizabeth-street.

RUGBY ESTATE is near Vale and Sons' and Ritchie's Works, and two Railway Stations.

REQUIRED, a DRAFTSMAN, accustomed to surveyor's work, must be neat and quick. 65, Pitt-street, No. 3 room, top floor.

SLATE Splitters wanted. Bangor quarry, near Launceston. Apply manager, slate quarry, Bangor, Tasmania.

SMITH'S HELPER wanted, immediately. Goldsmid and Co., coachbuilders, Paddington.

TAILORS.—Coat HANDS wanted. Thompson and Giles.

TAILORING.—MACHINISTS, 35s to 45s; Fellers, piecework or wages. 186, Oxford-street, Paddington.

TAILORESSES.—Order Vest and Coat HANDS immediate. New American Professor, 48, cr. Erskine and Kent sts.

TAILORESSES.—Trousers and Vest HANDS, also Apprentices. Parry, Mackay, and Beulch, Clarence-street.

TO BUTCHERS.—Wanted, for country, MAN, help in shop, keep books. Apply W. Aston, grocer, Cleveland-st.

TO GROCERS.—Wanted, a Junior Counter HAND. 571, George-street.

TO MASONS.—Wanted, a CUTTER, small job, piecework. J. Millington, 4, Watkin-street, Newtown.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, two good Brush HANDS. Apply W. Murray, painter, Manly.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, 2 good General Hands. L. Bornstein, 91, Market-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, first-class COATMAKERS. Peapes and Shaw, George-street.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a good General HAND. Apply Miller, tailor, Tea Gardens, Waverley.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, order Vest HANDS, constant work. A. Finlayson and Co., 14, York-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Trousers and Vest HANDS. 85, Liverpool-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, first-class Trousers and Vest Hands, best prices. A. Monsen, 560, George-street.

TO CANVASSERS and Others.—20 per cent. commission given on all orders for sign-writing and gilding. D., Post-office, Leichhardt.

TO ARCHITECTS AND OTHERS.—A competent Clerk of Works DISENGAGED; thoroughly conversant with quantities, and fair draughtsman; highest references. Open until the 27th instant. Address Fido, G. P. O., Sydney.

THE ADVERTISER, having a large capital at his disposal, is prepared to make immediate Cash ADVANCES to persons in want of accommodation, at an extremely low rate of interest, on all descriptions of securities, without the necessity of a bill of sale or any publicity whatever. All communications strictly private. Confidence, Box 293, General Post Office.

TO CAPITALISTS, MANUFACTURERS, and SHIPPERS.—Advertiser, having successfully represented a London house for 10 years in Cape Colony, is open for an ENGAGEMENT as Agent or position of trust in the colonies; experience chiefly in the boot trade; unexceptional references. Address, with particulars, to Colonist H., care of Charles Tavler, 184, Fleet-street, London, England.

WANTED, a FLOORMAN, constant work, good wages. Apply W. Duffy, Church-street, Parramatta.

WANTED, a second SHOPMAN. L. Uhde and So., 67, Market-street.

WANTED, 2 MASONS, to cut and set bluestone. J. Stewart and Co., Meat Market, Darling Harbour.

WANTED, good HAIRCUTTER and SHAVER. W. Keppie, 27, Erskine-street.

WANTED, HAIRCUTTER and SHAVER for Saturday; 12s. Apply 469, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, respectable BOYS, for sign-writing. 89, Ultimo-street, corner of Engine-street.

WANTED, fore hand BAKER, for the country. Glue's Labour Agency, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED, good Rubble MASON, with tools. Apply on job, Castlereagh-street, Redfern. J. J. Milne.

WANTED, PLASTERER and Improvers. Apply early, Schimel's job, Wellington-street, Waterloo.

WANTED, improving PLASTERER, one who can set well. Wigram-street, Forest Lodge.

WANTED, two BRICKLAYERS; also, Labourer; non-society men. Apply opp. Council-ch'bs., Darl'gn.

WANTED, a practical PERSON, to manage a tacking table; also, Junior TACKERS. Miss Gould, William-st.

WANTED, experienced Coat or General HAND, for up-country. Apply 65, York-street.

WANTED, Plasterer's IMPROVER. Apply Bateman and Watson, Forsyth-street, on the job.

WANTED, a good PLASTERER. Apply No. 77, Church-street, Newtown, early.

WANTED, a GOVERNESS, teach plain English and music, £40, country. Simmonds, 222, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a first-class HAIRDRESSER, for Goulburn. R. H. J., Heyde, Todman, and Co.'s, York-st.

WANTED, a good NEEDLEWOMAN by the day, references. 519 and 521, George-street.

WANTED, first-class BARBER, constant: open for two days, good wages. Apply 14, Argyle-street.

WANTED, two good CARPENTERS. Apply to C. Lidbury, at Miss Valliek's, Driver's-road, Burwood.

WANTED, a BRICKLAYER. Apply George and Market streets, 11 o'clock Friday. C. Kidman.

WANTED, two energetic MEN, as Town Travellers. Apply The Singer Manufacturing Co., 345, Pitt-street.

WANTED, good BAKER, qualified to take charge. Apply or address R. Owens, baker, Esk Bank.

WANTED, 6 good BRICKLAYERS, and 6 Men accustomed to mixing concrete. Mortlake Gasworks.

WANTED, good general Machine HAND, for woodworking, &c. Apply Hudson Brothers, Limited, Clyde.

WANTED, 10 good Brickmakers. Apply Shaw and Monie, New Gasworks, Mortlake, Parramatta River.

WANTED, CARPENTER accustomed to stairs. C. Tucker, John-street, Macdonaldtown.

WANTED, a BRICKLAYER for a small job. Apply on ground from 10 a.m. Wellington Estate, Waterloo.

WANTED, Lad as IMPROVER to Coachpainting. Donald's Coach Factory, North Shore.

WANTED, young Man BUTCHER. Apply corner Goulburn and Wexford streets.

WANTED, a good Bricklayer; none but good hands need apply. Queensland Hotel, York and Erskine sts., 8.

WANTED, a MAN, to lay carpets, this morning. Furlonger, upholsterer, Burwood-road, Burwood.

WANTED, a BENCHMAN. Apply Hudson Bros.' Works, Clyde.

WANTED, sharp BOY and Improver to carpentering trade. 12, Wynyard-lane, near Moss and Co.'s.

WANTED, a PAPERHANGER and two Improvers. J. B. Taylor, 81, Botany-road, Waterloo.

WANTED, a BOY, just left school, who writes a good hand, Solicitor's office. 95, Elizabeth-street North.

WANTED, a CARPENTER. Grant and Moncrieff, Bond Villa, Elizabeth Bay.

WANTED, CANVASSER for large Home Insurance Co. Apply by letter, with certificates, to Box 160, G. P. O.

WANTED, FRENCH-POLISHERS. Apply Mort's Dock, Balmain.

WANTED, TAILORESSES and Improvers, at once; good wages. 4, Beaconsfield-terrace, Botany-road.

WANTED, a competent HAIRDRESSER. Apply Harper's Billiard Saloon, Beattie-street, Balmain.

WANTED, IMPROVER to the Joinery, with tools. T. Jones and Co., 63, Macquarie-street South.

WANTED, Engine DRIVER for Steam Crane. Apply before 12 a.m., Bignell and Clark, builders, Grafton Wharf.

WATKIN and WATKIN Sell Rugby Estate, Auburn, on Saturday, 29th November. It's worth inspecting.

WANTED, an Oliver MAN and 2 Rivet BOYS. Wearne's Glebe Foundry, Glebe.

WHEELMAKER wanted. Henry Goodwin, Prize Waggon and Dray Works, Valentine-lane.

WHEN is the Rugby Estate at Auburn and Rookwood to be sold? Saturday Week, by Watkin and Watkin.

WANTED, CARPENTERS, lay large floor. Apply J. Wilson, opposite Pope and Maher's Foundry, Rose-street, Darlington, from 7 to 8 this morning.

WANTED, a JUNIOR CLERK; must write a good hand; one from a soft goods entering desk preferred. Apply J. B., Box 498, G. P. O.

WANTED, a handy MAN, used to packing, &c., in the store. Apply, from 9.30 to 10.30, to Tozer and Co., 229, Clarence-street.

WANTED, an experienced MILLINER, for Newcastle. Apply to Alcock Brothers, Pitt-street, on Monday morning.

WANTED, first-class Picture Frame MAKER and MOUNTER, to take charge of workshop. Apply by letter in first instance to Manager, 398, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a SALESMAN, must be thoroughly acquainted with the furniture business; salary no object to an experienced man. J. Israel, Oxford Furniture Bazaar, 207, and 211, Oxford-street.

WANTED, AGENTS or CONSUMERS for the Purest Roller FLOUR manufactured in the Australian Colonies. See advertising columns.

ROACH BROS., South Australia.

WAVERLEY CEMETERY.

Applications are hereby invited from persons qualified to fill the position of MANAGER of Waverley Cemetery; salary, £200 per annum. Particulars of duties may be ascertained at the office, Council-chambers, Waverley, where applications will be received up to 22nd instant.

ROBERT T. ORR, Secretary.

Borough Council-chambers, Waverley, November 14, 1884.

Situations Wanted.

ABLE to supply Employers with Male and Female Servants. Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-street.

AN experienced Monthly Nurse waiting ENGAGEMENT; good references. 286, Elizabeth-st., Belmore Park.

ARCHITECTS.—SITUATION wanted as Assistant; 7½ years' experience; moderate salary. C. R., Herald.

AT 108, Bathurst-street, G. Institute.—Superior exp. Nurse, sup. Nurse and Needlewoman, Sick Nurse, waiting.

A YOUNG Man (German) wants EMPLOYMENT as Copyist. Offers under A. R., Herald Office.

A RESPECTABLE young Person wants homely SITUATION, assist housework or children, wages no object. Address Mrs. John Weber, off Foy-street, Balmain, near Reynolds-street. Open a week.

A RESPECTABLE young Girl, age 16, would like a SITUATION to work in a Shop or respectable Restaurant; lately from America. Address Miss Purchase, 'Frisco-terrace, Evans-street, Balmain.

AT 108, Bathurst-street, G. Institute.—Superior M. Couple, Butler, any indoor work, wife Cook, English; sup. Couple, store and bookkeeper, cattle medicines, wife H. Keeper, good cook; Couple, 1 child, G. and gardener, farm, poultry.

AT 108, Bathurst-street, G. Institute.—Governess, L. Helps, thoroughly exp. Cook and H. Keeper for gentleman; exp. W. Housekeeper, take charge widower's fam.; two sisters, H. P. Maids, hotel pref.; friends, Cook and H. Maid, suburbs.

A LADY who has had much experience in the management of invalids, as well as of children, wishes for a SITUATION as Housekeeper, or would take charge of a gentleman or lady suffering from mental depression; is a trained nurse, and holds excellent testimonials from members of the medical profession. Address Anstey, Herald Office.

BUY LAND at FRESHWATER, where you are certain to double your money within six months.

BY Certificated Draughtsman, situation as FIELD ASSISTANT; highest references. Level, Herald Office.

BY good Cooks, Gardeners, Coachmen, Carters, Milkers, Farming Men, &c. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-st.

BY Married Couple, young—gardener, milk, groom; wife C. and L.; refs. Simmonds', 222, Castlereagh-street.

CHEAP LAND.—RUGBY ESTATE.—SALE 29th November. Watkin and Watkin. Get lithos, and inspect.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

ENGLAND.—Young Married Couple, give services for passage; attend lady or children, man useful. 83, Mkt.-st.

FIVE POUNDS DEPOSIT on each lot. Sea View, Kogarah Heights. Next Saturday. Hardie and Gorman.

GREAT LAND SALE, Saturday week, Rugby Estate, by Watkin and Watkin. Special train.

GOVERNESS, resident.—Young Lady desires early RE-ENGAGEMENT; pupils under 13 years of age; English, music, French, drawing; highest references, and excellent testimonials. Tuition, Yeo, stationer, Pitt-street.

HOUSEKEEPER, or Governess and Housekeeper, by educated experienced Scotch gentlewoman. Good musician, amanuensis, and accountant. Thoroughly and practically understands all domestic duties, cooking, &c. Scotia, P. O., Newtown.

LAW.—Experienced Managing Conveyancing CLERK Disengaged, admitted. Solicitor, 123, Dowling-st., Woolloo.

NURSERY Governess, or Needlewoman, requires a SITUATION; can teach music, English, plain and fancy needlework; references. Apply by letter to immediate, 140, Oxford-street, Sydney.

ONLY £3 Deposit and 24 monthly payments will secure Allotments Rugby Estate.

RESPECTABLE young Widow would be glad to go out as WET NURSE. M. M., Oxford-street Post-office.

RESPECTABLE young person requires light Employment at Blue Mountains, good refs. H. M., Numantia.

STANDARD LABOUR AGENCY.—Servants waiting daily, 9 to 5. 796, George-street, over Little Hill's shop.

STATION.—A young Gentleman wishes to go on a station as ASSISTANT. H. L. Mason, Herald.

TO MASTER BAKERS.—SITUATION wanted, by steady, middle-aged Man, competent, as single hand; country preferred. Address J. C., 152, Castlereagh-street, Sydney. Open one week.

TO ARRIVE in Sydney in a few days, by the ship Sophocles, a young Englishwoman (18), who seeks a situation as Nursery GOVERNESS, accustomed to the care and tuition of young children, no music, good needlewoman, unexceptionable references as to capacity and respectability. Address Miss E. Moss, c.o. agents of the ship Sophocles, Sydney.

WAITING—Married Couple, good refs.; man gardener, wife C. and L. Mrs. Shepparde, 110, Bathurst-st.

WANT PLACES—Cooks, Waiters, Boots, Pantry and Kitchen Men, Gardeners, Grooms, others. 83, Market-st.

WANTED, SITUATION as Gardener, Redmyre or Homebush. H. M., Redmyre platform.

WANTED, by respectable young Person (17), SITUATION to assist in housework. G. S., Post-office, Oxford-st.

WANTED, Situation, by young girl, cook and laundress, gen. servant, small family. 29, Regent-st., Redfrn.

WANTED, by good Dressmaker, WORK in gentleman's family, day or week. Dressmaker, 266, Victoria-st.

WANTED, SITUATION as Working Housekeeper; references. Address A. F., Redfern Post-office.

WANTED, by respectable young Woman, Situation as Housemaid in priv. fam. No. 13, C. D., S. and M. Coffee P.

WATKIN and WATKIN Sell Rugby Estate, Auburn, on Saturday, 29th November. It's worth inspecting.

WHEN is the Rugby Estate at Auburn and Rookwood to be sold? Saturday Week, by Watkin and Watkin.

WANTED, by a steady and competent Coachman, a SITUATION in that capacity. T. M., care of E. R. Fairfax, Herald Office.

WANTED, by single man, SITUATION as Shop and Slaughterman, town or country. Address E. F., 28, Abercrombie-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, by a respectable English Person, SITUATION as Housekeeper to widower or bachelor; fond of children. Address E. C., Post-office, Newtown.

WANTED, SITUATIONS, by two young Girls, as Housemaids or Housemaid and Cook, in one house on the Southern line; not further than Goulburn preferred. Address E. G., Oxford-street P.O.

YOUNG country GIRL waiting, assist in housework, open 3 days. Clark's Registry, 79, William-street.

YOUNG Lady wishes SITUATION as useful companion; town or country. Alma, Post-office, Crown-st.

YOUNG Man, new arrival, used to horses, wants SITUATION, would make himself generally useful, good references. Address H. G., care of L., General Post Office.

Servants Wanted.

A GIRL, about 14 or 16, to assist in housework. 270, Elizabeth-street, opposite Belmore Park.

A GOOD Plasterer's LABOURER wanted. Elizabeth and Redfern streets, Redfern.

A GOOD General SERVANT wanted, at 106, Phillip-street, near Bent-street.

A LAUNDRESS wanted, to do gentlemen's washing. 106, Phillip-street, near Bent-street.

A RESPECTABLE young MAN to assist in bakehouse. Apply Treatie, baker, Darling-road, Balmain.

AT 108, Bathurst-street, G. Institute.—C. and L., Cobar; Laundress and H. Maid, Cobar, good wages; C. L., Young; several G. Servants, for all parts, 16s, 15s; superior H. P. Maid, North Shore, 14s; H. P. Maid, Elizabeth Bay.

AT 108, Bathurst-street, Governess's Institute, for first-class gentleman's fam., Butler, superior English Cook, upper and under H. Maids, suburbs; C. L., for banker's house, Newcastle; C. L., Bowral; L., Bowral, £1; mother & daughter.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY. Free Tickets by Rail or Steamer to the ROSEHILL TOWNSHIP SALE, TO-MORROW. £5 deposit, 3 years to pay up. No interest. Apply early for passes. HARDIE and GORMAN.

BOY wanted as MESSENGER. Donohoe, draper, 233, William-street.

BOY wanted, strong and respectable. Apply 346, George-street.

BOY wanted, for kitchen. Apply 25, O'Connell-street, 11 o'clock.

BURWOOD.—Wanted, a thoroughly competent General SERVANT, close to station; small family; good references indispensable. Apply Cragg's Registry Office, 240, Castlereagh-street.

CHINESE COOK wanted; good wages to good man. Cafe de Paris, 150, Oxford-street.

COOK wanted. 54, Macleay-street, Potts Point.

COOK and LAUNDRESS, also House and Parlour Maid. Heather Brae, M'Mahon's Point, North Shore.

DON'T FORGET the Great HURSTVILLE LAND SALE, TO-MORROW—51 Double Frontage Lots. No interest. Plans and free train tickets of MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

ERRAND BOY wanted. T. Peters, draper, 110, William-street.

GARDENER wanted, for few days. Apply Lanadon Bros. and Tremayne, Trafalgar-crescent, nr. Petersham sta.

GENERAL SERVANTS wanted; high wages. Blue's Point-road Registry, Lavender Bay, N. Shore. Refs.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Apply 80, Victoria-street. Holidays allowed.

GROOM and COACHMAN, knowing town and suburbs, wanted. Tattersall's Bazaar, Hunter-street.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted for Manly, must be able to cook; wages, 12s week; good home. Boat fare returned. Apply Mrs. R. Evans, grocer, Manly.

GENERAL SERVANTS wanted, 10s to 25s, for hotels and private families; Cooks and Laundresses, Housemaids, Nurses, and useful girls for town and country. Everyone come and get a situation. Standard Labour Agency, 796, George-st.

GOULBURN TO COOMA RAILWAY.

Wanted, MEN, on the Lifting Gang. Also, ROAD FETTLERS.

Apply TOPHAM, ANGUS, and CO., Tarago.

HOUSE and Parlour MAID wanted. 54, Macleay-street, Potts Point.

MEN of all Classes wanted. Call 9 to 5, Standard Company, 796, George-street, over Little Hill's shop.

NURSEGIRL wanted. 215, George-street North.

PANTRYMAN, Second Cook, and Mess-room Steward; none but reliable hands. Supt. Providore, Struth's Wf., 2 p.m.

PETERSHAM.—Wanted, a good General SERVANT, small family. Boro, Croydon-street, Petersham.

REMEMBER the Terms of the FRESHWATER ESTATE, only £6 lot deposit, no interest for balance.

STRONG BOY wanted. 142, King-street, Newtown; or 54, Abercrombie-street.

SYDNEY WATER SUPPLY.

Wanted, at once, for Prospect Reservoir Works, 100 HORSES and TIPCARTS; wages, 12s to 13s per day of eight hours, payable fortnightly; three years' work for good horses and navvies. Apply to R. Shand, Prospect.

THE Servants' Home, 83, Market-st., for Engagements and Residence until suited; beds for men, 1s night, 5s week.

WANTED, a first-class GROOM. Apply by letter, Vulcan Brickworks, St. Peters.

WANTED, a smart BOY, to deliver newspapers. Apply 160, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, 20 BOYS. Apply John A. Absalom, tinsmith, 172, Regent-street, Redfern.

WANTED, first-class Restaurant Cook, also General Servant. Post-office Private Hotel, cor. B'rack & Clar. sts.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; references. 332, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a chief COOK, also a Cook's Assistant, 2 Waitresses and Waiter. Central Hotel, Market-street.

WANTED, an Assistant HOUSEMAID. Blair's Hotel, Kent and Margaret streets.

WANTED, steady MAN, for washing buggies, &c. Apply Stables, Thomas-st., off Engine-st., Haymarket.

WANTED, a young Woman, as General SERVANT. Rose, chemist, 531, George-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a respectable Girl as NURSE, and assist in housework. Mrs. Lawler, Maryville, Glebe Point.

WANTED, at once, a strong GIRL to assist in kitchen, hours 8 till 6. Sidney Tapner, Darlinghurst Courthouse.

WANTED, a WOMAN to wash, steady work. 24, Harrington-street North.

WANTED, a young Woman as General SERVANT. Cintra, Ocean-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, a handy SERVANT, to do housework. Apply No. 18, Davey-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, Young MAN, to be useful. Apply after 11 o'clock, Royal Standard Hotel, Grafton Wharf.

WANTED, this day, a BOY, to assist in a morning run. G. Wallace, 65, William-street.

WANTED, Cook and Laundress; also, House and Parlour Maid, 4 in family. 8, Macleay-st., Pott's Point.

WANTED, a tidy Young GIRL, for a shop. Apply 25, Abercrombie-street.

WANTED, WETNURSE. Apply Dr. Laure, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED for a month till Dec. 22, Cook and Laundress, no washing. Mrs. Jefferis, Retreat, Wisn.-st., N'tn.

WANTED, a good Bricklayer's LABOURER. Apply, early, Beaconsfield Estate, opposite Goodlet and Smith's, Botany-road.

WANTED, a WAITER. Apply Diner de Paris, Mort's-passage, George-street.

WANTED, Ladies' Monthly NURSE for December; personal refs. required. Eyre, Pearson-st., East Balmain.

WANTED, Restaurant COOK, competent, no other need apply. New Zealand Restaurant, 130, Sussex-st.

WANTED, all classes good Female SERVANTS. Mrs. Vincent's Eureka Registry Office, 151 C...

WANTED, a good BOY, to sell Flowers; references required; good wages given. Apply 64, George-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, pastrycook's shop. 527, Harris-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, for a small family; no children. 16, Lower Fort-street.

WANTED, an elderly Woman, as General SERVANT; refs. Mrs. Robertson, 66, Myrtle-st., Darl'ton.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, sleep at home. Mrs. Macintosh, Cartley, Birchgrove-road, Balmain.

WANTED, a respectable General SERVANT. Mrs. Harrison, Wairoa, Holt-street, Newtown.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Apply 31, York-street, opposite Opera House.

WANTED, a young MAN, accustomed to butchering. J. Cooper, Goulburn and Macquarie streets.

WANTED, first-class BARMAID, for private bar; good ref. rences. Surry Hills Hotel.

WANTED, little GIRL, to assist in housework. 11, Bligh-street.

WANTED, smart young MAN, general hotel work. White's Hotel, King-street.

WANTED, a good COOK, female. Apply Caledonian Hotel, foot of King-street, immediately.

WANTED, Man, to groom, milk, mow, and generally useful. Alfred Davis, Brook Lodge, Denison-rd., P'sham.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID, in Ship Hotel, Sussex-street North.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. Mrs. Vandenbergh, Mort-street, Balmain.

WANTED, 2 good NAVVIES, none other need apply. 8 o'clock, Independent Office, Newtown.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 55, Surry-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a strong active Youth, as PORTER. W. Lance and Co., 787, George-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Roberts, 29, Paddington-street, Paddington.

WANTED, an experienced private-room Waiter, also midday Waiters, permanent. Aaron's Exchange Hotel.

WANTED, a good Cook and Laundress, for gentlemen's boarding-house. 29, Lower Fort-st., Dawes Point.

WANTED, a GIRL or a Woman with a child, for housework, suburbs. W. L., Herald Office.

WANTED, little GIRL, about 14, to mind baby. 144, King-street, Newtown.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, must cook. Apply Mentone, Old South Head-road, Waverley.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 383, George-street.

WANTED, smart BOYS. Riley Bros., Soda-water Factory, Blackfriars, George-street West.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply at 12 o'clock, Mrs. Larsen, 91, Brougham-street, Woolloo.

WANTED, General SERVANT; to sleep out. Mrs. Scholefield, 2, York-terrace, Pyrmont Bridge-rd., F. Lodge.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 2, Lignum house View, Alfred-street, North Shore.

WANTED, General SERVANT; two others kept. Dr. Kelynack, Ridge-st., opposite Reserve, North Shore.

WANTED, active elderly Man, to give out handbills. Glue's Labour Agency, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED, GIRL of 14, for light housework; brought up as one of family. Mrs. Bills, 163, Liverpool-street.

WANTED, BARMAID, at Eastway's Hotel, King and Castlereagh streets. References required.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Pepper, Darlington-road, Darlington.

WANTED, good WAITRESS, also sober Kitchen man. Apply at once, 239, George-street.

WANTED, Night WATCHMAN. A. Burns, sea mills, foot Nicholson-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a BOY, to look after a horse and be useful. Apply G. Tall, 153, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID; refs. required. Apply Royal Standard Hotel, corner George and Liverpool sts.

WANTED, GIRL, to make herself generally useful. 592, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a MAN to clean and fry fish, and open oysters. Glebe Oyster Saloon, Glebe.

WANTED, General SERVANT, small family. Apply Hall's Turon Inn, George and Harris streets.

WANTED, General SERVANT; good wages. Mrs. Pizell, 5, Blue's Point-road, Lavender Bay, North Shore.

WANTED, a smart LAD, for a grocery store. Apply to Mrs. Carton, grocer, Manly. Open till Monday.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply 337, George-street.

WANTED, strong respectable BOY. Woolf's Steam Tannery Mills, Abercrombie-st., Golden Grove, Redfern.

WANTED, a young Person as House and Parlour MAID; references. 7, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

WANTED, for hotel, Petersham, General SERVANT, good plain cook; no washing. 19, Lyndhurst-st., Glebe.

WANTED, thorough General SERVANT; small family; references. Apply 1, Ida-terrace, Glebe-road.

WANTED, a young MAN, to look after horses and make himself useful. R. Briant, Glebe-road.

WANTED, a COOK and LAUNDRESS; references required. Mrs. Hixson, Dawes Point.

WANTED, BARMAID, for private bar; city references. Great Northern Hotel, Charlotte-place.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, to assist housework; comfortable home. Mrs. Boyle, 56, Erskine-street.

WANTED, H. and P. Maid, hotel, country; useful Companion to travel; useful Girls. The Home, ...

WANTED, G. Servant and Housemaid, same hotel, town; G. Servants for all parts. The Home, Market...

WANTED, NURSEGIRL, 14 to 15, one child. 332, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, respectable Girl as General SERVANT. 365, King-street, opposite Public school, Newtown.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, small family, good wages. 390, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a strong BOY. Apply F. R. Langley, 159, Mitchell-street, Glebe.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, to deliver handbills. Apply at once, 41, Cooper-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 14, useful in house. Apply 140, Oxford-street, Paddington.

WANTED, a tidy young GIRL, help in housework. Jersey Cottage, Wemyss-street, Stanmore.

WANTED, respectable General SERVANT, German preferred. 70, Dowling-street, Moore Park.

WANTED, respectable NURSEGIRL, about 14. St. Victoria-street North, 5 doors from the Convent.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL to mind children and assist with housework. 330, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a young Woman as General SERVANT; good wages. Mrs. Freddey, Booth-street, Balmain.

WANTED, two MEN to make themselves useful on a dairy. Apply 115, Sussex-street.

WANTED, Second COOK and Kitchenman. Morning Star, 83, George-street North.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, two in family. Metropolitan Hotel, 399, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL to look after child 12 months old, during the day. Apply Mrs. Walker, Petty's Hotel.

WANTED, STONE-BREAKERS for Section 1, Sydney Water Supply, Nepean tunnel. Apply on the works. TOPHAM, ANGUS and CO.

WANTED, for Moss Vale, good plain COOK; also, House and Parlour MAID, in a gentleman's family. Apply between 11 and 12 this morning, at Caprera, Elizabeth Bay.

WANTED, for the country, a single young MAN, to drive a spring dray, and to be otherwise generally useful. Apply with references at 2 o'clock this day at Messrs. Allen Brothers', 172, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, 4 young Men as Cow Milkers; young Man to slaughter pigs and be useful; 2 Men Cooks, Ploughmen, Groom and Garden Men, Married Couples for dairy farms. Glue's Labour Agency, 44, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a trustworthy, middle-aged, motherly working HOUSEKEEPER, for widower, 3 children, youngest 8 years; reliable refs. wanted and given; good home; suburbs; open week. Craggs' Registry, 240, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, good Cook, bread, dairy; also Cook, servant, laundry, country, good wages; competent parlour and under Housemaids, General Servants, town and suburbs. Miss Fowler, 215, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, for Redmyre, young GIRL, 15, to assist with housework; no children. Apply Mrs. Woolier, corner Rose and Myrtle streets, Darlington, between 11 and 1 this morning.

WANTED, a Youth, to groom, milk, drive, useful indoor, 15s, for Summer Hill, a Man, groom, garden, milk, &c., £1; a Youth for grocery, 15s; a good useful Girl in small family, 10s. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, female Cook, 25s, for country hotel; C. and L., 3 in family, country, 16s; Cook, 18s, Goulburn; a C. and L., 16s, also H. and P., 14s, one house, country; a Working Housekeeper, for country, to one gentleman; 7 young General servants, a useful Girl, assist children, for Summer Hill, 10s, good place. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-street.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

SUBSCRIPTIONS: £2 12s per annum.

This rate is for payment in advance.

N.B.—For credit the charge will be £2 16s per annum.

*** All advertisements under six lines will be charged to advertisers' account if booked.

N.B.—Advertisers in the country can remit payment by Money Orders or Postage Stamps.

ADVERTISEMENTS are classified as far as possible, for convenience of readers, but no guarantee is given that they shall appear under special headings.

While every care is exercised in regard to the due insertion of advertisements, the proprietors do not hold themselves responsible for non-insertion through accident or from other causes; and the proprietors reserve to themselves the right of omitting advertisements that they may deem objectionable, even although such advertisements may have been received and paid for in the usual course of business.

For the convenience of advertisers, replies to advertisements may be sent to the Herald Office; but the proprietors do not accept any responsibility in this respect.

Births, Deaths, and Marriages, 3s each insertion.

Notices of BIRTHS and DEATHS cannot be inserted in this Journal unless endorsed with the name and address of the persons by whom they are sent.

Notices of MARRIAGES cannot be inserted unless certified as correct by the officiating Minister or Registrar.

*** The above rule is rendered necessary in consequence of false and malicious notices having been sent for publication for the purpose of annoying respectable persons.

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